

# **B3 - Paradigms Seminar**

B-PDG-300

# Day 10 AM

Casting spells



2.0





# Day 10 AM

language: C++



• The totality of your source files, except all useless files (binary, temp files, obj files,...), must be included in your delivery.

All your exercises will be compiled with g++ and the -Wall -Wextra -Werror -std=c++20 flags, unless specified otherwise.

All output goes to the standard output, and must be ended by a newline, unless specified otherwise.



None of your files must contain a main function, unless specified otherwise. We will use our own main functions to compile and test your code. It will include your header files.

For each exercise, the files must be turned-in in a separate directory called **exXX** where XX is the exercise number (for instance ex01), unless specified otherwise.



Read the examples CAREFULLY. They might require things that weren't mentioned in the subject...

If you do half the exercises because you have comprehension problems, it's okay, it happens. But if you do half the exercises because you're lazy, and leave at 2PM, you **WILL** have problems. Do not tempt the devil.



The \*alloc, free, \*printf, open and fopen functions, as well as the using namespace keyword, are forbidden in C++.

By the way, friend is forbidden too, as well as any library except the standard one.

EPITECH.



# **UNIT TESTS**

It is highly recommended to test your functions as you implement them. It is common practice to create and use what are called **unit tests**.

From now on, we expect you to write unit tests for your functions (when possible). To do so, please follow the instructions in the "How to write Unit Tests" document on the intranet, available here.





### **EXERCISE O - FRUITS**

Turn in: Fruit.hpp/cpp, Lemon.hpp/cpp, Banana.hpp/cpp, FruitBox.hpp/cpp, FruitNode.hpp

Fruits are good. Eat them.

They are full of good little vitamins which do a lot of good things for your small bodies exhausted by this hard pool.

But before you have the time to taste a delicious fruit juice full of vitamins, some work has to be done.

Implement the Fruit, Lemon and Banana classes.

Be sure to have a coherent inheritance tree, and that the code below compiles:

```
int main()
{
        Lemon 1;
        Banana b;

        std::cout << l.getVitamins() << std::endl;
        std::cout << b.getVitamins() << std::endl;
        std::cout << l.getName() << std::endl;
        std::cout << b.getName() << std::endl;

        Fruit& f = l;
        std::cout << f.getVitamins() << std::endl;

        Fruit&:cout << f.getVitamins() << std::endl;
        std::cout << f.getName() << std::endl;
        std::cout << f.getName() << std::endl;
        return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Terminal - + x

~/B-PDG-300> ./a.out | cat -e

3$

5$

lemon$

banana$

3$

lemon$
```



All specializations of the Fruit class must initialize an int attribute of Fruit containing its number of vitamins.

This attribute must be called \_vitamins.

The getName function must return an std::string containing the name of the fruit. It shouldn't be possible to reify the Fruit class.

You now need to build a FruitBox, because we need a lot of vitamins, which means we need a lot of fruits. Our two hands won't be enough to carry all these fruits!

Our FruitBox must be a Fruit container, implemented as a linked list.

I want a FruitBox with the following member functions (const specifiers should be added when necessary):





- FruitBox(int size);: builds a FruitBox that can hold size fruits,
- int nbFruits();: returns the number of Fruits currently in the FruitBox,
- bool putFruit(Fruit \*f);: adds a Fruit to the end of the FruitBox,
- Fruit \*pickFruit();: removes a Fruit from the FruitBox (the first that comes),
- FruitNode \*head(); returns the head of the linked list.

#### A few things to note:

- putFruit(Fruit \*f) returns false if the FruitBox is full or if the Fruit instance is already in the FruitBox,
- pickFruit() returns a null pointer if the FruitBox is empty,
- head() returns a null pointer if the FruitBox is empty.

In order to manipulate the Fruit as a linked list, you must encapsulate them in a FruitNode structure. The implementation of this structure is up to you, but it **needs** to have a next data field.

I don't want to know how the FruitBox works.

All I want is to carry several Fruits, as many as I can, to have more and more vitamins.



Be careful:  ${\tt FruitBoxes}$  cannot be copied.





# **EXERCISE 1 - CAN I HAVE SOME MORE?**

Turn in: Fruit.hpp/cpp, Lemon.hpp/cpp, Banana.hpp/cpp, FruitBox.hpp/cpp, FruitNode.hpp, LittleHand.hpp/cpp, Lime.hpp/cpp

Good news: we now have a whole bunch of FruitBoxes, enough to throw a frickin' Fruit Party.

The problem is that none of our fruits are sorted...

We need a way to keep all similar Fruits together!

First things first, you need to catch up on recent developments in our Fruit Company: we have a new type of Fruit: the Lime.

It inherits from Lemon, obviously, and is rather poor in vitamins (only 2).

Its little name is "lime".

Sorting the FruitBoxes must be done by hand.

To be more accurate, it must be done by a LittleHand.

Implement the LittleHand class, with the following static member function:

void sortFruitBox(FruitBox &unsorted, FruitBox &lemons, FruitBox &bananas, FruitBox &
 limes);

This function moves all the Fruits from unsorted into the corresponding FruitBoxes.

All the Fruits which don't fit in any of the FruitBoxes (either because they do not have the right type, or their FruitBox is full) must simply be placed back into unsorted.





# **EXERCISE 2 - EAT IT**

Turn in: Fruit.hpp/cpp, Lemon.hpp/cpp, Banana.hpp/cpp, FruitBox.hpp/cpp, FruitNode.hpp, LittleHand.hpp/cpp, Lime.hpp/cpp, Coconut.hpp/cpp

While you were having your Fruit Party, I went ahead and got a great deal on some unsorted Fruits from a really cheap shop for you.

He also offered a new Fruit, the Coconut.

Its milk provides us with 15 wonderful vitamins, and its beautiful name, "coconut", makes it fit right in with our other fruit juices.

I asked the seller to send us a large batch of Coconuts.

Since they'll arrive all jumbled up, you'll have to arrange them into  ${\tt FruitBoxes}.$ 

Once again, your LittleHands will get the work done.

Add a new static member function to the class, taking a pack of Coconuts as parameter and returning an array of FruitBoxes.

Each FruitBox can contain 6 Coconuts.

Here is the function's prototype:

```
FruitBox * const *organizeCoconut(Coconut const * const *coconuts);
```

- coconuts is a null-terminated array of Coconut pointers,
- the function returns a dynamically-allocated, null-terminated array of pointers to dynamically-allocated FruitBoxes.



Just to be clear: if the LittleHand is given an array of 25 (pointers to) Coconuts, it must return an array of 5 (pointers to) FruitBoxes. The first 4 must be full, and the last will contain a single Coconut.

Hurry up and get to work now, all these vitamins are fading faster than you might think!





### **EXERCISE 3 - MIX IT UP**

Turn in: Fruit.hpp/cpp, Lemon.hpp/cpp, Banana.hpp/cpp, FruitBox.hpp/cpp, FruitNode.hpp, LittleHand.hpp/cpp, Lime.hpp/cpp, Coconut.hpp/cpp, Mixer.hpp/cpp

We finally have everything we need to manage our fruits full of vitamins.

Let's mix them all together and start producing quality fruit juice!

To do so, we'll need... a Mixer!

All we have now is an old mixer we found in the dumpster.

Its interface is not quite clear, and you'll need to do some manual labour to connect it electrically.

So, we have a MixerBase, the core part of our completely broken Mixer, which doesn't have any wiring or even a mixing blade...

We'll have to fix that.



This class is declared in MixerBase.hpp.

You mustn't modify it, as the correction script will use its own version anyway.

Here is how the visible part of our poor MixerBase looks like:

```
class MixerBase
{
public:
        MixerBase();
        int mix(FruitBox &fruits) const;

protected:
        bool _plugged;
        int (*_mixfunc)(FruitBox &fruits);
};
```

We know that, by default, the mixer isn't plugged in and has no way to mix.

We'll have to specialize all this in order to:

- initialize the function pointer with a function that will take care of mixing the Fruits from the FruitBox,
- provide a way to electrically connect the Mixer.

The Mixer must have a member function which electrically connects it.

The mixing function itself must return the sum of all vitamins held in the Fruits passed as parameter.

Even if the Mixer provides a way to be connected, it will be up to the LittleHands to plug it in. Add a static member function to the LittleHand class with the following prototype:

```
void plugMixer(MixerBase &mixer);
```



Provided that you have only crafted one type of MixerBase, you can be sure plugMixer's parameter will be a reference to your own Mixer class.





### **EXERCISE 4 - THE HELP**

Turn in: Fruit.hpp/cpp, Lemon.hpp/cpp, Banana.hpp/cpp, FruitBox.hpp/cpp, FruitNode.hpp, LittleHand.hpp/cpp, Lime.hpp/cpp, Coconut.hpp/cpp, Mixer.hpp/cpp

Doesn't it make you feel kinda weird to be ingesting so many vitamins? I don't know about you, but it makes me wish I could change the world, create something new... But unlike the genetic modifications from **BioShock**, I promise to make them abide by **Google**'s motto: "Don't be evil".

I want these fruit to make the world a better, healthier place, where people can be truly happy. I want to modify Fruits, as you mya have guessed, to increase their vitaminic potential. I want more vitamins, always more! We'll have so many vitamins that our chakras will open, and just like when your mom tucks you into bed, the world will slowly be covered by a sweet and peaceful layer of whipped cream, topped with strawberries.

We'll find a way to modify our Fruits directly and conquer the world!

Once again, you'll use your LittleHands to perform this delicate operation. Add the following static member function to them:

```
void injectVitamin(Fruit &f, int quantity);
```

This function must inject (replace) quantity vitamins into f.

Try using the following structure to modify matter itself, like **Neo**:

You are now almost equal to the great gods of C++! You have the power to modify matter! The world and future are yours!

