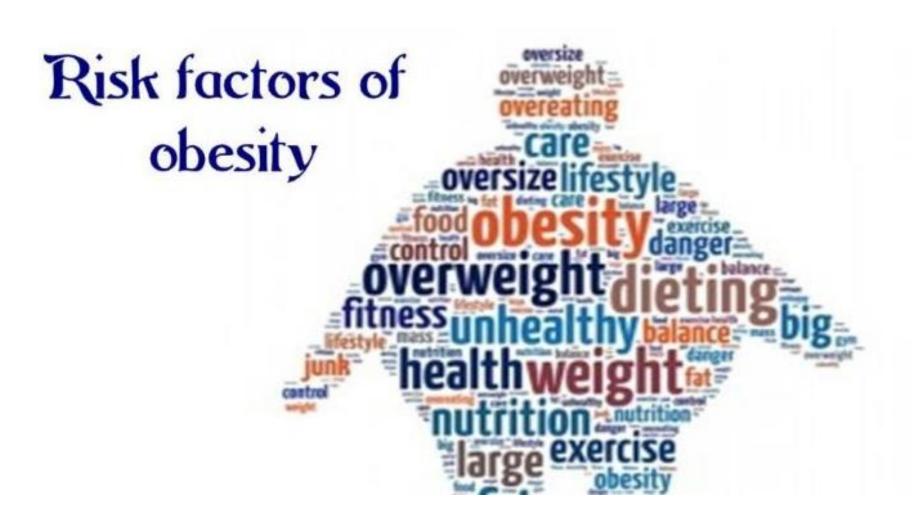
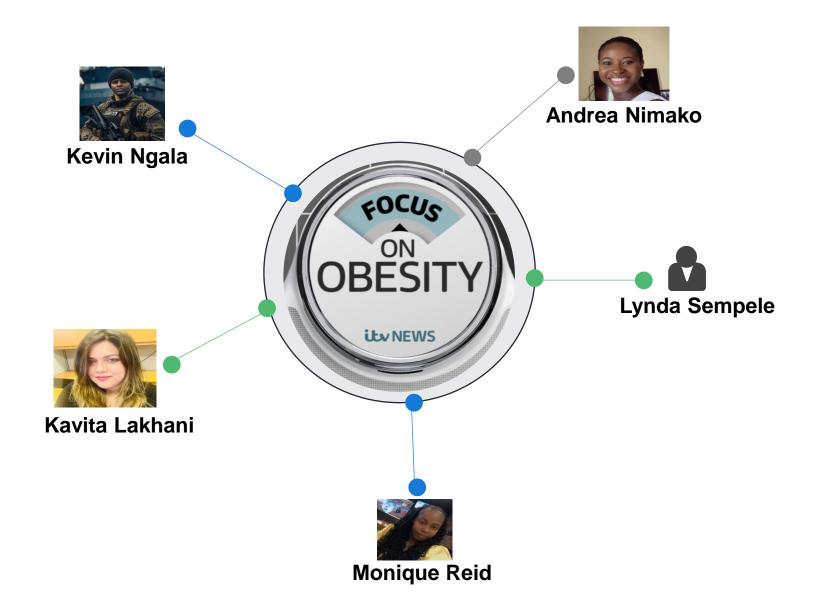
Team 2. Project

Exploring



Meet Our Fabulous Team Members



Project Aim and Scope

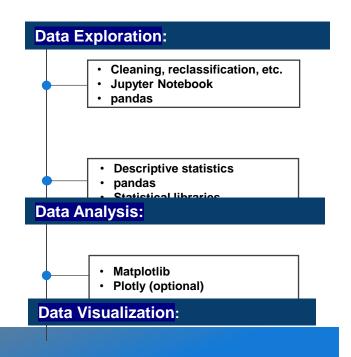
- Identify obesity risk factors through dataset analysis.
- Explore demographics, diet, lifestyle for insights.
- Inform prevention and health policy initiatives.

Agenda Data Collection and Preprocessing: Exploratory, Statistical Analysis, Visualization, Interpretation of Findings & Reporting Pandas Data Cleaning: Use Pandas to clean and format the obesity dataset. Use Pandas to clean and format the obesity dataset. Use Pandas 2 per research question.



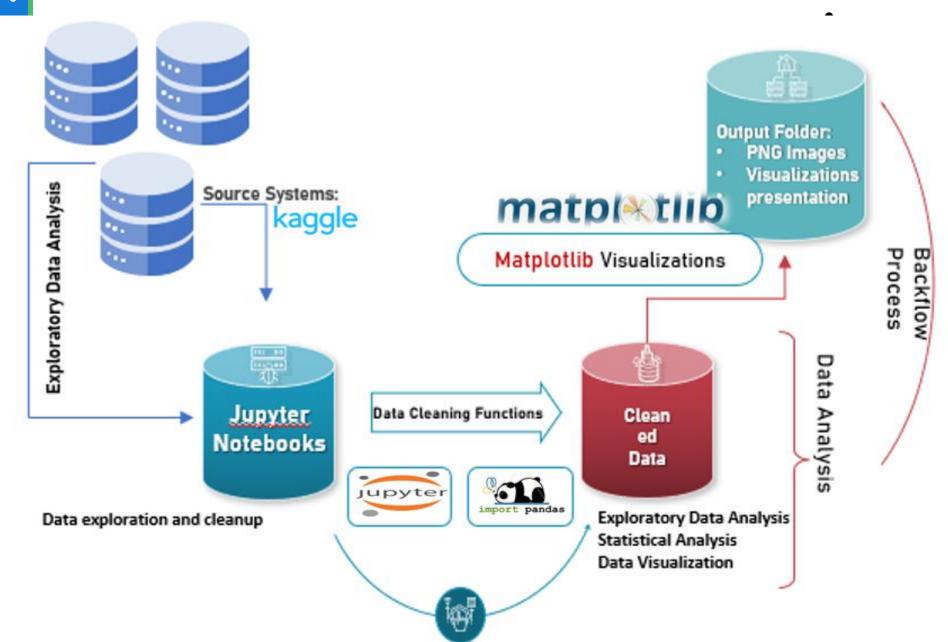
Obesity Dataset Description:

- Covers individuals aged 14 to 61 from Mexico, Peru, and Colombia.
- 2. Derived from a web survey, totaling 17 attributes and 2111 records.
- 3. Contains numeric, continuous, and categorical data for analysis.



Obesity Dataset: Obesity or CVD risk (Classify/Regressor/Cluster) Dataset.

Author/ Source: Fabio Mendoza Palechor, and Alexis Manotas. (2023). Obesity or CVD risk (Classify/Regressor/Cluster) [Data set]. Kaggle.



Data Cleaning

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R
Gender	Age	Height	Weight	family_his	t FAVC	FCVC	NCP	CAEC	SMOKE	CH2O	SCC	FAF	TUE	CALC	MTRANS	NObeyesda	d
Female	21	1.62	64	yes	no		2	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		0	1 no	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
Female	21	1.52	2 56	yes	no		3	3 Sometim	es yes		3 yes		3	0 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
Male	23	1.8	3 77	yes	no		2	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		2	1 Frequently	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
Male	27	1.8	87	no	no		3	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		2	0 Frequently	Walking	Overweight	_Level_I
Male	22	1.78	89.8	no	no		2	1 Sometim	es no		2 no		0	0 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Overweight	_Level_II
Male	29	1.62	2 53	no	yes		2	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		0	0 Sometimes	Automobi	Normal_We	eight
Female	23	1.5	5 55	yes	yes		3	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		1	0 Sometimes	Motorbike	Normal_We	eight
Male	22	1.64	53	no	no		2	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		3	0 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
0 Male	24	1.78	64	yes	yes		3	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		1	1 Frequently	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
1 Male	22	1.72	68	yes	yes		2	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		1	1 no	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
2 Male	26	1.85	105	yes	yes		3	3 Frequent	ly no		3 no		2	2 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Obesity_Typ	oe_l
3 Female	21	1.72	2 80	yes	yes		2	3 Frequent	ly no		2 yes		2	1 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Overweight	_Level_II
4 Male	22	1.65	5 56	no	no		3	3 Sometim	es no		3 no		2	0 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
5 Male	41	1.8	99	no	yes		2	3 Sometim	es no		2 no		2	1 Frequently	Automobi	Obesity_Typ	oe_l
6 Male	23	1.77	60	yes	yes		3	1 Sometim	es no		1 no		1	1 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
7 Female	22	1.7	66	yes	no		3	3 Always	no		2 yes		2	1 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Normal_We	eight
8 Male	27	1.93	102	yes	yes		2	1 Sometim	es no		1 no		1	0 Sometimes	Public_Tra	r Overweight	Level_II

	A B	C	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	T
ID	Gender	Age	Height(m)	Weight(kg)	hx of O	ver Freq High (Freq vegeta	Number o	of Eating inbe Hx	of smok Wa	ter cons Cal	orie Con Fr	req of Phy	Time spent	Alcohol cor	Transporta	ВМІ	Weight class	sification
	0 Female	2	1.62	64	/es	no	2		3 Sometimes no		2 no		0	1	no	Public_Trar	24.4	Normal	
	1 Female	2	1.52	56	/es	no	3		3 Sometimes yes	5	3 yes	5	3	0	Sometimes	Public_Trar	24.2	Normal	
	2 Male	2	1.8	77	/es	no	2		3 Sometimes no		2 no		2	1	Frequently	Public_Trar	23.8	3 Normal	
	3 Male	2	1.8	87 1	10	no	3		3 Sometimes no		2 no		2	0	Frequently	Walking	26.9	Overweight	
	4 Male	2	2 1.78	89.8	10	no	2		1 Sometimes no		2 no		0	0	Sometimes	Public_Trar	28.3	Overweight 0	
	5 Male	2	9 1.62	53 ו	10	yes	2		3 Sometimes no		2 no		0	0	Sometimes	Automobile	20.2	Normal	
	6 Female	2	3 1.5	55 \	/es	yes	3		3 Sometimes no		2 no		1	0	Sometimes	Motorbike	24.4	Normal	
	7 Male	2	2 1.64	53 ו	10	no	2		3 Sometimes no		2 no		3	0	Sometimes	Public_Trar	19.7	Normal Normal	
	8 Male	2	4 1.78	64	/es	yes	3		3 Sometimes no		2 no		1	1	Frequently	Public_Trar	20.2	Normal	
	9 Male	2	2 1.72	68 9	/es	yes	2		3 Sometimes no		2 no		1	1	no	Public_Trar	23	Normal	
	10 Male	2	6 1.85	105	/es	yes	3		3 Frequently no		3 no		2	2	Sometimes	Public_Trar	30.7	Obese	
	11 Female	2	1.72	80	/es	yes	2		3 Frequently no		2 yes	6	2	1	Sometimes	Public_Trar	27	Overweight	
	12 Male	2	2 1.65	56 ו	10	no	3		3 Sometimes no		3 no		2	0	Sometimes	Public_Trar	20.6	Normal	
	13 Male	4	1.8	99 ו	10	yes	2		3 Sometimes no		2 no		2	1	Frequently	Automobile	30.6	Obese	
	14 Male	2	3 1.77	60 \	/es	yes	3		1 Sometimes no		1 no		1	1	Sometimes	Public Trar	19.2	Normal	

Research Questions:





1. What is the association between dietary habits and the risk of obesity?

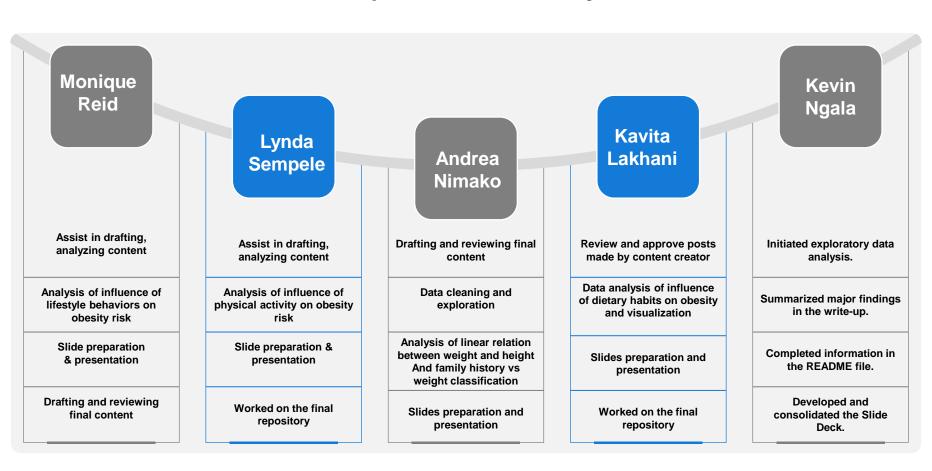


2. Is there a significant relationship between smoking, alcohol consumption, and the risk of obesity?



3. What is the association between physical activity levels and the risk of obesity?

Roles and Responsibilities of Project Content



Completed Analysis Uploaded to GitHub

Network graph

Timeline of the most recent commits to this repository and its network ordered by most recently pushed to.



Analysis & Visualization

Analyses to identify correlations with obesity risk:

1.Correlation Analysis: Assessment of relationships between various factors

2.Hypothesis Testing: Evaluating significance of associations between variables and obesity.

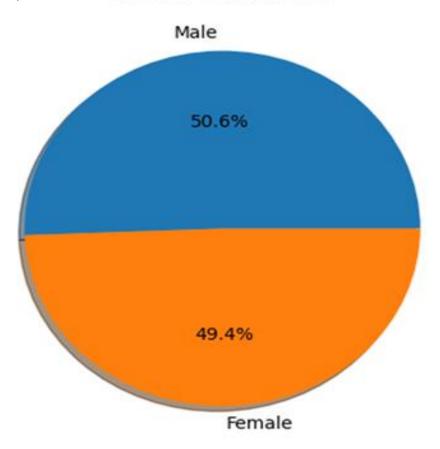
3.Regression Modeling: Predicting factors influencing obesity risk using regression.

4. Visualization: Creating data-driven visual aids

Gender Distribution:

• Males: 1,068

Female: 1,043 Gender Distribution





Gender distribution is fairly equal in the dataset

Most candidates were underweight, followed by those with normal weight.

01

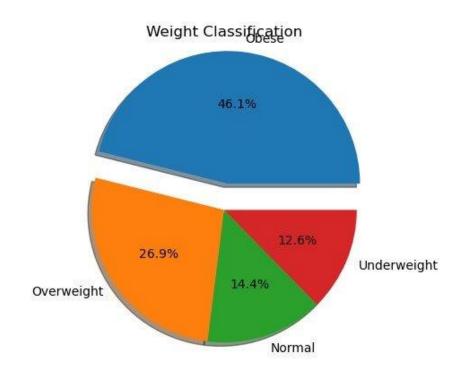
46. 1 % of the subjects were obese

02

US obesity prevalence was 41.9% in 2017 – March 2020

NHANES, 2021, CDC

Family history across the various weight classifications

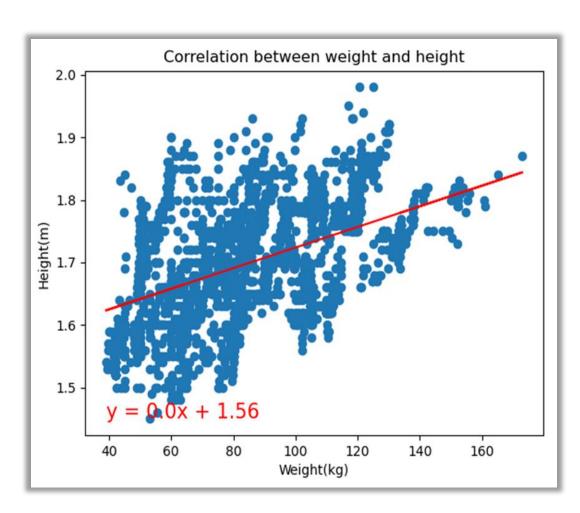


01

Moderate correlation (r-value = 0.46.

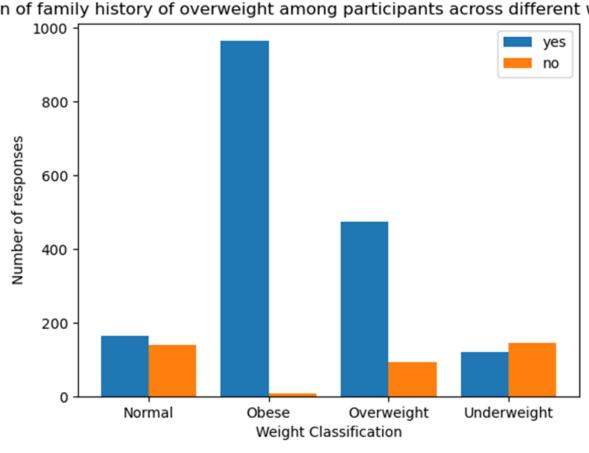
02

Factors such as age, genetics, diet and physical activity can influence a person's weight and height.



Family history across the various weight classifications





- Those with normal weight or 01 underweight had an almost equal number of yes and no responses.
- However, the majority of respondents classified as 02 overweight or obese answered "yes."

Having a positive family 03 history of overweight may be a significant factor to one's risk of become obese.

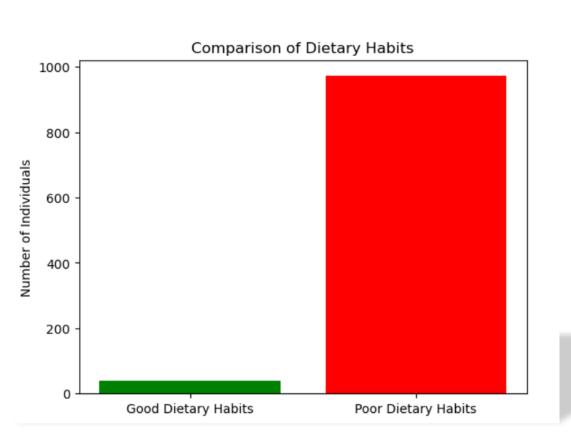
Research Question 1.

1

What is the association between dietary habits and the risk of obesity?



Comparison of Dietary Habits in Obese population

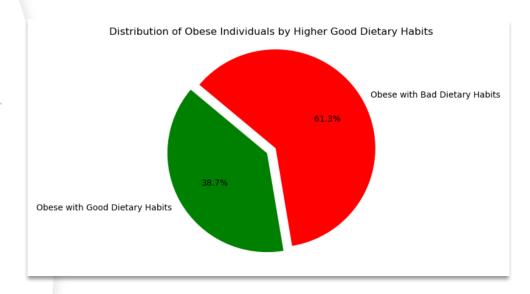


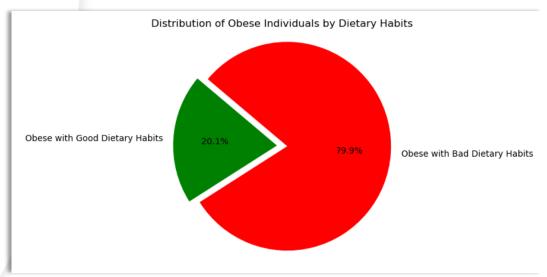
Data reveals a concerning trend:

 poor dietary habits are more common among overweight and obese individuals compared to those with healthier habits.

Distribution of Obese Individuals by Dietary Habits

- If three serving of veggies and at least two glasses of water are consumed that increases good dietary habits and reduced obesity.
- Whereas if less veggies and water is consumed than that increases obesity. This shows that obesity is influenced by dietary habits





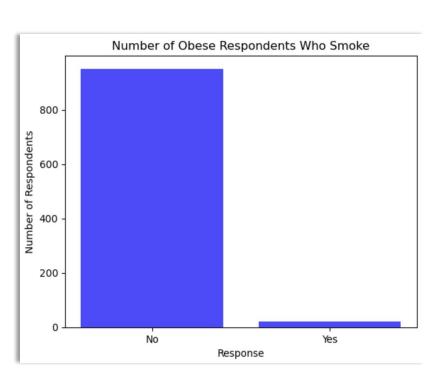
Research Question 2.

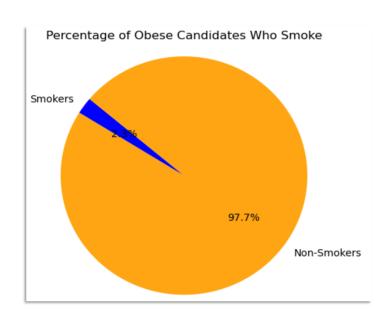
2

Is there a significant relationship between smoking, alcohol consumption, and the risk of obesity?



Number of Respondents Related to Smoking and Alcohol Consumption

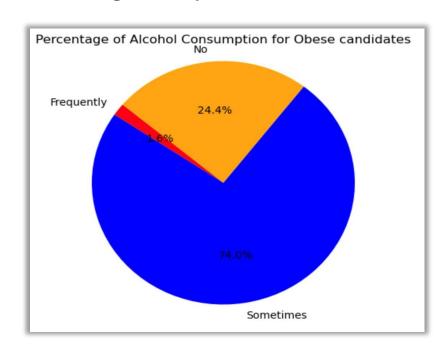




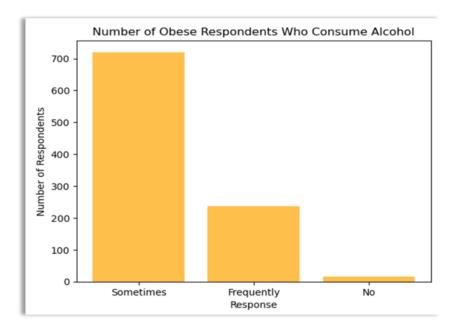
Majority of the non-smoking population 951

A total of 957 respondents consume alcohol and are obese

Percentage of Respondent Votes for Alcohol Consumption

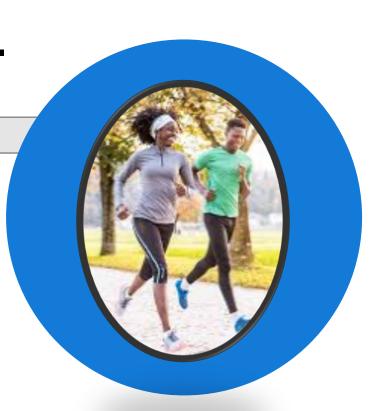


The percentages depicted in this pie chart shows a clear correlation between alcohol consumption and obesity.

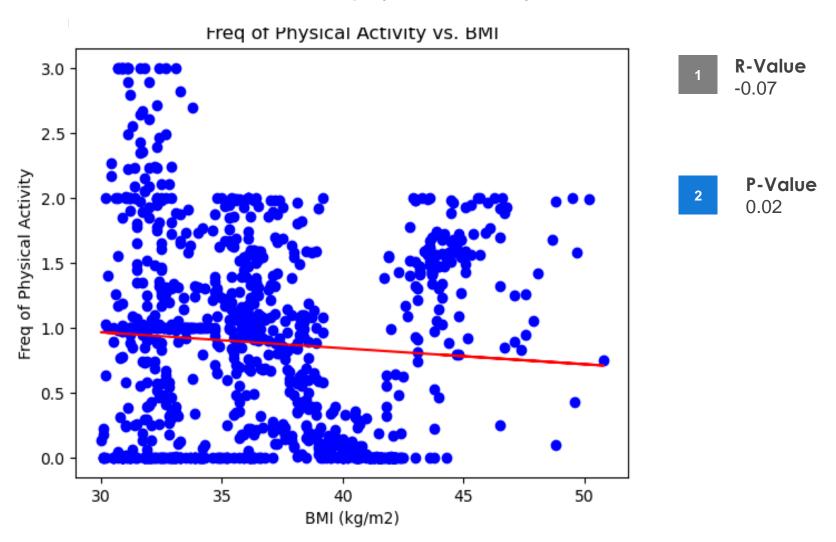


Research Question 3.

What is the association between physical activity levels and the risk of obesity?

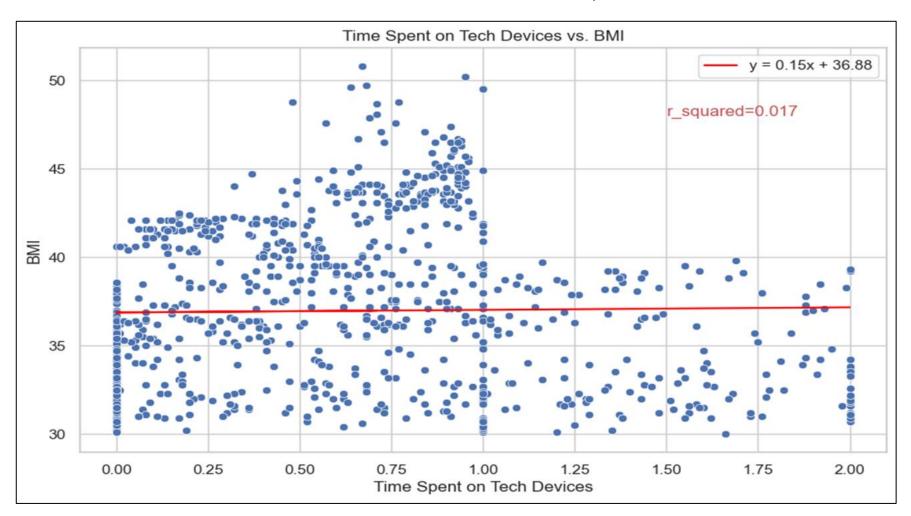


Correlation between physical activity & BMI



Time spent on tech devices vs BMI

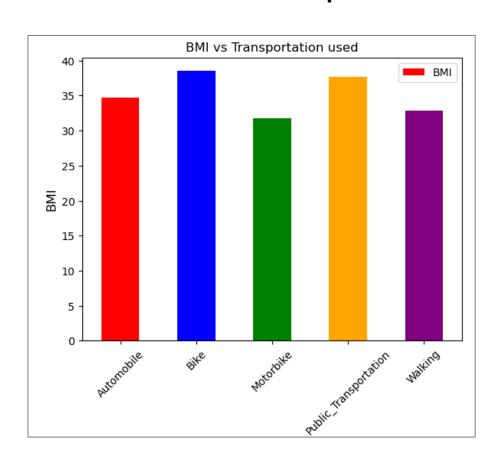
R-Value = 0.017, p-value = 0.59

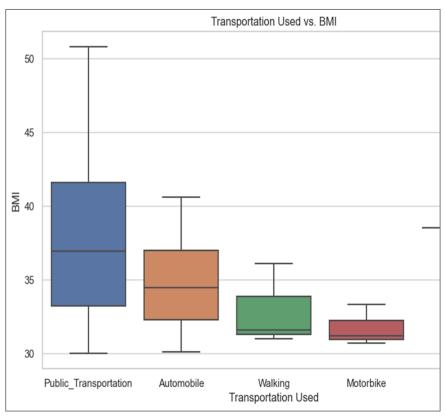


Time spent on devises& Freq of physical activity vs BMI

	Time spent on Tech devices	Freq of Physical Activity	BMI
Time spent on Tech devices	1.000000	0.136925	0.017458
Freq of Physical Activity	0.136925	1.000000	-0.072582
BMI	0.017458	-0.072582	1.000000

Transportation used vs BMI





Results & Conclusion

Results:

- 1. Gender Distribution: Nealy even split -- 1,068 (51%) males & 1,043 (49%) females.
- 2. Obesity Distribution: Obese (46%), Overweight (27%), Normal weight (14%), and Underweight (13%)
- **3. Family History**: Overweight or obese respondents more likely to report family history of overweight.

Conclusion:

- 1. Dietary habits, alcohol consumption, and physical activity strongly affect obesity risk.
- 2. Crucial for targeted interventions and health policies.

Limitations:

- 1. Reliance on self-reported data may introduce biases.
- 2. Dataset's regional focus may limit generalizability.

References

- Fabio Mendoza Palechor, and Alexis Manotas. (2023). <u>Obesity or CVD risk (Classify/Regressor/Cluster) [Data set]. Kaggle.</u>
- NHANES. (2021). National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. *Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Retrieved from*https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/index.htm

This Concludes Our Presentation

Thanks for your attention!

