PONY CHEAT SHEET



COMMUNITY

website: https://ponylang.jo chat: https://ponylang.zulipchat.com/

twitter: @ponylang

tutorial: https://tutorial.ponylang.io stdlib: https://stdlib.ponylang.io github: https://github.com/ponylang play: https://playground.ponylang.io

HELLO WORLD

module doc (top of file) actor Main type doc new create(env: Env) => method doc env.out.print("hello")

CONTROL

```
if ... then ...
  elseif ... else ... end
try ... else ... end
match expr
| let x: T1 => ...
| let x: T2 if expr => ...
else ...
end
for expr in iter do ... end
while expr do ... end
```

repeat expr do ... end

ACTOR

actor MyActor let _x: Type // private let x: Type // public new create() => // initialization be my behavior() => // async behavior fun my fun(): Type => // synchronous function

CLASS

class MyClass let x: Type // private let x: Type // public new create() => // initialization fun my fun(): Type => // synchronous function

PRIMITIVE

primitive MyPrimitive // only has functions // no members fun my fun(): Type => // synchronous function

TRAIT (nominal subtyping)

subtyping is explicit using is trait MyTrait fun my_fun() // opt impl class MyClass is MyTrait fun my fun() => // do something

INTERFACE (structural subtyping)

any class that implements the interface's methods is a subtype of the interface interface MyInterface fun my fun() // opt impl class MyClass fun my fun() => // do something

OPERATORS math

bit shift <<

>>

bitwise & logical and or xor not

compare

! = < <= >= is isnt

negative

method call

method call, return receiver

.>

LITERALS

// string "hello" // array [1; 2; 3]

LAMBDA

{(arg, ...)(capture=alias, ...): Type => ... }

REF CAPS (REFERENCE CAPABILITIES)

iso - (isolated) alias is R/W, no other alias can R or W trn -(transitional) alias is R/W, other aliases are R-only ref -(reference) alias is R/W, other aliases can be R/W val -(value) alias is R-only, other aliases are R-only box -(box) alias is R-only, other aliases can be R-only or R/W tag -(tag) alias cannot R or W, other aliases can R-only or R/W Any alias can be used to send a message to an actor

REF CAP RULES

- if an object can be written to then only one actor can have a readable alias to it
- if an object can be read by multiple actors then no actor can have a writable alias to it

REF CAP USAGE

default refcap for type class refcap MyClass trait refcap MyTrait interface refcap MyInterface

refcap of alias

let x: Type refcap fun my fun(x: Type refcap)

refcap of recovered object recover refcap ... end

refcap of new object new refcap create()

refcap of method receiver fun refcap my fun()

refcap of return value

fun my fun(): Type refcap

CONSUME

get rid of an alias

let x: Type iso = ...

let y: Type val = consume x

RECOVER

"lift" the reference capability of the object created inside the recover block

- iso, trn, or ref objects can become anything
- val or box objects can become val or tag

let x = recover refcap // create something end

ALIAS TYPE (!)

means "a type (including refcap) that can be assigned to this type (including refcap)"

useful in generics refcap!

EPHEMERAL TYPE (^)

type for an object that has no alias

- object returned by constructor
- object from consumed alias

refcap^

REF CAP SUBTYPING

if you give up an alias of X then you can assign (-->) the aliased object to a new alias of Y

