



SQL Subqueries



What are subqueries?



Nest queries for advanced filtering

Nested queries are called subqueries

Use SQL logical operators: EXISTS, ANY, ALL, IN, NOT IN



EXISTS



Used between WHERE clause and subquery

Returns Boolean value: True if subquery returns at least 1 row False if subquery returns 0 rows

```
SELECT select_list
FROM table_name
WHERE EXISTS (nested_query);
```



EXISTS example



"Find all authors in amazon_best_sellers table who also appear in the president_books table"

Note: Table alias in outer query can be used in inner query

year [PK] integer		title text	author text
	2021	The Four Winds	Kristin Hannah
	2020	A Promised Land	Barack Obama
	2019	Where the Crawdads Sing	Delia Owens
	2018	Becoming	Michelle Obama
	2017	Wonder	R. J. Palacio

4	id [PK] integer	title text	president text	year integer
1	1	Promises to Keep	Joe Biden	2008
2	2	A Promised Land	Barack Obama	2020
3	3	The Art of the Deal	Donald Trump	1987
4	4	Dreams From My Father	Barack Obama	1995
5	5	How to Get Rich	Donald Trump	2004
6	6	Decision Points	George W. Bush	2010
7	7	Between Hope and History	Bill Clinton	1996



EXISTS example



"Find all authors in amazon_best_sellers table who also appear in the president_books table"

Note: Table alias in outer query can be used in inner query

```
SELECT a.author
FROM amazon_best_sellers a
WHERE EXISTS(
     SELECT * FROM president_books b WHERE b.president = a.author
);
```



EXISTS example



"Find all authors in amazon_best_sellers table who also appear in the president_books table"

Note: Table alias in outer query can be used in inner query

```
SELECT a.author

FROM amazon_best_sellers a

WHERE EXISTS(

SELECT * FROM president_books b WHERE b.president = a.author

1 Barack Obama
```



IN, NOT IN, ANY, ALL



Compare some value to subquery's result set

```
SELECT select_list
FROM table_name
WHERE value
[IN | NOT IN | conditional ALL | conditional ANY ] (nested_query);
```



IN example



Recall:

IN operator checks against list of values

List of values may be hard-coded if known ahead of time

```
SELECT b.title, b.year FROM books b
WHERE b.year IN (1990, 1986, 1996, 1998);
```



IN example



List of values can be made dynamic using result of subquery

"Find all authors in amazon_best_sellers table who also appear in the president_books table"

```
SELECT a.author

FROM amazon_best_sellers a

WHERE a.author IN (

SELECT president FROM president_books

1 Barack Obama

);
```



NOT IN example



Negates result of IN operator

"Find all authors in amazon_best_sellers who **do not** appear in the president_books table"

```
SELECT a.author

FROM amazon_best_sellers a

WHERE a.author NOT IN (

SELECT president FROM president_books
);

Author text

1 Kristin Hannah
2 Delia Owens
3 Michelle Obama
4 R. J. Palacio
```

ANY and ALL



Work in conjuction with comparison operators: <, <=, =, !=, >, >=

Filter initial query results based on comparison with subquery



ANY example



Example: "Find all amazon_best_sellers titles and years for books that were published before at least 1 president's book"

Checks against each value in subquery result set and returns true if any comparison evaluates as true, otherwise false

If true, result (from initial query) is added to final result set

```
SELECT a.title, a.year
FROM amazon_best_sellers a
WHERE a.year < ANY (
        SELECT b.year FROM president_books b
);</pre>
```

4	title text	year [PK] integer
1	Where the Crawdads Sing	2019
2	Becoming	2018
3	Wonder	2017



ALL example



author

Example: "Find all amazon_best_sellers authors whose first names are alphabetically greater than the first names of every president in president_books"

Checks against each value in list and returns true only if every check evaluates as true, otherwise false

If true, result (from initial query) is added to final result set

```
SELECT a.author FROM amazon_best_sellers a

WHERE a.author > ALL (

SELECT b.president FROM president_books b

);

text

1 Kristin Hannah

2 Michelle Obama

3 R. J. Palacio
```