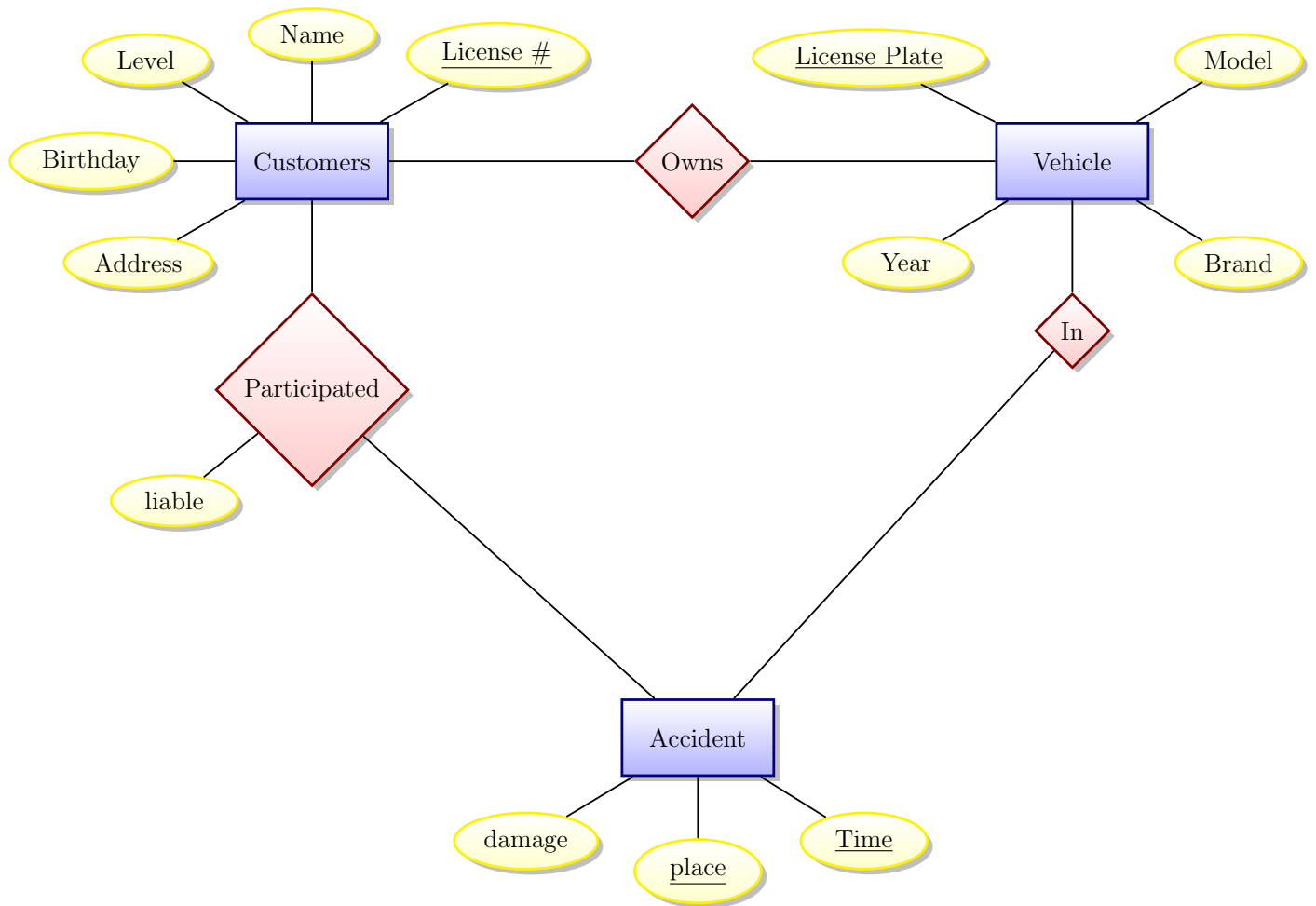


# CSCC43 Assignment

Summer 2022

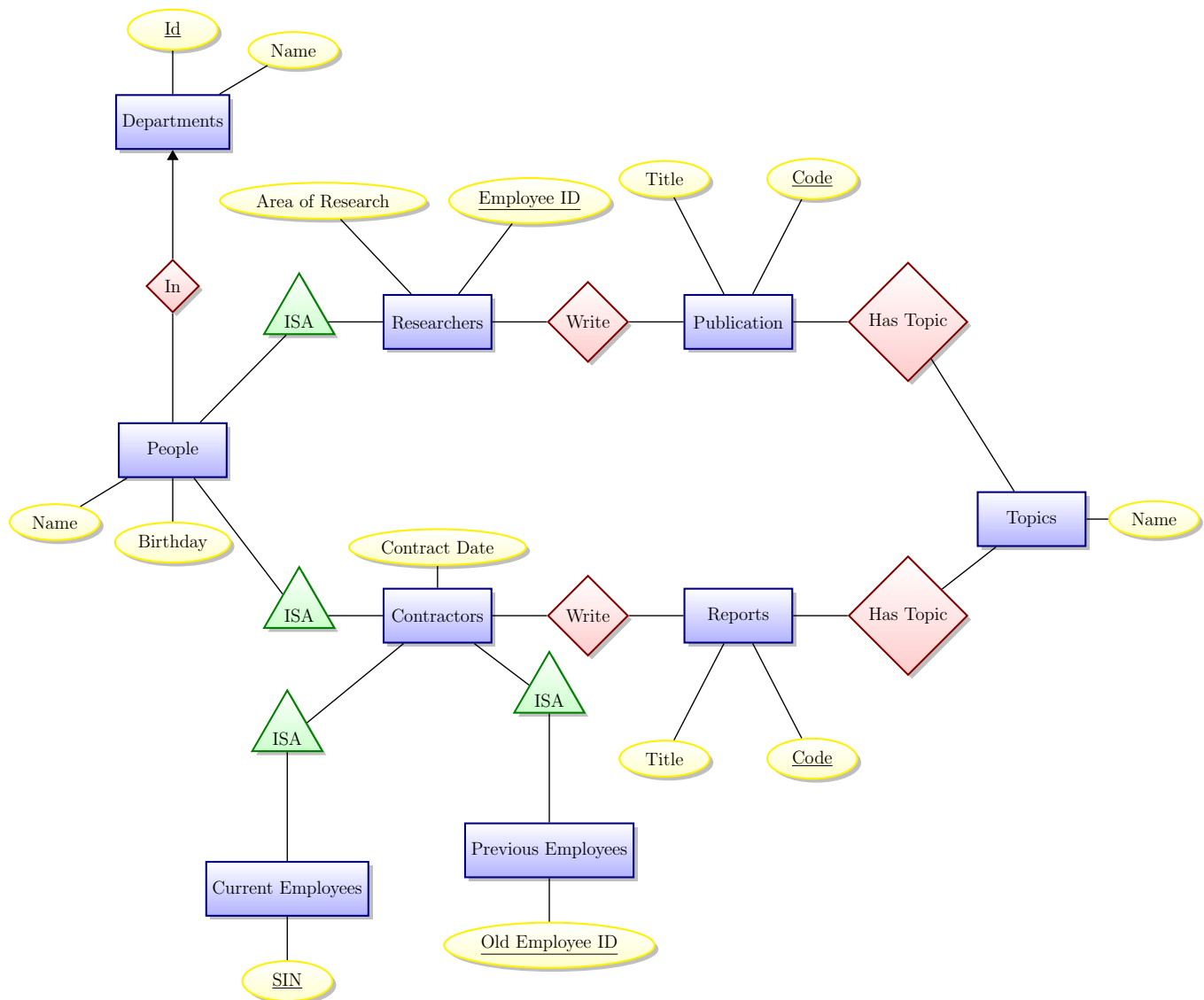
Stephen Guo  
guostep2  
1006313231

## Exercise 1.



Everything is many to many

## Exercise 2.



I assume that people can only belong to one Department.

I assume that Researchers are separate from Contractors, and that only Researchers get Employee ID since Current Employees only require a SIN.

I assume people can write many reports/publications and reports/publications can be written by multiple people.

Lastly, people can only be a Current Contractor, Previous Employee, or a Researcher. They cannot be in any parent entity set.

Department and Researchers					
Department		People		Researcher	
ID	Name	Name	Birthday	Area of Research	Employee ID
4819753	Psychology	Mashiro Tsukino	August 19 1996	Dreams	10035283874
1935517	Computer Science	Mei Hiuchidani	April 10 2000	Computational Complexity	10048173772

Department and Current Contractor					
Department		People		Contractor	Current Contractor
ID	Name	Name	Birthday	Contract Date	SIN
8457199	Math	Misaki Tobisawa	April 16 2003	May 2022 - December 2022	9271628316
1935517	Law	Limbo Scott Fitzgerald	April 10 1991	December 2021 - September 2022	9346336378

Department and Previous Employee					
Department		People		Contractor	Previous Employee
ID	Name	Name	Birthday	Contract Date	Old Employee ID
8457199	Sailor	Odette Malencon	November 3 1979	January 2015 - December 2017	10090218575
1935517	Police	Shu Lyn O'Keefe	June 26 1987	January 2022 - May 2022	10052155526

Researcher and Publication					
People		Researcher		Publication	
Name	Birthday	Area of Research	Employee ID	Title	Code
Kyou Tsukishima	August 20 2003	Basketball	10052155526	What's the best shooting form?	9892
Maya Tokizaki	April 26 2003	Acting	10038172316	Effects of exercise on acting	9887

Current Contractors and Reports					
People		Contractor	Current Employee	Report	
Name	Birthday	Contract Date	SIN	Title	Code
Rikka Narusawa	June 29 2003	May 2022 - Dec 2022	9474987529	Correlation between hand size and piano skills	9799

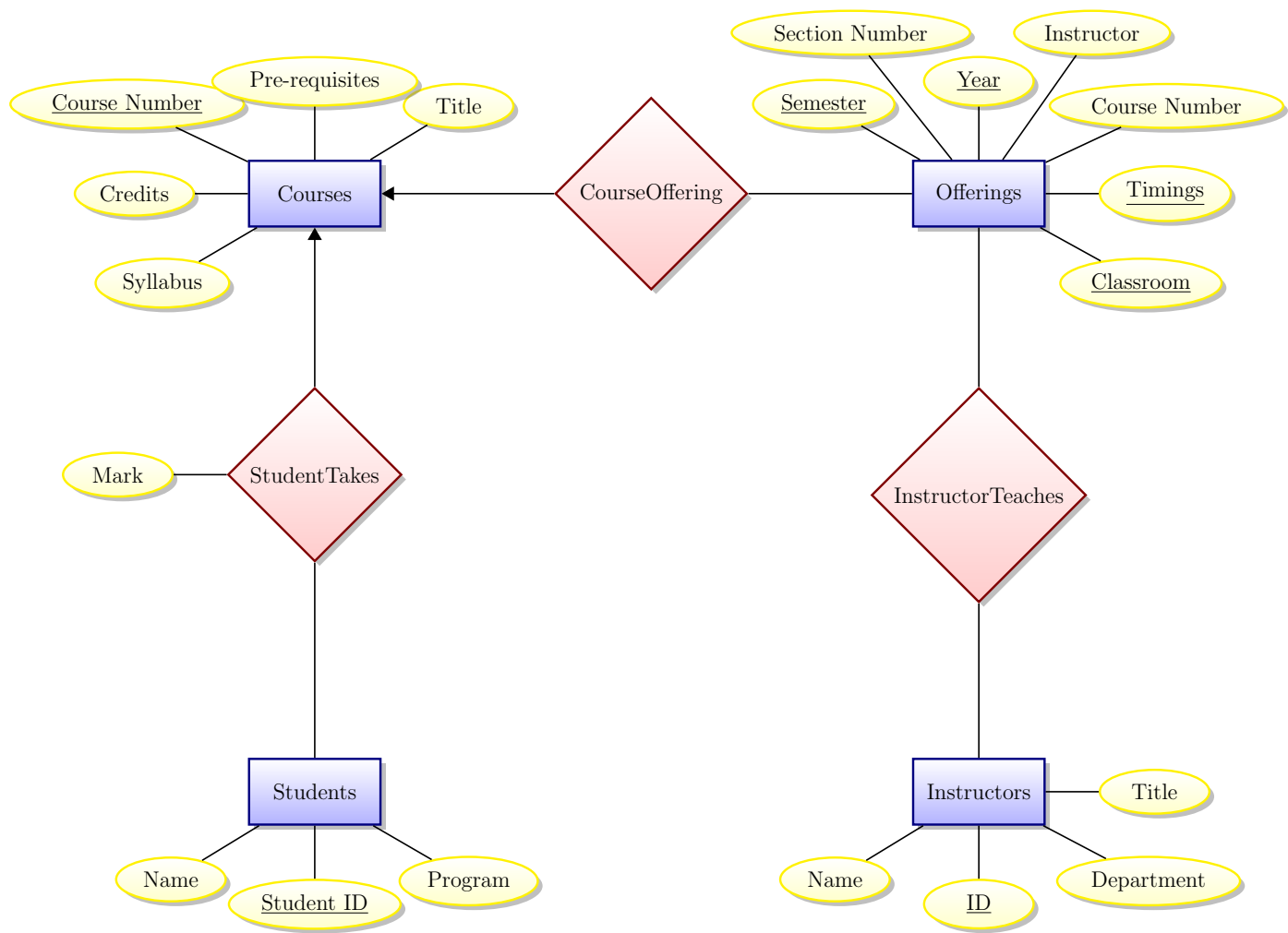
  

Previous Employees and Reports					
People		Contractor	Previous Employee	Report	
Name	Birthday	Contract Date	Old Employee ID	Title	Code
Marika Shinozaki	Mar 3 2003	Dec 2021 - May 2022	10071291083	Effects of sexual intercourse during pregnancy	9801

Publication and Topic		
Publication		Topic
Title	Code	Topic
Effects of sexual intercourse during pregnancy	9801	Sex
Correlation between hand size and piano skills	9799	Music

Reports and Topic		
Reports		Topic
Title	Code	Topic
What's the best shooting form?	9892	Physics
Effects of exercise on acting	9887	Gym

## Exercise 3.



I assume multiple instructors can teach a course

I assume the exact time and place of an offering is unique

Student Takes								
Courses					Students			Mark
Title	Pre-requisites	Course Number	Credits	Syllabus	Name	Student ID	Program	Mark
Compilers	CSCB58	CSCD70	0.5	PDF Link	Shiki Natsume	1004811742	CS	86
Imagination	PSYC16	STAB22	0.5	PDF Link	Kengo Miyazawa	1004848631	Psychology	61

Course Offerings										
Courses					Offerings					
Course #	Title	Pre-requisites	Credits	Syllabus	Semester	Year	Timings	Classroom	Section #	Instructor
MATD01	Rings	MATC01	0.5	Link	Fall	2022	9:00 - 11:00	HL B101	001	Alice Bedford
MDSB09	Kids	MDSA01	0.5	Link	Summer	2021	18:00 - 21:00	IC 130	002	Taichi Hoshina

Instructor Teaches										
Offerings						Instructors				
Semester	Year	Timings	Classroom	Section Number	Course Number	ID	Name	Title	Department	
Summer	2016	11:00 - 13:00	SW 319	004	PHYC54	9993713655	Rino Ibaraki	Dr	Physics	
Summer	2021	3:00 - 4:00	IC 212	001	VPSC04	9990840738	Ryuunosuke Arihara	Dr	Studio Art	

## Exercise 4.

(1)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 A \rightarrow C & [\text{By given}] \\
 \iff AB \rightarrow BC & [\text{By Augmentation}] \quad (\star)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 A \rightarrow B & [\text{By given}] \\
 \iff AA \rightarrow AB & [\text{By Augmentation}] \\
 \iff A \rightarrow AB & [\text{Simplifying}] \\
 \iff A \rightarrow BC & [\text{By Transitivity from } (\star)]
 \end{array}$$

(2)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 B \subseteq BC & [\text{Trivial}] \\
 \iff BC \rightarrow B & [\text{By Reflexivity}] \quad (\heartsuit)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 C \subseteq BC & [\text{Trivial}] \\
 \iff BC \rightarrow C & [\text{By Reflexivity}] \quad (\clubsuit)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 A \rightarrow BC & [\text{By given}] \\
 \iff A \rightarrow C & [\text{By Transitivity from } (\heartsuit)] \\
 \text{and } A \rightarrow B & [\text{By Transitivity from } (\clubsuit)]
 \end{array}$$

(3)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 A \rightarrow B & [\text{By given}] \\
 \iff AC \rightarrow BC & [\text{Augmentation}] \\
 \iff AC \rightarrow D & [\text{By Transitivity from given } BC \rightarrow D]
 \end{array}$$

(4)

$$C \rightarrow F \quad [\text{By given}]$$

$$\iff CG \rightarrow FG \quad [\text{Augmentation with } G] \quad (\blacklozenge)$$

$$AB \rightarrow CD \quad [\text{By given}]$$

$$\iff ABE \rightarrow CDE \quad [\text{Augmentation with } E]$$

$$\iff ABE \rightarrow CDG \quad [E \rightarrow G \implies CDE \rightarrow CDG]$$

$$\iff ABE \rightarrow CG \quad [CG \subseteq CGD \implies CGD \rightarrow CG] \quad (\textcircled{E})$$

$$A \rightarrow B \quad [\text{By given}]$$

$$\iff A \rightarrow DE \quad [B \rightarrow DE]$$

$$\iff A \rightarrow E \quad [E \subseteq DE \implies DE \rightarrow E]$$

$$A \rightarrow BE \quad [\text{Union of } A \rightarrow B \text{ and } A \rightarrow E]$$

$$\iff AA \rightarrow ABE \quad [\text{Augmentation with } A]$$

$$\iff A \rightarrow ABE \quad [\text{Simplification}]$$

$$\iff A \rightarrow CG \quad [\text{Transitivity with } (\textcircled{E})]$$

$$\iff A \rightarrow FG \quad [\text{Transitivity with } (\blacklozenge)]$$



## Exercise 5.

(1)

1.  $A \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow D$
2. The only key is  $A$  since  $A \rightarrow$  every other attribute. By the union property,  $A \rightarrow ABCD$
3. All possible sets with  $A$  in it. So:

$$AB \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$AC \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$AD \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$ABC \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$ABD \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$ACD \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$ABCD \rightarrow ABCD$$

(2)

1.

$$BC \rightarrow D \quad [\text{given}]$$

$$\iff ABC \rightarrow AD \quad [\text{Augmentation with } A]$$

$$\iff ABC \rightarrow D \quad [\text{by decomposition rule}] \quad (\text{✗})$$

$$AB \rightarrow C \quad [\text{given}]$$

$$\iff AAB \rightarrow ABC \quad [\text{Augmentation with } A \text{ and } B]$$

$$\iff AB \rightarrow ABC \quad [\text{Simplifying}]$$

$$\iff AB \rightarrow D \quad [\text{Augmentation with } (\text{✗})]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & CD \rightarrow A \quad [\text{given}] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & BCD \rightarrow BA \quad [\text{augmentation with } B] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & BCD \rightarrow A \quad [\text{by decomposition rule}] \quad (\text{☕})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & BC \rightarrow D \quad [\text{given}] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & BBCC \rightarrow BCD \quad [\text{augmentation with } B \text{ and } C] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & BC \rightarrow BCD \quad [\text{Simplifying}] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & BC \rightarrow A \quad [\text{augmentation with } (\text{☕})]
 \end{aligned}$$


---

$$\begin{aligned}
 & DA \rightarrow B \quad [\text{given}] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & CDA \rightarrow CB \quad [\text{augmentation with } C] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & CDA \rightarrow B \quad [\text{by decomposition rule}] \quad (\text{🎵})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & CD \rightarrow A \quad [\text{given}] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & CCDD \rightarrow CDA \quad [\text{augmentation with } C \text{ and } D] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & CD \rightarrow CDA \quad [\text{Simplifying}] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & CD \rightarrow B \quad [\text{augmentation with } (\text{🎵})]
 \end{aligned}$$


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$$\begin{aligned}
 & AB \rightarrow C \quad [\text{given}] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & DAB \rightarrow DC \quad [\text{augmentation with } D] \\
 \Leftrightarrow & DAB \rightarrow C \quad [\text{by decomposition rule}] \quad (\text{★})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& DA \rightarrow B \quad [\text{given}] \\
\iff & DDAA \rightarrow DAB \quad [\text{augmentation with } D \text{ and } A] \\
\iff & DA \rightarrow DAB \quad [\text{Simplifying}] \\
\iff & DA \rightarrow C \quad [\text{augmentation with } (\star)]
\end{aligned}$$


---

So there is:

$$AB \rightarrow D$$

$$BC \rightarrow A$$

$$CD \rightarrow B$$

$$DA \rightarrow C$$

2. By union property of the given and above, we have:

$$AB \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$BC \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$CD \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$DA \rightarrow ABCD$$

3. All possible sets with  $AB$ ,  $BC$ ,  $CD$ , and  $DA$  in it. So:

$$ABC \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$BCD \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$CDA \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$DAB \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$ABD \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$BCA \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$CDB \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$DAC \rightarrow ABCD$$

$$ABCD \rightarrow ABCD$$

## Exercise 6.

(1)

$$\begin{aligned} A^+ &= (ABC)^+ \quad [\text{given } A \rightarrow BC] \\ &= (ABCD)^+ \quad [\text{given } B \rightarrow D] \\ &= ABCDE \quad [\text{given } CD \rightarrow E] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E^+ &= (EA)^+ \quad [\text{given } E \rightarrow A] \\ &= ABCDE \quad [\text{since } A^+ = ABCDE] \end{aligned}$$

$$B^+ = BD \quad [\text{given } B \rightarrow D]$$

$$C^+ = C \quad [\text{nothing}]$$

$$D^+ = D \quad [\text{nothing}]$$

$$(BD)^+ = BD \quad [\text{nothing}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} (CD)^+ &= (CDE)^+ \quad [\text{given } CD \rightarrow E] \\ &= ABCDE \quad [\text{since } E^+ = ABCDE] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (BC)^+ &= (BCD)^+ \quad [\text{given } B \rightarrow D] \\ &= ABCDE \quad [\text{since } (CD)^+ = ABCDE] \end{aligned}$$

So  $A$ ,  $E$ ,  $CD$ , and  $BC$  are candidate keys. since they functionally determines all other attributes. There exists no non-empty subset of  $A$  and  $E$ . And both subsets of  $BC$  ( $B$  and  $C$ ) and  $CD$  ( $C$  and  $D$ ) are not superkeys.

There cannot be a candidate key with 3 attributes because it must be a superset of one of  $\{A, E, CD, BC\}$ . All attributes exist in that set. Since those are candidate keys, then supersets of those attributes are by definition not candidate keys.

(2)

No.  $B$  is not a superkey of  $R$  since  $B$  is not a superset of  $\{A, E, CD, BC\}$ . Since  $B \rightarrow D$  is a non-trivial Functional Dependency of  $R$ ,  $R$  is not in BCNF.

(3)

Yes. The  $D$  in  $B \rightarrow D$  is a member of  $CD$  which is a superkey. So  $\{A, E, CD\}$  are superkeys, and  $D$  from the last Functional Dependency  $B \rightarrow D$  is a member of the superkey  $CD$

(4)

Initial Tableau:

Decomposed Relations	Attributes				
	A	B	C	D	E
$R_1(A, B, C)$	$a$	$b$	$c$	$d_1$	$e_1$
$R_2(A, D, E)$	$a$	$b_2$	$c_2$	$d$	$e$

Given  $A \rightarrow BC$

Decomposed Relations	Attributes				
	A	B	C	D	E
$R_1(A, B, C)$	$a$	$b$	$c$	$d_1$	$e_1$
$R_2(A, D, E)$	$a$	<b><math>b</math></b>	<b><math>c</math></b>	$d$	$e$

Since we have a row without any subscripts, this means we have a lossless decomposition.

Checking dependency preserving: Let  $F = \{A \rightarrow BC, CD \rightarrow E, B \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow A\}$  Check if  $(F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2})^+ = F^+$

$$R_1 = (A, B, C), R_2 = (A, D, E)$$

Given the Closures of everything in (1), we have:

$$F_{R_1} = \{A \rightarrow BC, BC \rightarrow A\}$$

$$F_{R_2} = \{A \rightarrow DE, E \rightarrow AD\}$$

$$F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2} = \{A \rightarrow BCDE, BC \rightarrow A, E \rightarrow A\}$$

Calculating closure of  $F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2}$

$$A^+ = ABCDE$$

$$B^+ = B \leftarrow \text{This is not equal to } F^+$$

$$C^+ = C$$

$$D^+ = D$$

$$E^+ = ABCDE$$

$$BC^+ = ABCDE$$

$$CD^+ = CD \leftarrow \text{This is not equal to } F^+$$

$$BD^+ = BD$$

$\therefore \{CD \rightarrow E, B \rightarrow D\}$  are not preserved

Initial Tableau:

Decomposed Relations	Attributes				
	A	B	C	D	E
$R_1(A, B, C, D)$	$a$	$b$	$c$	$d$	$e_1$
$R_2(C, D, E)$	$a_2$	$b_2$	$c$	$d$	$e$

Given  $CD \rightarrow E$

Decomposed Relations	Attributes				
	A	B	C	D	E
$R_1(A, B, C, D)$	$a$	$b$	$c$	$d$	$e$
$R_2(C, D, E)$	$a_2$	$b_2$	$c$	$d$	$e$

Since we have a row without any subscripts, this means we have a lossless decomposition.

Checking dependency preserving: Let  $F = \{A \rightarrow BC, CD \rightarrow E, B \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow A\}$  Check if  $(F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2})^+ = F^+$

$$R_1 = (A, B, C, D), R_2 = (C, D, E)$$

Given the Closures of everything in (1), we have:

$$F_{R_1} = \{A \rightarrow BCD, B \rightarrow D, BC \rightarrow A, CD \rightarrow A\}$$

$$F_{R_2} = \{E \rightarrow CD, CD \rightarrow E\}$$

$$F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2} = \{A \rightarrow BCD, B \rightarrow D, BC \rightarrow A, CD \rightarrow A, E \rightarrow A\}$$

Calculating closure of  $F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2}$

$$A^+ = ABCDE$$

$$B^+ = BD$$

$$C^+ = C$$

$$D^+ = D$$

$$E^+ = ABCDE$$

$$BC^+ = ABCDE$$

$$CD^+ = ABCDE$$

$$BD^+ = BD$$

$$\because (F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2})^+ = F^+$$

$\therefore$  FD's are preserved

(5)

$R_1$ 's Functional Dependencies:  $A \rightarrow BC$  which is a superkey

$\therefore R_1$  is in BCNF

$\implies R_1$  is in 3NF

$R_2$ 's Functional Dependencies:  $E \rightarrow A$  which is neither a superkey or prime

$\therefore R_2$  is none

$R_3$ 's Functional Dependencies:  $\{A \rightarrow BC, B \rightarrow D\}$

$A$  is a superkey, so the first Functional Dependency is valid

The second Functional Dependency is neither a superkey or prime

$\therefore R_2$  is none

$R_3$ 's Functional Dependencies:  $CD \rightarrow E$ , which is a superkey

$\therefore R_4$  is in BCNF

$\therefore R_4$  is in 3NF

(6)

$$A^+ = ABCDE$$

$$(CD)^+ = ABCDE$$

$$B^+ = BD \text{ [Violation of BCNF]}$$

$$E^+ = ABCDE$$

$$R_1 = BD$$

$$R_2 = ABCE$$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_1$

$$B^+ = BD \implies B \rightarrow D \text{ which is a superkey}$$

$$D^+ = D$$

$\therefore R_1$  satisfies BCNF

Projecting FD's onto  $R_2$

$$A^+ = ABCE \implies A \rightarrow BCE \text{ which is a superkey}$$

$$B^+ = B$$

$$C^+ = C$$

$$E^+ = ABCE \implies E \rightarrow ABC \text{ which is a superkey}$$

$$BC^+ = BC$$

$\therefore R_2$  satisfies BCNF

So the relations  $R_1 = BD$  and  $R_2 = ABCE$  is in BCNF.

Checking dependency preserving: Let  $F = \{A \rightarrow BC, CD \rightarrow E, B \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow A\}$  Check if  $(F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2})^+ = F^+$

$$R_1 = (B, D), R_2 = (A, B, C, E)$$

Given the Closures of everything in (1), we have:

$$F_{R_1} = \{B \rightarrow D\}$$

$$F_{R_2} = \{A \rightarrow BCE, E \rightarrow A, BC \rightarrow A\}$$



$$F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2} = \{A \rightarrow BCDE, B \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow A, CD \rightarrow A, BC \rightarrow A\}$$

Calculating closure of  $F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2}$

$$A^+ = ABCDE$$

$$B^+ = BD$$

$$C^+ = C$$

$$D^+ = D$$

$$E^+ = ABCDE$$

$$BC^+ = ABCDE$$

$$CD^+ = ABCDE$$

$$BD^+ = BD$$

$$\therefore (F_{R_1} \cup F_{R_2})^+ = F^+$$

$\therefore$  FD's are preserved

## Exercise 7.

Candidate keys:

$$B^+ = (BO)^+$$

$$O^+ = O^+$$

$$I^+ = BOI$$

$$S^+ = SD$$

$$Q^+ = Q$$

$$D^+ = D$$

$$BO^+ = BO$$

$$BI^+ = BOI$$

$$BS^+ = BOSD$$

$$BQ^+ = BOQ$$

$$BD^+ = BOD$$

$$OI^+ = BOI$$

$$OS^+ = OSD$$

$$OQ^+ = OQ$$

$$OD^+ = OD$$

$$IS^+ = BOISQD$$

$$IQ^+ = BOIQ$$

$$ID^+ = BOID$$

$$SQ^+ = SQD$$

$$SD^+ = SD$$

$$QD^+ = QD$$

$$BOI^+ = BOI$$

$$BOS = BOSD$$

$$BOQ = BOQ$$

$$BOD = BOD$$

$$BIQ = BOIQ$$

$$BID = BOID$$

$$BSQ = BOSQD$$

$$BSD = BOSD$$

$$BQD = BOQD$$

$$OIQ = BOIQ$$

$$OID = BOID$$

$$OSQ = OSQD$$

$$OSD = OSD$$

$$OQD = OQD$$

$$IQD = BOIQD$$

$$SQD = SQD$$

$$BOIQ = BOIQ$$

$$BOID = BOID$$

$$BOSQ = BOSQD$$

$$BOSD = BOSD$$

$$BOQD = BOQD$$

$$BIQD = BOID$$

$$BSQD = BOSQD$$

$$OIQD = BOIQD$$

$$OSQD = OSQD$$

$$BOIQD = BOIQD$$

$$BOSQD = BOSQD$$

So the only candidate key is  $IS$ .

BCNF:

$$I^+ = BOI$$

$I \rightarrow BO$  violates BCNF

$\Downarrow$

Let  $R_1 = \{B, O, I\}$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_1$

$$B^+ = BO$$

$B \rightarrow O$  Violates BCNF

Let  $R_3 = \{B, O\}$

Let  $R_4 = \{B, I\}$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_3$

$$B^+ = BO \text{ satisfies BCNF}$$

$$O^+ = O$$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_4$

$$B^+ = B$$

$$I^+ = IB \text{ satisfies BCNF}$$

Let  $R_2 = \{I, S, Q, D\}$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_2$

$$I^+ = I$$

$$S^+ = SD$$

$S \rightarrow D$  Violates BCNF

Let  $R_5 = \{S, D\}$

Let  $R_6 = \{I, S, Q\}$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_5$

$$S^+ = SD \text{ satisfies BCNF}$$

$$D^+ = D$$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_6$

$$I^+ = I$$

$$S^+ = S$$

$$Q^+ = Q$$

$$(IS)^+ = ISQ \text{ satisfies BCNF}$$

$$(IQ)^+ = IQ$$

$$(SQ)^+ = SQ$$

$$\therefore R_3 = \{B, O\},$$

$$R_4 = \{B, I\},$$

$$R_5 = \{S, D\},$$

$$R_6 = \{I, S, Q\} \text{ is in BCNF.}$$

3NF:

$$I^+ = BOI$$

$I \rightarrow BO$  violates 3NF

$\Downarrow$

Let  $R_1 = \{B, O, I\}$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_1$

$$B^+ = BO$$

$B \rightarrow O$  Violates 3NF

Let  $R_3 = \{B, O\}$

Let  $R_4 = \{B, I\}$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_3$

$$B^+ = BO \text{ satisfies 3NF}$$

$$O^+ = O$$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_4$

$$B^+ = B$$

$$I^+ = IB \text{ satisfies 3NF}$$

Let  $R_2 = \{I, S, Q, D\}$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_2$

$$I^+ = I$$

$$S^+ = SD$$

$S \rightarrow D$  Violates 3NF

Let  $R_5 = \{S, D\}$

Let  $R_6 = \{I, S, Q\}$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_5$

$$S^+ = SD \text{ satisfies 3NF}$$

$$D^+ = D$$

Projecting FD's onto  $R_6$

$$I^+ = I$$

$$S^+ = S$$

$$Q^+ = Q$$

$$(IS)^+ = ISQ \text{ satisfies 3NF}$$

$$(IQ)^+ = IQ$$

$$(SQ)^+ = SQ$$

$$\therefore R_3 = \{B, O\},$$

$$R_4 = \{B, I\},$$

$$R_5 = \{S, D\},$$

$$R_6 = \{I, S, Q\} \text{ is in 3NF and BCNF.}$$

## Exercise 8.

1.  $\pi_{\text{name}}(\sigma_{\text{sno}=5}(\text{students}))$
2.  $\pi_{\text{universities.addr}}\left(\sigma_{\text{study.uname=universities.uname, name=jones}}((\text{students} \bowtie \text{study}) \times \text{universities})\right)$
3.  $\text{Students in Experiemnts} = (\text{students} \bowtie \text{participate}) \bowtie \text{experiment}$   
 $\pi_{\text{uname, universities.addr}}\left(\sigma_{\text{study.uname=universities.uname}}((\text{Students in Experiemnts} \bowtie \text{study}) \times \text{universities})\right)$
4.  $\text{Students in Experiemnts} = (\text{students} \bowtie \text{participate}) \bowtie \text{experiment}$   
 $\text{Universities with students participating in Experiemnts} =$   
 $\pi_{\text{uname, universities.addr}}\left(\sigma_{\text{study.uname=universities.uname}}((\text{Students in Experiemnts} \bowtie \text{study}) \times \text{universities})\right)$   
 $\text{Universities} - \text{Universities with students participating in Experiemnts}$
5.  $\text{Students at Universities} = \sigma_{\text{study.uname=universities.uname}}((\text{students} \bowtie \text{study}) \times \text{universities})$   
 $\pi_{\text{eno, num-of-p, date}}((\text{Students at Universities} \bowtie \text{took-place}) \bowtie \text{experiment})$

## Exercise 9.

1. All floor department sales =  $(\text{dept} \bowtie \text{sales}) \bowtie \text{item}$   
 $2^{\text{nd}}$  floor department sales =  $\left( (\sigma_{\text{floor}=2}(\text{dept})) \bowtie \text{sales} \right) \bowtie \text{item}$   
 $\pi_{\text{iname, type, color}}(\text{All floor department sales} - 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ floor department sales})$
  
2. Assuming there is one manager per department.  
 $\text{Managers} = \sigma_{\text{eno}=\text{mgr}}(\text{employee})$   
 $\text{Non-managers} = \text{employee} - \text{Managers}$   
 $\text{Max employee salary of each Department} = \gamma_{\text{dept, MAX(salary)}}(\text{Non-managers})$   
 $\sigma_{\text{salary} > \text{MAX(salary)}}(\text{Managers} \bowtie \text{Max employee salary of each Department})$
  
3.  $2^{\text{nd}}$  floor department sales =  $\left( (\sigma_{\text{floor}=2}(\text{dept})) \bowtie \text{sales} \right) \bowtie \text{item}$   
 $\text{Items with number of departments} = \gamma_{\text{iname, COUNT(departments)}}(2^{\text{nd}} \text{ floor department sales})$   
 $\text{Items with more than two departments} = \sigma_{\text{COUNT(departments)} > 2}(\text{Items with number of departments})$   
 $\pi_{\text{iname, type, color}}(\text{Items with more than two departments} \bowtie 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ floor department sales})$
  
4. Supply equal to sales =  $((\text{dept} \bowtie \text{sales}) \bowtie \text{item}) \bowtie \text{supply}$   
 $\pi_{\text{iname, type, color}}(\text{Supply equal to sales})$