Sequent Calculus Cut Elimination

Akim Demaille akim@lrde.epita.fr

EPITA — École Pour l'Informatique et les Techniques Avancées

March 22, 2009



Sequent Calculus **Cut Elimination**

- Problems of Natural Deduction
- Sequent Calculus
- Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

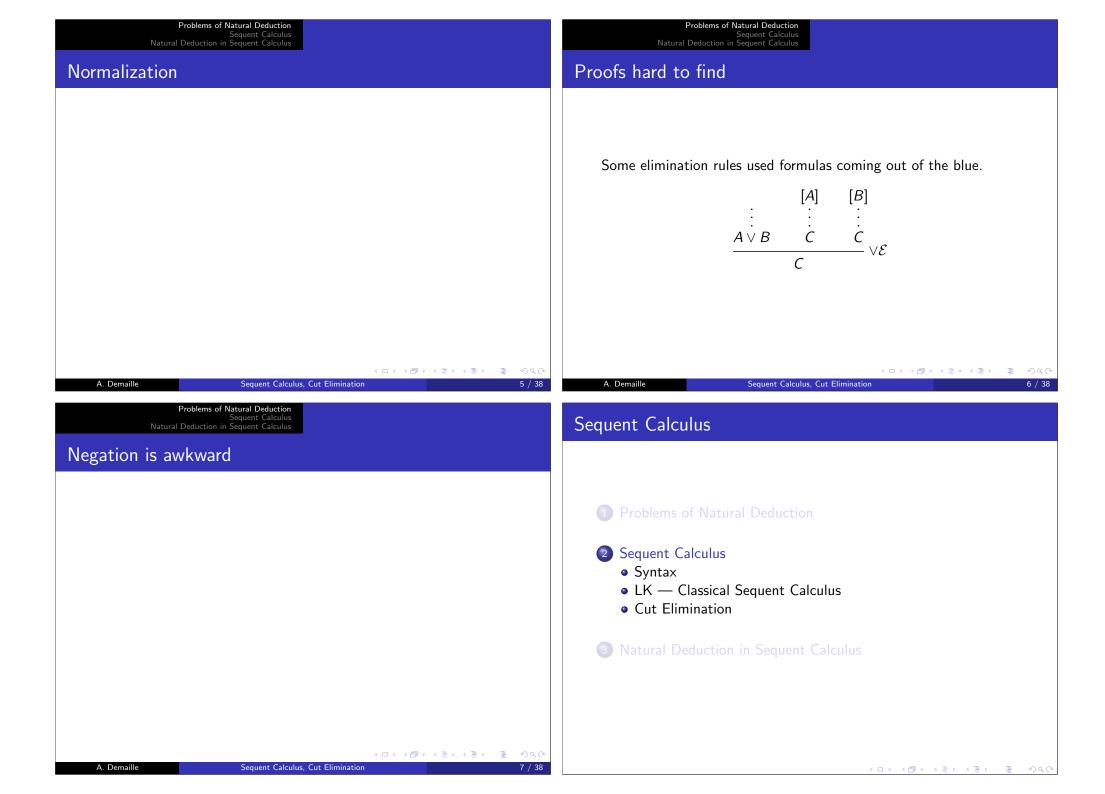
Preamble

The following slides are implicitly dedicated to classical logic.

Problems of Natural Deduction

- Problems of Natural Deduction
- Sequent Calculus
- 3 Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination



Syntax

- Problems of Natural Deduction
- 2 Sequent Calculus
 - Syntax
 - LK Classical Sequent Calculus
 - Cut Elimination
- 3 Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus



Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Sequents

Sequent

A sequent is an expression $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$, where Γ, Δ are (finite) sequences of formulas.

Variants:

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

Sequents

Sequent

A sequent is an expression $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$, where Γ, Δ are (finite) sequences of formulas.

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Sequents

Sequent

A sequent is an expression $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$, where Γ, Δ are (finite) sequences of formulas.

Variants:

A. Demaille

Sets Γ , Δ can be taken as (finite) sets.

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Sequent Calculus Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus Cut Elimination

Sequents

Sequent

A sequent is an expression $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$, where Γ, Δ are (finite) sequences of formulas.

Variants:

Sets Γ , Δ can be taken as (finite) sets.

- Simplifies the structural group



Sequents

Sequent

A sequent is an expression $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$, where Γ, Δ are (finite) sequences of formulas.

Variants:

Sets Γ , Δ can be taken as (finite) sets.

- Simplifies the structural group
- Prevents close examination of...the structural rules

Single Sided Sequents can be forced to be $\vdash \Gamma$

Sequents

Sequent

A sequent is an expression $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$, where Γ, Δ are (finite) sequences of formulas.

Variants:

Sets Γ , Δ can be taken as (finite) sets.

- Simplifies the structural group
- Prevents close examination of...the structural rules

Sequents

Sequent

A sequent is an expression $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$, where Γ, Δ are (finite) sequences of formulas.

Variants:

A. Demaille

Sets Γ , Δ can be taken as (finite) sets.

- Simplifies the structural group
- Prevents close examination of...the structural rules

Single Sided Sequents can be forced to be $\vdash \Gamma$

- Half the number of rules is needed

If all the formulas of Γ are true.

then one of the formulas of Δ is true.

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus Cut Elimination

Sequents

Sequent

A sequent is an expression $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$, where Γ, Δ are (finite) sequences of formulas.

Variants:

Sets Γ , Δ can be taken as (finite) sets.

- Simplifies the structural group
- Prevents close examination of... the structural rules

Single Sided Sequents can be forced to be $\vdash \Gamma$

- Half the number of rules is needed
- Not for intuitionistic systems

Reading a Sequent

If all the formulas of Γ are true, $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ then one of the formulas of Δ is true.

- Commas on the left hand side stand for "and"

Reading a Sequent

Reading a Sequent

 $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$

If all the formulas of Γ are true. $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ then one of the formulas of Δ is true.

- Commas on the left hand side stand for "and"
- Turnstile, ⊢, stands for "implies"

A. Demaille

Reading a Sequent

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

Some Special Sequents

 $\Gamma \vdash A$ A is true under the hypotheses Γ

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Some Special Sequents

 $\Gamma \vdash A$ A is true under the hypotheses Γ

A is true

Γ is in contradiction

If all the formulas of Γ are true. $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ then one of the formulas of Δ is true.

- Commas on the left hand side stand for "and"
- Turnstile, ⊢, stands for "implies"
- Commas on the right hand side stand for "or"

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Some Special Sequents

 $\Gamma \vdash A$ A is true under the hypotheses Γ

 $\vdash A$ A is true

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

Some Special Sequents

 $\Gamma \vdash A$ A is true under the hypotheses Γ

 $\vdash A$ A is true

 $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma$ is in contradiction

 $A \vdash \neg A$

□ ▶ 4 ∰ ▶ 4 분 ▶ 4 분 ▶ 9 Q @

A. Demaille

Sequent Calculus, Cut Eliminatior

12 / 38

Some Special Sequents

 $\Gamma \vdash A$ A is true under the hypotheses Γ

 $\vdash A \quad A \text{ is true}$

 $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma$ is in contradiction

 $A \vdash \neg A$

⊢ contradiction

Demaille

Sequent Calculus

Syntax LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

- Problems of Natural Deduction
- 2 Sequent Calculus
 - Syntax
 - LK Classical Sequent Calculus
 - Cut Elimination
- 3 Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Identity Group

$$\frac{}{A \vdash A} \operatorname{Id} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

Gentzen's Hauptsatz

The cut rule is redundant, i.e., any sequent provable with cuts is provable without.

Identity Group

$$\frac{}{A \vdash A} \operatorname{Id} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

Gentzen's Hauptsatz

The cut rule is redundant, i.e., any sequent provable with cuts is provable without.

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Structural Group

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \tau(\Delta)} \vdash X \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\sigma(\Gamma) \vdash \Delta} X \vdash$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash W \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} W \vdash$$

Structural Group

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \tau(\Delta)} \vdash X \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\sigma(\Gamma) \vdash \Delta} X \vdash$$

Structural Group

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \tau(\Delta)} \vdash X \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\sigma(\Gamma) \vdash \Delta} X \vdash$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash W \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} W \vdash$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash C \quad \frac{\Gamma, A, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} \leftarrow C \vdash$$

A. Demaille

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Conjunction

 $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Negation

$$\frac{\Gamma,A\vdash\Delta}{\Gamma\vdash\neg A,\Delta}\vdash\neg\quad\frac{\Gamma\vdash A,\Delta}{\Gamma,\neg A\vdash\Delta}\lnot\vdash$$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Conjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \land \land \vdash$$

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Conjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \nearrow \land \vdash \\ \frac{\Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \nearrow \land \vdash$$

Logical Group: Conjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \land \land \vdash \\ \frac{\Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \land \land \vdash$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma' \vdash B, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A \land B, \Delta, \Delta'} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \land \vdash$$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Disjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash I \lor$$

Logical Group: Conjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} I \land \vdash}{\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} r \land \vdash} \qquad & & \\ \frac{\Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} r \land \vdash$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma' \vdash B, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A \land B, \Delta, \Delta'} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \land \vdash \qquad \bigotimes$$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Disjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash I \lor$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash r \lor$$

Logical Group: Disjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash I \lor
\frac{\Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash r \lor$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta \quad \Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \lor B \vdash \Delta} \lor \vdash$$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Disjunction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash I \lor
\frac{\Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash r \lor$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta \quad \Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \lor B \vdash \Delta} \lor \vdash \quad \bigoplus$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash \lor \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta \quad \Gamma', B \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma', A \lor B \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \lor \vdash \qquad \mathbf{??}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash I \lor
\frac{\Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash r \lor$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta \quad \Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \lor B \vdash \Delta} \lor \vdash$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \vdash \lor \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta \quad \Gamma', B \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma', A \lor B \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \lor \vdash$$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Implication

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Gamma', B \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma', A \Rightarrow B \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \Rightarrow \vdash$$

Sequent Calculus Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Problems of Natural Deduction Sequent Calculus

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Implication

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Gamma', B \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma', A \Rightarrow B \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \Rightarrow \vdash \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \Rightarrow B, \Delta} \vdash \Rightarrow$$

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Example

Prove $A \wedge B \vdash A \wedge B$

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Example

Prove $A \wedge B \vdash A \wedge B$

 $\frac{\overline{A \vdash A}}{\overline{A \land B \vdash A}} \nearrow \land \vdash \qquad \frac{\overline{B \vdash B}}{\overline{A \land B \vdash B}} \nearrow \land \vdash \\ \frac{\overline{A \land B \vdash A \land B}}{\overline{A \land B \vdash A \land B}} \leftarrow \vdash \land$

Sequent Calculus

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Problems of Natural Deduction Sequent Calculus Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Example

Prove $A \wedge B \vdash A \vee B$

A. Demaille

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

Sequent Calculus
Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Syntax
LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

Problems of Natural Deduction
Sequent Calculus
Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Example

Prove $A \land B \vdash A \lor B$

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

22 / 20

A. Demaille

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

21 / 30

Syntax LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Example

Prove $A \lor B \vdash A \lor B$

$$\frac{\overline{A \vdash A}}{\overline{A \vdash A \lor B}} \vdash I \lor \qquad \frac{\overline{B \vdash B}}{\overline{B \vdash A \lor B}} \vdash r \lor$$

Example Prove $A \lor B \vdash A \lor B$

Problems of Natural Deduction Sequent Calculus Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Syntax
LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Example

A. Demaille

Prove the equivalence of the two \wedge rules

$$\frac{\text{Multiplicative}}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta} \vdash \land \times \quad \equiv \quad \frac{\text{Additive}}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A \land B, \Delta, \Delta'} \vdash \land +$$

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Example

Prove the equivalence of the two ∧ rules

$$\frac{\text{Multiplicative}}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta} \vdash \land \times \quad \equiv \quad \frac{\text{Additive}}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A \land B, \Delta, \Delta'} \vdash \land +$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c|c} \Gamma \vdash A, \Delta & \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta \\ \hline \Gamma, \Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta, \Delta \\ \hline \hline \Gamma, \Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta \\ \hline \hline \Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta \end{array} \vdash C$$

4□ > 4回 > 4 = > 4 = > ■ 900

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

Example

Prove the equivalence of the two ∧ rules

$$\frac{\text{Multiplicative}}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta} \vdash \land \times \equiv \frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{Additive} \\ \Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma' \vdash B, \Delta' \\ \hline \Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A \land B, \Delta, \Delta' \end{array} \vdash \land +$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma, \Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta, \Delta} \vdash \land + \underbrace{\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A, \Delta}}_{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A, \Delta} W \vdash \underbrace{\frac{\Gamma' \vdash B, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash B, \Delta'}}_{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A, \Delta, \Delta'} \vdash W \vdash \underbrace{\frac{\Gamma' \vdash B, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash B, \Delta, \Delta'}}_{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash B, \Delta, \Delta'} \vdash W$$

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Quantifiers

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \forall x \cdot A, \Delta} \vdash \forall \quad \frac{\Gamma, A[t/x] \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, \forall x \cdot A \vdash \Delta} \, \forall \vdash$$

Sequent Calculus Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Logical Group: Quantifiers

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \forall x \cdot A, \Delta} \vdash \forall & \frac{\Gamma, A[t/x] \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, \forall x \cdot A \vdash \Delta} \, \forall \vdash \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash A[t/x], \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \exists x \cdot A, \Delta} \vdash \exists & \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, \exists x \cdot A \vdash \Delta} \, \exists \vdash \\ \ln \vdash \forall \text{ and } \exists \vdash, x \not \in \mathrm{FV}(\Gamma, \Delta). \end{split}$$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Single Sided

Defining the Negation

• Alternatively, one can define the negation as a notation instead of defining it by inference rules.

$$\neg(\neg p) := p
\neg(A \land B) := \neg A \lor \neg B
\neg(A \lor B) := \neg A \land \neg B
\neg(\forall x \cdot A) := \exists x \cdot \neg A
\neg(\exists x \cdot A) := \forall x \cdot \neg A$$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Single Sided

Defining the Negation

• Alternatively, one can define the negation as a notation instead of defining it by inference rules.

$$\neg(\neg p) := p
\neg(A \land B) := \neg A \lor \neg B
\neg(A \lor B) := \neg A \land \neg B
\neg(\forall x \cdot A) := \exists x \cdot \neg A
\neg(\exists x \cdot A) := \forall x \cdot \neg A$$

- Then define the sequents as $\vdash \Gamma$
- I.e., $\Gamma \vdash \Delta \leadsto \vdash \neg \Gamma, \Delta$

Single Sided

Defining the Negation

• Alternatively, one can define the negation as a notation instead of defining it by inference rules.

$$\neg(\neg p) := p
\neg(A \land B) := \neg A \lor \neg B
\neg(A \lor B) := \neg A \land \neg B
\neg(\forall x \cdot A) := \exists x \cdot \neg A
\neg(\exists x \cdot A) := \forall x \cdot \neg A$$

- Then define the sequents as $\vdash \Gamma$

Single Sided

The Full Sequent Calculus

$$\frac{-}{\vdash \neg A, A} \operatorname{Id} \frac{\vdash \Gamma, A \vdash \neg A, \Delta}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta} \operatorname{Cut}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma}{\vdash \sigma(\Gamma)} X \frac{\vdash \Gamma}{\vdash A, \Gamma} W \frac{\vdash A, A, \Gamma}{\vdash A, \Gamma} C$$

$$\frac{\vdash A, \Delta}{\vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \nearrow \frac{\vdash B, \Delta}{\vdash A \lor B, \Delta} \nearrow \frac{\vdash A, \Delta \vdash B, \Delta}{\vdash A \land B, \Delta} \land$$

$$\frac{\vdash A, \Delta}{\vdash \forall x \cdot A, \Delta} \forall \frac{\vdash A[t/x], \Delta}{\vdash \exists x \cdot A, \Delta} \exists$$

Cut Elimination

- Problems of Natural Deduction
- 2 Sequent Calculus
 - Syntax
 - LK Classical Sequent Calculus
 - Cut Elimination
- 3 Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus



Problems of Natural Deduction
Sequent Calculus
latural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Syntax
LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

Subformula Property

What can be told from the last rule of a proof?

• If the last rule is a cut,

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

nothing can be said!

• Otherwise...

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \wedge \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \land \wedge \vdash \cdots$$

Problems of Natural Deduction Sequent Calculu Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculu Syntax
LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

Subformula Property

What can be told from the last rule of a proof?

• If the last rule is a cut.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

Otherwise. .

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \land \land \vdash \cdots$$

1 ト 4 個 ト 4 差 ト 4 差 ト 9 へ ()

A. Demaille

equent Calculus, Cut Elimination

28 / 3

Problems of Natural Deduction
Sequent Calculu
Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculu

Syntax
LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Subformula Property

What can be told from the last rule of a proof?

• If the last rule is a cut,

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

nothing can be said!

• Otherwise...

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \land \land \vdash \qquad \cdots$$

Subformula Property

What can be told from the last rule of a proof?

• If the last rule is a cut.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

nothing can be said!

Otherwise...

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \land B \vdash \Delta} \not \land \land \vdash \qquad \cdots$$

premisses can only use subformulas of the conclusion!

Cut Elimination

Logical Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma', A \land B \vdash \Delta'} \not\vdash \land \vdash \Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'$$

Cut Elimination

- replace "complex" cuts by simpler cuts (smaller formulas)
- until the cut is on the simplest form, the identity
- where it is not longer needed!

Cut Elimination

Logical Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma', A \land B \vdash \Delta'} \not \land \vdash \Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'$$
Cut

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

Cut Elimination

Logical Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash B, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A \land B, \Delta} \vdash \land \qquad \frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma', A \land B \vdash \Delta'} \stackrel{I \land \vdash}{\text{Cut}}$$

 $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}$ Cut

For all the connectives.

Cut Elimination

Removal of a Cut

A. Demaille

$$\frac{\overline{A \vdash A} \text{ Identity} \qquad \vdots \\ \Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} \text{ Cut}$$

$$\sim \qquad \vdots \\ \Gamma, A \vdash \Delta$$

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

Cut Elimination

Removal of a Cut

$$\frac{\overline{A \vdash A} \text{ Identity} \qquad \vdots}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} \text{ Cut}$$

Syntax LK — Classical Sequent Calculus

Cut Elimination

Commutations

A. Demaille

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma, C \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma, B \lor C \vdash A, \Delta} \lor \vdash \frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, B \lor C, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}$$
Cut

Cut Elimination

Commutations

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma, C \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma, B \lor C \vdash A, \Delta} \lor \vdash \frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, B \lor C, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}$$
Cut

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, B, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \, \mathrm{Cut} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, C \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, C, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \, \mathrm{Cut}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \lor C, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}{\Gamma, B \lor C, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \, + \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma} \, \mathrm{Cut}$$

4□ > 4□ > 4□ > 4□ > 4□ > 90

Cut Elimination

A. Demaille

Structural Rules: Weakening

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash W}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

Cut Elimination

Commutations

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma, C \vdash A, \Delta}{\Gamma, B \lor C \vdash A, \Delta} \lor \vdash \frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, B \lor C, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}$$
Cut

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, B, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut} \quad \frac{\Gamma, C \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, C, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, B \lor C, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}$$

Beware of the duplication!

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

イロト (個) (意) (意) (意) (900

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Cut Elimination

Structural Rules: Weakening

$$\frac{ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash W}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\overline{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta}} \, W \vdash}{\frac{\overline{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}}{\overline{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}} \vdash W}$$

Cut Elimination

Structural Rules: Contraction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash \mathbf{C} \qquad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta' \\ \frac{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \, \mathrm{Cut}$$

Cut Elimination

Structural Rules: Contraction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash C \qquad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta' \text{ Cut}$$

Nice!

 $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A, \Delta, \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma', \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma', \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma', \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma, \Delta, \Delta', \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma, \Gamma, \Delta, \Delta', \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma, \Gamma, \Delta, \Delta', \Delta', \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma, \Gamma, \Delta, \Delta, \Delta', \Delta', \Delta'}}} Cut$

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus Cut Elimina<u>tion</u>

Cut Elimination

Structural Rules: Contraction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash \mathbf{C} \qquad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta' \\ \frac{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \, \mathbf{Cut}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A, \Delta, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}} \operatorname{Cut} \frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

Cut Elimination

Structural Rules: Contraction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash \mathbf{C} \qquad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta' \\ \frac{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}$$
Cut

Nice!

but

wrong

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A, \Delta, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}} \operatorname{Cut} \frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut}$$

Cut Elimination

Structural Rules: Contraction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash \mathbf{C}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}$$
Cut

Nice!

but wrong

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A, \Delta, \Delta'} \operatorname{Cut} \qquad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}} \operatorname{Cut}$$

might loop for ever

LK — Classical Sequent Calculus
Cut Elimination

Cut Elimination

Structural Rules: Complications with Contractions

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash C \qquad \frac{\Gamma', A, A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'} \leftarrow C \vdash \frac{\Gamma', A, A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}$$

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination

Cut Elimination

Structural Rules: Complications with Contractions

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A, \Delta} \vdash C \qquad \frac{\Gamma', A, A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'} \leftarrow C \vdash \Gamma', \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A, \Delta}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash A, \Delta, \Delta'} \frac{\Gamma', A, A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta'} C \vdash \frac{\Gamma', A, A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'} C \vdash \frac{\Gamma', A, A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'} C \vdash \frac{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta', \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} C$$
Cut

$$\frac{\Gamma, \Gamma', \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} C$$
Cut

Sequent Calculus, Cut Elimination 35 / 38

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

- Problems of Natural Deduction
- Sequent Calculus
- Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Recommended readings

[1], Chapters 5 & 13 A short (160p.) book addressing all the concerns of this course, and more (especially Linear Logic). Easy and pleasant to read. Now available for free.

Natural Deduction in Sequent Calculus

Bibliography I



J.-Y. Girard, Y. Lafont, and P. Taylor.

Proofs and Types.

Cambridge University Press, 1989.

http:

//www.cs.man.ac.uk/~pt/stable/Proofs+Types.html.