TP2 Twitter Analytics

Goal: Try to find trends into tweets about GAFA and NATU. We add twitter, Microsoft, and IBM in the study.

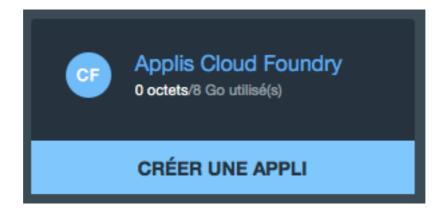
Solution: Make an application with node JS, nodeRED, cloudant, IBM BluDB, DashDB and R

Requires:

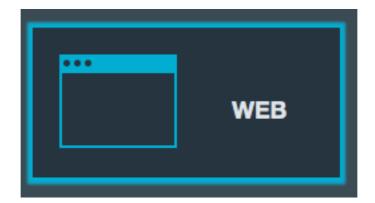
- 10 minutes to build an application to produce dataViz solution! with R!
- Non stop twitter public stream stored into a NoSQL DB (couchDB).
- No infrastructure to deploy!
- No code to produce!
- That's bluemix solution!

Let's start!

1. Create a web application:



Web:



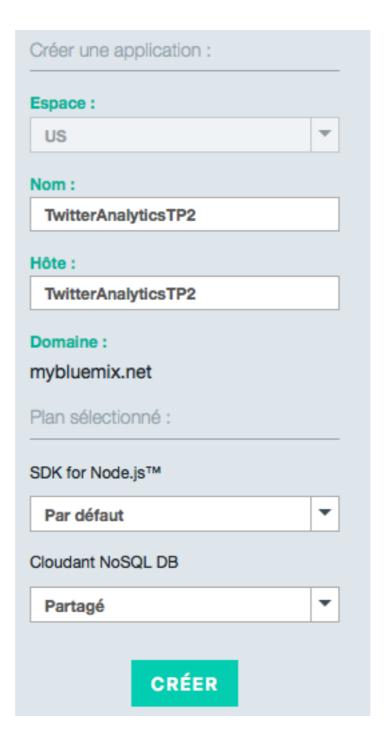
Select boilerplates:



PARCOURIR LES CONTENEURS BOILERPLATE

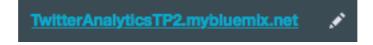
Select NodeRED starter, boilerplates :

Be Careful: select an appropriate workspace. Think that workspaces hosted in US are more compliant with more possibilities



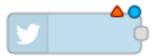
2. Launch the app

Open the app, and go to nodeREd flow editor :

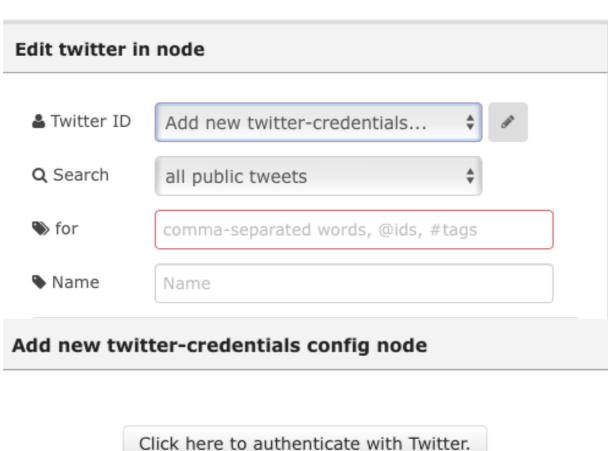


Go to your Node-RED flow editor

Select twitter social function.

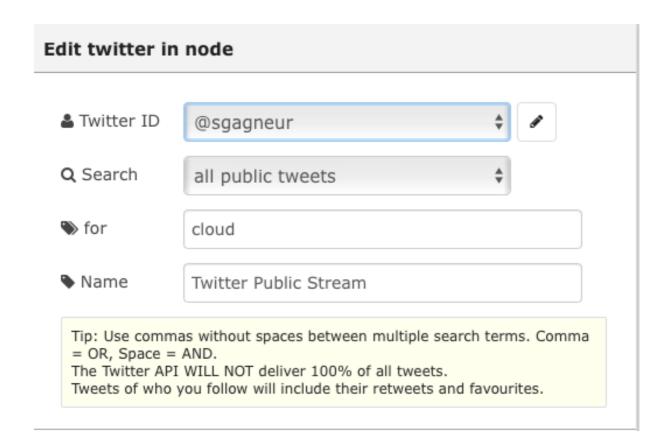


Set credentials:



Add Cancel

Set other values:



Add debug output:



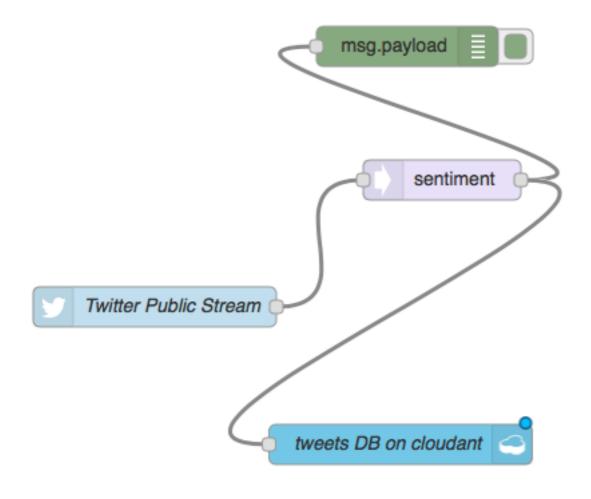
3. Deploy service:

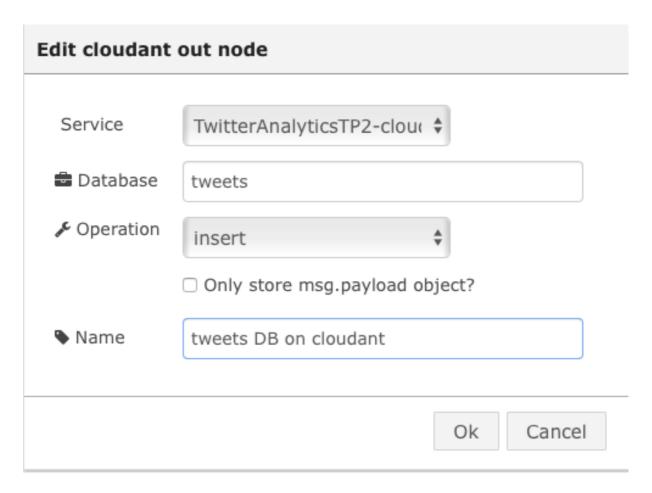


and you can see, in debug window, twitter public tweets:

2 novembre 2015 21:22:49 UTC+1 60edf6da.9f1208 weets/PdubPaula: msg.payload: string [132] RT @Tricerat: Will your business benefit from the cloud? Absolutely. Here's how: https://t.co/draD8zAilK #datasecurity #disasterplan 2 novembre 2015 21:22:49 UTC+1 60edf6da.9f1208 weets/drinkwaterpaul: msg.payload: string [139] Setting up Google Cloud Print is a Kafkaesque nightmare. @google documentation points to @brother_UK, @brother_UK points me back to @google 2 novembre 2015 21:22:50 UTC+1 60edf6da.9f1208 weets/HireaHire: msg.payload: string [83] #Job for: Senior Cloud Engineer in Santa Clara, California. https://t.co/vmpMucbRBQ

Add cloudant (couchDB) service to store tweets in « tweets DB » :





4. Add a noSQL DB

Create « tweets DB » in cloudant service :

Launch cloudant service from dashboard:



Add a new database:





Deploy nodeRED application every time you make a modification!

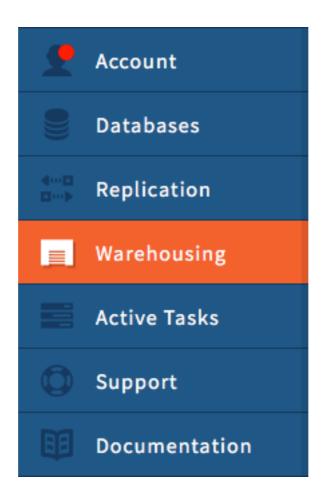
Now, you can see public tweets in cloudant DB:

Select one JSON record and you can see a tweet struct :

```
{
    "_id": "00003fb587bf861de7d20b0f0d980bef",
    "_rev": "1-41d93c35b0f3a76f9a45c0398c81a227",
    "topic": "tweets/funkd00bie",
    "payload": "@pishaSshisha да да,търпение нямам вече..и на 'The Little Girl Who Swallowed a Cloud as big as The Eiffel Tower'
    "lang": "und",
    "tweet": {
        "created_at": "Mon Nov 02 20:28:58 +0000 2015",
        "id": 661278850438053900,
        "id_str": "661278850438053888",
        "text": "@pishaSshisha да да,търпение нямам вече..и на 'The Little Girl Who Swallowed a Cloud as big as The Eiffel Tower'
        "source": "<a href=\"http://twitter.com/download/iphone\" rel=\"nofollow\">Twitter for iPhone</a>",
```

5. Manage a data warehouse

Create now a data Warehouse Select warehousing:

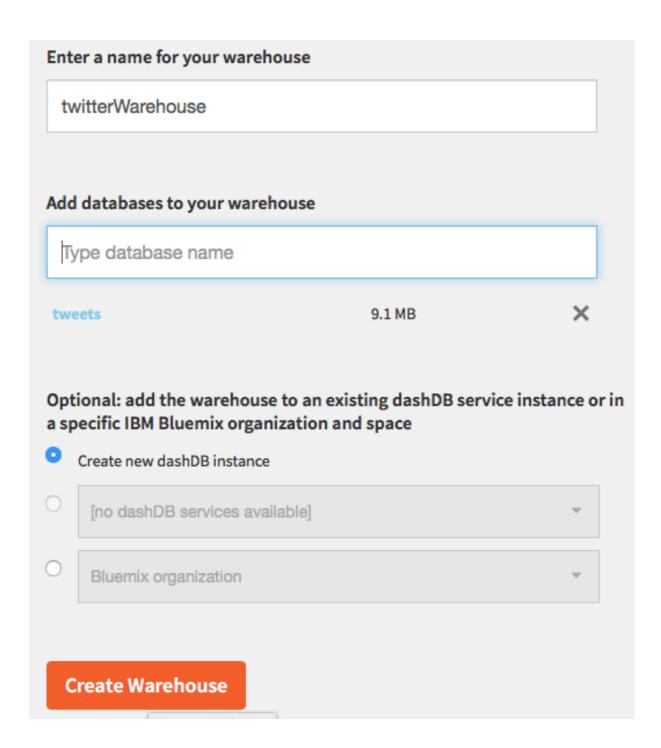


Create a Warehouse

Fill credentials, with your Bluemix account:

Create a warehouse:

Choose « tweets cloudant DB »



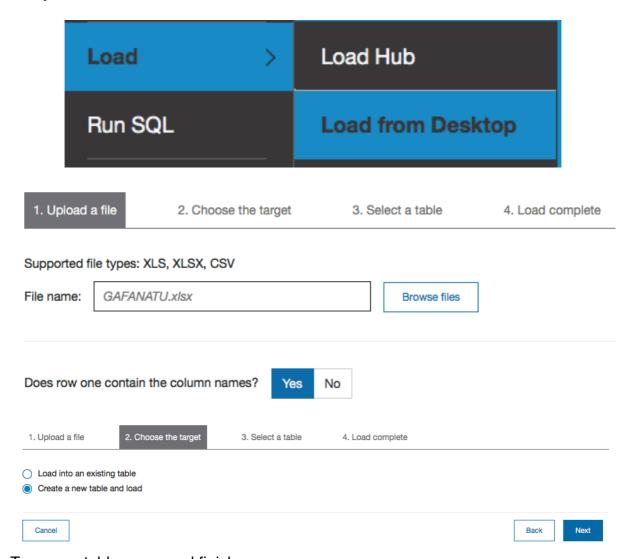
view builded warehouse:



Your are now in IBM dashDB:

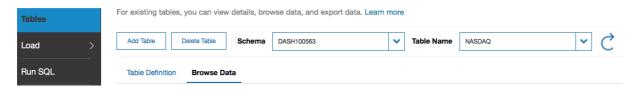
We try to create a graphic visualization about top US companies correlate with public tweets!

Add your list of GAFA and NATU to warehouse



Type new table name and finish

If an error occures, go to tables and verify if tables are complete:



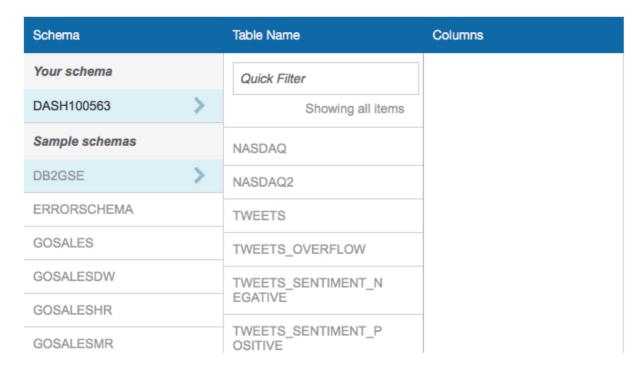
Errors don't affect file import, data are in tables, and you can use them!

6. Play with R

Goto Analytics and play with R:



Select tables and columns to play with:



You need this code to finish your project. Copy and paste it, into code window. Sorry, but we won't learn to code with R language. But it seems important to know it, if you want to work as a data scientist.

```
#Code is here:

#DASH100563 is your dashDB account, must be changed!

#Tweets is cloudant DB

#Nasdaq is a dashDB tables build with (CSV or XLS) file import.

#Columns are Payload (debug), Sentiment_score and companies (CSV or XLS file)

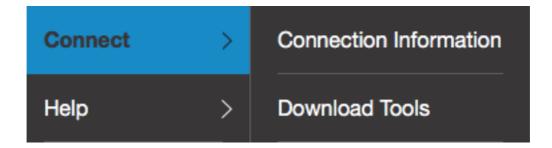
library(ibmdbR)

mycon <- idaConnect("BLUDB", "", "")

idaInit(mycon)
```

df1437654379199t <- as.data.frame(ida.data.frame("DASH100563"."TWEETS"')[,c('PAYLOAD')])

```
df1437654379199sc <- as.data.frame(ida.data.frame("DASH100563"."TWEETS"')[
,c( 'SENTIMENT_SCORE')])
df1437658789453 <- as.data.frame(ida.data.frame("DASH100563"."NASDAQ"')[
,c('COMPANIES')])
companiesPerTweet = apply(df1437654379199t,1,function(tweet) {
  tweet = tolower(tweet)
  mask = apply(df1437658789453,1,function(company) {
    company=tolower(company)
    if (grepl(company,tweet)) {
      company
    } else {
      NA
    }
  })
  #potentialCompanies = unique(mask)
  potentialCompanies = mask
  potentialCompaniesWithoutNone =
potentialCompanies[!is.na(potentialCompanies)]
  if (length(potentialCompaniesWithoutNone)==1) {
    potentialCompaniesWithoutNone
  } else {
    NA
 }
})
results = cbind(df1437654379199sc,companiesPerTweet)
myMean = function(valueList) {
  numericList=as.numeric(valueList)
  mean(numericList)
}
aggdata <-
aggregate(results$SENTIMENT_SCORE,by=list(results$companiesPerTweet),
FUN=myMean)
plot(aggdata)
plot(table(companiesPerTweet))
You can also use RStudio, an IDE to code with R.
Go to connect informations panel:
```



Copy and paste user ID and password:



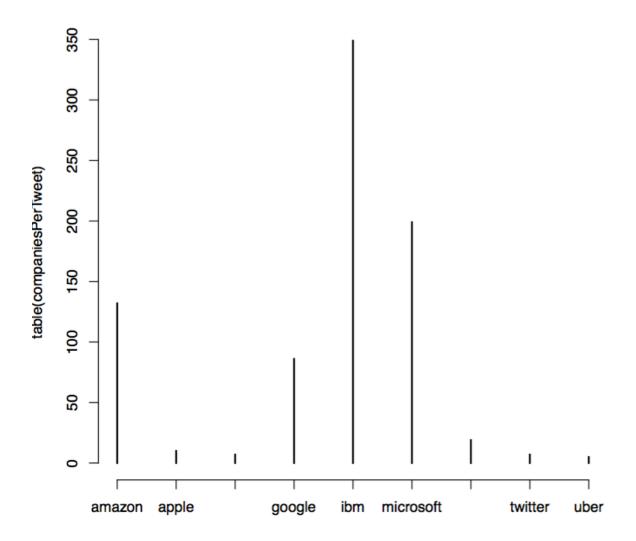
You can now work without install R Studio (on your computer) for your project :

```
File
            Edit Code View Plots Session Build
                                                 Debug
                                                        Tools
       @_ MyScript.R × _____ df1437654379199sc × _____ aggdata ×
Run Source -
  1 library(ibmdbR)
  2 mycon <- idaConnect("BLUDB", "", "")</pre>
  3 idaInit(mycon)
  5
  6 df1437654379199t <- as.data.frame(ida.data.frame('"DASH100563"."TWEETS"')[ ,c('PAYLOAD'
  7 df1437654379199sc <- as.data.frame(ida.data.frame('"DASH100563"."TWEETS"')[ ,c( 'SENTIM
  8 df1437658789453 <- as.data.frame(ida.data.frame('"DASH100563"."NASDAQ"')[ ,c('COMPANIES
  9
 10
 11 - companiesPerTweet = apply(df1437654379199t,1,function(tweet) {
 12    tweet = tolower(tweet)
 13 -
       mask = apply(df1437658789453,1,function(company) {
 14
         company=tolower(company)
 15 -
           if (grepl(company,tweet)) {
 16
              company
17 - } else {
11:37 (Top Level) $
```

7. Run the project

Run your project, into your favorite workspace (IDE or Analytics R script)

You can enjoy your job in a wonderful PDF document :



Ok, we don't have colors, but you can add them!