

# Joins, summeries & subqueries afleveringsløsninger

## Joins & unions

### Opgave 1

```
SELECT last_name, first_name, order_date, product_name, item_price,  
discount_amount, quantity
```

```
FROM customers c
```

```
JOIN orders o ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id
```

```
JOIN order_items oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id
```

```
JOIN products p ON oi.product_id = p.product_id
```

```
ORDER BY last_name, order_date, product_name
```

### Opgave 2

```
SELECT p1.product_name, p1.list_price
```

```
FROM products p1 JOIN products p2
```

```
ON p1.product_id <> p2.product_id
```

```
AND p1.list_price = p2.list_price
```

```
ORDER BY p1.product_name
```

### Opgave 3

```
SELECT c.category_name, p.product_id
```

```
FROM categories c LEFT JOIN products p
```

```
ON c.category_id = p.category_id
```

```
WHERE p.product_id IS NULL;
```

### Opgave 4

```
SELECT 'SHIPPED' AS ship_status, order_id, order_date
```

```
FROM orders
```

```
WHERE ship_date IS NOT NULL

UNION

SELECT 'NOT SHIPPED', order_id, order_date

FROM orders

WHERE ship_date IS NULL

ORDER BY order_date
```

## **Summeries**

### **Opgave 5**

```
SELECT email_address, COUNT(distinct o.order_id) AS order_count,
      SUM((item_price - discount_amount) * quantity) AS order_total
FROM customers c

JOIN orders o ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id

JOIN order_items oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id

GROUP BY email_address

HAVING order_count > 1

ORDER BY order_total DESC
```

### **Opgave 6**

```
SELECT email_address, COUNT(distinct o.order_id) AS order_count,
      SUM((item_price - discount_amount) * quantity) AS order_total
FROM customers c

JOIN orders o ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id

JOIN order_items oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id

WHERE item_price > 400

GROUP BY email_address
```

HAVING order\_count > 1

ORDER BY order\_total DESC;

### **Opgave 7**

SELECT product\_name, SUM((item\_price - discount\_amount) \* quantity) AS  
product\_total

FROM products p

JOIN order\_items oi ON p.product\_id = oi.product\_id

GROUP BY product\_name WITH ROLLUP

### **Opgave 8**

SELECT email\_address,

COUNT(DISTINCT oi.product\_id) AS number\_of\_products

FROM customers c

JOIN orders o ON c.customer\_id = o.customer\_id

JOIN order\_items oi ON o.order\_id = oi.order\_id

GROUP BY email\_address

HAVING number\_of\_products > 1

ORDER BY email\_address

## **Subqueries**

### **Opgave 9**

SELECT email\_address, MAX(order\_total) AS max\_order\_total

FROM

(

SELECT email\_address, o.order\_id, SUM((item\_price - discount\_amount) \*  
quantity) AS order\_total

```
FROM customers c

JOIN orders o ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id

JOIN order_items oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id

GROUP BY email_address, o.order_id

) t

GROUP BY email_address
```

### **Opgave 10**

```
SELECT product_name, discount_percent

FROM products

WHERE discount_percent NOT IN (

    SELECT discount_percent

    FROM products

    GROUP BY discount_percent

    HAVING count(discount_percent) > 1)

ORDER BY product_name;
```

### **Opgave 11**

```
SELECT email_address, order_id, order_date

FROM customers c

JOIN orders o ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id

WHERE order_date =

    (SELECT MIN(order_date)

    FROM orders

    WHERE customer_id = o.customer_id)
```

