



**BATCH** : **BATCH 85**  
**LESSON** : **AWS DAY 8**  
**DATE** : **12.08.2022**  
**SUBJECT** : **EBS VOLUMES**



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# AWS EBS (Elastic Block Store)



# AWS Storage



## STORAGE TYPES

### BLOCK STORAGE



#### TRANSPORT:

FC or iSCSI

#### INTERFACE:

Direct Attached  
or SAN

#### USE CASE:

Low Latency  
Best for Structured Data

### FILE STORAGE



TCP/IP

NFS, SMB

Good Performance  
File Sharing, Global File Locking

### OBJECT STORAGE



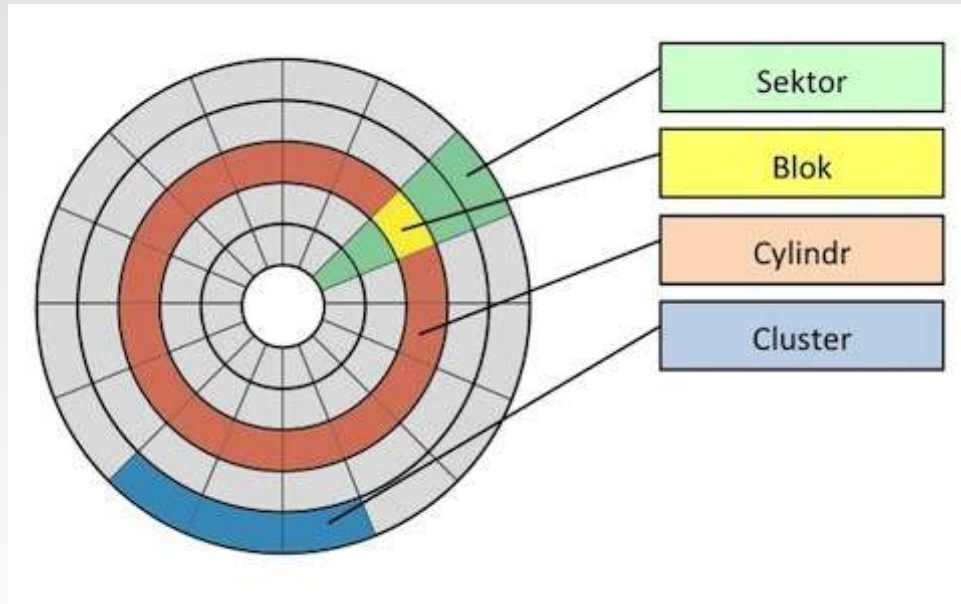
TCP/IP

HTTP, REST

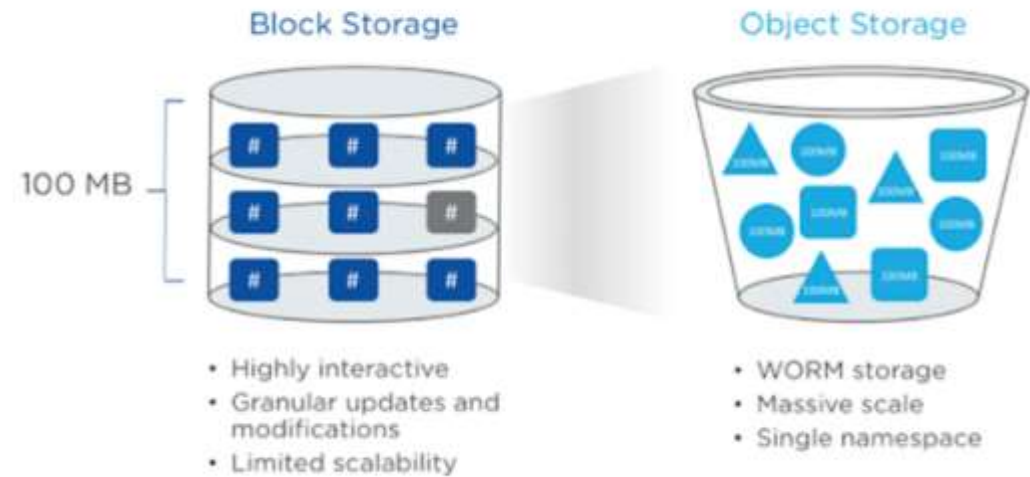
Easy Scaling with No Limits  
Accessible across LAN & WAN



# Block Storage

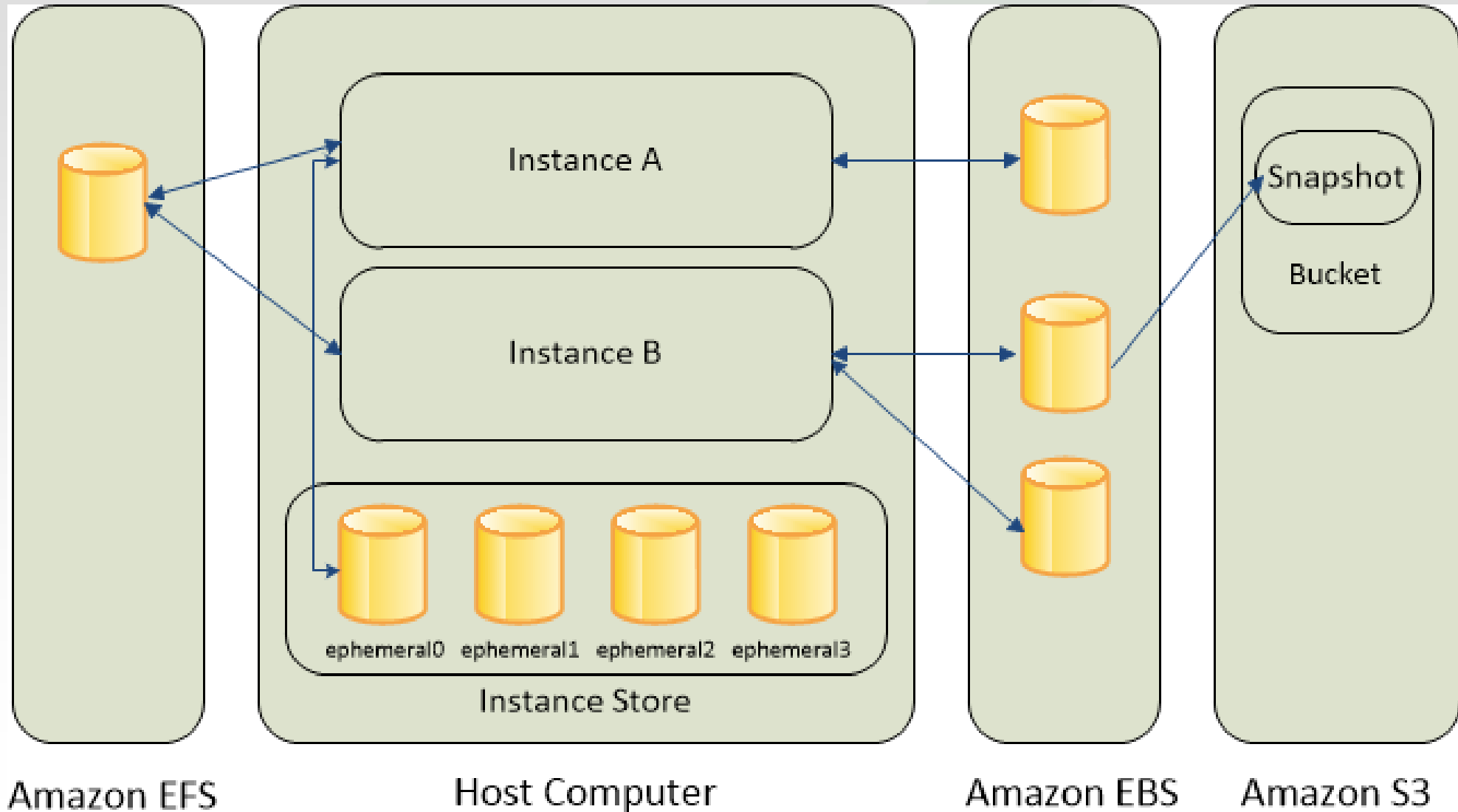


## Block vs. Object: Handling a 100MB File(s)





# AWS Storage



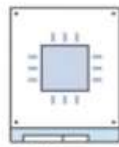
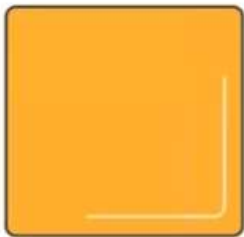




# EBS Instance Store **vs** EBS

## EC2 Instance Store

- Local to instance
- Non-persistent data store
- Data not replicated (by default)
- No snapshot support
- SSD or HDD



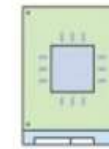
SSD



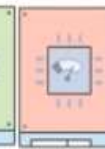
HDD

## Elastic Block Store

- Persistent block storage volumes
- 99.999% availability
- Automatically replicated within its Availability Zone (AZ)
- Point-in-time snapshot support
- Modify volume type as needs change
- SSD or HDD
- Auto recovery



gp2



io1



st1



sc1



# What is Elastic Block Storage(EBS)?



***EBS*** = Elastic Block Store

Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) provides block level storage volumes for use with EC2 instances.

✓ EBS volumes provide benefits that are not provided by instance store volumes.

Data availability

Data encryption

Snapshots

Data persistence

Data security

Flexibility



# EBS Volume Types - Solid state drives (SSD)

	General Purpose SSD		Provisioned IOPS SSD		
Volume type	gp3	gp2	io2 Block Express ‡	io2	io1
Durability	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)	99.999% durability (0.001% annual failure rate)	99.999% durability (0.001% annual failure rate)	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)
Use cases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Low-latency interactive apps</li><li>Development and test environments</li></ul>		Workloads that require: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Sub-millisecond latency</li><li>Sustained IOPS performance</li><li>More than 64,000 IOPS or 1,000 MiB/s of throughput</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Workloads that require sustained IOPS performance or more than 16,000 IOPS</li><li>I/O-intensive database workloads</li></ul>	
Volume size	1 GiB - 16 TiB		4 GiB - 64 TiB	4 GiB - 16 TiB	
Max IOPS per volume (16 KiB I/O)	16,000		256,000	64,000 †	
Max throughput per volume	1,000 MiB/s	250 MiB/s *	4,000 MiB/s	1,000 MiB/s †	
Amazon EBS Multi-attach	Not supported		Supported		
Boot volume	Supported				





# EBS Volume Types - Hard disk drives (HDD)

	Throughput Optimized HDD	Cold HDD
<b>Volume type</b>	st1	sc1
<b>Durability</b>	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)
<b>Use cases</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Big data</li><li>• Data warehouses</li><li>• Log processing</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Throughput-oriented storage for data that is infrequently accessed</li><li>• Scenarios where the lowest storage cost is important</li></ul>
<b>Volume size</b>	125 GiB - 16 TiB	125 GiB - 16 TiB
<b>Max IOPS per volume (1 MiB I/O)</b>	500	250
<b>Max throughput per volume</b>	500 MiB/s	250 MiB/s
<b>Amazon EBS Multi-attach</b>	Not supported	Not supported
<b>Boot volume</b>	Not supported	Not supported



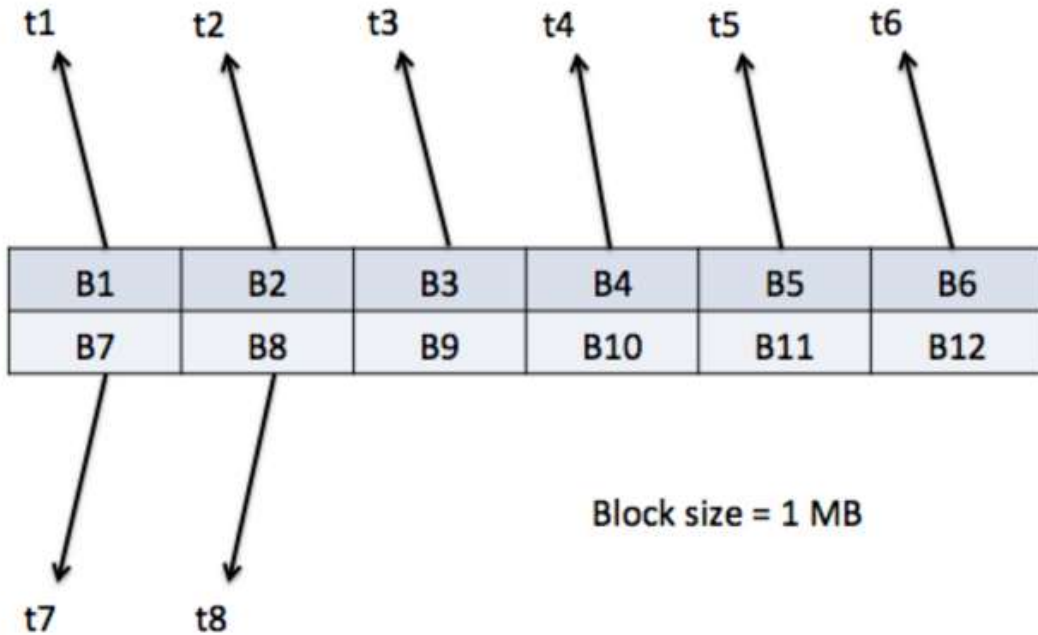
# Storage Types

	Performance	Availability and Accessibility	Access Control	Storage and File Size Limits	Cost
<b>Amazon S3</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Supports 3500 PUT / LIST / DELETE requests per second</li><li>- Scalable to 5500 GET requests per second</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Usually 99.9% available</li><li>- If lower, returns 10-100% of cost as service credits</li><li>- Accessible via Internet using APIs</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Access is based on IAM</li><li>- Uses bucket policies and user policies</li><li>- Public access via Block Public Access</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- No limit on quantity of objects</li><li>- Individual objects up to 5TB</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Free tier: 5GB</li><li>- First 50 TB/month: \$0.023 per GB</li><li>- Next 450 TB/month: \$0.022 per GB</li><li>- Over 500 TB/month: \$0.021 per GB</li></ul>
<b>AWS EBS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- HDD volumes: 250-500 IOPS/volume depending on volume type</li><li>- SSD volumes: 16-64K IOPS/volume</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- 99.99% available</li><li>- Accessible via single EC2 instance</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Security groups</li><li>- User-based authentication (IAM)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Max storage size of 16TB</li><li>- No file size limit on disk</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Free tier: 30GB</li><li>- General Purpose: \$0.045 per GB/month</li><li>- Provisioned SSD: \$0.125 per GB/month, \$0.065 per IOPS/month</li></ul>
<b>AWS EFS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- 3GB/s baseline performance</li><li>- Up to 10GB/s</li><li>- Up to 7K IOPS</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- No publicly available SLA</li><li>- Up to 1,000 concurrent EC2 instances</li><li>- Accessible from any AZ or region</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- IAM user-based authentication</li><li>- Security groups</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- 16TB per volume</li><li>- 52TB maximum for individual files</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Standard storage: \$0.30-\$0.39 per GB-month depending on region</li><li>- Infrequent storage: \$0.025-\$0.03 per GB-month</li><li>- Provisioned throughput: \$6 per MB/s-month</li></ul>

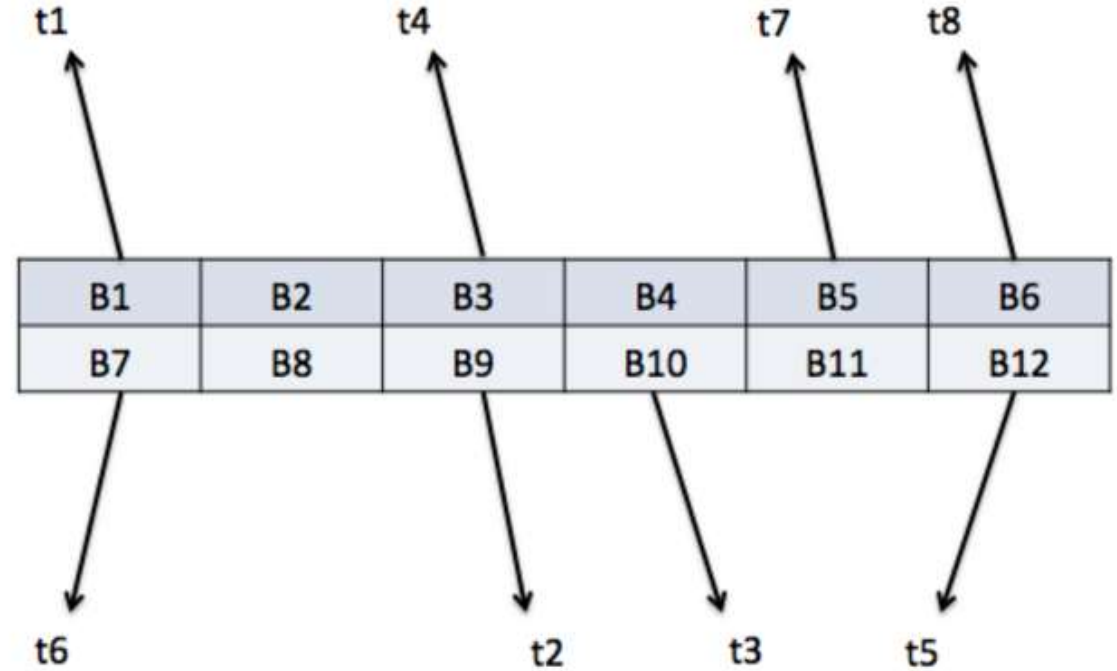


# Throughput (HDD) vs IOPS (SSD)

## Throughput (HDD)



## IOPS (SSD)





# Throughput (HDD) vs IOPS (SSD)



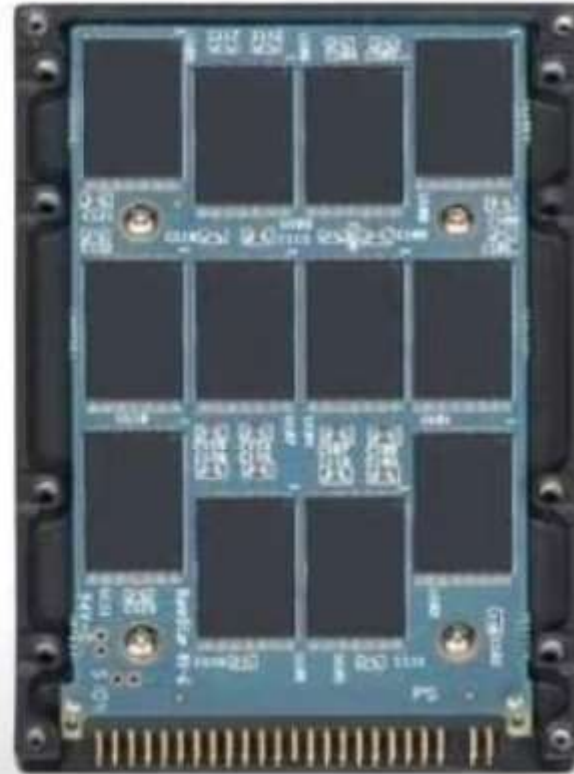


# HDD - SSD



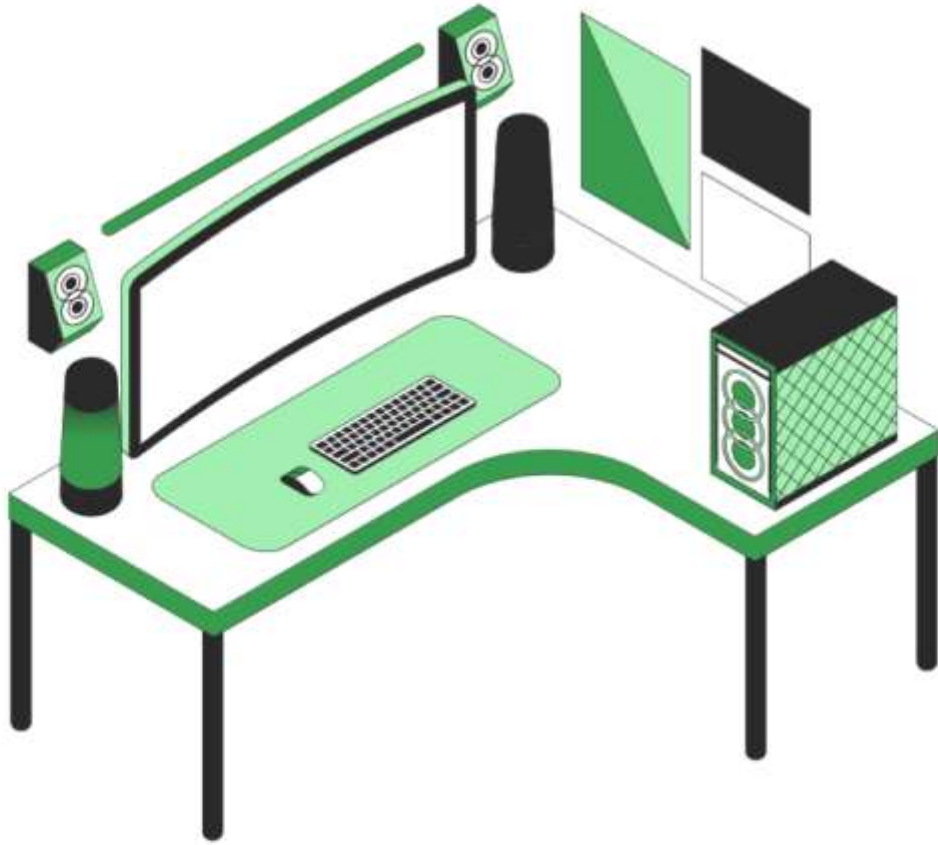
**HDD**

**VS**



**SSD**





# Do you have any questions?

Send it to us! We hope you learned something new.

