DML

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Aim: Write a program to implement Simple Linear Regression

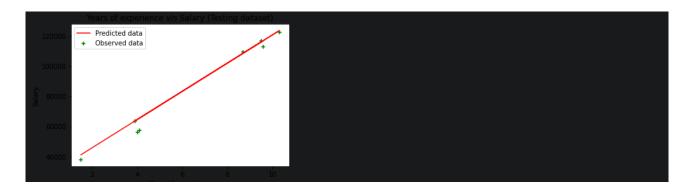
```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read csv("Salary Data.csv")
X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
print(X)
print("\n\n")
print(y)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 1/4, random state = 0)
print(X train)
print("\n\n")
print(X test)
print("\n\n")
print(y train)
print("\n\n")
print(y test)
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
linear regression = LinearRegression()
linear regression.fit(X train, y train)
y train pred = linear regression.predict(X train)
y test pred = linear regression.predict(X test)
plt.scatter(X train, y train, color = "green", marker = "+", label = "Observed data")
plt.plot(X train, y train pred, color = "red", label = "Predicted data")
plt.xlabel("Years of experience")
plt.ylabel("Salary")
plt.title("Years of experience v/s Salary (Training dataset)")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
plt.scatter(X test, y test, color = "green", marker = "+", label = "Observed data")
plt.plot(X test, y test pred, color = "red", label = "Predicted data")
plt.xlabel("Years of experience")
plt.ylabel("Salary")
plt.title("Years of experience v/s Salary (Testing dataset)")
```

plt.legend() plt.show()









Aim: Write a program to implement multiple Linear Regression

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read csv('/content/50 Startups-2.csv')
x = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
print(x)
print(y)
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
ct = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [3])],
remainder='passthrough')
x = np.array(ct.fit transform(x))
print(x)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(x, y, test size=0.2, random state=0)
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
regressor = LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(x train, y train)
y pred = regressor.predict(x test)
np.set printoptions(precision=2)
print(np.concatenate((y_pred.reshape(len(y_pred),1), y_test.reshape(len(y_test),1)),1))
```

```
[[165349.2 136897.8 471784.1 'New York']
 [162597.7 151377.59 443898.53 'California']
 [153441.51 101145.55 407934.54 'Florida']
 [144372.41 118671.85 383199.62 'New York']
[142107.34 91391.77 366168.42 'Florida']
[131876.9 99814.71 362861.36 'New York']
 [134615.46 147198.87 127716.82 'California']
[130298.13 145530.06 323876.68 'Florida']
 [126542.52 148718.95 311613.29 'New York']
[123334.88 108679.17 304981.62 'California']
 [101913.08 110594.11 229160.95 'Florida']
 [100671.96 91790.61 249744.55 'California']
 [93863.75 127320.38 249839.44 'Florida']
 [91992.39 135495.07 252664.93 'California']
 [119943.24 156547.42 256512.92 'Florida']
 [114523.61 122616.84 261776.23 'New York']
 [78013.11 121597.55 264346.06 'California']
 [94657.16 145077.58 282574.31 'New York']
 [91749.16 114175.79 294919.57 'Florida']
 [86419.7 153514.11 0.0 'New York']
 [76253.86 113867.3 298664.47 'California']
 [78389.47 153773.43 299737.29 'New York']
[733994 56 122782 75 383319 26 'Florida']
[192261.83 191792.06 191050.39 182901.99 166187.94 156991.12 156122.51
 155752.6 152211.77 149759.96 146121.95 144259.4 141585.52 134307.35 132602.65 129917.04 126992.93 125370.37 124266.9 122776.86 118474.03
 111313.02 110352.25 108733.99 108552.04 107404.34 105733.54 105008.31
 103282.38 101004.64 99937.59 97483.56 97427.84 96778.92 96712.8
  96479.51 90708.19 89949.14 81229.06 81005.76 78239.91 77798.83
  71498.49 69758.98 65200.33 64926.08 49490.75 42559.73 35673.41
  14681.4 ]
[[0.0 0.0 1.0 165349.2 136897.8 471784.1]
 [1.0 0.0 0.0 162597.7 151377.59 443898.53]
 [0.0 1.0 0.0 153441.51 101145.55 407934.54]
```

```
[1.0 0.0 0.0 162597.7 151377.59 443898.53]
[0.0 1.0 0.0 153441.51 101145.55 407934.54]
[0.0 0.0 1.0 1.0 144372.41 118671.85 383199.62]
[0.0 1.0 0.0 142107.34 91391.77 366168.42]
[0.0 0.0 1.0 131876.9 99814.71 362861.36]
[1.0 0.0 0.0 134615.46 147198.87 127716.82]
[0.0 1.0 0.0 130298.13 145530.06 323876.68]
[0.0 0.0 1.0 120542.52 148718.95 311613.29]
[1.0 0.0 0.0 123334.88 108679.17 304981.62]
[0.0 1.0 0.0 101913.08 110594.11 229160.95]
[1.0 0.0 0.0 100671.96 91790.61 249744.55]
[0.0 1.0 0.0 93863.75 127320.38 249839.44]
[1.0 0.0 0.0 91992.39 135495.07 252664.93]
[0.0 1.0 0.0 11943.24 156547.42 256512.92]
[0.0 0.0 1.0 1.0 14523.61 122616.84 261776.23]
[1.0 0.0 0.0 78013.11 121597.55 264346.06]
[0.0 0.0 1.0 94657.16 145077.58 282574.31]
```

```
[[103015.2 103282.38]

[132582.28 144259.4 ]

[132447.74 146121.95]

[71976.1 77798.83]

[178537.48 191050.39]

[116161.24 105008.31]

[67851.69 81229.06]

[98791.73 97483.56]

[113969.44 110352.25]

[167921.07 166187.94]]
```

Aim: Write a program to implement K-nearest Neighbors (K-NN)/SVM

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read csv('/content/Social Network Ads.csv')
x = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
print(x)
print(y)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(x, y, test size=0.25, random state=0)
print(x train)
print(y train)
print(x test)
print(y test)
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x train = sc.fit transform(x train)
x \text{ test} = \text{sc.transform}(x \text{ test})
print(x_train)
print(x test)
from sklearn.svm import SVC
classifier = SVC(kernel='linear', random state=0)
classifier.fit(x train, y train)
print(classifier.predict(sc.transform([[30,200000]])))
y pred = classifier.predict(x test)
print(np.concatenate((y pred.reshape(len(y pred),1), y test.reshape(len(y test),1)),1))
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(cm)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

Output:

0 0 0 01

```
19000]
   20000]
  26
   43000]
  27
   57000]
  19
   76000]
  27
   58000]
  27
   84000]
  32 150000]
  25
   33000]
  35
   65000]
   80000]
  26
  26
   520001
   860001
  20
0\; 1\; 0\; 1\; 0\; 0\; 1\; 1\; 0\; 0\; 1\; 1\; 0\; 1\; 1\; 0\; 1\; 1\; 0\; 1\; 0\; 1\; 0\; 1\; 1\; 1\; 0\; 1\; 1\; 1\; 1\; 0\; 1
390001
  44
  32 120000]
   50000
  38
  32 135000]
   21000]
  52
  53 104000
   42000
  39
  38
   61000
  36
   50000]
  36
   63000
   25000
  35
  35
   50000]
  42
   73000]
   49000]
[0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0
0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0
```

```
30 87000]
[[
      38
         50000]
         75000]
      30
         79000]
      35
         50000]
     27
         20000]
     31 15000]
     36 144000]
     18 68000]
         43000]
     47
         49000]
     30
         55000]
     28
         55000]
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(cm)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)

[[66 2]
  [8 24]]
: 0.9
```

Aim: Write a program to implement Naïve Bayse / DT

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
dataset = pd.read csv('/content/Social Network Ads.csv')
x = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
print(x)
print(y)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(x, y, test size=0.25, random state=0)
print(x train)
print(y train)
print(x test)
print(y test)
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x train = sc.fit transform(x train)
x_{test} = sc.transform(x_{test})
print(x train)
print(x test)
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=5, metric='minkowski', p=2)
classifier.fit(x train, y train)
print(classifier.predict(sc.transform([[40, 200000]])))
y pred = classifier.predict(x test)
print(np.concatenate((y pred.reshape(len(y pred),1), y test.reshape(len(y test),1)),1))
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score
```

```
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Roll no -524

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(cm)
accuracy score(y test, y pred)
```

```
19000]
19
35
    20000]
    43000]
26
27
    57000]
    76000]
19
    58000]
27
    84000]
27
32 150000]
   33000]
25
    650001
35
    80000]
520001
26
```

```
[[
      44 390001
     32 120000]
     38
        50000
     32 135000
        21000
     52
     53 104000
     39
        42000
          61000
     38
          50000]
     36
     36
          63000]
     35
          25000]
      35
          50000]
     42
          73000]
          49000]
          29000]
```

```
30
         87000]
]]
     38
         50000]
     35
         75000]
         79000]
     35
         50000]
     27
         20000]
     31 15000]
     36 144000]
     18 68000]
     47 43000]
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(cm)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)

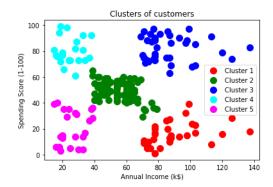
[[64 4]
[ 3 29]]
0.93
```

Aim: Write a program to implement K-means clustering.

Code:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
dataset = pd.read csv('/content/Mall Customers.csv')
X = dataset.iloc[:, [3,4]].values
print(X)
from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
hc = AgglomerativeClustering(n clusters=5, affinity='euclidean', linkage='ward')
y hc = hc.fit predict(X)
print(y hc)
plt.scatter(X[y_hc==0,0], X[y hc==0,1], s=100, c='red', label='Cluster 1')
plt.scatter(X[y hc==1,0], X[y hc==1,1], s=100, c='green', label='Cluster 2')
plt.scatter(X[y hc==2,0], X[y hc==2,1], s=100, c='blue', label='Cluster 3')
plt.scatter(X[y hc==3,0], X[y hc==3,1], s=100, c='cyan', label='Cluster 4')
plt.scatter(X[y hc==4,0], X[y hc==4,1], s=100, c='magenta', label='Cluster 5')
plt.title('Clusters of customers')
plt.xlabel('Annual Income (k$)')
plt.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
[[ 15  39]
  [ 15  81]
  [ 16  6]
  [ 16  77]
  [ 17  40]
  [ 17  76]
  [ 18  6]
  [ 18  94]
  [ 19  3]
  [ 19  72]
```

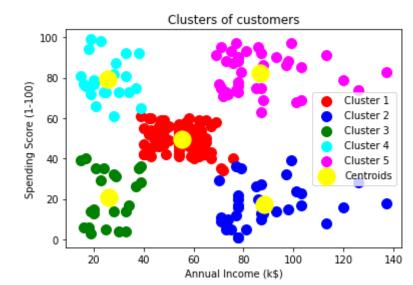


<u>Aim:</u> Write a program to implement Hierarchical clustering.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read csv('Mall Customers.csv')
X = dataset.iloc[:, [3, 4]].values
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
kmeans = KMeans(n clusters = 5, init = 'k-means++', random state = 42)
y kmeans = kmeans.fit predict(X)
print(y kmeans)
plt.scatter(X[y \text{ kmeans} == 0, 0], X[y \text{ kmeans} == 0, 1], s = 100, c = 'red', label = 'Cluster 1')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 1, 0], X[y_kmeans == 1, 1], s = 100, c = 'blue', label = 'Cluster 2')
plt.scatter(X[y \text{ kmeans} == 2, 0], X[y \text{ kmeans} == 2, 1], s = 100, c = 'green', label = 'Cluster 3')
plt.scatter(X[y \text{ kmeans} == 3, 0], X[y \text{ kmeans} == 3, 1], s = 100, c = 'cyan', label = 'Cluster 4')
plt.scatter(X[y \text{ kmeans} == 4, 0], X[y \text{ kmeans} == 4, 1], s = 100, c = 'magenta', label = 'Cluster 5')
plt.scatter(kmeans.cluster centers [:, 0], kmeans.cluster centers [:, 1], s = 300, c = 'yellow', label =
'Centroids')
plt.title('Clusters of customers')
plt.xlabel('Annual Income (k$)')
plt.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Output:





<u>Aim:</u> Write a program to build ANN.

Code:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import tensorflow as tf
```

Practical 7

```
dataset = pd.read_csv('Churn_Modelling.csv')
X = dataset.iloc[:, 3:-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
print(X)
```

print(y)

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder le = LabelEncoder()
X[:, 2] = le.fit_transform(X[:, 2])
print(X)

from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder ct = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [1])], remainder='passthrough')

```
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X = np.array(ct.fit transform(X))
print(X)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X_{train}, X_{test}, y_{train}, y_{test} = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 0)
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X train = sc.fit transform(X train)
X \text{ test} = \text{sc.transform}(X \text{ test})
ann = tf.keras.models.Sequential()
ann.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=6, activation='relu'))
ann.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=6, activation='relu'))
ann.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=1, activation='sigmoid'))
ann.compile(optimizer = 'adam', loss = 'binary crossentropy', metrics = ['accuracy'])
ann.fit(X train, y train, batch size = 32, epochs = 100)
print(ann.predict(sc.transform([[1, 0, 0, 600, 1, 40, 3, 60000, 2, 1, 1, 50000]])) > 0.5)
y pred = ann.predict(X test)
y pred = (y \text{ pred} > 0.5)
print(np.concatenate((y pred.reshape(len(y pred),1), y test.reshape(len(y test),1)),1))
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(cm)
accuracy score(y test, y pred)
Output:
[[619 'France' 'Female' ... 1 1 101348.88]
[608 'Spain' 'Female' ... 0 1 112542.58]
[502 'France' 'Female' ... 1 0 113931.57]
 [709 'France' 'Female' ... 0 1 42085.58]
[772 'Germany' 'Male' ... 1 0 92888.52]
[792 'France' 'Female' ... 1 0 38190.78]]
```

[1 0 1 ... 1 1 0]

0.859

```
[[619 'France' 0 ... 1 1 101348.88]

[608 'Spain' 0 ... 0 1 112542.58]

[502 'France' 0 ... 1 0 113931.57]

...

[709 'France' 0 ... 0 1 42085.58]

[772 'Germany' 1 ... 1 0 92888.52]

[792 'France' 0 ... 1 0 38190.78]]
```

```
[[1.0 0.0 0.0 ... 1 1 101348.88]

[0.0 0.0 1.0 ... 0 1 112542.58]

[1.0 0.0 0.0 ... 1 0 113931.57]

...

[1.0 0.0 0.0 ... 0 1 42085.58]

[0.0 1.0 0.0 ... 1 0 92888.52]

[1.0 0.0 0.0 ... 1 0 38190.78]]
```

```
Epoch 1/100
                ========] - 1s 1ms/step - loss: 0.5750 - accuracy: 0.7490
250/250 [====
Epoch 2/100
250/250 [=====
          Epoch 3/100
250/250 [=====
             Epoch 4/100
250/250 [===
                   =======] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.4296 - accuracy: 0.8075
Epoch 5/100
                   ========] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.4212 - accuracy: 0.8149
250/250 [===
Epoch 6/100
250/250 [===
                  ========] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.4138 - accuracy: 0.8220
Epoch 7/100
```

```
y_pred = ann.predict(X_test)
y_pred = (y_pred > 0.5)
print(np.concatenate((y_pred.reshape(len(y_pred),1), y_test.reshape(len(y_test),1)),1))

[[0 0]
    [0 1]
    [0 0]
    [0 0]
    [0 0]
    [0 0]

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(cm)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)

[[1499     96]
    [186     219]]
```

Aim: Write a program to build CNN.

```
import tensorflow as tf
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255, shear range=0.2, zoom range=0.2,
horizontal flip=True)
training set =
train datagen.flow from directory('/content/drive/MyDrive/small dataset/training set',
target size=(64,64), batch size=32, class mode='binary')
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255, shear range=0.2, zoom range=0.2,
horizontal flip=True)
test set = train datagen.flow from directory('/content/drive/MyDrive/small dataset/test set',
target size=(64,64), batch size=32, class mode='binary')
cnn = tf.keras.models.Sequential()
cnn.add(tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, activation='relu',
input shape=[64,64,3])
cnn.add(tf.keras.layers.MaxPool2D(pool size=2, strides=2))
cnn.add(tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation='relu'))
cnn.add(tf.keras.layers.MaxPool2D(pool size=2, strides=2))
cnn.add(tf.keras.layers.Flatten())
cnn.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=128, activation='relu'))
cnn.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=1, activation='sigmoid'))
```

```
cnn.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

cnn.fit(x=training_set, validation_data=test_set, epochs=25)

import numpy as np
from keras.preprocessing import image
test_image=image.load_img('/content/drive/MyDrive/small_dataset/single_prediction/cat_or_dog_1
.jpg', target_size=(64,64))
test_image=image.img_to_array(test_image)
test_image=np.expand_dims(test_image, axis=0)
result=cnn.predict(test_image)
training_set.class_indices
if result[0][0]==1:
    prediction='dog'
else:
    prediction='cat'

print(prediction)
```

```
Epoch 1/25
                =======] - 1s 897ms/step - loss: 0.7015 - accuracy: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7160 - val_accu
racy: 0.5000
Epoch 2/25
                :=======] - 0s 227ms/step - loss: 0.6286 - accuracy: 0.9000 - val_loss: 0.7793 - val_accu
1/1 [===
racy: 0.5000
Epoch 3/25
       1/1 [=====
racy: 0.5000
Epoch 4/25
1/1 [=====
       racy: 0.4000
Epoch 5/25
          =============== ] - 0s 211ms/step - loss: 0.5565 - accuracy: 0.9000 - val loss: 0.7845 - val accu
1/1 [==
racy: 0.4000
```

```
print(prediction)
dog
```