

The City College of New York Department of Compute Science CSc 221: Software Design Laboratory

Assignment 2 – Fall 2019

The goal of this assignment is to write a Java program consisting of multiple methods as well as the use of the secure random number generator. This assignment accounts for 10% of your final grade. Only submit your Java source file(s), and do not submit class or IDE-related files.

Note: please do your own work, sharing and/or copying code and/or solution ideas with/from others will result in a grade of 0 and disciplinary actions for all involved parties. If you run into any problems and have done your best to solve them, please see me before/after class or e-mail me.

Problem Description:

Remember to properly comment your code. Comments should precede variables, method declarations, and major steps in your code.

Write a program which simulates a race between <u>two</u> contenders. Use the Java secure random number generator class to simulate the movements of the two racers. The race will continue until there is a winner (or a tie). The race track consists of 100 squares and the first racer to reach <u>or pass</u> the final square (i.e. 100) wins the race. The course weaves its way up the side of a slippery mountain, so occasionally the contenders lose ground. A clock ticks once per second (i.e. iteration). With each tick of the clock, your program should adjust the position of the racers according to the rules shown in Figure 1. Use variables to keep track of the positions of the racers (i.e., position numbers are 1–100). Start each racer at position 1 (the "starting gate"). If the racer slips before square 1, move it back to square 1 (i.e. no negative positions).

In each iteration of the simulation, move both racers and use the <u>printf</u> method to print the positions of each racer at the end of each iteration. If both racers land on the same square during the race, print the word <u>IT's A TIE</u>. When there is a winner, stop the race and indicate the winner; remember to use <u>printf</u>.

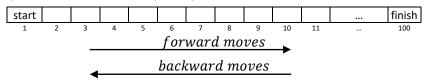
Begin the race by printing a proper message (e.g. On Your Mark, Get Set, Go)

You must include the following in your class:

- ✓ At least one use of a static member variable
- ✓ Overload the *toString()* method. The method returns the string *"Race simulation class"*.
- ✓ At least two methods in addition to <u>main()</u> and <u>toString()</u>
- ✓ At least one use of <u>WHILE</u> loop statement
- ✓ At least one use of FOR loop statement
- ✓ At least one use of <u>SWITCH</u> statement
- ✓ At the end of the race print the winner and the total number of iterations the program went through.

Hints:

- ✓ In order to simulate the percentages in Figure 1, generate a random integer \mathcal{X} such that $1 \le \mathcal{X} \le 10$. A 50% is achieved if $1 \le \mathcal{X} \le 5$, a 20% is achieved if $6 \le \mathcal{X} \le 7$...
- ✓ Each tick of the clock is a loop iteration. For example, 100 ticks on the clock are translated to 100 iterations. At the end of each iteration (tick) display the positions using *printf* as shown in Figure 2.
- Think of the 100 square runway as shown below. A right move means, advance forward, a left move means backwards. Note that you do not need an array to represent the course.



Grading:

Item	Points
Comments	10
Static member	5
WHILE loop	5
FOR loop	5
Switch	5
Loop till one wins	10
Handling of logical errors (boundary checking)	10
Two additional methods	20
<i>printf</i> the status at the end of every iteration	10
main()	10
<u>printf</u> correct winner and total time elapsed	10
	100

Figures:

Racer	Move Type	Percentage of the time	Squares to move and direction
Racer #1	Jump	50%	3 Squares forwards
	Slip	30%	6 Square backwards
	Walk	20%	1 Square forward
Racer #2	Sleep	10%	No moves at all
	Jump	20%	5 Squares forwards
	Small slip	20%	2 squares backwards
	Slip	10%	10 Squares backwards
	Walk	40%	1 square forward

Figure 1: Rules for adjusting the positions of the racers.



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On Your Mark, Get Set, Go Time: 0 B
Time: 1 R2 R1
Time: 2 R2 R1
Time: 3 R1 R2
Time: 4 R2R1
Time: 5 R1R2
Time: 6 R1R2
Time: 7 R2R1
Time: 8 R1 R2
Time: 9 R1 R2
Time: 10 R1 R2
Time: 11 R1 R2
Time: 12 R1 R2
Time: 13 B
Time: 14 R2 R1
Time: 15 R2 R1
Time: 16 R2 R1
Time: 17 R2 R1
Time: 18 R2R1
Time: 19 R1 R2
Time: 20 R1 R2



Time: 574	R1	R2	
Time: 575	R1	R2	
Time: 576	R1	R2	
Time: 577	R1	R2	
Time: 578	R1	R2	
Time: 579	R1	R2	
Time: 580	R1	R2	
Time: E01			
Time: 581	R1	R2	
Time: 582	R1	R2	
Time: 583	R1	R2	
Time: FOA			
Time: 584	R1	R2	
Time: 585	R1	R2	
Time: 586	R1	R:	2
Time: 587	R1	R	2
Time: 588	R1		R2
Time: 589			
	R1		R2
Time: 590	R1		R2
Time: 591			
	R1		R2
Time: 592	R1		R2
Time: 593	R1		
Runner2 wins. Time Elapsed = 593 seconds			

Figure 2: Partial Sample Output Run – your results WILL differ