



Trigonometry Workbook

Inverse trig functions

INVERSE TRIG RELATIONS

- 1. In degrees, use the unit circle to find the set of angles whose cosine is $-\sqrt{2}/2$.
- 2. In both radians and degrees, use the unit circle to find the set of angles whose sine is -1 .
- 3. In both radians and degrees, use the unit circle to find the set of angles whose secant is 2.
- 4. In both radians and degrees, use the unit circle to find the set of angles whose cosecant is 1.
- 5. In both radians and degrees, use the unit circle to find the set of angles whose tangent is 1.
- 6. In both radians and degrees, use the unit circle to find the set of angles whose cotangent is 0.



INVERSE TRIG FUNCTIONS

- 1. Find the value of the inverse tangent function.

$$\tan^{-1}(0)$$

- 2. Find the value of the inverse cotangent function.

$$\cot^{-1}(-1)$$

- 3. Find the value of the inverse sine function.

$$\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

- 4. Find the value of the inverse secant function.

$$\sec^{-1}(-2)$$

- 5. Find the value of the inverse cosine function.

$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$



- 6. Find the value of the inverse cosecant function.

$$\csc^{-1}(-\sqrt{2})$$



TRIG FUNCTIONS OF INVERSE TRIG FUNCTIONS

- 1. Find the value of the expression.

$$\sin \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) \right)$$

- 2. Find the value of $\tan^{-1}(\sin \pi)$.

- 3. Find the value of the expression.

$$\csc \left(\cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{x} \right) \right)$$

- 4. Find the value of the expression.

$$\cos \left(\sec^{-1} \left(-\frac{9}{2} \right) \right)$$

- 5. Find the value of the expression.



$$\cot \left(\cos^{-1} \left(\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right) \right)$$

- 6. A 16-foot ladder leans against a brick wall. The base of the ladder is 8 feet from the wall. Find the angle the ladder makes with the wall.



