Topic: Transformations

Question: Find the resulting vector \overrightarrow{b} after $\overrightarrow{a} = (-4,2)$ undergoes a transformation by matrix Q.

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 1 \\ 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer choices:

$$\mathbf{A} \qquad \overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 42 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B} \qquad \overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -42 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{C} \qquad \overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -42 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{D} \qquad \overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 42 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution: C

To apply a transformation matrix to vector \overrightarrow{a} , we'll multiply the matrix by the vector.

$$\overrightarrow{b} = M\overrightarrow{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 1 \\ 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{b} = M \overrightarrow{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 11(-4) + 1(2) \\ 0(-4) - 6(2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{b} = M\overrightarrow{a} = \begin{bmatrix} -44 + 2\\ 0 - 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{b} = M\overrightarrow{a} = \begin{bmatrix} -42 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix}$$



Topic: Transformations

Question: What are the vertices of the transformation of the polygon with vertices (-2,1), (1,3), (2,-2), and (-3,-1) after it's transformed by matrix P.

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer choices:

A
$$(2,2)$$
, $(-3,7)$, $(-3,2)$, and $(4,-3)$

B
$$(2,2)$$
, $(-3,7)$, $(-4,-4)$, and $(6,-6)$

C
$$(4,1)$$
, $(-2,10)$, $(-3,2)$, and $(4,-3)$

D
$$(4,1)$$
, $(-2,10)$, $(-4,-4)$, and $(6,-6)$

Solution: D

Put the vertices of the polygon into a matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Apply the transformation of Z to the vertex matrix.

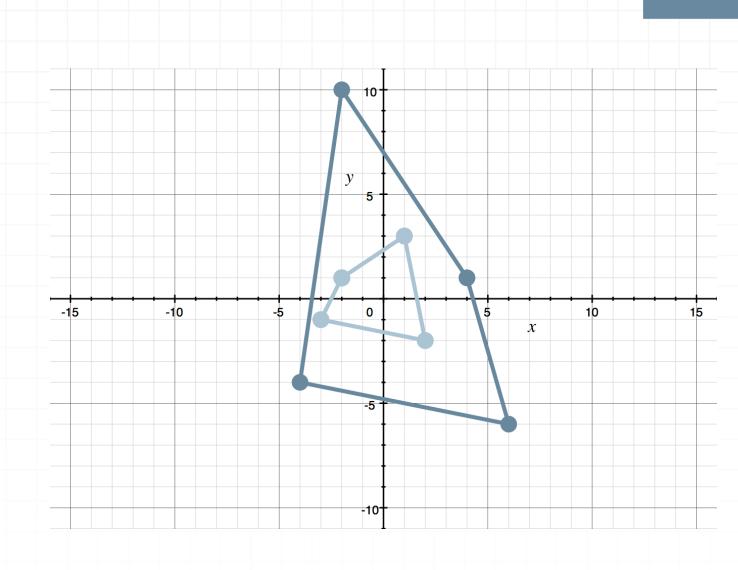
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2(-2) + 0(1) & -2(1) + 0(3) & -2(2) + 0(-2) & -2(-3) + 0(-1) \\ 1(-2) + 3(1) & 1(1) + 3(3) & 1(2) + 3(-2) & 1(-3) + 3(-1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 & -4 & 6 \\ 1 & 10 & -4 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

The original polygon is sketched in light blue, and its transformation after P is in dark blue.







Topic: Transformations

Question: What are the vertices of the transformation of the triangle with vertices (-3,0), (1,2), and (1,-2) after it's transformed by matrix S.

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer choices:

A
$$(0, -6)$$
, $(-2,4)$, and $(2,0)$

B
$$(0, -4), (-1,3), \text{ and } (2,2)$$

C
$$(1, -3), (-1,6), \text{ and } (3,1)$$

D
$$(2, -1), (0,2), \text{ and } (1,4)$$

Solution: A

Put the vertices of the triangle into a matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Apply the transformation of S to the vertex matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0(-3) - 1(0) & 0(1) - 1(2) & 0(1) - 1(-2) \\ 2(-3) + 1(0) & 2(1) + 1(2) & 2(1) + 1(-2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 2 \\ -6 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The original triangle is sketched in light blue, and its transformation after S is in dark blue.





