

**Topic: Parabolas**

**Question:** Find the vertex, focus, and directrix of the parabola.

$$2y^2 - 5x + 3y - 7 = 0$$

**Answer choices:**

A       $V\left(-\frac{13}{8}, -\frac{3}{4}\right)$        $F\left(-1, -\frac{3}{4}\right)$       Directrix at  $x = -\frac{9}{4}$

B       $V\left(\frac{13}{8}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$        $F\left(-1, -\frac{3}{4}\right)$       Directrix at  $x = \frac{9}{4}$

C       $V\left(-\frac{13}{8}, -\frac{3}{4}\right)$        $F\left(-\frac{9}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}\right)$       Directrix at  $x = -\frac{9}{4}$

D       $V\left(-\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{13}{8}\right)$        $F\left(-1, -\frac{3}{4}\right)$       Directrix at  $x = \frac{9}{4}$



**Solution: A**

First, reduce the equation of the parabola into standard form.

$$2y^2 - 5x + 3y - 7 = 0$$

$$2y^2 + 3y = 5x + 7$$

$$y^2 + \frac{3}{2}y = \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{7}{2}$$

$$y^2 + \frac{3}{2}y + \frac{9}{16} = \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{7}{2} + \frac{9}{16}$$

$$\left(y + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{65}{16}$$

$$\left(y + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{5}{2} \left(x + \frac{13}{8}\right)$$

$$\left(y + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = 4 \frac{5}{8} \left(x + \frac{13}{8}\right)$$

The parabola has a horizontal axis at  $y = -3/4$  and opens to the right. Its vertex is at  $(-13/8, -3/4)$ . Since  $a = 5/8$ , its focus is at

$$\left(-\frac{13}{8} + \frac{5}{8}, -\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\left(-1, -\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

The equation of the directrix is



$$x = -\frac{13}{8} - \frac{5}{8}$$

$$x = -\frac{9}{4}$$



**Topic:** Parabolas

**Question:** Which pair of equations represents a parabola with a directrix at  $x = -5$ ?

**Answer choices:**

- A  $x = t^2 + 1$  and  $y = 5t - 9$
- B  $x = t^2 - 1$  and  $y = 2t - 3$
- C  $x = 4t^2 - 1$  and  $y = 4t - 1$
- D  $x = t^2 - 1$  and  $y = 4t - 1$



**Solution: D**

Choosing  $x = t^2 - 1$  and  $y = 4t - 1$  yields the following equations:

$$y + 1 = 4t$$

$$(y + 1)^2 = (4t)^2$$

$$(y + 1)^2 = 16t^2$$

Solve  $x = t^2 - 1$  for  $t^2$ .

$$x + 1 = t^2$$

Replace  $x + 1 = t^2$  in  $(y + 1)^2 = 16t^2$ .

$$(y + 1)^2 = 16(x + 1)$$

Therefore, the equation of the directrix is

$$x = -1 - 4$$

$$x = -5$$



**Topic:** Parabolas

**Question:** Which pair of parametric equations have their vertices at the same point?

**Answer choices:**

- A      $x = t + 1, y = 2t^2 - 2$      and      $x = t^2 - 4, y = 2t + 1$
- B      $x = t^2 - 4, y = 2t + 1$      and      $x = t^2 + 4, y = t + 1$
- C      $x = t^2 + 4, y = t + 1$      and      $x = t^2 + 4, y = 2t + 1$
- D      $x = t + 1, y = 2t^2 + 2$      and      $x = t^2 - 4, y = 2t + 1$



**Solution: C**

From the parametric equations  $x = t^2 + 4$  and  $y = t + 1$ , we have:

$$y - 1 = t$$

$$(y - 1)^2 = t^2$$

and

$$x = t^2 + 4$$

$$x - 4 = t^2$$

Replace  $x - 4 = t^2$  in  $(y - 1)^2 = t^2$ .

$$(y - 1)^2 = x - 4$$

Thus, the vertex of this parabola is at (4,1).

For parametric equations  $x = t^2 + 4$  and  $y = 2t + 1$ , we have:

$$y - 1 = 2t$$

$$(y - 1)^2 = 4t^2$$

and

$$x = t^2 + 4$$

$$x - 4 = t^2$$

Replace  $x - 4 = t^2$  in  $(y - 1)^2 = 4t^2$ .

$$(y - 1)^2 = 4(x - 4)$$



Thus, the vertex of this parabola is at (4,1).

