

Topic: Hyperbolic identities

Question: Which of the following hyperbolic trigonometric identities is false?

Answer choices:

A $\operatorname{csch}(x) = \frac{1}{\sinh(x)}$

B $\tanh(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)}$

C $\sinh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$

D $\cosh^2(x) + \sinh^2(x) = 1$



Solution: D

The following list includes the basic hyperbolic identities.

$$\sinh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{csch}(x) = \frac{1}{\sinh(x)}$$

$$\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}(x) = \frac{1}{\cosh(x)}$$

$$\tanh(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)}$$

$$\operatorname{coth}(x) = \frac{1}{\tanh(x)}$$

$$\cosh^2(x) - \sinh^2(x) = 1$$

$$\tanh^2(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x) = 1$$

$$\operatorname{coth}^2(x) - \operatorname{csch}^2(x) = 1$$

Answer choices A, B and C are all known identities, but answer choice D is not. It's similar to the identity $\cosh^2(x) - \sinh^2(x) = 1$, but the sign is wrong, so answer choice D is the correct answer.



Topic: Hyperbolic identities

Question: Which of the following hyperbolic trigonometric identities is true?

Answer choices:

A $\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$

B $\operatorname{sech}(x) = \frac{1}{\cosh(x)}$

C $\coth(x) = \frac{1}{\operatorname{csch}(x)}$

D $\coth^2(x) + \operatorname{csch}^2(x) = 1$



Solution: B

The following list includes the basic hyperbolic identities

$$\sinh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{csch}(x) = \frac{1}{\sinh(x)}$$

$$\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}(x) = \frac{1}{\cosh(x)}$$

$$\tanh(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)}$$

$$\operatorname{coth}(x) = \frac{1}{\tanh(x)}$$

$$\cosh^2(x) - \sinh^2(x) = 1$$

$$\tanh^2(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x) = 1$$

$$\operatorname{coth}^2(x) - \operatorname{csch}^2(x) = 1$$

Let's look at our answer choices.

Answer choice A, $\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$ should be $\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$

Answer choice B, $\operatorname{sech}(x) = \frac{1}{\cosh(x)}$ is correct

Answer choice C, $\operatorname{coth}(x) = \frac{1}{\operatorname{csch}(x)}$ should be $\operatorname{coth}(x) = \frac{1}{\tanh(x)}$

Answer choice D, $\operatorname{coth}^2(x) + \operatorname{csch}^2(x) = 1$ should be $\operatorname{coth}^2(x) - \operatorname{csch}^2(x) = 1$

So answer choice B is the correct choice.



Topic: Hyperbolic identities**Question:** Is the identity true or false?

$$\cosh^2(x) - \sinh^2(x) = \tanh^2(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x)$$

Answer choices:

- A True
- B False



Solution: A

The following list includes the basic hyperbolic identities.

$$\sinh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{csch}(x) = \frac{1}{\sinh(x)}$$

$$\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}(x) = \frac{1}{\cosh(x)}$$

$$\tanh(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)}$$

$$\operatorname{coth}(x) = \frac{1}{\tanh(x)}$$

$$\cosh^2(x) - \sinh^2(x) = 1$$

$$\tanh^2(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x) = 1$$

$$\operatorname{coth}^2(x) - \operatorname{csch}^2(x) = 1$$

Given

$$\cosh^2(x) - \sinh^2(x) = \tanh^2(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x)$$

we can use the identity $\cosh^2(x) - \sinh^2(x) = 1$ to substitute into the given equation, and we get

$$1 = \tanh^2(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x)$$

Then, we'll use the identity $\tanh^2(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x) = 1$ to substitute into the right side of the equation and we get

$$1 = 1$$

Therefore, we've proven that the given equation is true.

