

The AstSpec class

in the astronomy & astrophysics toolbox for MATLAB

Description:

The `AstSpec` class is a container for astronomical spectra as well as collection of functions to read, write, manipulate, display and analyze spectra.

This file is accessible through the `manual` package (i.e. `manual.AstSpec`).

Credit

If you are using this code or products in your scientific publication please give a reference to [Ofek \(2014; ascl.soft 07005\)](#).

License

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Instellation

This pacakage is available as part of the *Astronomy and Astrophysics toolbox for matlab*. Furthermore, some of the functions in this package use functions in other packages in the toolbox, so full instellation is recomended.

See <http://weizmann.ac.il/home/eofek/matlab> for instellation instruction and additional documentation.

The AstSpect class properties

The `AstSpec` class have the following properties

`Wave` - Wavelength vector

`Int` - Intensity

`Err` - Error

`Back` - Background

`Mask` - Mask (inherited from the MASK class)

`WaveUnits` - Wavelength units

`IntUnits` - Intensoty units

`AddCol` - Additional columns

`ObjName` - Object name

`comments` - comments

`source` - source of information

`FileName` - File name

z - redshift

JD - Julian day

Header - Header (inherited from the HEAD class)

WCS - WCS (inherited from the WorldCooSys class)

UserData - User data

Methods and examples

To see all the properties and methods (functions) associated with the `AstSpec` object, first define an `AstSpec` object:

```
AS=AstSpec
```

```
AS =  
  AstSpec with properties:
```

```
      Wave: []  
      Int: []  
      Err: []  
      Back: []  
      Mask: []  
WaveUnits: []  
IntUnits: []  
  AddCol: []  
  ObjName: []  
  comments: []  
    source: []  
  FileName: []  
      z: []  
      JD: []  
  Header: {0×3 cell}  
      WCS: []  
  UserData: []
```

and then type:

```
%AS.<tab>
```

Read and save spectra

`array2astspec`, `astspec2mat`, `astspec2struct`

Load spectra from local database

Use the static method `AstSpec.get_galspec` to load template spectra of quasars and galaxies from local database (requires the `/data` directory).

Note that many of these functions can also return the spectra in matrix format instead as an `AstSpec` object (see help of specific functions for details).

```
% show available templates
```

```
AstSpec.get_galspec
```

```
Gal_Bulge.txt : % Galaxy buldge template: Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_E.txt : % Elliptical galaxy: Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_E_Mannucci.txt : % Elliptical galaxy spectrum (to the NIR): Mannucci et al. 2001
Gal_S0.txt : % S0 galaxy: Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_Sa.txt : % Sa galaxy: Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_Sb.txt : % Sb galaxy: Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_Sbc.txt : % Sb/Sc galaxy: Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_Sc.txt : % Sc galaxy: Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_StarBurst1.txt : % Starburst1 galaxy (E(B-V)<0.11): Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_StarBurst2.txt : % Starburst2 galaxy (E(B-V)=0.11..0.21): Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_StarBurst3.txt : % Starburst3 galaxy (E(B-V)=0.25..0.35): Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_StarBurst4.txt : % Starburst4 galaxy (E(B-V)=0.39..0.50): Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_StarBurst5.txt : % Starburst5 galaxy (E(B-V)=0.51..0.60): Kinney-Calzetti
Gal_StarBurst6.txt : % Starburst6 galaxy (E(B-V)=0.61..0.70): Kinney-Calzetti
QSO_FBQS.txt : % FBQS/QSO spectra: Brotherton et al. 2000
QSO_FBQS_RL.txt : % FBQS/RL spectra: Brotherton et al. 2000
QSO_FBQS_RQ.txt : % FBQS/RQ spectra: Brotherton et al. 2000
QSO_HBal.txt : % FBQS/BALQSO spectra: Brotherton et al. 2000
QSO_LBQS.txt : % LBQS spectra: Morris
QSO_LBal.txt : % FBQS0/LowBALQSO: Brotherton et al. 2000
QSO_NIR.txt : % QSO NIR spectra: Glikman et al.
QSO_SDSS.txt : % QSO SDSS spectra: Vanden Berk et al.
```

```
ans =
'Gal_Bulge.txt' 'Gal_E.txt' 'Gal_E_Mannucci.txt' 'Gal_S0.txt' 'Gal_Sa.txt' 'Gal_Sb.txt'
```

```
% load specific template
```

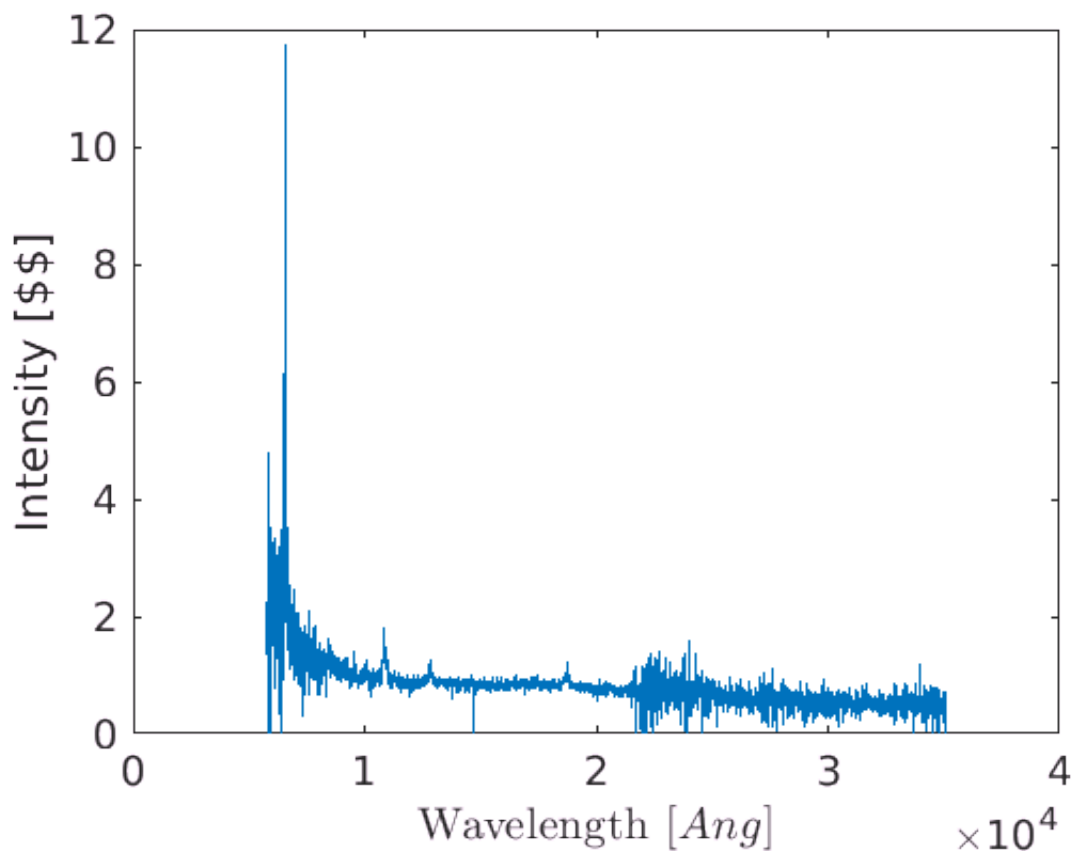
```
S=AstSpec.get_galspec('QSO_NIR');
plot(S)
```

```
ans =
```

```
Line with properties:
```

```
Color: [0 0.447 0.741]
LineStyle: '-'
LineWidth: 0.5
Marker: 'none'
MarkerSize: 6
MarkerFaceColor: 'none'
XData: [1x7740 double]
YData: [1x7740 double]
ZData: [1x0 double]
```

```
Show all properties
```



The [Pickles \(1998\)](#) library of stellar spectra template is available in the `data/` directory and accessible using the `AstSpec.get_pickles` static method:

```
% load the entire Pickles library
S=AstSpec.get_pickles
% load spectra of GV star:
S=AstSpec.get_pickles('g','v');
stairs(S);
```

The GAIA synthetic spectra library is available using the `AstSpec.wget_gaia_synspec` and `AstSpec.get_gaia_synspec` methods. The first retrieve the spectra from the web, while the later bring it from the local `/data` directory.

```
S=AstSpec.get_gaia_synspec(5000,0,0,0);
plot(S)
```

Calculate special spectra

Use the `AstSpec.blackbody` method to generate a blackbody spectra:

```
% BB spectra at 5000K and 10000K
```

```
AstS=AstSpec.blackbody([5000;10000]);
plot(AstS);
set(gca,'YS','log','XS','log')
% More options
WaveRange = (2000:100:10000)';
AstS=blackbody(5000,WaveRange,'ph/A'); % spectra units photons/Ang
```

The zodiacal spectra (and background) is available via the `AstSpec.zodiac_spectrum`, and `AstSpec.zodiac_bck` functions:

```
plot(AstSpec.zodiac_spectrum);
```

Plot spectra

To plots the content of an `AstSpec` object use the `plot`, `plotf`, `stairs`, `stairsf`, `plot_labels` functions.

Interpolation and sampling

The `interp` method can be used to interpolate all the spectra in an `AstSpec` object into a new grid:

```
S=AstSpec.get_pickles;
W=(5000:10:6000)';
S=interp(S,W);
plot(S(1:3))
```

The `resample` method can be used to resample all the spectra in `AstSpec` class linearly or logarithmically. For example, logarithmic scaling is required for cross-correlation (i.e., redshift is linear in logspace).

```
S=resample(S,'log')
```

Arithmetic operations

Arithmetic operations between two spectra that have identical sampling:

```
S=AstSpec.get_pickles;
S=interp(S,S(1).Wave);
arith(S,S(1),@minus); % subtract the first spectra from all the spectra
```

In addition, `astspec_fun1` and `astspec_fun2` can be used to run a unary and binary function of `AstSpec` field and write the result to the field:

```

S=AstSpec.get_pickles;
% add the intensity in S(1:2) to that in S(1)
AstS=astspec_fun2(S(1:2),S(1),'Int',@plus);
% calculate the sin of all the fields
AstS=astspec_fun1(S(1:3),'all',@sin);
% calculate the sin of all fields except wavelength
AstS=astspec_fun1(S(1:3),'notwave',@sin);

```

Scalar operations

The `fun_scalar` method can be used to apply a function that get a vector and return a scalar (e.g., `@mean`):

```

S=AstSpec.get_pickles;
Mean = S.fun_scalar(@mean)

```

Some basic functions are overloaded and can be used directly:

```

S=AstSpec.get_pickles;
mean(S);
median(S);
integral(S); % Calculate the integral of the spectrum

```

Synthetic photometry

Synthetic photometry of spectra can be calculated using `synphot`. Note that `synphot` can work also on spectra in two column matrix format:

```

S=AstSpec.get_pickles; % load all the Pickles library spectra
% calculate synthetic photometry in the SDSS r-band in AB magnitude
[Mag,Flag,EffW]=synphot(S,'SDSS','r','AB');
% Divide all the spectra such that their r-band mag will be -20
S1=arith(S,10.^(0.4.*(Mag-(-20))),@times);
plot(S(1));
hold on;
plot(S1(1))

```

Filtering spectra

The following functions and overload methods are available for filtering-related operations: `medfilt1`, `hampel`, `sgolayfilt`, `convolve`, `filter`, `filter_lines`, `stdfilt1`, `errfilt1`, `fft`, `ifft`, `fftshift`, `ifftshift`, `conj`, `abs`, `real`, `imag`.

Examples:

```

S=AstSpec.get_pickles('g','v');

```

```

S=S(1); % not necessary for the example
plot(S);
hold on;
Sm = medfilt1(S,10);
plot(Sm)
hold on;
% filter_lines identify and remove spectral lines
Sl = filter_lines(S)
plot(Sl)
legend('Original','medfilt1','filter\_lines')
% zoom in on one line to see how it works:
axis([6000 7000 0.6 0.9]);

```

Fitting operations

Several fitting functions are available, including `fit_bb` (fit black body spectra).

TBD - integrate `fit_lines.m`.

Black body fitting example:

```

S=AstSpec.get_pickles('g','v');
S=S(1); % not necessary for the example
% plot original spectrum
plot(S);
hold on;
% remove spectral lines
S = filter_lines(S);
plot(S);
hold on;
[Fit,Sbb]=fit_bb(S);
hold on;
% overlay the BB spectrum
plot(Sbb)
% show fit results
Fit

```

Cross correlation

TBD

The Header

The `AstSpec` object contain an header field which henerite from the `HEAD` class, and all the `HEAD` class methods are available. This is including header manipulation, queries, and world coordinate system.