

```
Q1.
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Recursive{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner x = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter a number to check triangular number: ");
    int num1 = x.nextInt();
    int trinum = checktriangulaer(num1);
    System.out.println("Triangular number of " + num1 + " is " + trinum);
    System.out.print("\nEnter a number to check factorial: ");
    int num2 = x.nextInt();
    int facnum = checkfactorial(num2);
    System.out.println("Factorial of " + num2 + " is " + facnum);
    x.nextLine();
    System.out.print("\nEnter first string: ");
    String str1 = x.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter second string: ");
    String str2 = x.nextLine();
    boolean anagram = anagram(str1, str2);
    if (anagram) {
      System.out.println(str1 + " and " + str2 + " are anagrams.");
    } else {
      System.out.println(str1 + " and " + str2 + " are not anagrams.");
    }
```

```
System.out.print("\nEnter the number for check Towers of Hanoi: ");
  int num3 = x.nextInt();
  hanoi(num3, 'A', 'C', 'B');
  x.close();
}
public static int checktriangulaer(int n) {
  if (n \le 0) {
    return 0;
  } else {
    return n + checktriangulaer(n - 1);
  }
}
public static int checkfactorial(int n) {
  if (n == 0 | | n == 1) {
    return 1;
  } else {
    return n * checkfactorial(n - 1);
  }
}
public static boolean anagram(String str1, String str2) {
  str1 = str1.toLowerCase();
  str2 = str2.toLowerCase();
  if (str1.length() != str2.length()) {
```

```
return false;
  }
  if (str1.length() == 0) {
    return true;
  }
  char firstChar = str1.charAt(0);
  int index = str2.indexOf(firstChar);
  if (index == -1) {
    return false;
  } else {
    String newStr1 = str1.substring(1);
    String newStr2 = str2.substring(0, index) + str2.substring(index + 1);
    return anagram(newStr1, newStr2);
 }
}
public static void hanoi(int num3, char c1, char c2, char c3) {
  if (num3 == 1) {
    System.out.println("Move disk 1 from " + c1 + " to " + c2);
    return;
  }
  hanoi(num3 - 1, c1, c3, c2);
  System.out.println("Move disk " + num3 + " from " + c1 + " to " + c2);
  hanoi(num3 - 1, c3, c2, c1);
}
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
 3
      public class Recursive{
 4
            public static void main(String[] args) {
 5
                Scanner x = new Scanner(System.in);
 6
 7
                System.out.print("Enter a number to check triangular number: ");
 8
                int num1 = x.nextInt();
 9
                int trinum = checktriangulaer(num1);
                System.out.println("Triangular number of " + num1 + " is " + trinum);
10
11
12
                System.out.print("\nEnter a number to check factorial: ");
13
                int num2 = x.nextInt();
14
                int facnum = checkfactorial(num2);
                System.out.println("Factorial of " + num2 + " is " + facnum);
15
16
17
                x.nextLine();
18
                System.out.print("\nEnter first string: ");
19
20
                String str1 = x.nextLine();
21
                System.out.print("Enter second string: ");
22
                String str2 = x.nextLine();
23
24
                boolean anagram = anagram(str1, str2);
25
                if (anagram) {
26
                    System.out.println(str1 + " and " + str2 + " are anagrams.");
27
                } else {
                    System.out.println(str1 + " and " + str2 + " are not anagrams.");
28
29
30
                System.out.print("\nEnter the number for check Towers of Hanoi: ");
31
32
                int num3 = x.nextInt();
33
                hanoi(num3, 'A', 'C', 'B');
34
35
                x.close();
36
37
38
            public static int checktriangulaer(int n) {
39
                if (n \le 0) {
40
41
                    return 0;
42
                } else {
43
                    return n + checktriangulaer(n - 1);
44
45
46
```

```
return n + checktriangulaer(n - 1);
44
45
46
47
           public static int checkfactorial(int n) {
48
               if (n == 0 || n == 1) {
49
                   return 1;
50
                } else {
51
                   return n * checkfactorial(n - 1);
52
53
54
55
           public static boolean anagram(String str1, String str2) {
56
               str1 = str1.toLowerCase();
57
               str2 = str2.toLowerCase();
58
59
               if (str1.length() != str2.length()) {
60
                   return false;
61
62
63
               if (str1.length() == 0) {
64
                   return true;
65
66
67
                char firstChar = strl.charAt(0);
68
                int index = str2.indexOf(firstChar);
69
70
                if (index == -1) {
71
                   return false;
72
                } else {
73
                   String newStr1 = str1.substring(1);
74
                   String newStr2 = str2.substring(0, index) + str2.substring(index + 1);
75
                   return anagram(newStr1, newStr2);
76
77
78
79
           public static void hanoi(int num3, char c1, char c2, char c3) {
80
               if (num3 == 1) {
                   System.out.println("Move disk 1 from " + c1 + " to " + c2);
81
82
                    return;
83
84
85
               hanoi(num3 - 1, c1, c3, c2);
                System.out.println("Move disk " + num3 + " from " + c1 + " to " + c2);
86
87
               hanoi(num3 - 1, c3, c2, c1);
88
89
       }
90
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3516]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac Recursive.java
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>java Recursive
Enter a number to check triangular number: 4
Triangular number of 4 is 10
Enter a number to check factorial: 4
Factorial of 4 is 24
Enter first string: g
Enter second string: h
g and h are not anagrams.
Enter the number for check Towers of Hanoi: 3
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 2 from A to B
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 3 from A to C
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 2 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3516]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac Recursive.java
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>java Recursive
Enter a number to check triangular number: 8
Triangular number of 8 is 36
Enter a number to check factorial: 8
Factorial of 8 is 40320
Enter first string: m
Enter second string: t
m and t are not anagrams.
Enter the number for check Towers of Hanoi: 5
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 2 from A to B
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 3 from A to C
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 2 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 4 from A to B
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 2 from C to A
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 3 from C to B
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 2 from A to B
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 5 from A to C
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 2 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 3 from B to A
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 2 from C to A
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 4 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 2 from A to B
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 3 from A to C
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 2 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>
```

```
Q2.a
import java.util.Scanner;
public class binaryS {
      public static int search(int[] arr, int t) {
    int left = 0;
    int right = arr.length - 1;
    while (left <= right) {
       int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
       if (arr[mid] == t) {
         return mid;
       } else if (arr[mid] < t) {
         left = mid + 1;
       } else {
         right = mid - 1;
       }
    }
    return -1;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
             Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("how many elements in your array: ");
    int n = sc.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    System.out.println("Enter the elements in sorted order:");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
    }
    System.out.print("Enter the target value: ");
```

```
int t = sc.nextInt();
    int sum = search(arr, t);
    if (sum != -1) {
       System.out.println("Element " + t + " found at index " + sum);
    } else {
       System.out.println("Element " + t + " not found in the array.");
    }
    sc.close();
  }
}
        import java.util.Scanner;
 2
      public class binaryS {
 3
            public static int search(int[] arr, int t) {
 4
                int left = 0;
 5
                int right = arr.length - 1;
 6
 7
                 while (left <= right) {
 8
                    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
 9
                     if (arr[mid] == t) {
10
                         return mid;
11
                     } else if (arr[mid] < t) {</pre>
12
                         left = mid + 1;
13
                     } else {
14
                         right = mid - 1;
15
16
                }
17
                 return -1;
18
19
            public static void main(String[] args) {
20
                Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                System.out.print("how many elements in your array: ");
21
22
                 int n = sc.nextInt();
23
                 int[] arr = new int[n];
24
                 System.out.println("Enter the elements in sorted order:");
25
26
                 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
27
                     arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
28
29
                System.out.print("Enter the target value: ");
30
                 int t = sc.nextInt();
31
                int sum = search(arr, t);
33
                 if (sum != -1) {
34
                    System.out.println("Element " + t + " found at index " + sum);
35
                 } else {
                     System.out.println("Element " + t + " not found in the array.");
36
37
                 sc.close();
39
40
41
```

```
:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac binaryS.java
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>java binaryS
how many elements in your array: 8
Enter the elements in sorted order:
10
15
16
Enter the target value: 10
Element 10 found at index 5
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac binaryS.java
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>java binaryS
how many elements in your array: 4
Enter the elements in sorted order:
Enter the target value: 8
Element 8 not found in the array.
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>
b.
import java.util.Scanner;
public class binaryS1 {
  public static int search1(int[] arr, int t, int a, int b) {
    if (a \le b) {
       int mid = a + (b - a) / 2;
       if (arr[mid] == t) {
         return mid;
       } else if (arr[mid] < t) {</pre>
         return search1(arr, t, mid + 1, b);
```

} else {

}

}

return search1(arr, t, a, mid - 1);

```
return -1;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
             Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("How many elements in your array: ");
    int n = sc.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    System.out.println("Enter the elements of the sorted array:");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
    }
    System.out.print("Enter the target value to search for: ");
    int t = sc.nextInt();
    int sum = search1(arr, t, 0, arr.length - 1);
    if (sum != -1) {
       System.out.println(t + " is found at index " + sum);
    } else {
       System.out.println(t + " is not found in the array.");
    }
    sc.close();
  }
}
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
      public class binaryS1 {
 2
 3
            public static int search1(int[] arr, int t, int a, int b) {
                if (a <= b) {
 4
5
                    int mid = a + (b - a) / 2;
6
                    if (arr[mid] == t) {
7
                        return mid;
8
                    } else if (arr[mid] < t) {</pre>
9
                        return search1(arr, t, mid + 1, b);
10
                    } else {
11
                        return search1(arr, t, a, mid - 1);
12
13
                }
14
                return -1;
15
16
17
            public static void main(String[] args) {
18
                Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
19
                System.out.print("How many elements in your array: ");
20
                int n = sc.nextInt();
21
                int[] arr = new int[n];
22
                System.out.println("Enter the elements of the sorted array:");
23
                for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
24
                    arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
25
26
                System.out.print("Enter the target value to search for: ");
27
                int t = sc.nextInt();
28
                int sum = search1(arr, t, 0, arr.length - 1);
29
                if (sum != -1) {
                    System.out.println(t + " is found at index " + sum);
30
31
                } else {
32
                    System.out.println(t + " is not found in the array.");
33
34
                sc.close();
35
36
```

```
... C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3516]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac binaryS1.java
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>java binaryS1
How many elements in your array: 8
Enter the elements of the sorted array:
3
4
5
7
8
9
11
Enter the target value to search for: 9
9 is found at index 6
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac binaryS1.java
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>java binaryS1
How many elements in your array: 4
Enter the elements of the sorted array:
10
16
Enter the target value to search for: 4
4 is not found in the array.
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>
```

```
Q3.
import java.util.Scanner;
public class mergesort {
  public static void merge(int[] arr, int left, int right) {
     if (left < right) {</pre>
       int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
       merge(arr, left, mid);
       merge(arr, mid + 1, right);
       merge(arr, left, mid, right);
    }
  }
  private static void merge(int[] arr, int left, int mid, int right) {
     int n1 = mid - left + 1;
     int n2 = right - mid;
     int[] leftarr = new int[n1];
     int[] rightarr = new int[n2];
     for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
       leftarr[i] = arr[left + i];
     }
     for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++) {
       rightarr[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
     }
     int i = 0, j = 0, k = left;
     while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
       if (leftarr[i] <= rightarr[j]) {</pre>
          arr[k] = leftarr[i];
          i++;
```

```
}
                  else {
       arr[k] = rightarr[j];
       j++;
    }
    k++;
  while (i < n1) {
    arr[k] = leftarr[i];
    i++;
    k++;
  while (j < n2) {
    arr[k] = rightarr[j];
    j++;
    k++;
  }
}
    public static void main(String[] args) {
           Scanner x = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.print("Enter the number of elements in the array: ");
  int n = x.nextInt();
  int[] arr = new int[n];
  System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array:");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    arr[i] = x.nextInt();
  }
  merge(arr, 0, n - 1);
```

```
printArray(arr);
    x.close();
  }
  public static void printArray(int[] arr) {
    for (int num: arr) {
       System.out.print(num + " ");
    System.out.println();
  }
}
          import java.util.Scanner;
        public class mergesort {
  3
              public static void merge(int[] arr, int left, int right) {
  4
                  if (left < right) {</pre>
  5
                      int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
   6
                      merge(arr, left, mid);
                      merge(arr, mid + 1, right);
  8
                      merge(arr, left, mid, right);
  9
  10
 11
              private static void merge(int[] arr, int left, int mid, int right) {
                  int n1 = mid - left + 1;
 12
 13
                 int n2 = right - mid;
 14
 15
                  int[] leftarr = new int[n1];
 16
                  int[] rightarr = new int[n2];
 17
                  for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
 18
 19
                      leftarr[i] = arr[left + i];
  20
  21
                  for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++) {
 22
                      rightarr[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
 23
 24
 25
                  int i = 0, j = 0, k = left;
 26
                  while (i < n1 && j < n2) {
 27
                      if (leftarr[i] <= rightarr[j]) {</pre>
 28
                          arr[k] = leftarr[i];
 29
                          i++;
 30
 31
                      else {
  32
                          arr[k] = rightarr[j];
  33
                           j++;
  34
  35
                      k++;
  36
 37
                  while (i < n1) {
 38
                      arr[k] = leftarr[i];
 39
                      i++;
  40
                      k++;
 41
 42
                  while (j < n2) {
 43
                      arr[k] = rightarr[j];
 44
                      j++;
 45
                      k++;
  46
```

```
48
            public static void main(String[] args) {
49
                Scanner x = new Scanner(System.in);
                System.out.print("Enter the number of elements in the array: ");
50
51
                int n = x.nextInt();
52
53
                int[] arr = new int[n];
54
                System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array:");
55
56
                for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
57
                    arr[i] = x.nextInt();
58
                }
59
                merge(arr, 0, n - 1);
60
                printArray(arr);
61
                x.close();
62
63
            public static void printArray(int[] arr) {
64
                for (int num : arr) {
65
                    System.out.print(num + " ");
66
67
                System.out.println();
68
69
```

```
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac mergesort.java

C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>java mergesort

Enter the number of elements in the array: 5
Enter the elements of the array:

1
4
5
6
78
1 4 5 6 78

C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac mergesort.java

C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac mergesort.java

C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac mergesort

Enter the number of elements in the array: 9
Enter the elements of the array:
56
1
98
22
3
7
5
8
66
1 3 5 7 8 22 56 66 98

C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>

C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>
```

public class QuickSort {
 public static void main(String[] args) {

import java.util.Scanner;

```
Scanner x = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.print("how many elements in your array: ");
  int n = x.nextInt();
  int[] arr = new int[n];
  System.out.println("Enter the elements:");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    arr[i] = x.nextInt();
  }
  quickSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
  System.out.println("Sorted array:");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    System.out.print(arr[i] + " , ");
  }
  x.close();
}
public static void quickSort(int[] arr, int low, int high) {
  if (low < high) {
    int id = ch(arr, low, high);
    quickSort(arr, low, id - 1);
    quickSort(arr, id + 1, high);
  }
}
```

```
public static int ch(int[] arr, int low, int high) {
    int num1 = arr[high];
    int i = low - 1;
    for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
       if (arr[j] < num1) {
         i++;
         swap(arr, i, j);
       }
    }
    swap(arr, i + 1, high);
     return i + 1;
  }
  public static void swap(int[] arr, int i, int j) {
    int temp = arr[i];
    arr[i] = arr[j];
    arr[j] = temp;
  }
}
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
 2
 3
       public class QuickSort {
 4
             public static void main(String[] args) {
 5
                 Scanner x = new Scanner (System.in);
 6
 7
                 System.out.print("how many elements in your array: ");
 8
                 int n = x.nextInt();
 9
                 int[] arr = new int[n];
10
11
12
                 System.out.println("Enter the elements:");
13
                 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
14
                      arr[i] = x.nextInt();
15
16
17
                 quickSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
18
19
                 System.out.println("Sorted array:");
20
                 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
21
                      System.out.print(arr[i] + " , ");
22
23
24
                 x.close();
25
26
27
             public static void quickSort(int[] arr, int low, int high) {
28
                 if (low < high) {</pre>
29
                      int id = ch(arr, low, high);
30
                      quickSort(arr, low, id - 1);
31
                      quickSort(arr, id + 1, high);
32
33
34
35
             public static int ch(int[] arr, int low, int high) {
36
                 int num1 = arr[high];
37
                 int i = low - 1;
38
39
                 for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {</pre>
40
                      if (arr[j] < num1) {</pre>
41
                          i++;
42
                          swap(arr, i, j);
43
44
45
46
                 swap(arr, i + 1, high);
47
                 return i + 1;
48
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>javac QuickSort.java
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>java QuickSort
how many elements in your array: 7
Enter the elements:
45
97
10
22
Sorted array:
C:\Users\erand\OneDrive - University of Jaffna\lab3>
```