

Introduction to KNIME



Overview:

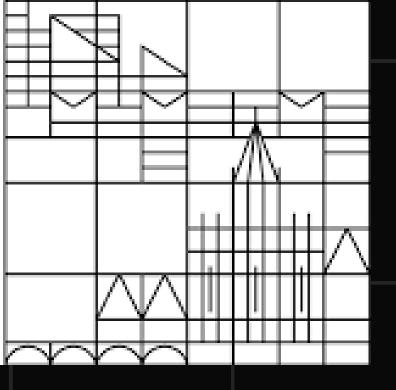
- Open-source data analytics, reporting, and integration platform.
- Allows users to create data flows (workflows), execute selected analysis steps, and visualize results.



History:

- Developed by the University of Konstanz in Germany.
- Widely used in various industries including pharmaceuticals, financial services, and manufacturing.

Universität Konstanz

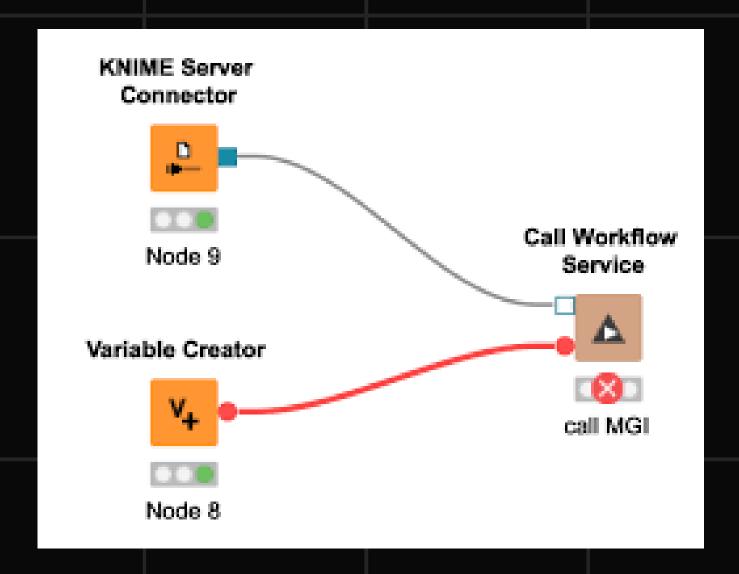


What is KNIME

• Visual programming tool where users can drag and drop nodes to create data pipelines.

Components:

- Nodes: Individual steps in a workflow (e.g., data reader, data transformation).
- Connectors: Link nodes together to form a complete workflow.



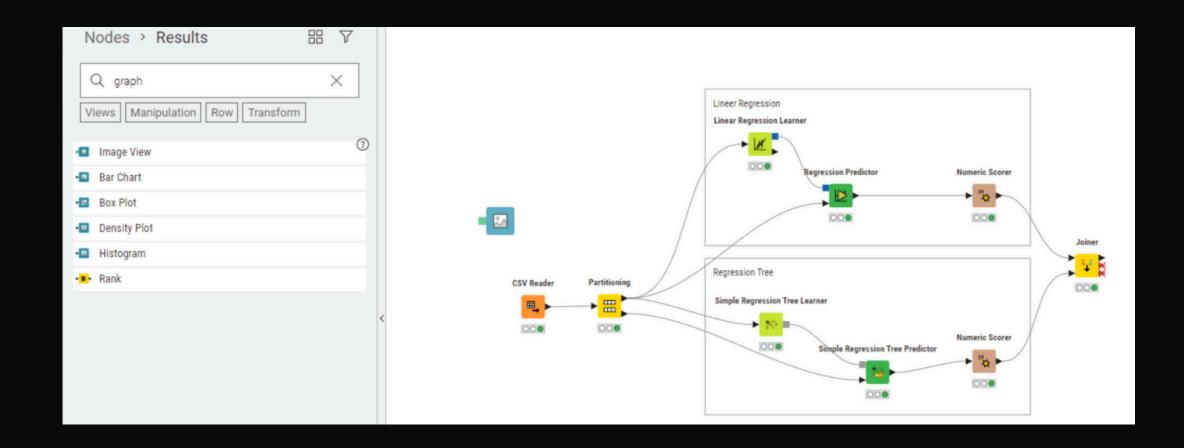
Sample KNIME workflow

H Creating a Workflow

Start with a new KNIME
workflow project.

Prag nodes from the node repository
to the workflow editor.

• Connect nodes to define the data flow.



Data Preprocessing in KNIME

Preparing data is crucial for accurate analysis and modeling.

Data Cleaning

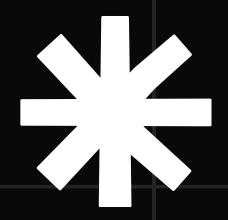
Handling missing values, removing duplicates.

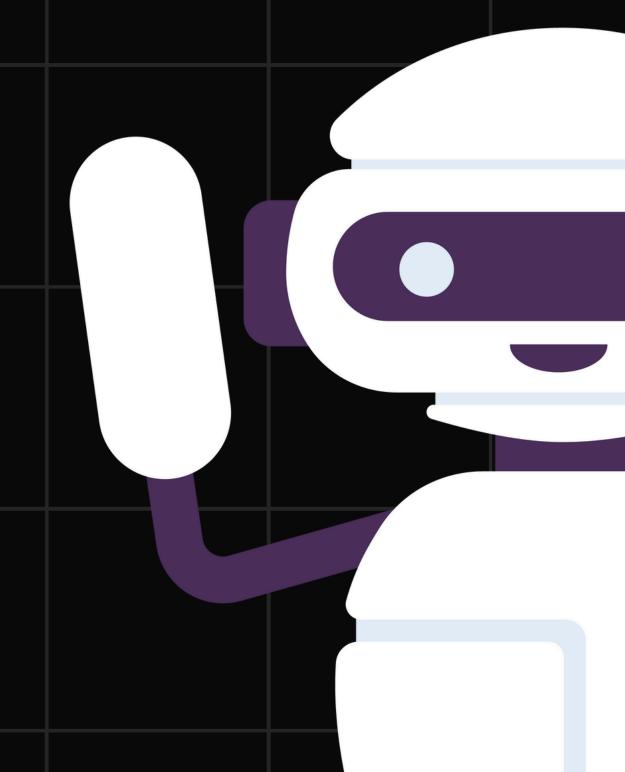
Data Transformation

Normalization, scaling, encoding categorical variables.

Feature Selection

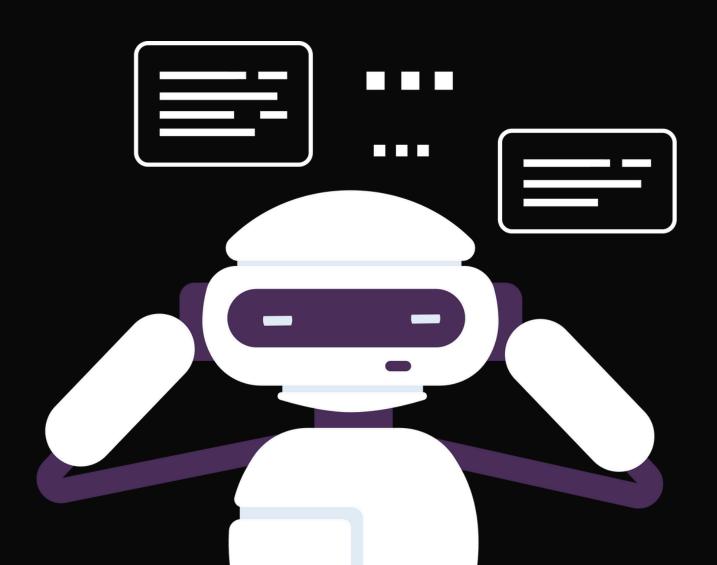
electing important features for modeling.





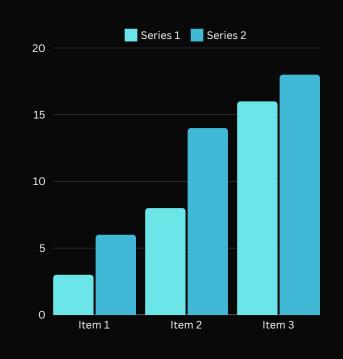
Visualizations in KNIME

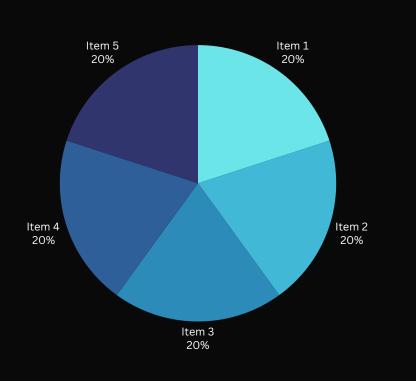
KNIME provides various nodes for data visualization.

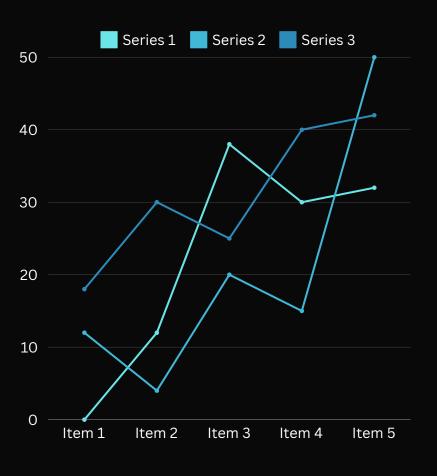


Types of Visualizations:

Bar Charts, Line Plots, Scatter Plots, Histograms, Heatmaps.







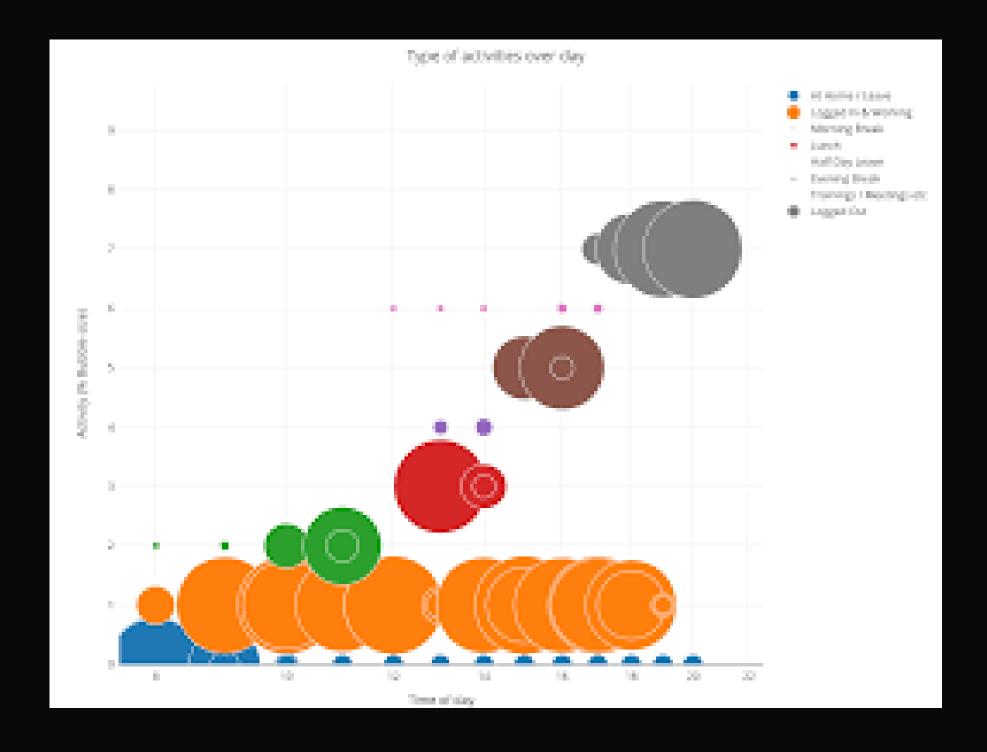
Visualizations in KNIME

Interactive Dashboards:

Using the KNIME WebPortal for interactive visualization.

Steps:

- Select appropriate visualization nodes from the repository.
- Configure node settings to customize the visual output.
- Connect to data nodes to visualize the data.



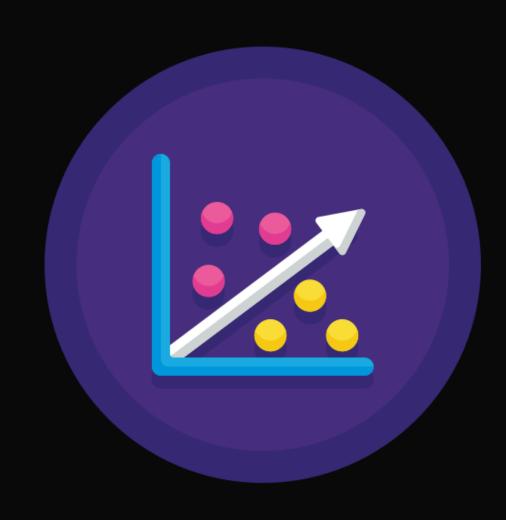
Types of models

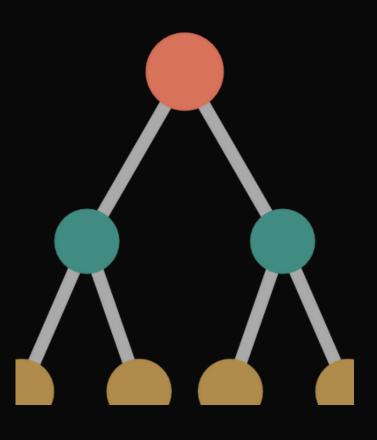
Supervised Learning Unit

- Regression
- Classification

Unsupervised Learning

- Clustering
- Association Rules

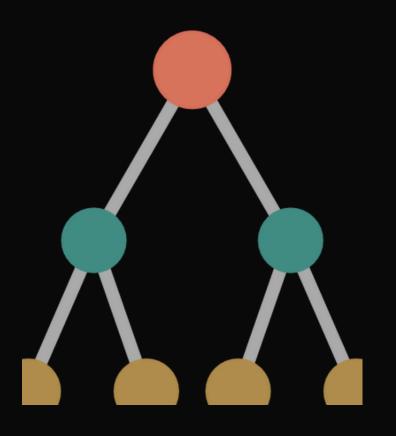




Workflow

- 1. Splitting data into training and test sets
- 2. Training the model using various algorithms (e.g., Decision Trees, SVM, k-Means).
 - 3. Evaluating model performance.





Learner Nodes

- Decision TreeLearner
- Logistic Regression
 Learner

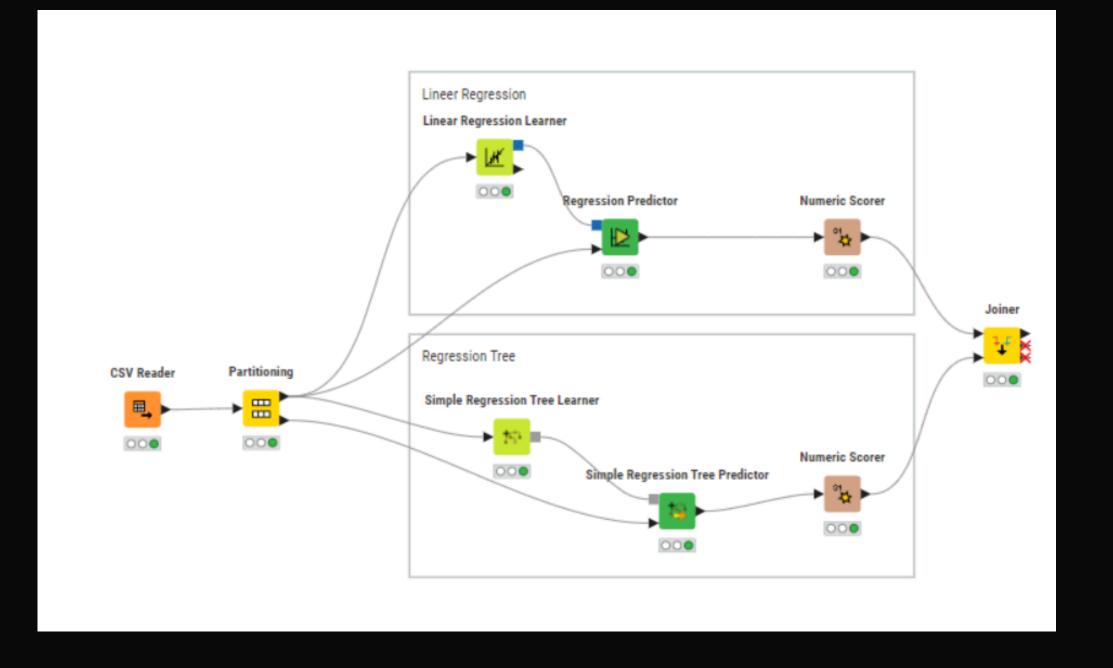
Predictor Nodes

- Decision TreePredictor
- Logistic RegressionPredictor

Predictor Nodes

- Scorer
- ROC Curve

Example



Deployment

Benefits

- enabling automated
- regular execution
- integration
- scheduling
- control access with user roles and permissions

XXX Thankyou

@reallygreatsite

