

DiSSCo

Distributed System of Scientific Collections



Digital Specimens

Widening access to natural science collections

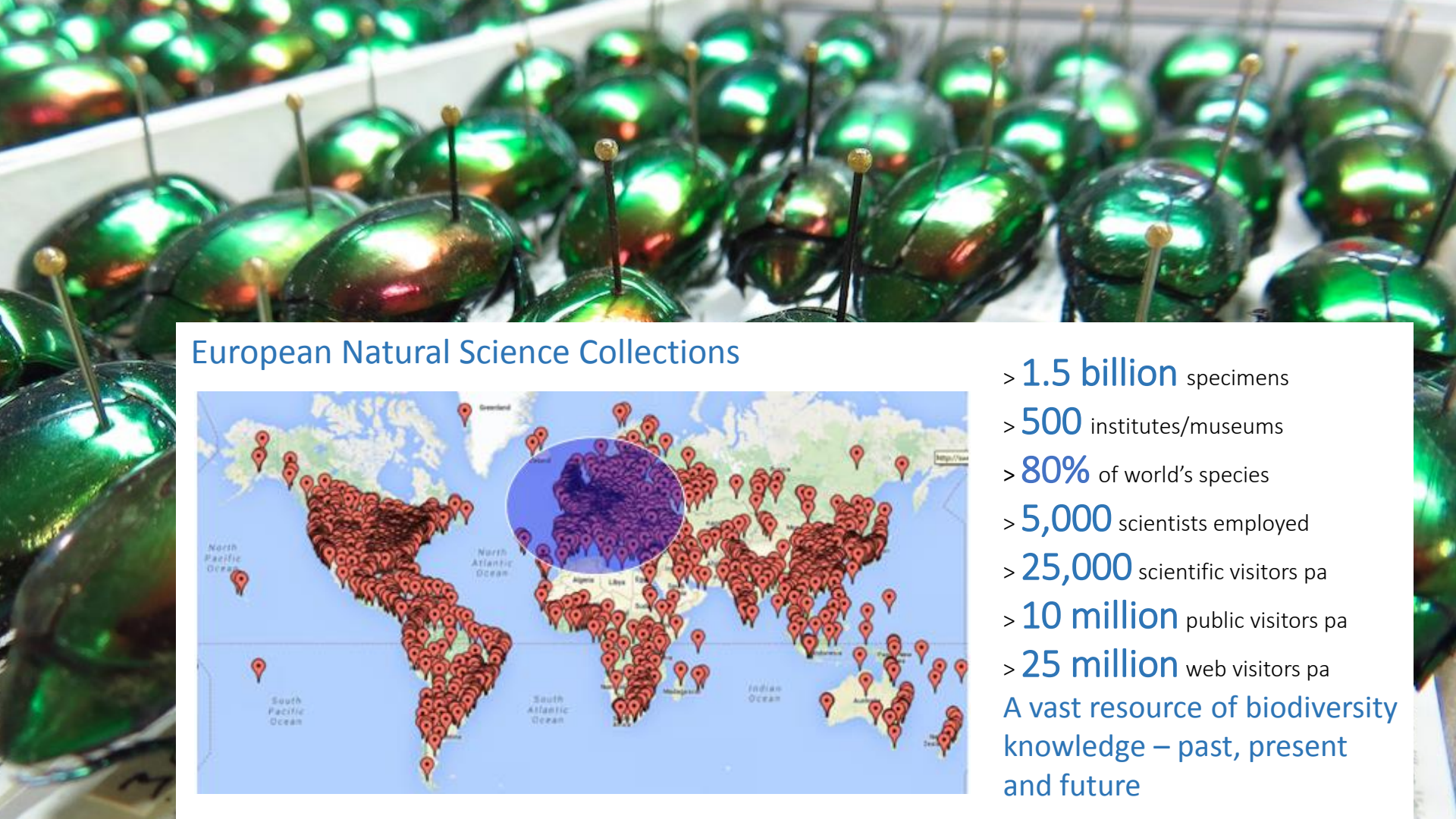


ICEDIG project

Design Refinement Study for DiSSCo

Alex Hardisty
Director of Informatics Projects, School of Computer
Science and Informatics, **Cardiff University**
ICEDIG work package leader: Data Infrastructure,
Design Alternatives and Economics





European Natural Science Collections



- > **1.5 billion** specimens
 - > **500** institutes/museums
 - > **80%** of world's species
 - > **5,000** scientists employed
 - > **25,000** scientific visitors pa
 - > **10 million** public visitors pa
 - > **25 million** web visitors pa
- A vast resource of biodiversity knowledge – past, present and future

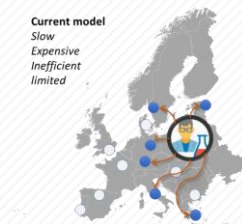
DiSSCo: A new European infrastructure

115 National Facilities
21 Countries



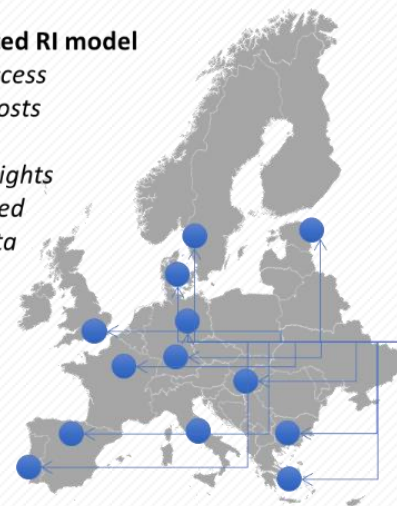
- **Largest ever** formal agreement between natural science collection facilities
- **Centralised governance** model already in place
- **Synchronisation** of facilities at access, data and policy level
- One European **virtual Collection**

Current model
Slow
Expensive
Inefficient
limited



Integrated RI model

Wide access
Lower costs
Faster
New insights
Optimised
FAIR data



User services

DISCO
Distributed System of Scientific Collections



ESFRI

RIs



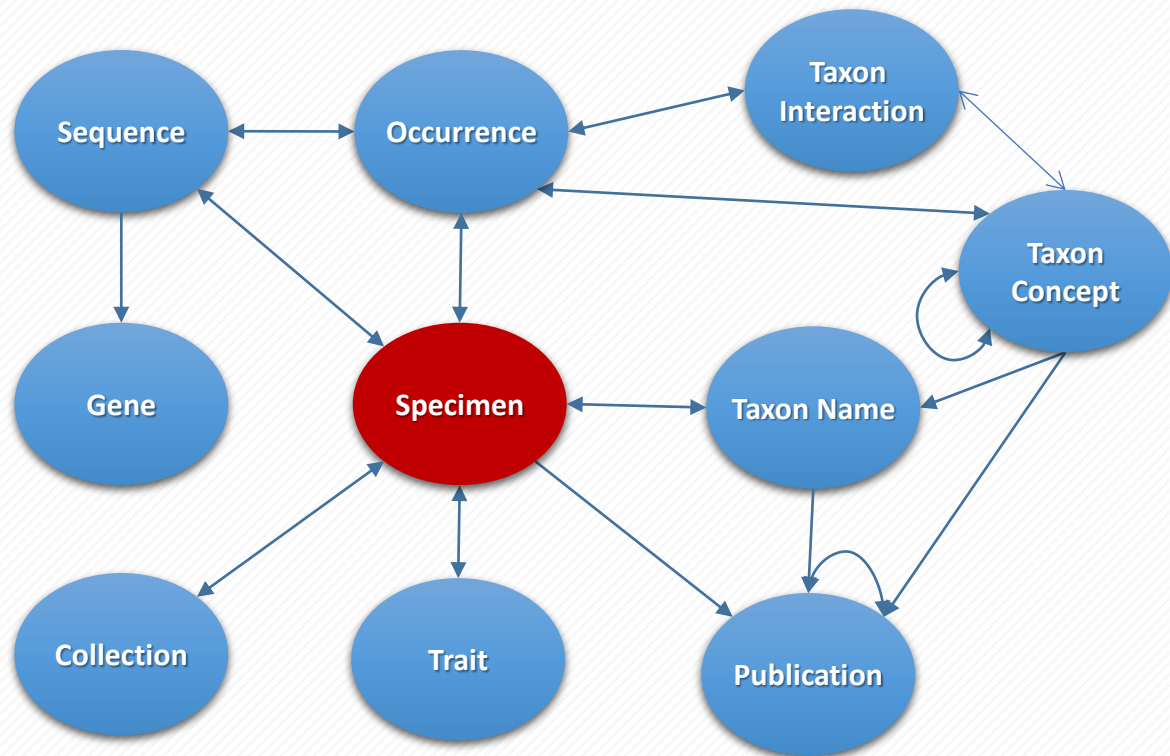
ESFRI Roadmap 2018



Pictures from Digitarium.fi, Picturae, Natural History Museum



All data classes
unambiguously
linked to the physical
objects they derive
from



Specimens representations ('Digital Specimens') become the centrepiece of the DiSSCO knowledge base. They are used as anchoring points for diverse and dispersed data classes.

Digital Specimen: A dynamic “box” collecting links to all core information about a thing in one place

Images (2D, 3D)



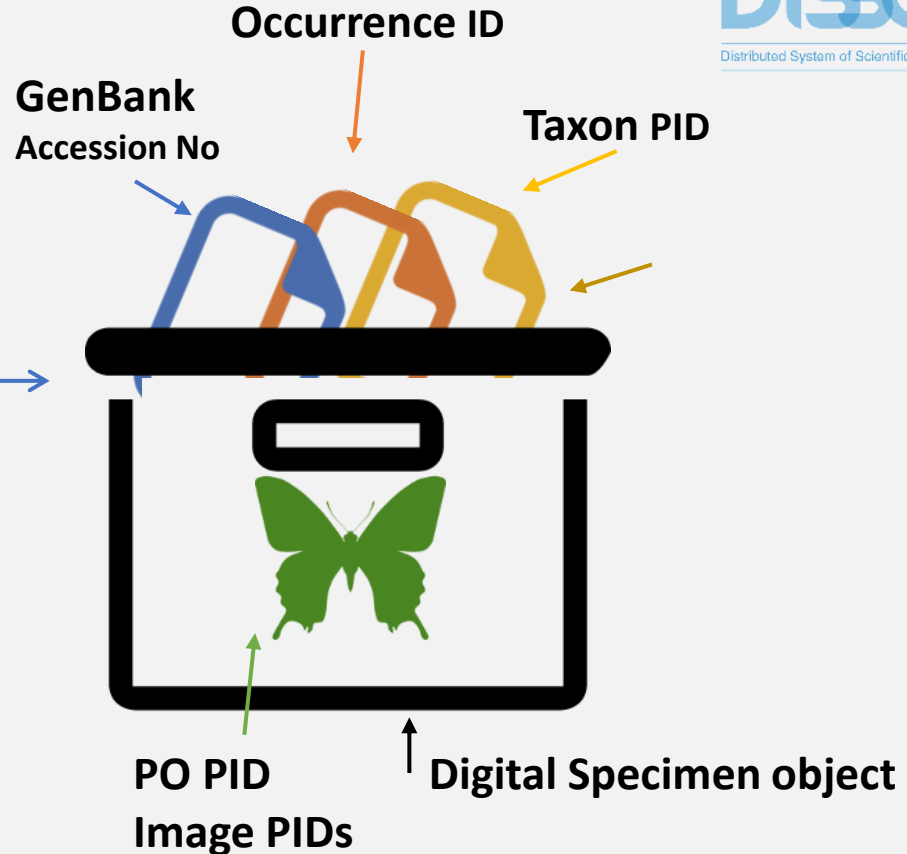
GET Image PIDs

GET Image metadata



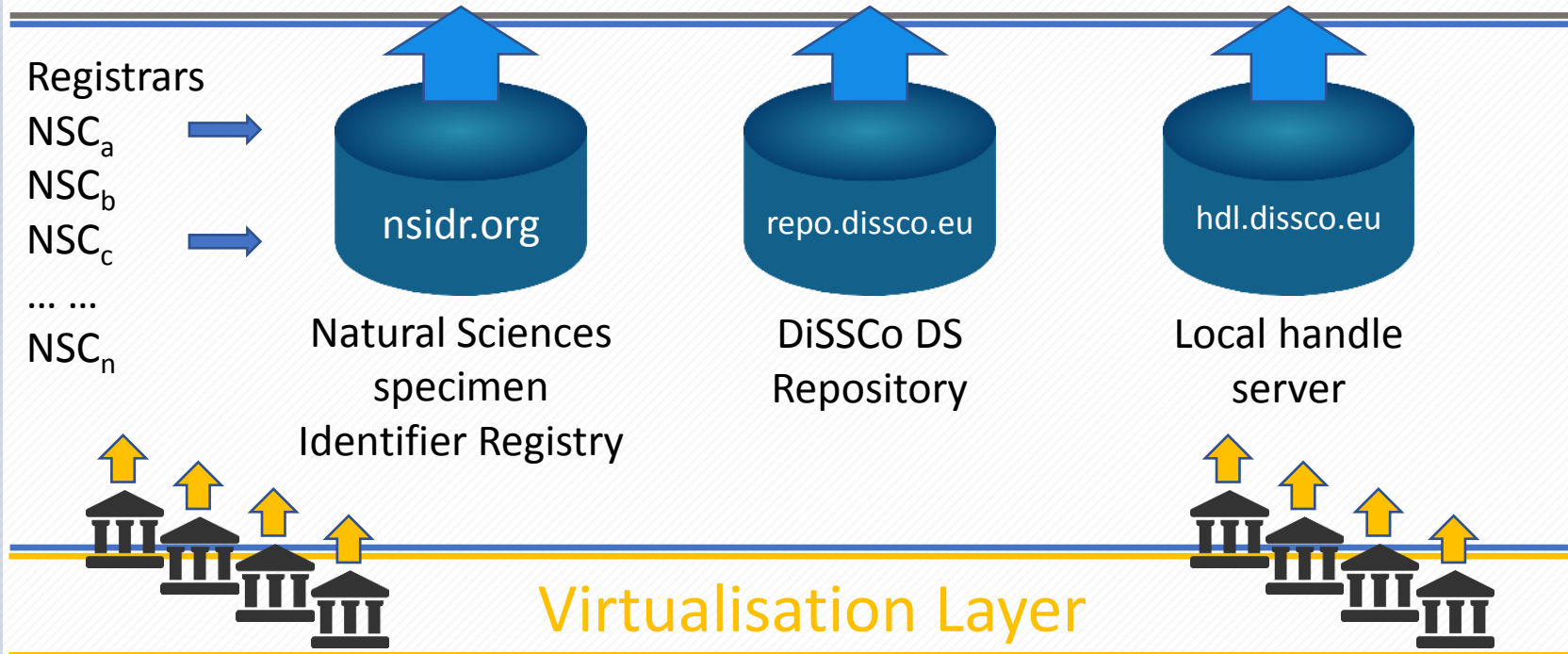
GET Physical Object (PO) PID

GET PO PID metadata



Digital Specimen (DS) objects layer inserted to unify natural science collections into a single data-driven European virtual Collection

Biodiversity Applications Layer (native & non-native)



Social and political concerns

- Tell a compelling added-value story, demonstrating value of handles in addition to HTTP URIs while playing down jargon and disabusing past associations
 - High value services from resolution of curated DS e.g.,
 - Retrieving images and/or annotation history of the specimen
 - Arranging to visit or for on-demand imaging of a specimen
 - Linking specimens to other related info, such as GenBank, etc.
- Accelerator mechanism will be applied
 - Digitisation of specimens is already well underway. Advances in mass digitisation can bring the cost down.
 - BUT
 - No “Natural Sciences specimen Identifier Registry” (nsidr.org) exists today
 - Specialist tools must be built to find and make links

Performance

- 1.5 billion specimens, 20 – 30 times as many links! Several hundred registrars and multiple link building tools
- Multiple object types
 - Digital specimen (DS), Specimen class, Collection type, Container type, Organisation type
- Achieving balance between fast presentation of informative registry records and the need to fetch and unpack comprehensive object content from a repository

Dynamic nature of DS demands extensibility

- DS have a set of mandatory and optional element types BUT DS are dynamic and can become more comprehensive over time.
- JSON facilitates a standard packaging format for exchanging DS and for extending DS with new information.
- All institutions' software must understand the 'standard' information in a DS and the extension mechanism.
- Any institution can define and publish DS extensions to include new element types in DS in a way that allows any other institution to publish similar information in a mutually recognisable form.
- The extension mechanism specifies rules determining how to behave in respect of unrecognised or unsupported elements of DS.

Investing in handles

- Selecting an identifier scheme; buying into an invested, sustaining community
- Options for handles:
 1. Acquire top-level prefix from an MPA – XX in XX.NNNNNN/
 2. Acquire second-level prefix – NNNNN in XX.NNNNNN/
 - From Crossref, Datacite, ePIC, etc. Ideally, 4 digits.
- Rejected options
 1. Third level prefix e.g., from a Datacite member – too long!
 2. International Geo Sample Number (IGSN) – assumes physical PID and digital PID are the same. Doesn't work for natural science specimens.
- Main considerations:
 - Longevity/sustainability – 30 years at least
 - Flexibility of metadata in PID (registry) records – need PID Kernel Information Profile for Digital Specimens



Distributed System of Scientific Collections



Questions on DiSSCo?


Contact

Dimitris Koureas @DimitrisKoureas

Wouter Addink @wouter99999

Alex Hardisty @AlexHardisty

CETAF stable identifiers (PURL)
already in use



```
{
  "nsid": "21.nnnnn/20180904.000001",
  "type": "digital_specimen",
  "creators": [{+<expand for person details>}],
  "created": "2018-09-04T11:22:25.766698+00:00",
  "scientificName": "Toxodon platensis Owen, 1837",
  "specimen_records": [{"record_1": "http://data.nhm.ac.uk/object/34d2e921-01b5-40b7-8762-4269fac3c63d",
    "record_2": "http://data.nhm.ac.uk/dataset/darwins-fossil-mammals/resource/..."}],
  "institutionCode": "NHMUK",
  "collectionCode": "PAL",
  "catalogNumber": "PV M 100016",
  "recordedBy": "Charles R. Darwin",
  "eventTerms": [{"year": 1833, "month": 10, "day": 10}],
  "locationTerms": [{"country": "Argentina", "locality": "Cliff section on ... .."}],
  "physical_specimen_pid": "PV M 100016",
  "annotations": [{"determinationNames": ["Toxodon Owen, 1837", "Toxodon platensis Owen, 1837"]}],
  "2d_images": [{
    "image_1": [{+<expand for links to hi-res and low-res two dimensional images / metadata>}],
    "image_2": [{+<expand for links to hi-res and low-res two dimensional images / metadata>}],
    "image_3": [{+<expand for links to hi-res and low-res two dimensional images / metadata>}] },
  "3d_images": [{
    "image_1": [{+<expand for links to hi-res 3-dimensional image / model>>}] }]
}
```

VIEW

Metadata Relationships

BASE OBJECT DATA

EIDR ID	10.5240/FCE5-BE93-73F4-666E-B962-0		
Structural Type	Abstraction		
Mode	AudioVisual		
Referent Type	Movie		
Title	Close Encounters of the Third Kind		
	Lang: en	Title Class: release	
Original Language	en		
	Mode: Audio	Type: primary	
Associated Org	Columbia Pictures Corporation		
	ID Type: EIDRPartyID	Party ID: 10.5237/D9C6-0CD1	Role: producer
Release Date	1977		
Country of Origin	GB		
Country of Origin #2	US		
Status	valid		
Approximate Length	PT2H15M		
Alternate ID	1259031		
	Domain: commonsense.org/nid	Type: Proprietary	
Alternate ID #2	acd59a2-d38b-476e-9943-133a76d359cd		
	Domain: commonsense.org/uuid	Type: Proprietary	
Alternate ID #3	0000-0000-74AC-0000-B-0000-0000-4		

Missing:

- Link to original film, in a vault at Columbia Pictures
- Link to Columbia's own database record for the film

Alternate ID #3	0000-0000-74AC-0000-B-0000-0000-4
	Type: ISAN
Alternate ID #4	F7800400000
	Domain: spe.sony.com/MPM Type: Proprietary
Alternate ID #5	31157
	Domain: spe.sony.com/ProductID Type: Proprietary
Alternate ID #6	4157
	Type: IVA
Alternate ID #7	tt0075860
	Relation: IsSameAs Type: IMDB
Alternate ID #8	B000PNCETC
	Domain: amazon.com Type: Proprietary
Alternate ID #9	10443
	Domain: flixster.com Type: Proprietary
Alternate ID #10	6320
	Domain: thecinemasource.com Type: Proprietary
Alternate ID #11	2031257
	Domain: warnerbros.com/MPM Type: Proprietary

DiSSCo layers

Applications Layer (e-Science Service class)

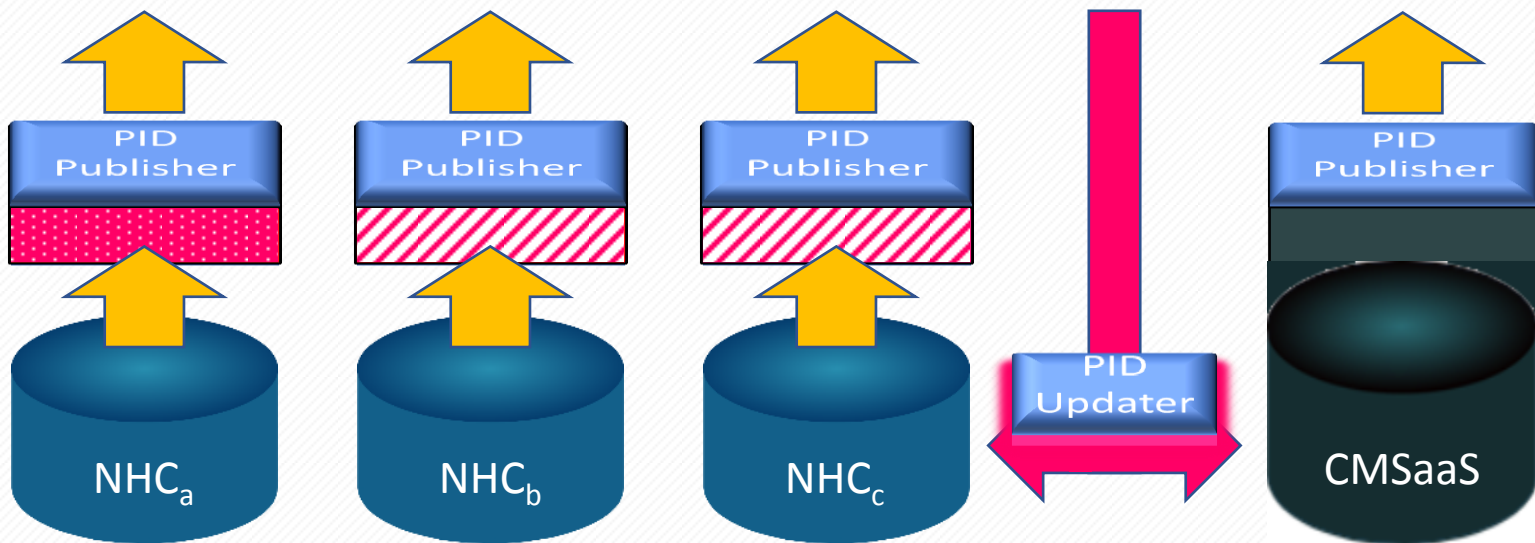
Digital Specimen Objects Layer (DSOL)

Virtualisation Layer

DiSSCo Virtualisation layer

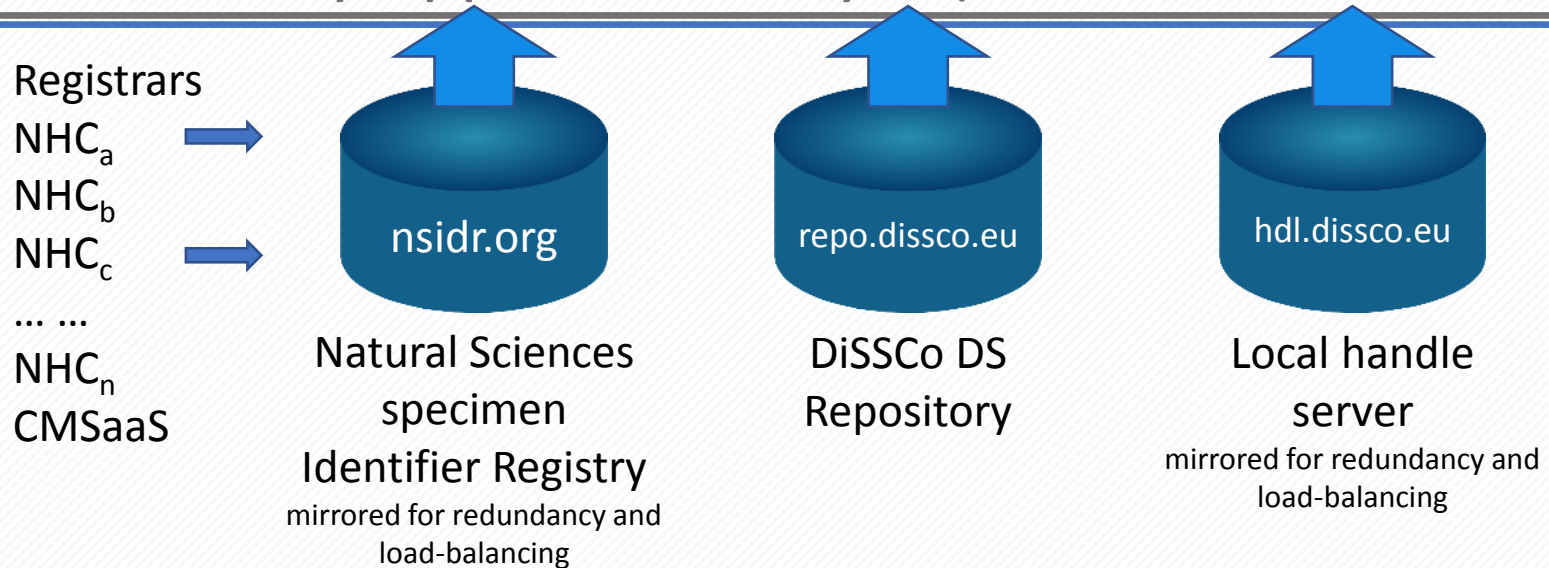
Applications Layer (e-Science Service class)

Digital Specimen Objects Layer (DSOL)



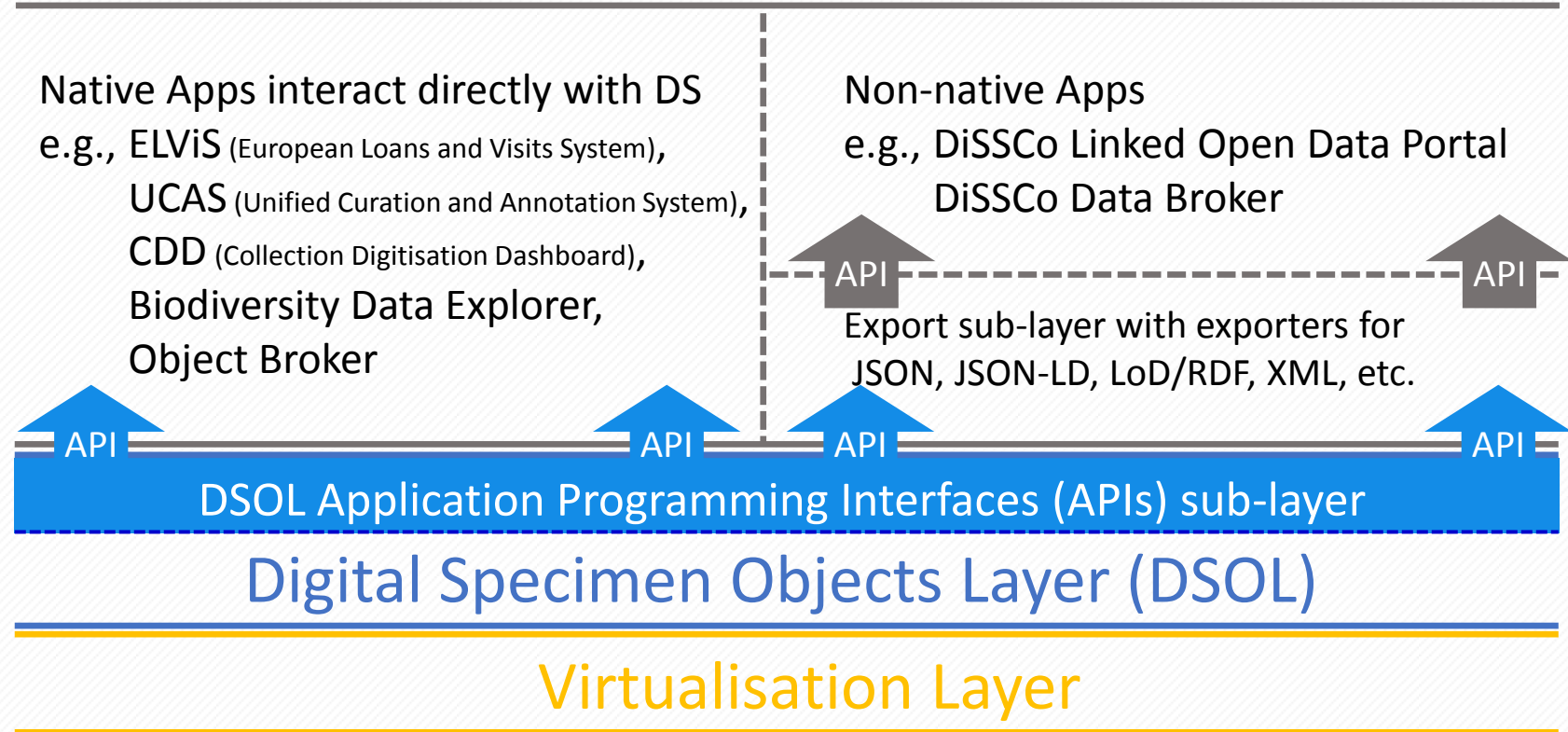
Digital Specimen Objects layer (DSOL) inserted to unify natural science collections into a single data-driven European virtual Collection

Biodiversity Applications Layer (ELViS, UCAS, Portal, ...)



Virtualisation Layer

DiSSCo Applications layer (ELViS, UCAS, Portal, etc.)



Essential components already established & used

- Identifiers and resolution system: Handle System
 - reliable, mature system with organizational backing
- Data Types: registries and concepts as discussed by RDA DTR
 - ready to use
 - small-scale demonstrators exist

Further components: evaluate and adapt

- Digital Object Repositories
 - evolve from current repositories
- Digital Object Interface Protocol (DOIP)
 - specification exists, needs practical evaluation
- Digital Object Registries
 - overarching registries for searching
 - concept needs to be sharpened, relation with repositories
- Mapping/Brokering software and services
 - concepts, capabilities, implementations