1. Soddalashtiring:

$$\frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{9-2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}}+3\sqrt[3]{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}}{3+\sqrt[6]{108}}$$

A) 2

B)1

C) $\sqrt{3}$ D) $\sqrt[3]{2}$

2. $\frac{2019^4 + 2019^2 + 1}{2019^3 + 1} = a + \frac{b}{c}$ bo'lsa

 $\left(\frac{b}{c}\right)$ qisqarmas kasr, b < 2000 va a, b, c lar natural sonlar, a + b + c = ?

A)2021

B)4041

C)4040

D)2021

3. $3 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot \dots \cdot 3^{100}$ sonining oxirgi raqamini toping.

A)9

B)3

C)7

4. a va b lar orasidagi munosabatni toping.

$$a = \frac{206}{200} + \frac{208}{202} + \dots + \frac{216}{210}$$

$$b = \frac{99}{100} + \frac{100}{101} + \dots + \frac{104}{105}$$

A)b+24=a

B)b+3a=24

C)3b+a=24

D)2b+a=24

5. 120000 ning barcha juft natural bo'luvchilari yig'indisini toping.

A)393624

B)396748

C)369748

D)369478

6.
$$1^2 + 2^2 - 3^2 + 4^2 - 5^2 + 6^2 + 7^2 - 8^2 + 9^2 - 10^2 + \dots - 100^2 = ?$$

Bu yerda 2 ta sonning oldi ishorasi "+", keyingi 1 ta sonning ishorasi "-", keyingi 1 ta sonning ishorasi "+", keyingi 1 ta sonning ishorasi "-" ko'rinishida davom qilgan.

A)69690

B)59590

C)65650

D)50500

7. $a + b = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = 10$ bo'lsa, $\frac{b}{a} + \frac{a}{b} = ?$

A)55

B)99

C)89

8. Quduq qazishda chuqurlikning 1-metri uchun 2 so'm, har keying metr uchun avvalgisidan 3 so'm ortiq to'landi.Bundan tashqari butun quduq uchun qo'shimcha 80 so'm to'landi. Quduqning harbir metri o'rtacha 22 so'm 50 tiyinga tushgan. Quduqning chuqurligi butun son bilan ifodalansa, uning qiymatini toping.

A)5

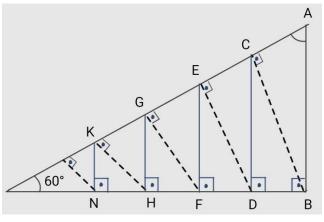
B)6

C)7

D)8

E)9

9.



Quyidagi chizmada AB=12 va $\angle BAC = 30^{\circ}$. Chizmaga ko'ra $AB + CD + EF + GH + KN + \cdots$ yig'indini qiymatini hisoblang.

A)15 B)16 D)4 E)8

10. $P(x) = ax^{2009} + bx^{2013} + 5$ ko'phadni x - 1 ga bo'lganda qoldiq 7 ga teng bo'lsa, P(x) ko'phadni $x^2 + 1$ ga bo'lgandagi qoldiqni toping.

A)
$$7x+1$$
 B) $x+7$ C) $2x+5$ D) $2x+7$ E) $7x+2$

11. $y = x + \frac{1}{x+1}$ funksiyaning $(-1; \infty)$ oraliqdagi eng kichik qiymatini toping.

12. Tenglamani yeching :
$$\sqrt{x + \sqrt{4x + \sqrt{16x + \dots + \sqrt{4^{44}x + 3}}}} = \sqrt{x} + 1$$

A)
$$2^{-44}$$
 B) 2^{88} C) 2^{44} D) 2^{-88}

13. x = 10 bo'lsa, quyidagini hisoblang:

$$a^{2}\frac{(x-b)(x-c)}{(a-b)(a-c)} + b^{2}\frac{(x-a)(x-c)}{(b-a)(b-c)} + c^{2}\frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(c-a)(c-b)}$$

14. f(x) davri $T = \frac{1}{3}$ bo'lgan funksiya uchun $f^2(2) - 5f(0) + \frac{21}{4} = 0$ va

$$4f^{2}(-1) - 5f\left(\frac{10}{3}\right) = 35$$
 bo'lsa, $f(1) = ?$

15. a ning barcha qiymatlarini toping, bunda

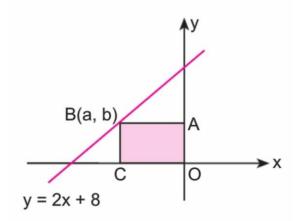
 $1 + log_5^{(x^2+1)} \ge log_5^{(cx^2+4x+c)}$ tengsizlik barcha x lar uchun o'rinli bo'lsin.

A)
$$(-\infty; 3)$$
 B) $(-\infty; 5)$ C) $(3; 5)$ D) $(2; 3]$

16. Hisoblang: $arcsin \frac{8}{17} + arccos \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right) - arcsin \frac{77}{85}$

- $A)\frac{\pi}{2}$
- B) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ C) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ D) $\frac{\pi}{4}$

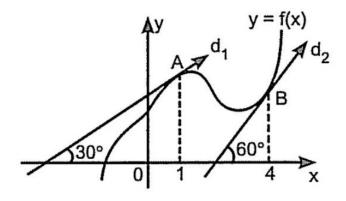
17.



AOCB to'g'rito'rtburchakning B uchi y=2x+8 to'gri chiziqda yotadi.Bu to'rtbuchning yuzasi eng katta bo'ladigan a va b larning yig'indisini toping.

- A)1
- B)2
- C)3
- D)4
- E)5

18.

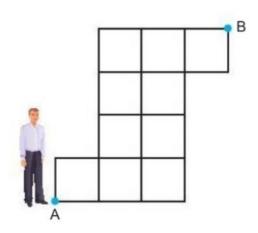


Rasmda y = f(x) funksiyaning A nuqtasi d_1 to'g'ri chiziqda va B nuqtasi d_2 to'g'ri chiziqda yotishi ma'lum bo'lsa, quyidagi integralni hisoblang:

$$\int_{1}^{4} f''(x) dx = ?$$

- A) $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$
- $B)\sqrt{3}$
- C) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$ D) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ E) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}$

19.



A nuqtadagi odam rasmdagi chiziqlar bo'yicha eng qisqa yo'l bilan B nuqtaga necha xil yo'l bilan yetib borishi mumkin? C)30

D)36

E)41

20. Quyidagi ifodaning yoyilmasidagi x^5 ning koeffisiyentini toping.

$$\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{10}\cdot\left(x-\frac{1}{x}\right)^{9}$$
.

A)-21 B)642

C)35D)120

21. $x \neq 2$ va $c \in R$ bo'lsa, $\int (x-2) \cdot f(4x+1) dx = 4x^3 - 32x + c$ dan foydalanib f'(5) ni hisoblang.

A)-1

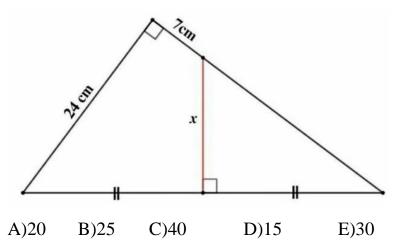
B)2

C)3

D)4

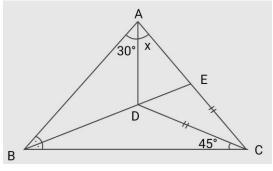
E)5

22.



Rasmdagi ma'lumotlar asosida x ni toping.

23.



Chizmadan foydalanib ∠*DAC* burchakni toping.

A)20

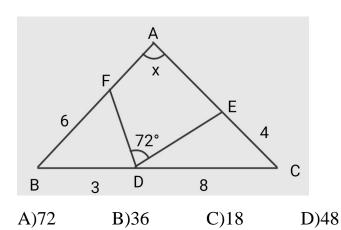
B)25

C)40

D)15

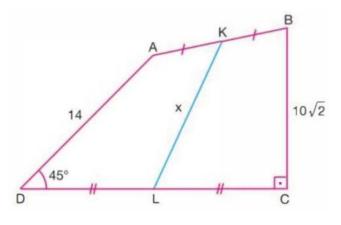
E)30

24.



Rasmdagi ma'lumotlar va AB=AC ekanligidan foydalanib ∠*BAC* burchakni toping.

25.



Berilganlar asosida KL kesma uzunligini toping.

A) $6\sqrt{2}$

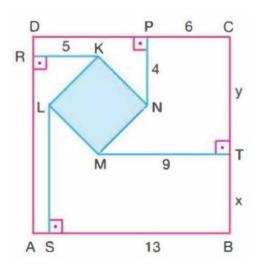
B) $8\sqrt{2}$

C)12

D)13

E) $12\sqrt{2}$

26.



Rasmdagi ABCD va KLMN lar kvadrat ekanligidan foydalanib $\frac{x}{y}$ ni toping.

A) $\frac{1}{3}$

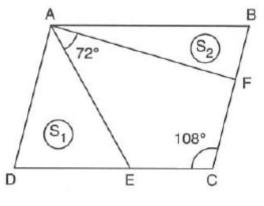
 $B)\frac{7}{8}$

C)1

 $D)^{\frac{5}{9}}$

 $E)\frac{6}{11}$

27.



A)2

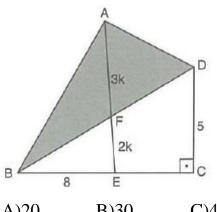
 $B)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

C)4

 $D)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

BF = DE.

28.



Rasmdagi ma'lumotlar asosida ABD uchburchak yuzasini hisoblang.

ABCD parallelogram va AF=8, AE=4,

 $\frac{S_1}{S_2} = ?$

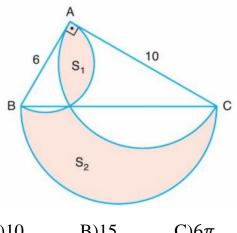
Bu yerda $S_1 = S_{ADE}$ va $S_2 = S_{ABF}$.

A)20 B)30 C)40

D)50

E)60

29.



ABC uchburchakning tomonlari yarim doiralar yasalgan bo'lsa, $S_2 - S_1$ ni toping.

 $C)6\pi$ A)10 B)15

 $D)10\pi$

E)30

30. Muntazam to'rtburchakli piramidaning balandligi 8 ga, asosining tomoni 12 ga teng. Piramida yon yog'iga parallel bo'lib, asosining markazi orqali o'tgan kesimi yuzini hisoblang.

A)45

B)60

C)72

D)30

E)50