

# CSCE 221 Cover Page

## Programming Assignment # 6

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Type of sources

People

Web pages (provide URL)

stackoverflow.com

Printed material

Other Sources

CSCE 221 slides

I certify that I have listed all the sources that I used to develop the solutions/code to the submitted work.

*“On my honor as an Aggie, I have neither given nor received any unauthorized help on this academic work.”*

Your Name (signature)

Eric Gonzalez

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### Program Description

This program implements a graph structure in Part 1 by building the graph, inserting edges into it, and getting the weight of the edge between two vertices. Part 2 implements Kruskal's algorithm to create a Minimum Spanning Tree. Input files are provided and outputs are in the form of a visual Adjacency Matrix and Minimum Spanning Tree for the graph.

### Purpose of the Assignment

The purpose of this assignment was to test our understanding of the graph data structure and Kruskal's algorithm. We used these to implement a Minimum Spanning Tree.

## Data Structures Description

The `buildGraph()` function first resizes the vertices and edges of the graph, then takes in  $n$  vertices implemented as `DListNode`s of `<Vertex>` type. It then uses a for loop to form a new node with the current  $i$  value and pushes said node into vector `AdjacencyList`. Finally, it sets the trailer to itself.

The `insertEdge()` function inserts a new edge into `AdjacencyList`. It sets the next node to be a new node with a vertex value of  $j$ , then sets the new trailer to be the newly created node. It then makes a new edge and pushes it into the `EdgeList` vector. Finally, it sets the edge of the vertex value equal to the newly created edge.

The `getWeight()` function returns the weight of the edge between two vertices. It uses a while loop and two if statements to check if the index value of the current spot in the `AdjacencyList` is equal to end value  $j$ . If so, it accesses the weight of that edge and returns it, assuming it is not a null edge; otherwise, it returns 0.

The `sortEdge()` function implements the built-in `std::sort()` function as a lambda function to sort all edges based on weight. It iterates through the entire tree and compares the weights of two edges  $a$  and  $b$  to see if  $a$ 's weight is less than  $b$ 's, sorting all edges in ascending order based on weight.

The `MSTAlgo()` function creates a disjoint set of vertices `VertSet` and sorts it using `sortEdge()`. It compares all edges in `EdgeList` and if the `FindSet()` value of the first is not equal to the `FindSet()` value of the second, then it adds an edge to the vector `MST` representation of the Minimal Spanning Tree, increments the total weight of the edges by the current edge weight between two vertices  $i$  and  $j$ , and adds  $i$  and  $j$  to `VertSet` with `Union()`.

## Runtime Analysis

`buildGraph()` =  $O(n)$

`insertEdge()` =  $O(1)$

`getWeight()` =  $O(\max(\text{adj}(v)))$  [ $\text{adj}(v)$  = adjacent vectors of  $v$ ]

`sortEdge()` =  $O(n \log n)$

`MSTAlgo()` =  $O(m \log n)$  [ $m$  = edges,  $n$  = vertices]

## Instructions to Compile and Run

Run the following in the program directory:

make clean

make

./main test1.mat OR test2.mat

## Testing Results

Test 1:

```
[gonzalee]@linux2 ~/CSCE221/A6_suppl_part2> (01:08:56 05/05/15)
:: ./main test1.mat
The Adjacency Matrix of the Graph is:
  0   9   3   5
  9   0   0   2
  3   0   0   0
  5   2   0   0
The total value of the Minimum Spanning Tree is: 10
The Minimum Spanning Tree is:
Node  Node  Weight
  1    3     2
  0    2     3
  0    3     5
```

Test 2:

```
[gonzalee]@linux2 ~/CSCE221/A6_suppl_part2> (00:17:09 05/05/15)  
:: ./main test2.mat
```

The Adjacency Matrix of the Graph is:

0	8	1	3	0	0
8	0	0	2	0	0
1	0	0	5	4	7
3	2	5	0	1	0
0	0	4	1	0	6
0	0	7	0	6	0

The total value of the Minimum Spanning Tree is: 13

The Minimum Spanning Tree is:

Node	Node	Weight
3	4	1
0	2	1
1	3	2
0	3	3
4	5	6