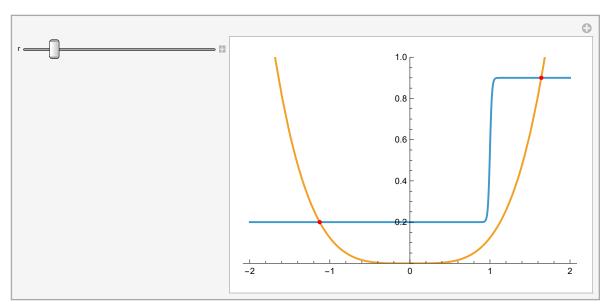
```
\label{eq:linear} $$ \inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \mathbb{C}[x] = \mathbb{C}[x] =
```

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Out[60]=} \\ \frac{1}{5} + \frac{7}{10 \left(1 + e^{80 (1-x)}\right)} \end{array}$$

Out[61]= r x⁴

Out[62]=

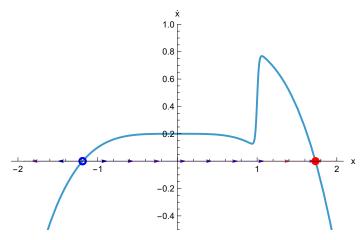


In[7]:= \square_{\square}

Out[7]= \square_{\square}

```
In[8]:=
```

Out[14]=



••• First: "{} has zero length and no first element."

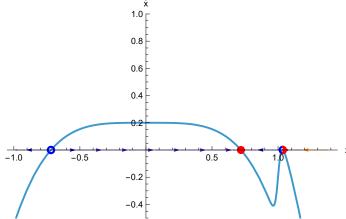
Out[0]=

First[{}]

```
In[15]:= r = 0.261;
       sol[rvar_] := NSolve[f[x, rvar] == 0, x, Reals];
       p1 = Plot[f[x, r], \{x, -2, 2\},
           PlotRange \rightarrow {Full, {-0.5, 1}}, AxesLabel \rightarrow {"x", OverDot["x"]}];
       p2 = StreamPlot[{f[x, r], 0}, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -0.1, 0.1}];
          ListPlot[\{\{x /. sol[r][1], 0\}\}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow \{Graphics[\{Blue, Circle[]\}], 10\}];
       p4 = ListPlot[{\{x /. sol[r][2], 0\}}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow
             {Graphics[{Red, Disk[{0, 0}, 1, {Pi/2, 3Pi/2}], Red, Circle[{0, 0}, 1,
                  {Pi/2, 3Pi/2}], Blue, Circle[{0, 0}, 1, {-Pi/2, Pi/2}]}], 10}];
       p5 = ListPlot[{x /. sol[r][4], 0}}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow {Graphics[{Red, Disk[]}], 10}];
       Show[p1, p2, p3, p4, p5]
Out[22]=
                                 1.0
                                 0.8
                                 0.6
                                 0.4
        -2
                                -0.2
                                 -0.4
 ln[23]:= r = 0.5;
       sol[rvar_] := NSolve[f[x, rvar] == 0, x, Reals];
       p1 = Plot[f[x, r], \{x, -1, 1.4\},
           PlotRange \rightarrow \{Full, \{-0.5, 1\}\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"x", OverDot["x"]\}];
       p2 = StreamPlot[{f[x, r], 0}, {x, -1, 1.4}, {y, -0.05, 0.05}];
          ListPlot[\{\{x \ /. \ sol[r] \ [\![1]\!], \ 0\}\}, \ PlotMarkers \rightarrow \{Graphics[\{Blue, \ Circle[]\}], \ 10\}];
       p4 = ListPlot[{x /. sol[r][2], 0}}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow {Graphics[{Red, Disk[]}], 10}];
       p5 = ListPlot[{x /. sol[r][3], 0}}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow {Graphics[{Blue, Circle[]}], 10}];
       p6 = ListPlot[{x /. sol[r][4], 0}}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow {Graphics[{Red, Disk[]}], 10}];
       Show[p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p6]
Out[31]=
                             1.0 ┌
                             0.8
                             0.4
                   -0.5
                                          0.5
                            -0.2
```

```
In[32]:= (*This is r_c since it is the largest r that
        causes a change in the number of fixed points. For r > 0.749,
     we will always have 2 fixed points. Moreover,
      for r > 0.749 the temperature will always decrease
        indicating that the dynamics bifurcates to a snowball earth. \star)
      r = 0.749;
      sol[rvar_] := NSolve[f[x, rvar] == 0, x, Reals];
      p1 = Plot[f[x, r], \{x, -1, 1.4\},
         PlotRange \rightarrow {Full, {-0.5, 1}}, AxesLabel \rightarrow {"x", OverDot["x"]}];
      p2 = StreamPlot[{f[x, r], 0}, {x, -1, 1.4}, {y, -0.05, 0.05}];
        ListPlot[\{x /. sol[r][1], 0\}\}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow \{Graphics[\{Blue, Circle[]\}], 10\}];
      p4 = ListPlot[{x /. sol[r][2], 0}}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow {Graphics[{Red, Disk[]}], 10}];
      p5 = ListPlot[\{x /. sol[r][4], 0\}\}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow
           {Graphics[{Red, Disk[{0, 0}, 1, {-Pi/2, Pi/2}], Blue, Circle[{0, 0}, 1, {-Pi/2, Pi/2}]}
                {Pi/2, 3Pi/2}], Red, Circle[{0, 0}, 1, {-Pi/2, Pi/2}]}], 10}];
      Show[p1, p2, p3, p4, p5]
```

Out[39]=



```
In[40]:= (*Not necessary to keep.*)
        r = 1;
        sol[rvar_] := NSolve[f[x, rvar] == 0, x, Reals];
        p1 = Plot[f[x, r], \{x, -1, 1.4\},
           PlotRange \rightarrow \{Full, \{-0.5, 1\}\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"x", OverDot["x"]\}];
        p2 = StreamPlot[{f[x, r], 0}, {x, -1, 1.4}, {y, -0.05, 0.05}];
       p3 =
          ListPlot[\{x /. sol[r][1], 0\}\}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow \{Graphics[\{Blue, Circle[]\}], 10\}];
        p4 = ListPlot[{\{x /. sol[r][2], 0\}}, PlotMarkers \rightarrow {Graphics[{Red, Disk[]}], 10}];
        Show[p1, p2, p3, p4]
Out[46]=
                             1.0 [
                             0.8
                             0.6
                             0.4
                                          0.5
        -1.0
                   -0.5
                                                     1.0
                            -0.2
```

-0.4

```
In[47]:= ClearAll["Global`*"];
      Remove["Global`*"];
      f[x_, r_] := (1/5) + (7/10) * (1/(1 + Exp[80 * (1-x)])) - r * x^4
      (*Range for r values*)
      rValues = N[Range[0, 1, 1/1000]];
      interval1Points = \{\}; (*(-\infty,0)*)
      interval2Points = \{\}; (*(0,0.95)*)
      interval3Points = {}; (*(0.95,1.04)*)
      interval4Points = \{\}; (*(1.04,\infty)*)
      Do[solutions = NSolve[f[x, r] == 0, x, Reals];
        Do [point = \{r, x\} /. solution;
          If[point[2] < 0, AppendTo[interval1Points, point],</pre>
           If[0 ≤ point[2] < 0.95, AppendTo[interval2Points, point],</pre>
            If[0.95 < point[2] < 1.04, AppendTo[interval3Points, point],</pre>
              (*"Else""*)AppendTo[interval4Points, point]]]],
          {solution, solutions}], {r, rValues}];
      Show [
       ListPlot[interval1Points, PlotRange \rightarrow {{0, 1}, {-2, 2}},
         PlotStyle → {Red, Dashed}, Joined → True],
       ListPlot[interval2Points, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{0, 1\}, \{-2, 2\}\},\
        PlotStyle → {Red}, Joined → True], ListPlot[interval3Points,
        PlotRange \rightarrow {{0, 1}, {-2, 2}}, PlotStyle \rightarrow {Red, Dashed}, Joined \rightarrow True],
       ListPlot[interval4Points,
        PlotRange \rightarrow {{0, 1}, {-2, 2}}, PlotStyle \rightarrow {Red}, Joined \rightarrow True],
       Graphics[{
          {Black, Arrow[\{\{0.8, 1.5\}, \{0.749, 1.04\}\}],
           Text[Style["Saddle-Node", Black], {0.8, 1.6}]}, {Black,
           Arrow[{{0.2, 0.5}, {0.261, 0.95}}], Text[Style["Saddle Node", Black], {0.2, 0.4}]}
       AxesLabel → {"r", "x"}, PlotLabel → "Bifurcation Diagram"
      ]
```

