CS 4560

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PerlSquad

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Requirements

Overview:

- Game must effectively teach young students about biological biomes
- Be useful in our clients' graduate programs as a teaching tool of their own.

Use Cases & Actors:

Use Cases:

- Game: Young students will play the game, progressing through the biomes and learning along the way.
- Customization: Our clients and their graduate students will customize the game with content as an exercise for designing effective teaching tools.

Actors:

- Young Students: Those who actually play the game
- Clients & Grad Students: Customize the game as an exercise in their graduate programs, lead by our clients.

Narratives:

1. Use Case: Game

Participating Actors: Young Students

Pre-Condition:

- Game is pulled up in a web browser

Flow of Events:

- For each of the biomes
 - Students will peruse the "info screen," containing information regarding the temperature, animals, etc of each biome
 - Students will proceed after they have acquired the knowledge by pressing an "OK" button
 - They will participate in a "scroll game" where they are challenged to click the logical choice of animals as they scroll around the screen, based upon the knowledge gathered at the "info screen."
 - Student will receive feedback, play again, or go to the next biome.

Post-Condition:

- Student can play the whole game over or not, probably depending on the instruction of the supervising teacher
- 2. Use Case Name: Customization
 Participating Actors: Clients and Grad Students
 Pre-Condition:
 - Game pulled up in a web browser wit the start menu open Flow of Events:
 - Teacher will be able to graphically manipulate each biome to their liking or choose a manifest with changes implemented from a previous customization session.
 - (NOTE: The GUI of this feature is being developed, so the interactions here are hard to describe at the time of writing)

Post-Condition:

- The changes made by the user will be reflected in the game upon playing, and a manifest will be saved so that it may be chosen at a subsequent time.

Technology Stack

Technology/Libraries:

- CreateJS (http://www.createjs.com/) uses JavaScript and HTML5 Canvas
 - EaselJS (http://www.createjs.com/easeljs)
 - PreloadJS (http://www.createjs.com/preloadjs)
- Photoshop (http://www.adobe.com/Photoshop) image editing tool
- GIMP (https://www.gimp.org/) image editing tool

Descriptions:

- EaselJS Used to create simple graphics like lines and boxes for an HTML5 canvas.
- PreloadJS Used to manage and co-ordinate the loading of assets.
- Gimp/Photoshop Used to crop/scale image assets for game.

Discussion

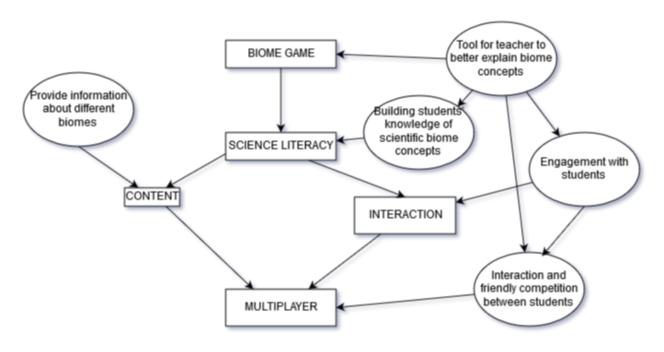
- 1. CreateJS was chosen because it was listed as one of the most popular choices for basic game design libraries. Also, it was well-documented and widely supported with multiple online demos. The libraries it contained simplified creating, filling, and updating stages with javascript.
- 2. Gimp/Photoshop were chosen because they provide methods to crop/resize and edit images used in-game.
- 3. Please see the folder "artifacts/rationale" in our master branch, which explains our decision more thoroughly.

Links:

- CreateJS: http://www.createjs.com/
- Gimp: https://www.gimp.org/
- Photoshop: http://www.adobe.com/Photoshop

Design

Purpose-Concept Map

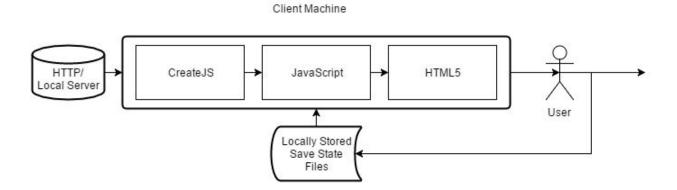


Purpose Concept Map: Rectangles = concepts, Ovals = Purposes

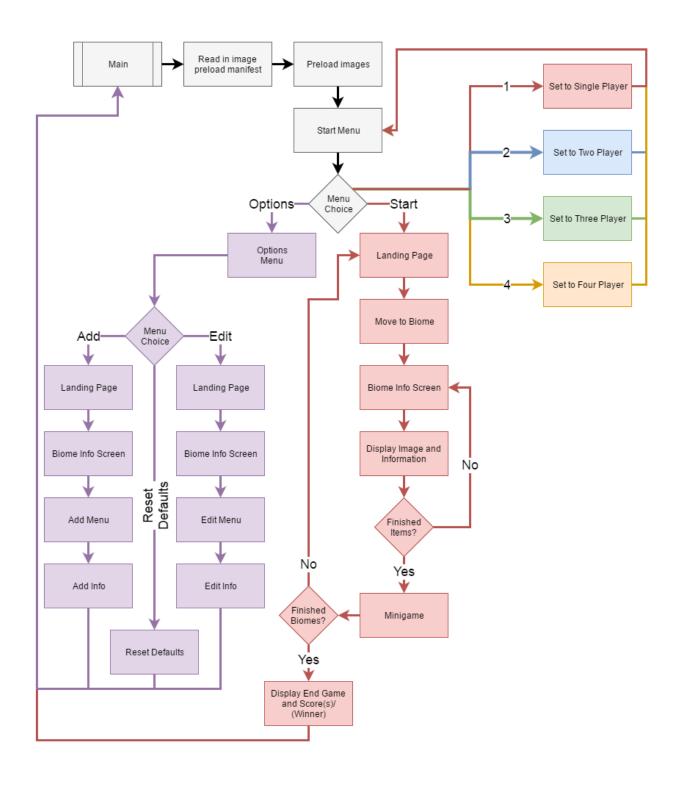
The goal is to build a fully functioning Biome Game. The game is designed for college students studying to teach middle school-aged and younger kids. Some of those college students might also take the game and use it in their classroom. It is

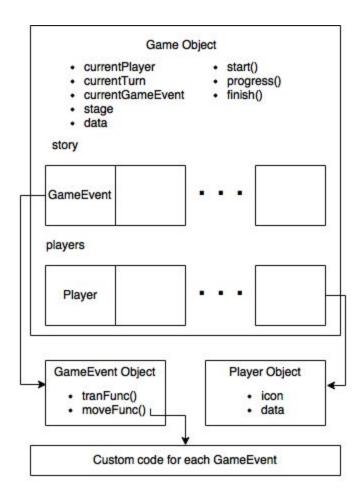
intended to promote education through gaming, while providing a fun-filled, competitive and interactive experience.

System Architecture



The game can be run on an HTTP web server or locally. Once the game starts running, the user will have the option to edit the game objects. Once the user hits "Start", the game will retrieve the images/item descriptions from their respective files and start the game. A frontend website could potentially be added in the future to host the game as well, but for now, it will just run locally.





While the CreateJS libraries and the HTML5 Canvas provide a graphical platform, we needed some sort of game engine to provide core game constructs. These include abstractions for common game elements such as "players" and "turns," as well as a means to progress through the game from start to finish.

The above image is a simplified model of the game engine architecture.

Starting from the top, we see that the Game object provides what is intuitively a context for what is happening at any point in the game. It provides members and functions to retrieve information such as the current turn, active player, game

progress and more. It also provides functions to manipulate the context of the game, such as those used to move a player forward or go to the next turn. Although Javascript is a prototyped language, meaning new members and functions can be added to the Game object at runtime to add additional details about the game's context, it still offers the data object as a generic container for more game information.

The Game object also maintains an array of Player objects proportional to the amount of students playing. References to specific players may be retrieved such that the player's score or other information may be associated with them at runtime. Furthermore, if the player is graphically represented in the game, a reference to their EaselJS Shape object is available for manipulation.

Most importantly, the Game object maintains a list of GameEvent objects. It is through this that the game engine provides facilities for a deterministic linear story game. Each GameEvent has two members, tranFunc() and actionFunc(). The game engine starts with the first GameEvent in the array, executes its two members functions and moves onto the next GameEvent until there are no more. At which point, Game.finish() is called to wrap up any loose ends. Game.start() is also available to put any code that needs to be executed before the first GameEvent. The tranFunc() and actionFunc() members of each GameEvent point to custom

code that constitutes the actual story of the game. The tranFunc() member usually contains code that segues from one portion of the game to another, whether that be in a graphical or loading sense. The actionFunc() member contains what actually happens, including functions for handling user input, rendering the UI, and anything else.

Implementation Notes

To code a new portion of a game, create an object in its own file containing everything needed to facilitate the portion of the game. If data needs to be saved for a later GameEvent, store it in game.data. It is assumed a Game object named "game" is in scope at the time of execution. Then, add a GameEvent object to the Game object by adding code to it's loadStory() method as shown below. The only requirement in the code is the actionFunc() member must eventually call game.progress() to move onto the next GameEvent at some point.

```
// Assign different code to different GameEvents
story[0] = new GameEvent(this.transition, this.startMenu);
story[1] = new GameEvent(this.transition, this.singleClick);
story[2] = new GameEvent(this.transition, this.scavHunt);
story[3] = new GameEvent(this.transition, this.singleClick);
story[4] = new GameEvent(this.transition, this.scavHunt);
```

Known Issues

- Certain browsers don't play nicely with HTML5/Javascript (Firefox seems to work best so far).
- Even on Firefox, however, sometimes the javascript portions won't run on the first loading of the page, and the page must be refreshed
- The game is currently unfinished. There is no multiplayer aspect, no customizability, and the game only runs through one biome.
- There are also issues with images loading. We had hoped to fix that with preloading, but did not have enough time to get to it.

Links

Github: https://github.com/Sagerune/PerlSquad

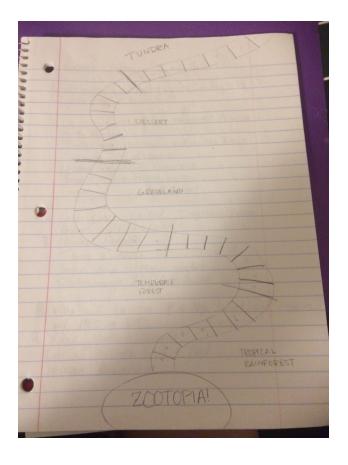
CreateJS: http://www.createjs.com/

EaseIJS: http://www.createjs.com/easeljs

PreloadJS: http://www.createjs.com/preloadjs
Photoshop: http://www.adobe.com/photoshop

Gimp: https://www.gimp.org/

Appendix



The image above is a rough sketch that was provided by our student clients, demonstrating the appearance and flow of their board game in an attempt to inspire ideas for our web-based game. Directly below is a summary/explanation of the sketch and some of the game rules provided by one of the clients.



This is a super rough sketch for our board. Basically it's just winding around the biomes. We have 7 big things that will work across the biomes: precipitation, average temperature, latitude, growth season (or example of plant life) and small, medium, and large examples of animal life. They are going to roll a die and each space will have a tab with some graphic indicating which of the seven things that space will have information on. So a paw print for the animals, a thermometer for the temp, rain drop for precipitation, etc. They'll flip the tab over, and it'll say something like "in the tundra one of the largest predators is a polar bear" or some other fun fact. We'll have a baggies with different pictures and they'll be asked to take the picture of the polar bear and add it to the tundra so they will build the biome as they go. Ideally we'll have 4 players for now, but it could really work with 1-4. Preferably at least 2.

==Project Info:

To develop a fun game that engages the player with science concepts, processes, and practices related to Biomes and integrates literacy specific functions.

Here are some useful links about Biomes:

http://www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/glossary/gloss5/biome/

http://kids.nceas.ucsb.edu/biomes/

http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/Experiments/Biome/

http://www.geo.arizona.edu/Antevs/biomes/

Suggested game engine for kids: Scratch: https://scratch.mit.edu/

Above are some resources provided by Dr.Liu and/or the clients for more information regarding the project and its concepts.