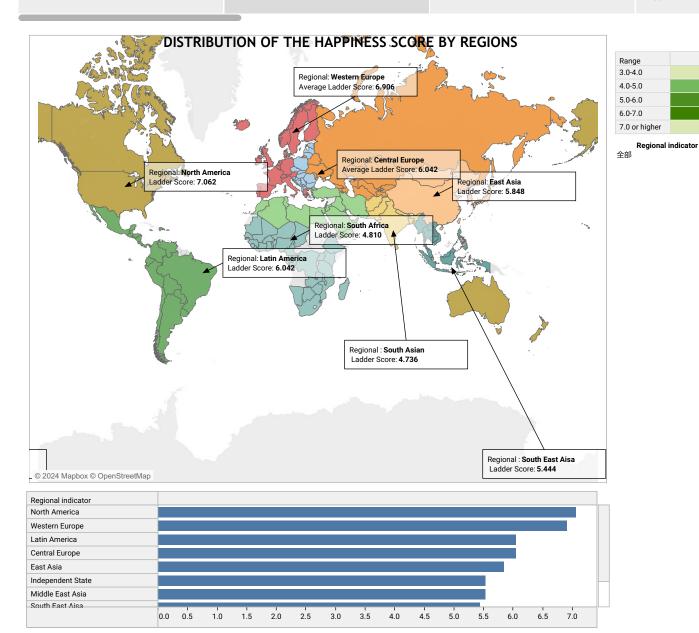
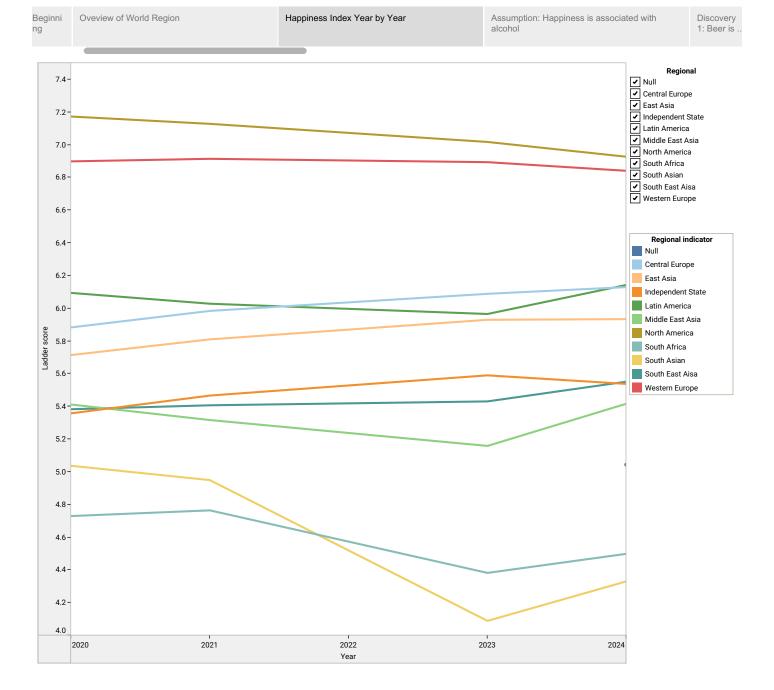
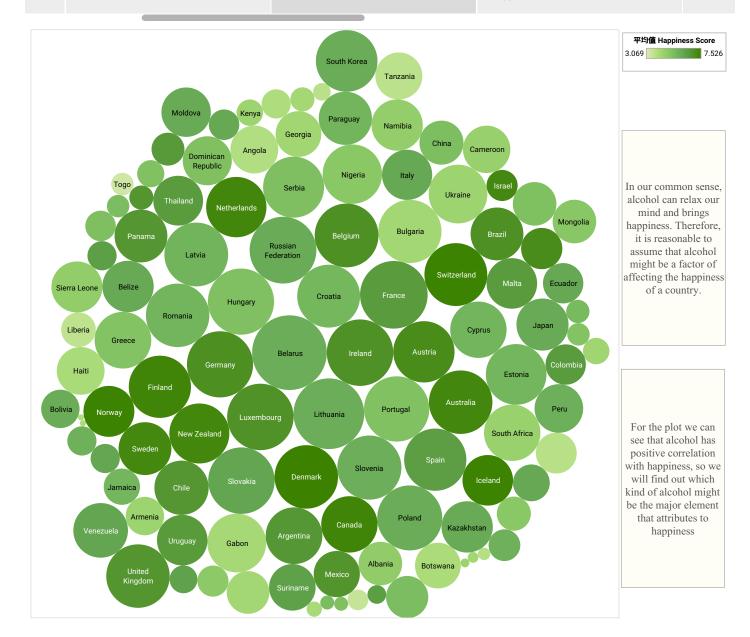
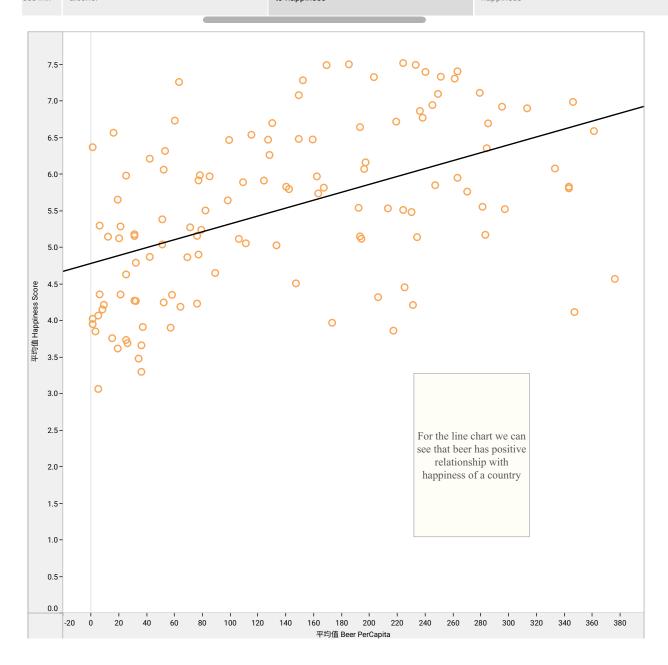


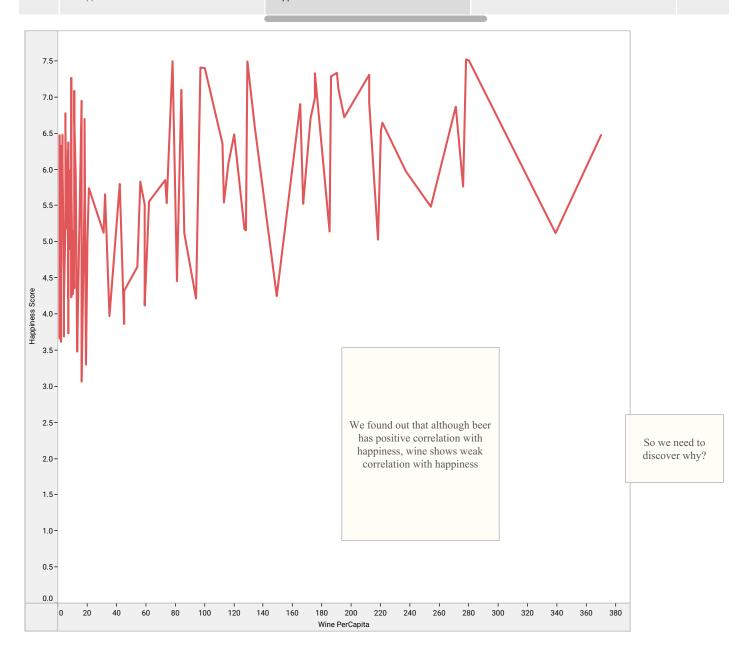
11











Wine Average Servings Country1 France Portugal 339.0 312.0 Andorra Switzerland 280.0 Denmark Slovenia Luxembourg Croatia 237.0 Italy Equatorial Guinea 233.0 221.0 Argentina 220.0 Uruguay Greece 218.0 Australia 212.0 Belgium 212.0 195.0 United Kingdom Austria 191.0 190.0 Netherlands 186.0 Sweden Hungary 185.0 175.0 Germany New Zealand 175.0 Chile 172.0 Romania 167.0 Ireland 165.0 Georgia 149.0 Sao Tome & Principe 140.0 Czech Republic 134.0 129.0 Norway 128.0 Montenegro Serbia 127.0 Laos 123.0 Malta 120.0 Slovakia 116.0 113.0 Cyprus 112.0 Spain 100.0 Canada Finland 97.0 Bulgaria 94.0

Macedonia

86.0

Beer Average Servings	
Country1	
Namibia	376.0
Czech Republic	361.0
Gabon	347.0
Germany	346.0
Lithuania	343.0
Poland	343.0
Venezuela	333.0
Ireland	313.0
Palau	306.0
Romania	297.0
Belgium	295.0
Panama	285.0
Spain	284.0
Serbia	283.0
Latvia	281.0
Austria	279.0
Slovenia	270.0
Belize	263.0
Finland	263.0
Australia	261.0
Netherlands	251.0
USA	249.0
Russian Federation	247.0
Andorra	245.0
Brazil	245.0
Canada	240.0
Mexico	238.0
Luxembourg	236.0
Hungary	234.0
Iceland	233.0
Bulgaria	231.0
Croatia	230.0
South Africa	225.0
Denmark	224.0
Estonia	224.0
United Kingdom	219.0
Angola	217.0
Paraguay	213.0
Ukraine	206.0
New Zealand	203.0



By comparing the Wine and Beer average serving, we can acquire that the consumption on Beer is way larger than Wine's.

As the consumption on beer is larger, more jobs will be available for residents. Therefore, the happiness of a country might be higher.

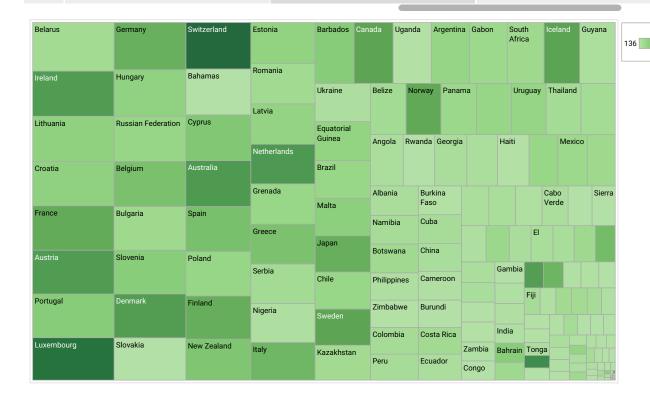
Further Proof 1: GDP shows positive correlation with Alcoholc servings

Further Proof 2: GDP shows positive correlation with Happiness score

GDP & Social Su..

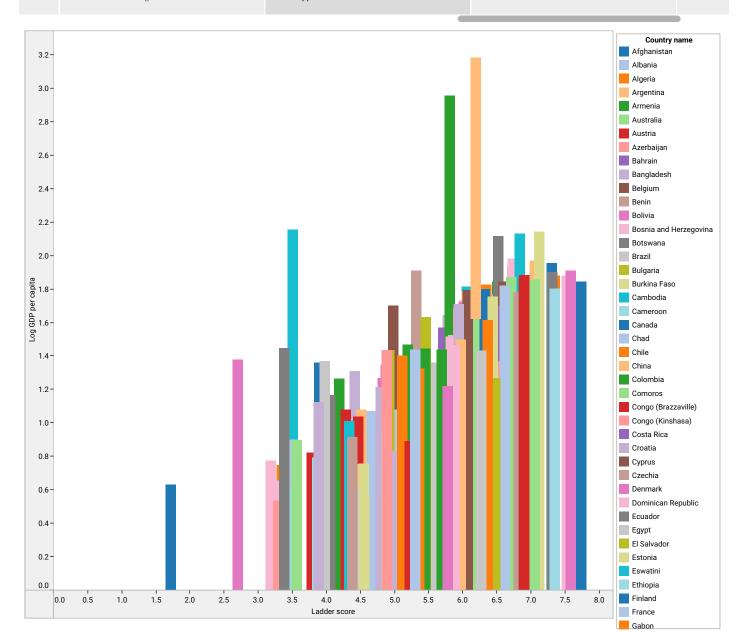
57,363

平均值 GDP

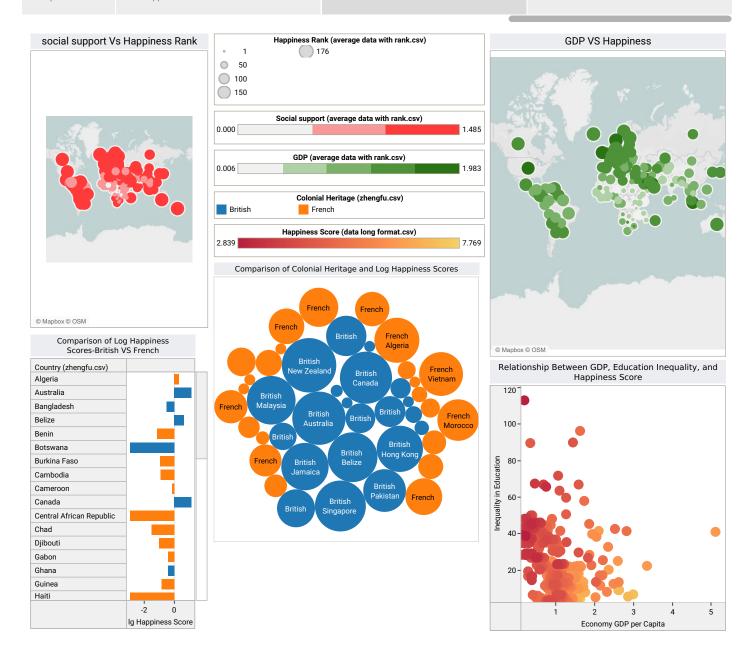


Obviously from the plot we can see that the average GDP of countries has positive correlation with Alcohol serving, which proved that the consumption of Alcohol indeed provided some jobs to bring GDP for a country

However, we can see that this is not a strong positive correlation. That is because GDP is also affected by other elements.



: GDP Further Proof 2: GDP shows positive correlation corre.. with Happiness score



GDP&education inequality&health

