Estimating species richness from inventory plots

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1 Data

Simulate a spatialized community. Parameters:

```
library("SpatDiv")
window_size <- 2000
thomas_scale <- window_size/10
thomas_mu <- 10
unit_name <- c("meter", "meters")
trees_n_per_area <- 500/10000
species_n <- 500</pre>
```

Build the community:

```
library("spatstat")
rSpCommunity(n = 1, size = window_size^2 * trees_n_per_area,
   S = species_n, Spatial = "Thomas", scale = thomas_scale,
   mu = thomas_mu, win = square(r = window_size, unitname = unit_name)) ->
   spCommunity
# Number of trees
spCommunity$n
```

[1] 198863

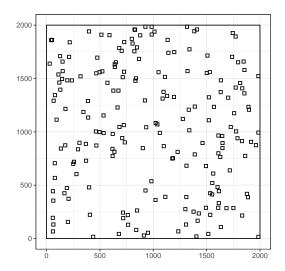
Plot parameters

```
# Plot side length
side_length <- 30
# Number of plots
plots_n <- 200</pre>
```

Build the plots

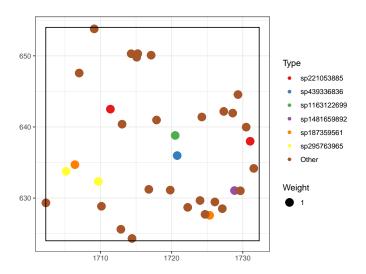
```
# Draw random plots
X_0 <- runif(plots_n, max = window_size)
Y_0 <- runif(plots_n, max = window_size)
# List of windows
plots_windows <- solapply(seq_along(X_0), function(i) owin(xrange = c(X_0[i], X_0[i] + side_length), yrange = c(Y_0[i], Y_0[i] + side_length), unitname = unit_name))
# Coordinates of the plots in a dataframe
plots_coords <- data.frame(Plot = seq_len(plots_n),
    X = X_0, Y = Y_0)</pre>
```

Draw the plots



Draw the first plot

```
plot_to_draw <- plots_windows[[1]]
library("dbmss")
autoplot(spCommunity[plot_to_draw])</pre>
```



2 Inventory

Inventory of a plot

Sample the plots

```
# Initialize a dataframe with factors
plots_inventory <- data.frame()
# Inventory
for (i in seq_len(plots_n)) {
    plot_inventory <- data.frame(Plot = i, Tree = spCommunity$marks$PointType[plot_trees(spCommunity, side_length, X_0[i], Y_0[i])])
    plots_inventory <- rbind(plots_inventory, plot_inventory)
}
# Transform the inventory into an abundance table
plots_inventory %>%
    group_by(Plot, Tree) %>%
    summarise(Abundance = n()) %>%
    pivot_wider(names_from = Tree, values_from = Abundance, values_fill = 0) -> plots_abundances
```

3 Agregate

Group plots in a grid

Estimate total richness according to the size

```
richness_gridded <- function(abundances, plots, grid_size,</pre>
    x_{min} = 0, x_{max} = 1, y_{min} = 0, y_{max} = 1)
    grid_x <- seq(x_min, x_max, by = grid_size)
grid_y <- seq(y_min, y_max, by = grid_size)</pre>
    plots_gridded <- cbind(plots["Plot"], group_plots(plots,</pre>
        grid_x, grid_y))
     abundances %>%
         group_by(Plot) %>%
         summarise_all(sum) %>%
         inner_join(plots_gridded) %>%
         select(-Plot) %>%
         group_by(x_grid, y_grid) %>%
         summarise_all(sum) -> plots_aggregated
    occurences <- apply(plots_aggregated[, -(1:2)],
        2, function(x) sum(x > 0))
    n <- nrow(plots_aggregated)</pre>
    s_obs <- sum(occurences > 0)
    s_1 <- sum(occurences == 1)</pre>
    s_2 <- sum(occurences == 2)
    s_{chao} < -ifelse(s_2 > 0, s_{obs} + (n - 1) * s_1^2/2/n/s_2, s_{obs} + (n - 1) * s_1 * (s_1 - 1)/2/n
    return(s_chao2)
```

Estimate the number of species with a 4-cell grid:

[1] 489.3365

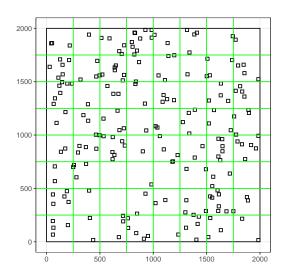
Sensibility to the grid size

```
sapply(1:5, function(n) richness_gridded(plots_abundances,
    plots_coords, window_size/2^n))
```

[1] 481 481 481 481 481

Plot the smallest grid size

```
grid_interval <- window_size/2^3
grid_seq <- seq(grid_interval, window_size * 0.9999,
    by = grid_interval)
gg_plots + geom_hline(yintercept = grid_seq, col = "green") +
    geom_vline(xintercept = grid_seq, col = "green")</pre>
```



Compare with the estimation of richness from abundance data:

```
Richness(colSums(plots_abundances[, -1]))
```

```
## Jackknife 1
## 501
```