

How many tree species in French Guiana Tropical Moist Forest?

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Abstract

Abstract of the article.

1 Introduction

2 Methods

Self-similarity (Harte, Kinzig, and Green, Harte et al.; Harte, Mccarthy, Taylor, Kinzig, and Fischer, Harte et al.).

Estimation of the richness of an Indian forest (Krishnamani, Kumar, and Harte, Krishnamani et al.).

2.1 Data

```
# Decrypt the vault
library("secret") %>%
  suppressMessages()
name_project <- "GF-Richness"
vault <- "vault"
Sys.setenv(USER_KEY = usethis::proj_path(paste0(name_project,
  ".rsa")))
Plots <- get_secret("Plots", vault = vault)
Abundances <- get_secret("Abundances", vault = vault)
```

3 Results

3.1 Plots

3.2 Random plot

One plot per location

```
# One plot per location...
Plots %>%
  mutate(Random = runif(n())) -> RandomizedPlots
RandomizedPlots %>%
  group_by(Location) %>%
  summarize(MaxRandom = max(Random)) %>%
  rename(Random = MaxRandom) %>%
  inner_join(RandomizedPlots) %>%
  select(Plot) -> SelectedPlots
```

```
## Joining, by = c("Location", "Random")
```

```
# ...or all plots SelectedPlots <- Plots['Plot']
# Distances
library("dbmss") %>%
  suppressMessages()
Plots %>%
  inner_join(SelectedPlots) %>%
  rename(PointName = Plot, X = X_UTM, Y = Y_UTM,
         PointType = Location) %>%
  mutate(PointWeight = 1) %>%
  wmpvp(unitname = c("meter", "meters")) %>%
  pairdist() %>%
  as.dist -> Distances
```

```
## Joining, by = "Plot"
```

3.3 Sorensen

```
library("ade4") %>%
  suppressMessages()
Abundances %>%
  inner_join(SelectedPlots) %>%
  select(-Plot) %>%
  dist.binary(method = 5) -> Sorensen
```

```
## Joining, by = "Plot"
```

```
Sorensen <- 1 - Sorensen
```

3.4 Relation

```
tibble(Sorensen = as.numeric(log10(Sorensen)), Distance = as.numeric(log10(Distances))) %>%
  filter(Distance > 3) -> dist_plots
lm(Sorensen ~ Distance, data = dist_plots) -> regression
regression %>%
  summary()
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Sorensen ~ Distance, data = dist_plots)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.02518 -0.09879  0.02880  0.15867  0.29373
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.27000    0.20849   1.295   0.197
```

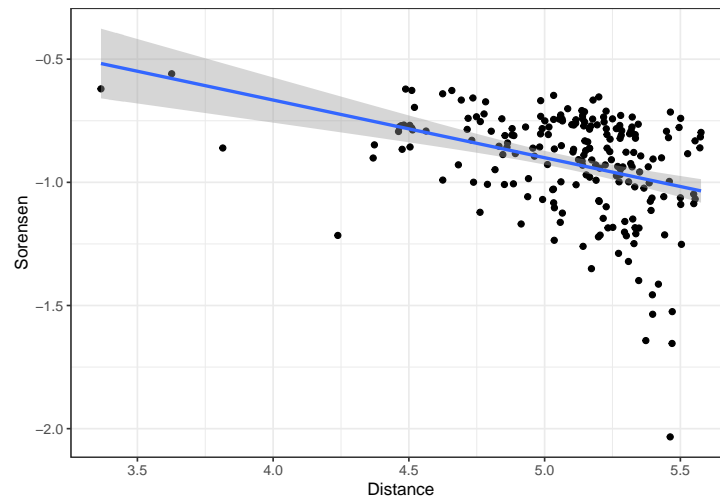
```
## Distance      -0.23400    0.04088   -5.723 3.63e-08
##
## (Intercept)
## Distance      ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:
## 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1985 on 207 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1366, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1325
## F-statistic: 32.76 on 1 and 207 DF,  p-value: 3.63e-08
```

```
(~regression$coefficients[2]/2 -> z)
```

```
## Distance
## 0.1170003
```

```
dist_plots %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Distance, y = Sorensen)) + geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = lm)
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
```



Bootstrap

```
library("broom")
estimate_z <- function() {
  # Select one plot per location...
  Plots %>%
    mutate(Random = runif(n())) -> RandomizedPlots
  RandomizedPlots %>%
    group_by(Location) %>%
    summarize(MaxRandom = max(Random)) %>%
    rename(Random = MaxRandom) %>%
    inner_join(RandomizedPlots) %>%
    suppressMessages %>%
    select(Plot) -> SelectedPlots
  # Calculate distances
  Plots %>%
```

```

    inner_join(SelectedPlots) %>%
    suppressMessages %>%
    rename(PointName = Plot, X = X_UTM, Y = Y_UTM,
           PointType = Location) %>%
    mutate(PointWeight = 1) %>%
    wmpmp(单位名称 = c("meter", "meters")) %>%
    suppressWarnings %>%
    pairdist() %>%
    as.dist -> Distances
  # Calculate Sorensen divergence
  Abundances %>%
    inner_join(SelectedPlots) %>%
    suppressMessages %>%
    select(-Plot) %>%
    dist.binary(method = 5) -> Sorensen
  Sorensen <- 1 - Sorensen
  # Regress
  tibble(Sorensen = as.numeric(log10(Sorensen)),
         Distance = as.numeric(log10(Distances))) %>%
    dplyr::filter(Distance > 3) %>%
    lm(Sorensen ~ Distance, data = .) %>%
    tidy %>%
    dplyr::filter(term == "Distance") %>%
    select(estimate) %>%
    pull -> z
  z <- -z/2
  return(z)
}
n_simulations <- 100
pgb <- txtProgressBar(min = 0, max = n_simulations)
sim_z <- rep(0, n_simulations)
for (i in 1:n_simulations) {
  sim_z[i] <- estimate_z()
  setTxtProgressBar(pgb, i)
}

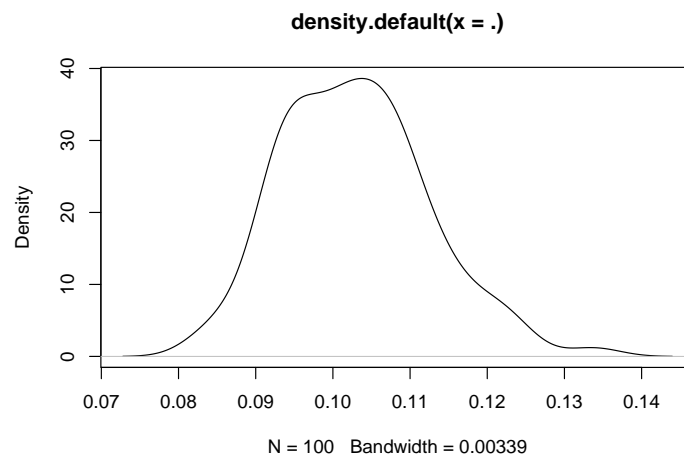
```

```
## =====
```

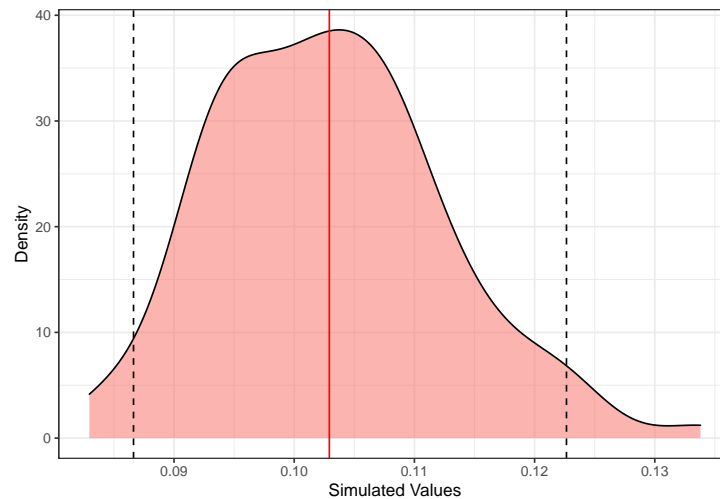
```

sim_z %>%
  density %>%
  plot

```



```
entropart::as.SimTest(mean(sim_z), sim_z) %>%
  autoplot
```



3.5 Extrapolation

```
# Extrapolation de Paracou : .625km², 604 sp >
# c=631
(c <- 600/0.625^z)
```

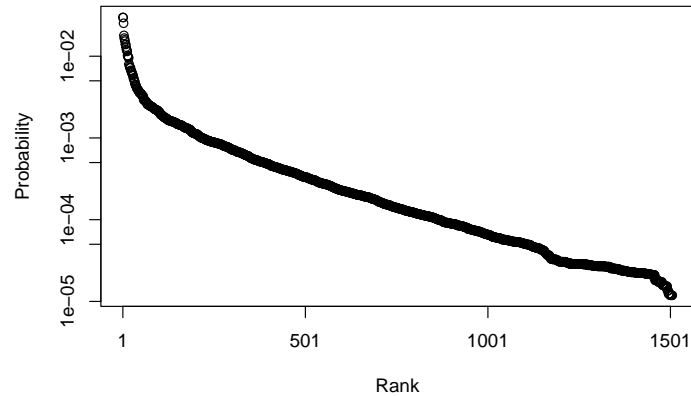
```
## Distance
## 633.9184
```

```
# Nombre d'espèces total
(spsim <- c * 80000^z)
```

```
## Distance
## 2375.18
```

3.6 Fisher

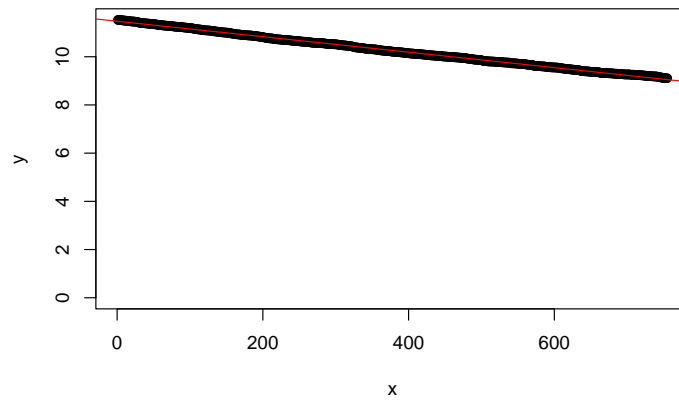
```
# Nombre d'arbres
Ntrees <- 8 * 10^6 * mean(colSums(Abundances[, -1]))
# Taux de couverture par placette
library("entropart") %>%
  suppressMessages()
C <- apply(Abundances[, -1], 1, function(X) Coverage(X))
# Distribution de probabilités, corrigée par les
# taux de couverture
ObsProba <- C %*% as.matrix(Abundances[, -1]/rowSums(Abundances[,
-1]))/nrow(Abundances)
plot(as.ProbaVector(ObsProba))
```



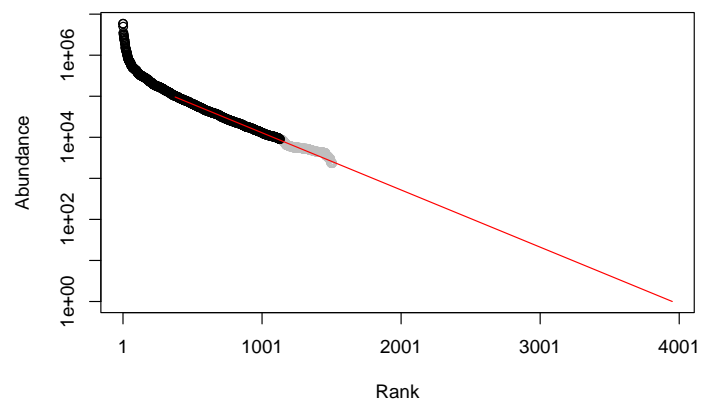
```
# Abundances
EstimatedAbd <- as.AbdVector(round(ObsProba * Ntrees,
0))
# 50% centraux
EA50 <- as.AbdVector(sort(EstimatedAbd, decreasing = T)[round(length(EstimatedAbd)/4):round(length(EstimatedAbd) *
3/4)])
x <- 1:length(EA50)
y <- as.numeric(log(EA50))
# Régression rang-abondance sur la partie
# rectiligne de la courbe
EA50lm <- lm(y ~ x)
# Nombre d'espèces extrapolé
NbSpecies <- round(-EA50lm$coefficients[1]/EA50lm$coefficients[2]) +
round(length(EstimatedAbd)/4) - 1
# Régression de la partie rectiligne
plot(y ~ x, ylim = c(0, max(y)))
summary(EA50lm)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.050607 -0.026011 -0.004327  0.017631  0.084264
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  1.147e+01  2.303e-03  4981.6
## x           -3.208e-03  5.278e-06  -607.8
##              Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  <2e-16 ***
## x           <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:
##  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.03161 on 753 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.998, Adjusted R-squared:  0.998
## F-statistic: 3.694e+05 on 1 and 753 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
abline(a = EA50lm$coefficients[1], b = EA50lm$coefficients[2],
       col = "red")
```



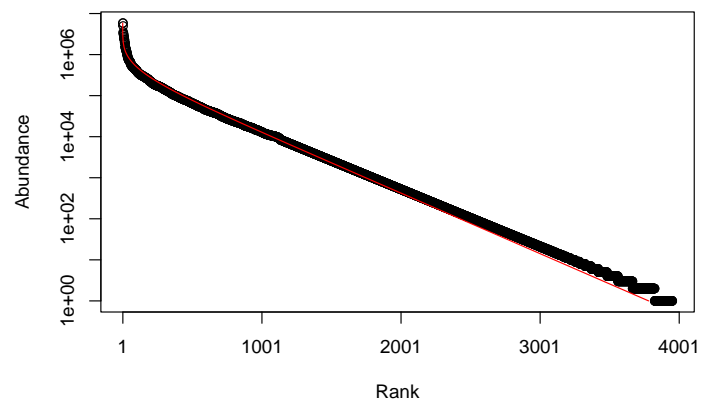
```
# Metacommunauté complète: partie observée
EA75 <- sort(EstimatedAbd, decreasing = T)[1:round(length(EstimatedAbd) *
3/4)]
plot(EstimatedAbd, ylim = c(1, max(EA75)), xlim = c(0,
NbSpecies), col = "grey")
points(EA75, ylim = c(1, max(EA75)), xlim = c(0, -EA50lm$coefficients[1]/EA50lm$coefficients[2]))
Extra <- exp(EA50lm$coefficients[1]) * cumprod(rep(exp(EA50lm$coefficients[2]),
NbSpecies - round(length(EstimatedAbd)/4) + 1))
lines(x = round(length(EstimatedAbd)/4):NbSpecies,
      y = Extra, col = "red")
```



```
# Vérification : effectif total
(Ntotal <- sum(EA75) + sum(Extra[(length(EA75) - NbSpecies +
  length(Extra) + 1):length(Extra)]))
```

```
## [1] 197186462
```

```
# Ajustement d'une log-série
plot(as.AbdVector(round(c(EA75, Extra[(length(EA75) -
  NbSpecies + length(Extra) + 1):length(Extra)]))),
  Distribution = "lseries")
```



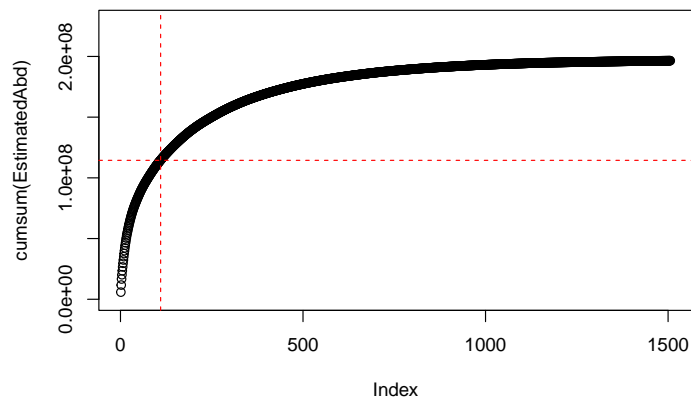
```
## $alpha
## [1] 294.5374
```

```
# Nombre d'espèces estimées
NbSpecies
```

```
## (Intercept)
## 3951
```

3.7 Hyperdominance

```
# Hyperdominance
EstimatedAbd <- sort(round(ObsProba * Ntrees, 0), decreasing = TRUE)
plot(cumsum(EstimatedAbd), ylim = c(0, Ntrees))
abline(h = Ntrees/2, lty = 2, col = "red")
hdSpecies <- min(which(cumsum(EstimatedAbd) > Ntrees/2))
abline(v = hdSpecies, lty = 2, col = "red")
```

References

- Harte, J., A. Kinzig, and J. Green. Self-similarity in the distribution and abundance of species. *284*(5412), 334–336.
- Harte, J., S. McCarthy, K. Taylor, A. Kinzig, and M. L. Fischer. Estimating species-area relationships from scale plot to landscape data using species spatial-turnover. *86*(1), 45–54.
- Krishnamani, R., A. Kumar, and J. Harte. Estimating species richness at large spatial scales using data from small discrete plots. *27*(5), 637–642.