COMM302 – Launching new ventures Dr Nuša Fain LL150 nusa.fain@queensu.ca

Today's session

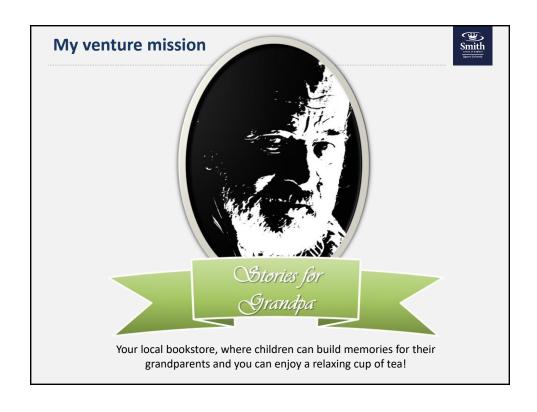


- Course introduction
- Assignment details
- Deadlines
- Q&A
- Introduction to entrepreneurship, launching new ventures and what you bring to the table

Who am I?



- Worked in marketing and innovation for the past 15 years specializing in corporate intrapreneurship and R&D.
- Was the head of Innovation and Entrepreneurship Strategic Theme and the MSc Program Director for Innovation and Marketing Management at University of Strathclyde, Glasgow, UK.
- Supported 12 Scottish organizations in developing and entrepreneurial mindset and implementing open innovation.
- SCRUM Master and Design Thinker



Your additional point of contact for COMM302



Teaching Assistant

Anne O'Neill

Email (preferred method of contact): 18aeon@queensu.ca
Office Hours by Appointment

Anne will be with us in most sessions, so don't hesitate to ask her questions as well.

What about you?



- Why are you here?
- Are you and entrepreneur?
- How strong is your current entrepreneurial mindset?
- Do you have your own venture and/or are you thinking of starting one? If you have a business idea, are you willing to build a team in class and work on it?
- How would you like to learn in this class?
- Anything else you want to tell me?

15 minutes

Our key course objectives



- To outline the key steps in the process of new venture creation and recognize the role of marketing in launching the venture
- To define and describe the different elements of a business plan and position the go-to market strategy within this plan
- To identify the product-market fit of a particular business proposition
- To apply the marketing mix concept to the process of launching new ventures
- To develop and design a launch strategy for a chosen business idea.

How will we do this?



- Interactive lectures and in-class development of the business idea and go-to market strategy
- Class presentations
- Guest lectures
- · Self-directed research and reading
- Individual assignments addressing key venture launch concepts

What will we do?



Date:	Topic
8.1.2019	Introduction to class and launching new ventures
15.1.2019	The business plan and its go-to market component
22.1.2019	Defining your business idea/venture *last week to drop the class
29.1.2019	Identifying the product-market fit
5.2.2019	Value proposition and Unit economics for your venture - key insights
12.2.2019	In-class presentations
19.2.2019	NO CLASS – reading week
26.2.2019	The marketing mix
5.3.2019	Building your pricing framework
12.3.2019	Integrated marketing communications
19.3.2019	Understanding your distribution channels
26.3.2019	Building your go-to market strategy and next steps
2.4.2019	Wrap-up pitches and celebrating success

Ground Rules



- The work in this class is for academic purposes only. The originator of the idea is the owner of the idea.
- All of the discussions within class and presentations are confidential and stay within the class.
- This is your starting point to launching new ventures. You will need to work on the business plan outside of class to fully develop all the aspects of launching a new venture!
- Supportive and safe environment. Creativity requires a non-judgmental atmosphere.
- Encourage all members of your team to participate. Often those with the best ideas are shy and do not get the opportunity to contribute fully.
- Share your insight be ready to contribute your own insights and experiences regarding entrepreneurship – It makes the class special!

Vour key textbook Use the book to build your business plan beyond the launch piece we cover in class All exercises are available online and help you build on your business idea www.macmillanihe.com/burns-nvc-2e PAUL BURNS PAUL BURNS

Attendance



- Use your name cards to record attendance and provide feedback on the course.
- If there is no card with your name currently available, please email me and I will arrange for one to be made for you.
- I will not penalize non-attendance, but your teammates will, as the majority of the work will be done in-class. We have two GRASP surveys in this term to hold you accountable.
- If you are just at the border of a grade bracket, the attendance record will decide, if the grade gets bumped or not.

Assessment



Group Assignment 50%

- In-class presentation of your value proposition for your customer 12th
 February 2019
- In-class presentation of your go-to market strategy 2nd April 2019

Individual assignment 50%

- Peer assessment of team work (GRASP) 9th April 2019
- 1-page infographic of the industry attractiveness and your key segment 5th
 February 2019 0
- IMC promotional piece for your product 19th March 2019 |
- A reflection on "What does it take to launch a new venture and do I want to do it?" 9th April 2019 20-



 Detailed guidelines on all assessments will be provided online next week!



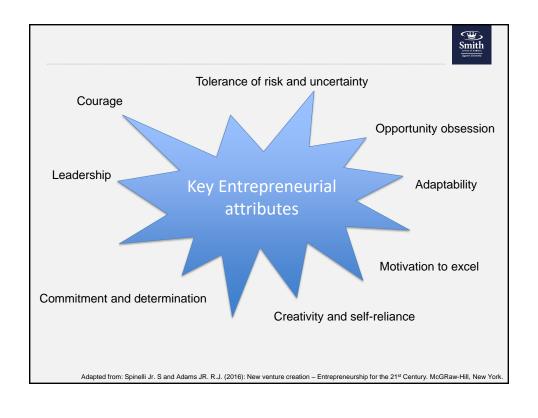


What is entrepreneurship to you and where do new ventures fit in ?

Who are entrepreneurs and what do they do?



- Entrepreneurs discover and/or create opportunities to create new value.
- Have or acquire the necessary resources.
- · Take action where others take no action.
- · Make and learn from mistakes.
- Are flexible and not fixed on one solution.



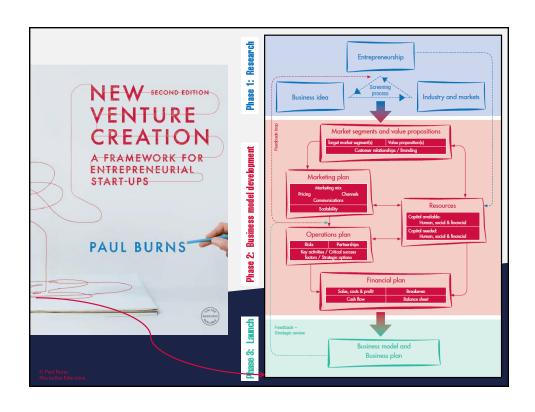
Myths and realities about Entrepreneurs

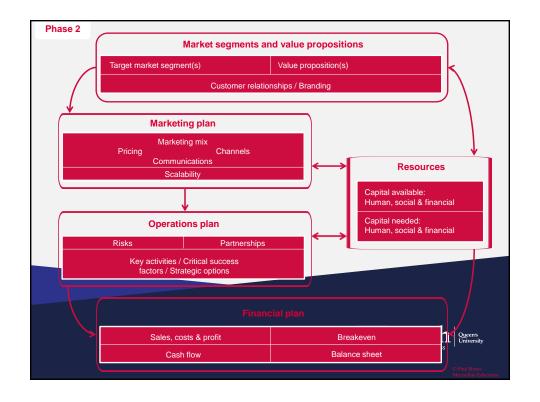


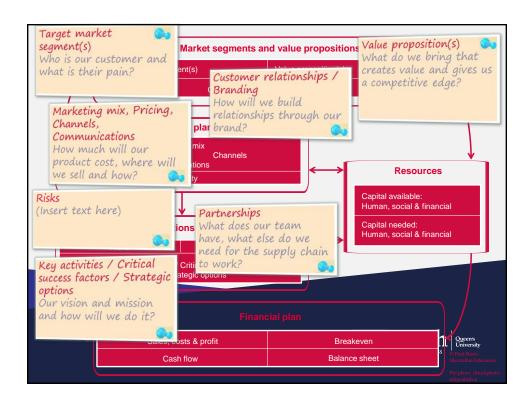
- Entrepreneurs are born, not made.
- Anyone can start a business.
- Entrepreneurs are gamblers.
- Entrepreneurs want the whole heme lives.
- Entrepreneurs are the independent
- Entrepreneurs w FALSE! nagers in big companies.
- Entrepreneurs e stress and pay a high price.
- Start a business and an and you will never raise money again.
- Money is the most important startup ingredient.
- Entrepreneurs should be young and energetic.
- Entrepreneurs are motivated only by dollar signs.

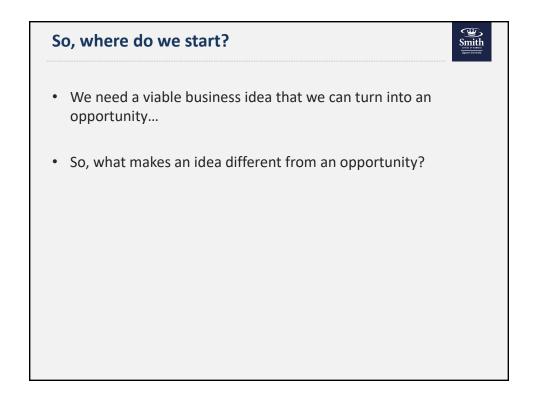
Adapted from: Spinelli Jr. S and Adams JR. R.J. (2016): New venture creation - Entrepreneurship for the 21st Century. McGRaw-Hill, New York











What is an opportunity?



- A new product
- A new service
- A new means of production
- A new way of distributing the product or service



- Or a radical improvement!
- Or new combinations!
- Or a hybrid of the above!





Opportunity Screening



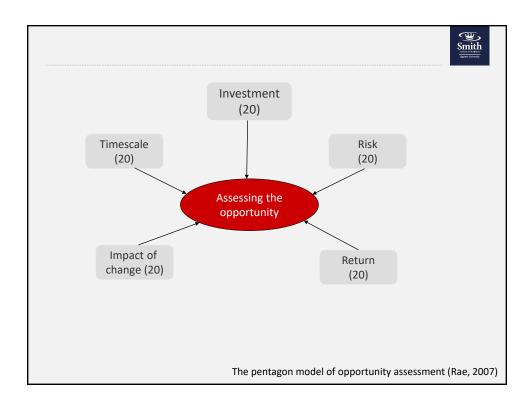
- · Purpose of opportunity screening is to
 - assemble all known information about the opportunity and
 - use it to investigate essential, strategic decisions
- Aims to
 - reduce risk of project failure
 - to ensure opportunity offers attractive rewards
- So, how do we screen opportunities?

Critical Screening Factors



- Reasons for perceived opportunity
 - solving a problem
 - meeting a need
- Market opportunity for business
 - size, value, duration
- Key market segments and customer groups
- Barriers to entry and protecting the opportunity

- Industry structure, driving forces and competition
- Routes to market and distribution channels
- Who may support or invest in the business
- Options, resources and key success factors
- Dynamic effects of change on the industry



Investment



- Resources are a key dimension of any opportunity. Key issues include:
 - How much is required and over what period? Is staged investment required?
 - What proportion of the entrepreneur's own resources does this represent and what additional resources are required?
 - If so, who will contribute them and on what terms?
 - What does the investment actually buy?
 - Is it tangible assets that have disposal value or it is intangible resources such as knowledge, information, expertise, networks, IPR?

Risk and uncertainty



- Essential to evaluate risks involved arising from uncertainty surrounding the opportunity. These may include:
 - Knowledge: Lack of information about market factors and likely demand
 - The economy: Fluctuations in macro-economic conditions such as market stability, currency exchange and interest rates
 - Technology: Will the technology work as planned?
 - Financial factors: Are the financial costings realistic and achievable?
 - Competition: How will they respond?
 - Customers: Will they buy and pay as expected?
 - Supply chain: Will supplier and distributors deliver as expected?
 - Human elements: Does the venture team have the management skills, experience, credibility and expertise to manage the venture?

Return and Value Added



- Also vital to assess the acceptability of the return which should take into account the following factors:
 - The amount invested: It may be acceptable to lose a small amount completely
 - Return in relation to risk: The higher the risk, the higher the return will normally be
 - Timescale over which return will come: Risk tends to increase further ahead in time
 - The form of return: e.g. As capital growth in the investment or as a flow of income
 - The exit strategy: e.g. As liquidation of assets, sale as a going concern, flotation, value anticipated and timescale
 - The size of return: What profits will be generated? What are the costs? What prices can be set? What will be the margin?

Impact of innovation and change

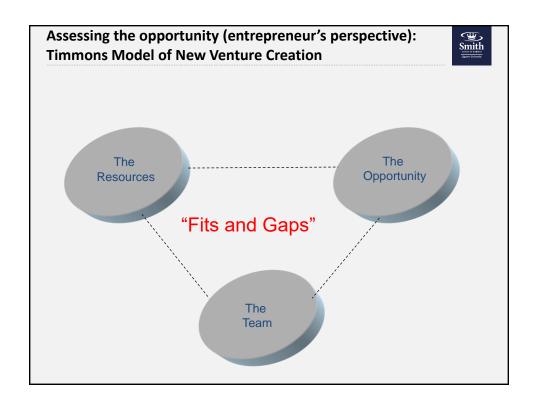


- Assessing the impact of change caused by the opportunity
 - to what extent will either drive and lead a change process?
- Strategic and disruptive innovations can reduce competitor's power and create new markets.
- The following key factors are vital to assess:
 - How far does the opportunity create or develop a new market, identify unmet demand, or meet customer requirements in a new way?
 - Does the opportunity apply innovation to offer customers new benefits or meet their needs more effectively?
 - Does the opportunity use a new distribution method to communicate and sell to customers?
 - Will the opportunity lead to significant change in the structure of the industry e.g. for competitors and suppliers?

Timescale



- The right timing is crucial in the viability of an opportunity.
- Creating an entirely new market or product can create high rewards but also high risks
- Some opportunities can be ahead of their time or take too long to establish customer acceptance.
- Key issues to consider include:
 - Is the timing of entry 'leading' the rest of the market, which may give an advantage but also require greater time and investment?
 - Is it entering the market at the same time as competitors, or trailing behind in a mature or declining market?
 - What is the duration of the opportunity from short to long term?
 - What is the lead time needed to enter the market?
 - When will the investment achieve a return?



Your job for the following weeks



- Find a team (5 people) you want to work with throughout this course you will do the team assignments and class exercises together!
 - If you can't find a team by the 22nd January, you will be assigned to a team in class.
- Identify and agree with your team a business idea you want to develop into a workable business case throughout this course.
 - If you can't think of one, we will develop one for you during the business idea/venture session in class – will you be passionate enough about it to deliver?
 - If you already have one that you are willing to share and develop, you will have a chance to pitch it in class on 22nd January and build a team around it email me for details regarding this.

Quick recap and next steps



- He aim is to have a very interactive class, with a fully developed go-to market strategy for your business idea as an outcome
- We can all learn to be entrepreneurs; it takes bravery, motivation, tolerance to risk and creativity to go from doing nothing to building up your venture!
- We will take a systematic approach based on Burns' new venture creation framework we will focus on the customer and the market aspect of this.
- Starting with identifying if an idea is an opportunity is key to successful venture creation.
- Next week: details of a business plan and where marketing fits in.

