EE 559 Project

Mathematical Pattern Recognition

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Abstract

This project is to use "German credit dataset" to develop classifiers can predict whether or not the applicant is a good credit risk. The approach to the best performance in this project is from various aspects of pattern recognition, including: conditioning the dataset, decreasing the feature space dimensionality, training different classifier and improving their performance. Finally, the best classifier with best result is selected, which is **QDA** (**Quadratic Bayes**) with **0.635** F1 score.

Methodology

In order to design a better pattern recognition system for the given "German credit dataset", The following approach is being applied:

- Investigating the given dataset for the dataset_1: To examine the data to explore is there any non-relevant feature to impair our system design, the data missing, and the distribution of different class samples.
- Preprocessing: Transform the given dataset_1 for the better use, including removing uninformative features, recasting non-numerical features to the form of reasonable numerical presentation/one-hot encoding, splitting different class samples for acquiring training/test dataset. Also data normalization is applied in order to construct more reliable classifier.
- Feature selection: Some techniques are being applied to given dataset_1 to select which features from original feature set are more influential to our pattern system design, in order to reduce the load of computation and acquire a better performance, and help us to understand the causal relationship between features and classes.
- Classification: Using different types of classifier to be trained, test the performance by different selected features, including using one-pass technique or cross-validation to test system performance, searching best parameter through cross-validation, for given dataset 1.

Preprocessing

It is noticeable the first feature in the given dataset_1 is just a index for identifying different applicant, which is non-relevant(trivial) to our pattern system design. For this reason, the first feature is discarded. Second, there are some categorical features which have natural order, as shown below:

| categorical features with natural order | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------------|--|
| Feature | Original data | Data after recasting | |
| Saving Account/ | rich | 5 | |
| Checking Account | quite rich | 4 | |
| | moderate | 3 | |
| | little | 2 | |
| | NA | 1 | |

At the beginning, the mean of CheckingAccount/SavingAccount js applied to present "NA" However, after the test of QDA classifier, which has the best performance in this project, it is noticeable using "1" to present "NA" has better performance.

However, there are some features do not have natural order in the dataset_1. The technique of "One-Hot Encoding" was applied to these features, as we see below:

| categorical features without natural order (One-Hot Encoding is applied) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Feature | Original data Data after one-hot encoding | | | |
| Sex | male [0 1] | | | |
| | female [1 0] | | | |

| Housing | own | [1 0 0] |
|---------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | rent | [0 1 0] |
| | free | [0 0 1] |
| Purpose | business | [1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0] |
| | education | [0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0] |
| | car | [0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0] |
| | vacation/others | [0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0] |
| | furniture/equipment | [0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0] |
| | domestic appliances | [0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0] |
| | radio/TV | [0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0] |
| | repairs | [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1] |

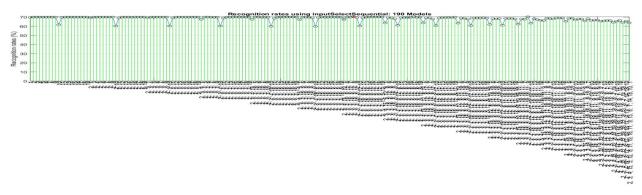
Feature Selection:

<ee559 pro fs.m>

For reducing the computation and acquire a pattern system with higher performance, a feature selection technique is applied, which is "Sequential Forward Selection using Heuristic method."

- K-NN Classifier is used with combination of leave-one-out test for performance estimation.
- First, normalize the dataset and select one feature with highest classification rate.
- Then, select other feature from unselected feature set combining with selected features which gives the highest classification rate. Repeat this process.
- Get the reduced feature space which gives the highest classification rate.
- The selected features after "SFS" is: 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12, 15, with classification rate of 70.5%.
- A effective system can be achieved by reducing 63.2% amount of total features.
- Function "inputSelectSequential" in "MLT" toolbox is applied.
 (Available on: https://mirlab.org/jang/matlab/toolbox/machineLearning/)

• The main purpose for feature selection here is for reducing computation load instead of acquiring a better performance because the amount of samples is greater than rule of thumb: 3 to 10 times degree of freedom (90). The situation of overfitting is with less probability to happen. Although one-hot encoding is applied to expand the original feature space, it is predictable the performance will probably be impaired after applying selected features to some classifiers compared with using all features.



Observation:

As we can see from above figure, it is noticeable that the classification rate drops whenever feature 10 (credit amount) is selected. There are two possible reasons: First, as we can see in the original dataset_1, the range of this feature is from 250 to 18424. The feature with wide-range values compared to other feature values will dominate Euclidean distance, more or less affect the system performance. However, before the "SFS" applied here, data normalization has been applied. In other words, the drop of classification rate with feature 10 (credit amount) selected is not because of the wide-range values. It is the natural result by choosing this feature.

Classification

(1) K-NN classifier:

<ee559_project_fea_last_KNN.m>

- All features in dataset_1 is applied to train the classifier and test the performance, except first feature, which is index number identifying applicants.
- Train the classifier with/without data normalization of zero-mean, variance of one.
- Randomly set aside 20% amount of data to serve as test dataset.
- Using 20-folds cross validation in training dataset to <u>find best parameter k</u>.

- Using test data set to estimate the system performance (One-Pass Estimation).
- Using <u>10-folds cross validation</u> (subject to <u>constrain</u> that the percentage of samples in each class is unchanged in each subset: 70% from class 1; 30% from class 2) ,<u>20 times</u> with best parameter k we found above, to estimate system performance in order to get a more robust estimation of performance.
- Calculating the F1 score.
- Build-in Matlab Function "fitcknn()" is applied.
- Result:

| K-Nearest Neighbor Classifier: Normalized Dataset_1 (Best Parameter k=19) | | | |
|---|--|----------|--|
| Classification Accuracy (One-Pass Estimation) | Classification Accuracy (Cross-Validation with 10 folds, with constraints, 20 times) | F1 score | |
| 0.750 (fluctuating) | 0.702 (more fixed) | 0.524 | |

| K-Nearest Neighbor Classifier: Non-Normalized Dataset_1 (Best Parameter k=20) | | | |
|--|--|----------|--|
| Classification Accuracy (One-Pass Estimation) | Classification Accuracy (Cross-Validation with 10 folds, with constraints, 20 times) | F1 score | |
| 0.655 (fluctuating) | 0.695 (more fixed) | 0.500 | |

Observation:

- The performance of the classifier improves if normalized dataset 1 is being used.
- The result of One-Pass Estimation is fluctuating because the sample chosen to be training/testing dataset might be biased.
- As mentioned in feature selection above, The feature with wide-range values compared to other feature values will dominate Euclidean distance, more or less affect the system performance.

- The F1 score is relatively low compared to other method. The reason could be the unbiased dataset_1 in which a dominant class gives the classifier misleading probability estimation for establishing the model.
- The performance is influenced dramatically by different chosen parameter k.
- (2) MSE / Perceptron with one vs one/ one vs all method <ee559pro_mse_per_linear.m>
- All features in dataset_1 is applied to train the classifier and test the performance, except first feature, which is index number identifying applicants.
- Train the classifier with data normalization of zero-mean, variance of one.
- Randomly set aside 20% amount of data to serve as test dataset.
- Using test data set to estimate the system performance (One-Pass Estimation).
- Using <u>10-folds cross validation</u> (subject to <u>constrain</u> that the percentage of samples in each class is unchanged in each subset: 70% from class 1; 30% from class 2) ,<u>20 times</u>, in order to acquire a more robust estimation for performance.
- Calculating the F1 score.
- Function "multiclass()" in "Classification toolbox" by David G.Stork and Elad Yom-Tov is applied.

| Normalized Dataset_1 (one vs. rest) | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| | Classification | Classification Accuracy | F1 Score |
| | Accuracy | (Cross-Validation with | |
| | (One-Pass Estimation) | 10 folds, with constraints, 20 times) | |
| MSE | 0.725(fluctuating) | 0.706 | 0.522 |
| Perceptron | 0.665(fluctuating) | 0.686 | 0.601 |

| Normalized Dataset_1 (one vs. one) | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| | Classification | Classification Accuracy | F1 Score |
| | Accuracy | (Cross-Validation with | |
| | (One-Pass Estimation) | 10 folds, with constraints, 20 times) | |
| MSE | 0.705(fluctuating) | 0.691 | 0.594 |
| Perceptron | 0.665(fluctuating) | 0.683 | 0.593 |

Observation:

• MSE has better performance in any scenarios, implying this dataset probably is not totally linear separable.

(3) Naïve Bayes Classifier / QDA

<ee559pro naïve bayes.m>

- All features/Reduced feature space calculated by "SFS" in dataset_1 is applied to train the classifier and test the performance, except first feature, which is index number identifying applicants.
- Train the classifier with/without data normalization of zero-mean, variance of one.
- Randomly set aside 20% amount of data to serve as test dataset.
- Using test data set to estimate the system performance (One-Pass Estimation).
- Using <u>10-folds cross validation</u> (subject to <u>constrain</u> that the percentage of samples in each class is unchanged in each subset: 70% from class 1; 30% from class 2) ,<u>20 times</u>, in order to acquire a more robust estimation for performance.
- Calculating the F1 score.
- Matlab Built-in function "fitcib()" and "fitcdiscr()" is applied.
- Result:

| Naïve Bayes Classifier: Normalized Dataset_1 with all features | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------|--|
| Classification Accuracy Classification Accuracy F1 score | | | |
| (One-Pass Estimation) | (Cross-Validation with | | |
| 10 folds, with constraints, 20 times) | | | |
| 0.650 (fluctuating) | 0.672 | 0.615 | |

| Naïve Bayes Classifier: Non-Normalized Dataset_1 with all features | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------|--|
| Classification Accuracy Classification Accuracy F1 score | | | |
| (One-Pass Estimation) | (Cross-Validation with | | |
| | 10 folds, with constraints, 20 times) | | |
| 0.615 (fluctuating) | 0.673 | 0.615 | |

Observation:

• No matter normalized data is applied or not, the performance of the system is identical, because the decision rule is based on prior probability and class-conditional probability.

• Naïve Bayes classifier assumes all features are independent, which is hard to achieve in the real life dataset.

So here, **QDA** (**Quadratic Bayes**) is investigated:

- When we check the covariance matrix of each class, it is noticeable they are different. This is the reason Quadratic Bayes is applied instead of Linear Bayes.
- When using QDA, a inverting covariance matrix is required.
- Singular covariance matrices for 2 classes are acquired from dataset_1. The singularity issue need to be fixed.
- There are some techniques can solve the issue, such as using PCA to reduce dimensionality first, or regularize the covariance matrices.
- For here, "pseudoQuadratic" is applied to deal with this issue.
- Result:

| QDA: Non-Normalized Dataset_1 with all features | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------|--|
| Classification Accuracy | Classification Accuracy | F1 score | |
| (One-Pass Estimation) | (Cross-Validation with | | |
| 10 folds, with constraints, 20 times) | | | |
| 0.690 (fluctuating) | 0.695 | 0.635 | |

| QDA: Non-Normalized Dataset_1 with reduced feature space | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------|--|
| Classification Accuracy | Classification Accuracy | F1 score | |
| (One-Pass Estimation) | (Cross-Validation with | | |
| | 10 folds, with constraints, 20 times) | | |
| 0.670 | 0.693 | 0.498 | |

Observation:

The reduced feature space saves the computation load. However, it sacrifice the performance of the system. The reason here is, we are not using exhaustive method for "SFS", so the reduced features set is not the most ideal reduced feature set, some lost of performance is predictable.

Naïve Bayes / QDA Comparison:

- QDA performs better than Naïve Bayes Classifier.
- Using multivariate Gaussian has better performance, the reason might be this probabilistic

- model is more suitable to the nature of this given dataset 1.
- The reason Naïve Bayes performs worse than QDA is because the assumption (all features are independent) Naïve Bayes make is too strong for real-data world.

Conclusion

The methods to improve the system performance is believable. For this project, I believe the way to replace "NA" in feature "Saving/CheckingAccount" would have some influence on the performance. Although feature selection is performed by Sequential Forward Selection, from the perspective of rule of thumb for dimensionality reduction, I believe there is no need to train systems with reduced amount of features because the situation of overfitting is less possible, and less information classifier can learn from. As shown in the last trial, reduced feature space is applied on QDA classifier and a worse outcome appears.

The best classifier in this project is Quadratic Bayes Classifier with F1 score 0.635. This dataset has unbiased samples with different labels (70% from class 1 and 30% from class 2), which has more potential negative effect on statistical classifier.

References

[1] "Mathematics & Statistics Lecture Notes" by Dr. Guangliang Chen, San José State University

Retrieved from: http://www.math.sjsu.edu/~gchen/Math285S16/lec1knn.pdf

[2] "Data Clustering and Pattern Recognition" by Roger Jang

Retrieved from: https://mirlab.org/jang/books/dcpr/

[3] "Q&A from stackoverflow.com"

Retrieved from:

 $\underline{http://stackoverflow.con/questions/22915003/is-there-ant-function-to-calculate_precision-and-recall-using-matlab}$

Code

```
%% change categoriclas features into corresponding numerical value AND make Datase४
into matrix
% '[0 1]' presenting 'male'; '[1 0]'presenting 'female'
dm = dataset('File','Proj dataset 1.csv','Delimiter',',');
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm{i,3}) == 4
        dm\{i,3\} = [0 1];
    elseif length (dm{i,3}) == 6
        dm\{i,3\}=[1 \ 0];
    end
end
% '[0 0 1]' represting 'free'; '[0 1 0]' presenting 'rent'; '[1 0 0]' presenting
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm\{i,5\}) == 3
        dm\{i,5\}=[1 \ 0 \ 0];
    elseif length (dm\{i,5\}) == 4
        if dm\{i,5\} == 'rent'
            dm\{i,5\}=[0 \ 1 \ 0];
        else
            dm\{i,5\}=[0\ 0\ 1];
        end
    end
end
% let feature 'saving accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; '1' presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('rich', dm{i, 6}) == 1
        dm\{i, 6\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate', dm{i,6}) == 1
        dm\{i, 6\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i, 6\}=0;
    end
end
% let feature 'checking accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; '1' presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
```

```
if strcmp('rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i, 7\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i, 7\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i,7\}=0;
    end
end
% let feature 'purpose' be value from 8 to 1
% '[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting 'business'; '[0 1 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting
'education'
% '[0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting 'car'; '[0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0]' presenting
'vacation/others'
% '[0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0]' presenting 'furniture/equipment'; '[0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0] 🗸
presenting 'radio/TV'
% '[0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0]' presenting 'repairs'; '[0 0 0 0 0 0 1]' presenting 'domesti&
appliances'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('business',dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
    elseif strcmp('education', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('car', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('vacation/others', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('furniture/equipment',dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('domestic appliances', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('radio/TV', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('repairs', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1];
    end
end
% Make Dataset into Matrix Form
dm= dataset2cell(dm);
dm(1,:) = [];
dm=cell2mat(dm);
%delete the first feature, it is just a index for appliances.
dm(:,1) = [];
dm wt label= dm;
```

```
dm \ wt \ label(:,20) = [];
%%normalized Data
feat mean=mean(dm);
std vec dm=std(dm);
dm normalized=zeros(1000,20);
for j=1:size(dm,2)
    dm_normalized(:,j) = (dm(:,j)-feat_mean(j))./std_vec_dm(j); %make data zero mean <math>\checkmark
and std of 1
end
clear j feat mean std vec dm
dm normalized(:,20) = [];
dm wt label=dm normalized;
DS1.dataName= 'project';
for i=1:19
DS1.inputName{1,i}=i;
end
for i=1:2
DS1.outputName{1,2}=i;
end
DS1.input= dm_wt_label';
DS1.output= dm(:,20)';
inputNum=size(DS1.input, 1);
DS1.inputName=cellstr(int2str((1:inputNum)'));
inputSelectSequential(DS1);%%adjust the code for my use
%% FROM Reference [3]
```

```
%% Final Project for EE559 File 3
%% KNN
%% change categoriclas features into corresponding numerical value AND make Datasem{arkappa}
into matrix
% let feature 'sex' be value of '1' and '2'
% '1' presenting 'male'; '2'presenting 'female'
dm = dataset('File','Proj dataset 1.csv','Delimiter',',');
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm{i,3}) == 4
        dm\{i,3\}=1;
    elseif length (dm{i,3}) == 6
        dm\{i,3\}=2;
    else
        dm\{i, 3\}=0
    end
end
% let feature 'housing' be value of '1' , '2', and '3'
% '1' represting 'free'; '2' presenting 'rent'; '3' presenting 'own'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm\{i,5\}) == 3
        dm\{i, 5\}=3;
    elseif length (dm\{i,5\}) == 4
        if dm\{i,5\} == 'rent'
            dm\{i,5\}=2;
        else
             dm\{i,5\}=1;
        end
    end
end
% let feature 'saving accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; '1' presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('rich', dm{i, 6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i, 6\}=0;
    end
```

```
end
% let feature 'checking accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; '1' presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i, 7\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i,7\}=0;
    end
end
% let feature 'purpose' be value from 8 to 1
% '8' presenting 'business'; '7' presenting 'education'
% '6' presenting 'car'; '5' presenting 'vacation/others'
% '4' presenting 'furniture/equipment'; '3' presenting 'radio/TV'
% '2' presenting 'repairs'; '1' presenting 'domestic appliances'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('business', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i, 10\} = 8;
    elseif strcmp('education', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i, 10\}=7;
    elseif strcmp('car', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i, 10\}=6;
    elseif strcmp('vacation/others', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i, 10\}=5;
    elseif strcmp('furniture/equipment', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i, 10\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('domestic appliances', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i, 10\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('radio/TV', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i, 10\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('repairs', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i, 10\}=1;
    end
end
% Make Dataset into Matrix Form
dm= dataset2cel1(dm);
dm(1,:) = [];
dm=cell2mat(dm);
%delete the first feature, it is just a index for appliances.
dm(:,1) = [];
```

```
dm wt label= dm;
dm \ wt \ label(:,10) = [];
%% Randomly Generate 200 samples as test dataset, 800 samples as traing dataset
r1=randperm(1000,200);
for i=1:200
per20 test(i,:) = dm(r1(i),:);
per20 test without label=per20 test;
per20_test_without label(:,10)=[];
per80 train=dm;
per80 train(r1,:)=[];
per80 train without label=per80 train;
per80 train without label(:,10)=[];
%% Using Cross-Validation OF 20 folds in traing dataset to find Best Parameter K
error=1;
for i=1:20
model=fitcknn(per80 train without label, per80 train(:,10), NumNeighbors',i);
c=crossval(model,'kfold',20); %% adjust from reference [1]
error_i = kfoldLoss(c);
if error i<error</pre>
    error=error i;
    k best=i;
end
end
model=fitcknn(per80 train without label, per80 train(:,10), NumNeighbors', k best);
t = predict(model, per20 test without label);
fprintf('Best K is %d\n',k best)
fprintf('Accuracy for KNN using Best K found by cross-validation with 20 folds: \$5.\mathbf{\mathscr{Y}}
f \ ', sum(per20 test(:,10) == t)/200);
clear k loss k loss i r1 per20 test per20 test without labe
per80 train without label per80 train kloss i kloss dm wt label
%% Cross-Validation of 10-folds of Performace Estimation for KNN using Best K foun⊄
by cross-validation with 20 folds with normalized data
feat mean=mean(dm);
std vec dm=std(dm);
dm normalized=zeros(1000,10);
for j=1:size(dm,2)
    dm normalized(:,j) = (dm(:,j)-feat mean(j))./std vec dm(j); %make data zero mean <math>\checkmark
and std of 1
clear j feat mean std vec dm
```

```
dm normalized(:,10) = [];
class1 dm=dm normalized; %building class 1 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
    if dm(i, 10) == 2
        k=k+1;
        1(k) = i;
    end
end
class1 dm(1,:) = [];
clear k 1
class2 dm=dm normalized; %building class 2 dataset
for i=1:1000
    if dm(i, 10) == 1
        k=k+1;
        1(k) = i;
    end
end
class2 dm(1,:) = [];
clear k 1
rv1 test= randperm(size(class1 dm,1),700);
rv2 test= randperm(size(class2 dm,1),300);
for i=1:70
    D1 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i),:);
    label D1 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D1_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i),:);
    label D1 c2(i) = 2;
end
D1 = [D1 c1; D1 c2];
label_D1=[label_D1_c1';label_D1_c2'];
D set{1,1}=D1;
D set{2,1}=label D1;
for i=1:70
    D2 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+70),:);
    label D2 c1(i) = 1;
end
    D2 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+30),:);
    label D2 c2(i) = 2;
end
D2 = [D2 c1; D2 c2];
label D2=[label D2 c1';label D2 c2'];
```

```
D set\{1,2\}=D2;
D set\{2,2\}=label D2;
for i=1:70
    D3 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+140),:);
    label D3 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D3_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+60),:);
    label D3 c2(i) = 2;
end
D3 = [D3 c1; D3 c2];
label D3=[label D3 c1';label D3 c2'];
D set\{1,3\} = D3;
D set\{2,3\}=label D3;
for i=1:70
    D4_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+210),:);
    label D4 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D4 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+90),:);
    label_D4_c2(i) = 2;
end
D4 = [D4 c1; D4 c2];
label D4=[label D4 c1';label D4 c2'];
D set\{1, 4\} = D4;
D set{2,4}=label D4;
for i=1:70
    D5 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+280),:);
    label D5 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D5_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+120),:);
    label D5 c2(i) = 2;
end
D5=[D5 c1;D5_c2];
label D5=[label D5 c1';label D5 c2'];
D set\{1,5\}=D5;
D set\{2,5\}=label D5;
for i=1:70
    D6_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+350),:);
    label D6 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D6 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+150),:);
    label_D6_c2(i) = 2;
end
D6=[D6_c1;D6_c2];
```

```
label D6=[label D6 c1';label D6 c2'];
D set{1,6}=D6;
D set{2,6}=label D6;
for i=1:70
    D7 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+420),:);
    label D7 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D7 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+180),:);
    label D7 c2(i) = 2;
D7 = [D7 c1; D7 c2];
label D7=[label D7 c1';label D7 c2'];
D set\{1,7\} = D7;
D set{2,7}=label D7;
for i=1:70
    D8_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+490),:);
    label D8 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D8 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+210),:);
    label D8 c2(i) = 2;
end
D8 = [D8 c1; D8 c2];
label D8=[label D8 c1';label D8 c2'];
D set\{1, 8\} = D8;
D set{2,8}=label D8;
for i=1:70
    D9 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+560),:);
    label D9 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D9 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+240),:);
    label D9 c2(i) = 2;
end
D9 = [D9 c1; D9 c2];
label_D9=[label_D9_c1';label_D9_c2'];
D set\{1, 9\} = D9;
D set{2,9}=label D9;
for i=1:70
    D10 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+630),:);
    label D10 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D10 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+270),:);
    label D10 c2(i) = 2;
end
```

```
D10 = [D10 c1; D10 c2];
label D10=[label D10 c1';label D10 c2'];
D set\{1,10\}=D10;
D set{2,10}=label D10;
clear D1 c1 D1 c2 D2 c1 D2 c2 D3 c1 D3 c2 D4 c1 D4 c2 D5 c1 D5 c2 D6 c1 D6 c2 D7 c1 🗸
D7 c2 D8 c1 D8 c2 D9 c1 D9 c2 D10 c1 D10 c2
clear label_D1_c1 label_D1_c2 label D2 c1 label D2 c2 label D3 c1 label D3 c2 🗸
label D4 c1 label D4 c2 label D5 c1 label D5 c2 label D6 c1 label D6 c2 €
label D7 c1 label D7 c2 label D8 c1 label D8 c2 label D9 c1 label D9 c2 €
label D10 c1 label D10 c2
            total classfication rate=total classfication rate+m;
% crs vrid perfm=total classfication rate/10;
total classfication rate=0;
for i=1:10
model=fitcknn([D set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+2,1))}
+1); D set\{1, (mod(i+3,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+4,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+5,10)+1)\}; D set\{1
\{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\},\
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                [D set\{2, (mod-
(i,10)+1); D set\{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}
+1); D set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D set
\{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}, 'NumNeighbors', k best);
t = predict(model, D set{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)});
m=mean(D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)} ==t);
total classfication rate=total classfication rate+m;
crs vrid perfm=total classfication rate/10;
fprintf('Cross-Validation of 10-folds of Performace Estimation for KNN using Best №
found by cross-validation with 20 folds: %5.3f\n',crs vrid perfm);
%clear k loss k loss i r1 per20 test per20 test without labe4
per80 train without label per80 train kloss i kloss dm wt label
```

%%Native Bayes Classifier

```
%% Randomly Generate 200 samples as test dataset, 800 samples as traing dataset
%% and also do cross-validation
% t total1=0;
% t total2=0;
% t total3=0;
% for j=1:30
% r1=randperm(1000,200);
% for i=1:200
% per20 test(i,:)=dm(r1(i),:);
% end
% per20 test without label=per20 test;
% per20 test without label(:,20)=[];
% per80_train=dm;
% per80 train(r1,:)=[];
% per80 train without label=per80 train;
% per80 train without label(:,20)=[];
% %% Naive Bayers Classifier
% model=fitcnb(per80 train without label, per80 train(:,20), 'Distribution', 'normal');
% t1 = predict(model, per20 test without label);
% t total1= t total1 + sum(per20 test(:,20)==t1)/200;
% %% Improving Naive Bayes
% model=fitcnb(per80 train without label, per80 train(:,20), 'Distribution', 'kernal');
% t2 = predict(model, per20 test without label);
% t total2= t total2 + sum(per20 test(:,20)==t2)/200;
응
% end
% fprintf('Accuracy for Naive Bayers Classifier: %5.3f\n',t total1/30);
% fprintf('Accuracy for Improving Naive Bayers Classifier: %5.3f\n',t total2/30);
% %% F1 Score for Naive Bayers Classifier
% model=fitcnb(dm wt label, dm(:,20),'Distribution','normal');
% t total = predict(model, dm wt label);
% CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total);
% precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
% recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
% f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall); %F1 Score for eac₭
% F1 Score=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes
% fprintf('F1 Score for Naive Bayers Classifier with Normalized Dataset is %5.3f\n' \mathcal{F}
F1 Score)
% %% F1 Score for Improvined Naive Bayers Classifier
% model=fitcnb(dm wt label, dm(:,20), 'Distribution', 'kernal');
% t total = predict(model, dm wt label);
% CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total);
```

```
% precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
% recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
% f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall); %F1 Score for eac₭
class
% F1 Score=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes
% fprintf('F1 Score for improved Naive Bayers Classifier with Normalized Dataset is %
5.3f\n',F1 Score)
% %% F1 Score for LDA Classifier
% model=fitcdiscr(dm wt label, dm(:,20),'DiscrimType','Linear');
% t total = predict(model, dm wt label);
% CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total);
% precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
% recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
% f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall); %F1 Score for eack
class
% F1 Score=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes
% fprintf('F1 Score for LDA Classifier with Normalized Dataset is %5.3f\n\n'\#
F1 Score)
```

```
%%
%% Final_Project_for_EE559 File 2
%% Naive Bayers Classifier
%% change categoriclas features into corresponding numerical value AND make Datase
into matrix
%% one-hot encoding
clc;
```

```
clear all
% '[0 1]' presenting 'male'; '[1 0]'presenting 'female'
dm = dataset('File','Proj dataset 1.csv','Delimiter',',');
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm\{i,3\}) == 4
        dm\{i,3\} = [0 1];
    elseif length (dm{i,3}) == 6
        dm\{i,3\}=[1 \ 0];
    end
end
% '[0 0 1]' represting 'free'; '[0 1 0]' presenting 'rent'; '[1 0 0]' presenting
'own'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm\{i,5\}) == 3
        dm\{i,5\}=[1 \ 0 \ 0];
    elseif length (dm\{i,5\}) == 4
        if dm\{i,5\} == 'rent'
            dm\{i,5\}=[0\ 1\ 0];
        else
            dm\{i,5\}=[0 \ 0 \ 1];
        end
    end
end
% let feature 'saving accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; "1" presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('rich', dm{i, 6}) == 1
        dm\{i, 6\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate',dm{i,6}) == 1
        dm\{i, 6\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i, 6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i, 6\}=0;
    end
end
% let feature 'checking accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; "1" presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
```

```
if strcmp('rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i, 7\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i,7\}=0;
    end
end
% let feature 'purpose' be value from 8 to 1
% '[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting 'business'; '[0 1 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting
'education'
% '[0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting 'car'; '[0 0 0 1 0 0 0]' presenting
'vacation/others'
% '[0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0]' presenting 'furniture/equipment'; '[0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0]\(\mu\)
presenting 'radio/TV'
% '[0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0]' presenting 'repairs'; '[0 0 0 0 0 0 1]' presenting 'domesti&
appliances'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('business', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
    elseif strcmp('education',dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('car', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('vacation/others', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('furniture/equipment', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('domestic appliances', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0];
    elseif strcmp('radio/TV', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('repairs', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1];
    end
end
% Make Dataset into Matrix Form
dm= dataset2cell(dm);
dm(1,:) = [];
dm=cell2mat(dm);
%delete the first feature, it is just a index for appliances.
dm(:,1) = [];
```

```
dm wt label= dm;
dm \ wt \ label(:,20) = [];
%% Randomly Generate 200 samples as test dataset, 800 samples as traing dataset
r1=randperm(1000,200);
for i=1:200
per20 test(i,:) = dm(r1(i),:);
per20 test without label=per20 test;
per20 test without label(:,20)=[];
per80 train=dm;
per80 train(r1,:)=[];
per80 train without label=per80 train;
per80 train without label(:,20)=[];
%% Naive Bayers Classifier for non-nomalized data. One-Pass Accuracy estimation
model=fitcnb(per80 train without label, per80 train(:,20),'Distribution','normal');
t1 = predict(model, per20 test without label);
fprintf('One-Path Accuracy for Naive Bayers Classifier without normalization: %5.8
f \ ', sum(per20 test(:,20) == t1)/200);
%% QDA Classifier
model=fitcdiscr(per80 train without label, per80 train(:, 
20), 'DiscrimType', 'pseudoQuadratic');
t3 = predict(model, per20 test without label);
fprintf('One-Path Accuracy for for QDA without normalization: %5.3f\n;sum(per20 test-
(:,20) == t3)/200);
%% normalization
feat mean=mean(dm);
std vec dm=std(dm);
dm normalized=zeros(1000,20);
for j=1:size(dm,2)
    dm normalized(:,j) = (dm(:,j)-feat\ mean(j))./std\ vec\ dm(j);%make\ data\ zero\ mean <math>\checkmark
and std of 1
clear j feat mean std vec dm
class1 dm=dm normalized; %building class 1 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
    if dm(i,20) == 2
        k=k+1;
        1(k) = i;
    end
```

```
end
class1 dm(1,:) = [];
clear k 1
class2 dm=dm normalized; %building class 2 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
    if dm(i,20) ==1
        k=k+1;
        1(k) = i;
    end
end
class2 dm(1,:) = [];
clear k 1
%% Naive Bayers Classifier for nomalized data. One-Pass Accuracy estimation
r1=randperm(1000,200);
for i=1:200
per20 test(i,:)=dm normalized(r1(i),:);
per20 test label(i) = dm(r1(i), 20);
end
per20 test without label=per20 test;
per20 test without label(:,20)=[];
per80 train=dm normalized;
per80 train(r1,:)=[];
per80 train without label=per80 train;
per80 train without label(:,20)=[];
per80 train label= dm(:,20);
per80 train label(r1,:)=[] ;
model=fitcnb(per80 train without label, per80 train(:,20),'Distribution','normal');
t1 = predict(model, per20 test without label);
fprintf('One-Path Accuracy for Naive Bayers Classifier with normalization: %5.3f\n, ✓
sum(per20 test(:,20) == t1)/200);
%% Naive Bayers Classifier , F1 score for non normalized data
model=fitcnb(dm wt label, dm(:,20),'Distribution','normal');
t total = predict(model, dm wt label);
CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total);
precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall);%F1 Score for each class
F1 Score=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes from reference [3]
fprintf('F1 Score for Naive Bayers Classifier without Normalized Dataset is %5.8
f\n\n',F1 Score)
%% QDA Classifier , F1 score for non normalized data
model=fitcdiscr(dm wt label, dm(:,20),'DiscrimType','pseudoQuadratic');
t total = predict(model, dm wt label);
CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total);
precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall);%F1 Score for each class
```

```
F1 Score=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes from reference [3]
fprintf('F1 Score for QDA Classifier without Normalized Dataset is %5.3f\n\n; 4F1 Score)
%% Naive Bayers Classifier , F1 score for normalized data
dm normalized(:,20) = [];
model=fitcnb(dm normalized, dm(:,20),'Distribution','normal');
t total = predict(model, dm normalized);
CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total);
precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall);%F1 Score for each class
F1 Score=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes from reference [3]
fprintf('F1 Score for Naive Bayers Classifier with Normalized Dataset is %5.3f\n\n,'\u00c4
F1 Score)
%% Cross-Validation of 10-folds, 20 times with constraint of same percentage o\hat{m{x}}
class, 20 times for Performace Estimation for Naive Bayers Classifier with normalized
data
crs vrid perfm1=0;
class1 dm(:,20) = [];
class2 dm(:,20) = [];
for j=1:20
rv1 test= randperm(size(class1 dm,1),700);
rv2 test= randperm(size(class2 dm,1),300);
for i=1:70
    D1 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i),:);
    label D1 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D1 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i),:);
    label D1 c2(i) = 2;
end
D1 = [D1 c1; D1 c2];
label D1=[label D1 c1';label D1 c2'];
D set\{1,1\}=D1;
D set{2,1}=label D1;
for i=1:70
    D2 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+70),:);
    label D2 c1(i) = 1;
for i=1:30
    D2 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+30),:);
    label D2 c2(i) = 2;
end
D2 = [D2 c1; D2 c2];
label D2=[label D2 c1';label D2 c2'];
D set\{1,2\} = D2;
D set{2,2}=label D2;
for i=1:70
```

```
D3 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+140),:);
    label D3 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D3_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+60),:);
    label_D3_c2(i) = 2;
end
D3 = [D3_c1; D3_c2];
label D3=[label D3 c1';label D3 c2'];
D set\{1,3\}=D3;
D set\{2,3\}=label D3;
for i=1:70
    D4_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+210),:);
    label D4 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D4 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+90),:);
    label D4 c2(i) = 2;
end
D4 = [D4 c1; D4 c2];
label D4=[label D4 c1';label D4 c2'];
D set\{1, 4\} = D4;
D_set{2,4}=label_D4;
for i=1:70
    D5 c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+280),:);
    label D5 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D5_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+120),:);
    label D5 c2(i) = 2;
end
D5 = [D5_c1; D5_c2];
label D5=[label D5 c1';label D5 c2'];
D set\{1, 5\} = D5;
D set\{2,5\}=label D5;
for i=1:70
    D6 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+350),:);
    label_D6_c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D6_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+150),:);
    label_D6_c2(i) = 2;
end
D6 = [D6 c1; D6 c2];
label_D6=[label_D6_c1';label_D6_c2'];
D set\{1,6\} = D6;
D set\{2,6\}=label D6;
```

```
for i=1:70
    D7 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+420),:);
    label D7 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D7 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+180),:);
    label_D7_c2(i) = 2;
end
D7 = [D7 c1; D7 c2];
label_D7=[label_D7_c1';label_D7_c2'];
D set\{1,7\}=D7;
D set\{2,7\}=label D7;
for i=1:70
    D8_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+490),:);
    label_D8_c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D8_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+210),:);
    label D8 c2(i) = 2;
end
D8 = [D8 c1; D8 c2];
label_D8=[label_D8_c1';label_D8_c2'];
D set\{1, 8\} = D8;
D set{2,8}=label D8;
for i=1:70
    D9 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+560),:);
    label D9 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D9 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+240),:);
    label D9 c2(i) = 2;
end
D9 = [D9 c1; D9 c2];
label D9=[label D9 c1';label D9 c2'];
D set\{1, 9\} = D9;
D set\{2,9\}=label D9;
for i=1:70
    D10_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+630),:);
    label D10 c1(i) = 1;
for i=1:30
    D10_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+270),:);
    label D10 c2(i) = 2;
end
D10=[D10_c1;D10_c2];
label D10=[label D10 c1';label D10 c2'];
D set{1,10}=D10;
```

```
D set{2,10}=label D10;
clear D1 c1 D1 c2 D2 c1 D2 c2 D3 c1 D3 c2 D4 c1 D4 c2 D5 c1 D5 c2 D6 c1 D6 c2 D7 c1 🗸
D7 c2 D8 c1 D8 c2 D9 c1 D9 c2 D10 c1 D10 c2
clear label D1 c1 label D1 c2 label D2 c1 label D2 c2 label D3 c1 label D3 c2 🗸
label D4 c1 label D4 c2 label D5 c1 label D5 c2 label D6 c1 label D6 c2 €
label D7 c1 label D7 c2 label D8 c1 label D8 c2 label D9 c1 label D9 c2 €
label D10 c1 label D10 c2
total classfication rate=0;
for i=1:10
model=fitcnb([D_set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)};D_set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)};D_set{1, (mod(i+2,1))};D_set{1, (mod(i+2,1))};D_
+1) \ensuremath{\};} D\_set \ensuremath{\{1, (mod (i+3,10)+1) \};} D\_set \ensuremath{\{1, (mod (i+4,10)+1) \};} D\_set \ensuremath{\{1, (mod (i+5,10)+1) \};} D\_s
\{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\},\
(i,10)+1); D set\{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}
+1); D set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D set
\{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}], 'distribution', 'normal');
t = predict(model, D set{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)});
m=mean(D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)} ==t);
total classfication rate=total classfication rate+m;
end
crs vrid perfm=total classfication rate/10;
crs vrid perfm1=crs vrid perfm+crs vrid perfm1;
fprintf('Cross-Validation of 10-folds,20 times of Performace Estimation for naive
bayers classifier with normalization: %5.3f\n',crs vrid perfm1/20);
%clear k loss k loss i r1 per20 test per20 test without labe⁴
per80 train without label per80 train kloss i kloss dm wt label
%% Cross-Validation of 10-folds, 20 times with constraint of same percentage of
class, 20 times for Performace Estimation for naive bayers with normalization dat&
without normalized data
crs vrid perfm1=0;
class1 dm=dm; %building class 1 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
                  if dm(i, 20) == 2
                                    k=k+1;
                                    1(k) = i;
                 end
```

end

```
class1 dm(1,:) = [];
clear k 1
class2 dm=dm; %building class 2 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
    if dm(i, 20) == 1
        k=k+1;
        1(k) = i;
    end
end
class2 dm(1,:) = [];
clear k 1
class1_dm(:,20) = [];
class2 dm(:,20) = [];
for j=1:20
rv1 test= randperm(size(class1 dm,1),700);
rv2 test= randperm(size(class2 dm,1),300);
for i=1:70
    D1_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i),:);
    label D1 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D1 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i),:);
    label D1 c2(i) = 2;
end
D1 = [D1 c1; D1 c2];
label D1=[label D1 c1';label D1 c2'];
D set{1,1}=D1;
D set{2,1}=label D1;
for i=1:70
    D2 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+70),:);
    label D2 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D2_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+30),:);
    label_D2_c2(i) = 2;
end
D2 = [D2 c1; D2 c2];
label_D2=[label_D2_c1';label_D2_c2'];
D set{1,2}=D2;
D set\{2,2\}=label D2;
for i=1:70
    D3_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+140),:);
    label D3 c1(i) = 1;
for i=1:30
```

```
D3 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+60),:);
    label D3 c2(i) = 2;
end
D3 = [D3 c1; D3 c2];
label D3=[label D3 c1';label_D3_c2'];
D set\{1,3\} = D3;
D set{2,3}=label D3;
for i=1:70
    D4 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+210),:);
    label D4 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D4 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+90),:);
    label D4 c2(i) = 2;
end
D4 = [D4_c1; D4_c2];
label D4=[label D4 c1';label D4 c2'];
D set\{1, 4\} = D4;
D set\{2,4\}=label D4;
for i=1:70
    D5 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+280),:);
    label D5 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D5 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+120),:);
    label D5 c2(i) = 2;
end
D5 = [D5 c1; D5 c2];
label D5=[label D5 c1';label D5 c2'];
D set\{1,5\} = D5;
D set\{2,5\}=label D5;
for i=1:70
    D6 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+350),:);
    label D6 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D6 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+150),:);
    label D6 c2(i) = 2;
end
D6=[D6 c1;D6 c2];
label D6=[label D6 c1';label D6 c2'];
D set\{1,6\} = D6;
D set{2,6}=label D6;
for i=1:70
    D7 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+420),:);
    label D7 c1(i) = 1;
```

```
end
for i=1:30
    D7 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+180),:);
    label D7 c2(i) = 2;
end
D7 = [D7 c1; D7 c2];
label D7=[label D7 c1';label D7 c2'];
D set\{1,7\}=D7;
D set\{2,7\}=label D7;
for i=1:70
    D8_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+490),:);
    label D8 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D8_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+210),:);
    label D8 c2(i) = 2;
end
D8 = [D8 c1; D8 c2];
label D8=[label D8 c1';label D8 c2'];
D set\{1, 8\} = D8;
D set{2,8}=label D8;
for i=1:70
    D9 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+560),:);
    label D9 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D9_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+240),:);
    label D9 c2(i) = 2;
end
D9 = [D9 c1; D9 c2];
label D9=[label D9 c1';label D9 c2'];
D set\{1, 9\} = D9;
D set{2,9}=label D9;
for i=1:70
    D10 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+630),:);
    label D10 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D10 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+270),:);
    label D10 c2(i) = 2;
end
D10=[D10 c1;D10 c2];
label D10=[label D10 c1';label D10 c2'];
D set{1,10}=D10;
D set{2,10}=label D10;
clear D1 c1 D1 c2 D2 c1 D2 c2 D3 c1 D3 c2 D4 c1 D4 c2 D5 c1 D5 c2 D6 c1 D6 c2 D7 c1 🗹
D7 c2 D8 c1 D8 c2 D9 c1 D9 c2 D10 c1 D10 c2
clear label_D1_c1 label_D1_c2 label_D2_c1 label_D2_c2 label_D3_c1 label_D3_c2
```

```
label D4 c1 label D4 c2 label D5 c1 label D5 c2 label D6 c1 label D6 c2
label D7 c1 label D7 c2 label D8 c1 label D8 c2 label D9 c1 label D9 c2 ✓
label D10 c1 label D10 c2
total classfication rate=0;
for i=1:10
model=fitcnb([D set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+2,1%))}; D s
+1); D set\{1, (mod(i+3,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+4,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+5,10)+1)\}; D set\{1
\{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\},\
(i,10)+1); D set\{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}
+1); D set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D set
\{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}, 'distribution', 'normal');
t = predict(model, D set{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)});
m=mean(D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)}==t);
total classfication rate=total classfication rate+m;
crs vrid perfm=total classfication rate/10;
crs vrid perfm1=crs vrid perfm+crs vrid perfm1;
fprintf('Cross-Validation of 10-folds, 20 times of Performace Estimation for Naive
bayers without normalization: %5.3f\n',crs_vrid_perfm1/20);
%% Cross-Validation of 10-folds, 20 times with constraint of same percentage of
class, 20 times for Performace Estimation for QDA without normalized data
crs vrid perfm1=0;
class1 dm=dm; %building class 1 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
                   if dm(i, 20) == 2
                                        k=k+1;
                                        1(k) = i;
                    end
end
class1 dm(1,:) = [];
clear k l
class2 dm=dm; %building class 2 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
                   if dm(i,20) ==1
                                        k=k+1;
                                        1(k) = i;
                   end
class2 dm(1,:) = [];
clear k l
```

```
class1 dm(:,20) = [];
class2_dm(:,20) = [];
for j=1:20
rv1 test= randperm(size(class1 dm,1),700);
rv2 test= randperm(size(class2 dm, 1), 300);
for i=1:70
    D1 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i),:);
    label D1 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D1_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i),:);
    label D1 c2(i) = 2;
end
D1=[D1 c1;D1 c2];
label D1=[label D1 c1';label D1 c2'];
D set{1,1}=D1;
D set{2,1}=label D1;
for i=1:70
    D2_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+70),:);
    label D2 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D2_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+30),:);
    label D2 c2(i) = 2;
end
D2 = [D2 c1; D2 c2];
label D2=[label D2 c1';label D2 c2'];
D set\{1,2\} = D2;
D set\{2,2\}=label D2;
for i=1:70
    D3 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+140),:);
    label D3 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D3 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+60),:);
    label D3 c2(i) = 2;
D3 = [D3 c1; D3 c2];
label D3=[label D3 c1';label D3 c2'];
D set\{1,3\} = D3;
D set{2,3}=label D3;
for i=1:70
    D4_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+210),:);
    label D4 c1(i) = 1;
for i=1:30
    D4_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+90),:);
```

```
label D4 c2(i) = 2;
end
D4 = [D4 c1; D4 c2];
label D4=[label D4 c1';label D4 c2'];
D set\{1, 4\} = D4;
D set{2,4}=label D4;
for i=1:70
    D5 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+280),:);
    label_D5_c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D5_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+120),:);
    label D5 c2(i) = 2;
end
D5 = [D5_c1; D5_c2];
label D5=[label D5 c1';label D5 c2'];
D set\{1,5\} = D5;
D set{2,5}=label D5;
for i=1:70
    D6 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+350),:);
    label D6 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D6 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+150),:);
    label D6 c2(i) = 2;
end
D6 = [D6 c1; D6 c2];
label D6=[label D6 c1';label D6 c2'];
D set\{1,6\} = D6;
D set\{2,6\}=label D6;
for i=1:70
    D7 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+420),:);
    label D7 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D7 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+180),:);
    label D7 c2(i) = 2;
end
D7 = [D7 c1; D7 c2];
label_D7=[label_D7_c1';label_D7_c2'];
D_set{1,7}=D7;
D set{2,7}=label D7;
for i=1:70
    D8_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+490),:);
    label D8 c1(i) = 1;
end
```

```
for i=1:30
                   D8 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+210),:);
                  label D8 c2(i) = 2;
end
D8 = [D8 c1; D8 c2];
label D8=[label D8 c1';label D8 c2'];
D set\{1,8\} = D8;
D set\{2,8\}=label D8;
for i=1:70
                  D9 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+560),:);
                  label D9 c1(i) = 1;
for i=1:30
                  D9 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+240),:);
                  label D9 c2(i) = 2;
end
D9 = [D9 c1; D9 c2];
label_D9=[label_D9_c1';label_D9_c2'];
D set\{1, 9\} = D9;
D set\{2,9\}=label D9;
for i=1:70
                  D10 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+630),:);
                  label D10 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
                  D10 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+270),:);
                  label D10 c2(i) = 2;
end
D10 = [D10 c1; D10 c2];
label D10=[label D10 c1';label D10 c2'];
D set\{1,10\} = D10;
D set{2,10}=label D10;
clear D1 c1 D1 c2 D2 c1 D2 c2 D3 c1 D3 c2 D4 c1 D4 c2 D5 c1 D5 c2 D6 c1 D6 c2 D7 c1 🗸
D7 c2 D8 c1 D8 c2 D9 c1 D9 c2 D10 c1 D10 c2
clear label D1 c1 label D1 c2 label D2 c1 label D2 c2 label D3 c1 label D3 c2 🗸
label D4 c1 label D4 c2 label D5 c1 label D5 c2 label D6 c1 label D6 c2 €
label D7 c1 label D7 c2 label D8 c1 label D8 c2 label D9 c1 label D9 c2
label D10 c1 label D10 c2
total classfication rate=0;
for i=1:10
\verb|model=fitcdiscr([D_set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)}; D_set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D_set{1, (mod(i+2,10)+1)}; D_
+1); D set{1, (mod(i+3,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod
\{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\},\
(i,10)+1); D set\{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}
+1); D set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D set
{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)};D set{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)}], 'DiscrimType', 'pseudoQuadratic');
t = predict(model, D set{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)});
m=mean(D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)}==t);
```

```
total_classfication_rate=total_classfication_rate+m;
end
crs_vrid_perfm=total_classfication_rate/10;
crs_vrid_perfm1=crs_vrid_perfm+crs_vrid_perfm1;
end
fprintf('Cross-Validation of 10-folds,20 times of Performace Estimation for QDN/without normalization: %5.3f\n',crs_vrid_perfm1/20);
```

```
%% Final Project for EE559 File 2
%% change categoriclas features into corresponding numerical value AND make Datasem{arkappa}
into matrix
clc;
clear all;
% '[0 1]' presenting 'male'; '[1 0]'presenting 'female'
dm = dataset('File','Proj dataset 1.csv','Delimiter',',');
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm{i,3}) == 4
        dm\{i,3\} = [0 1];
    elseif length (dm{i,3}) == 6
        dm\{i,3\}=[1 \ 0];
    end
end
% '[0 0 1]' represting 'free'; '[0 1 0]' presenting 'rent'; '[1 0 0]' presenting
'own'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm\{i,5\}) == 3
        dm\{i,5\}=[1 \ 0 \ 0];
    elseif length(dm{i,5}) ==4
        if dm\{i,5\} == 'rent'
             dm\{i,5\}=[0 \ 1 \ 0];
        else
             dm\{i,5\}=[0\ 0\ 1];
        end
    end
end
% let feature 'saving accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; MEAN presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('rich', dm{i, 6}) == 1
        dm\{i, 6\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate', dm{i,6}) == 1
        dm\{i, 6\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i, 6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i, 6\}=0;
    end
end
```

```
k=0;
c=0;
for i=1:length(dm)
    if dm\{i, 6\} \sim = 1
        k=k+dm\{i,6\};
        c=c+1;
    end
end
for i=1:length(dm)
    if dm{i,6} ==1
        dm{i,6}=k/c; %replace 'NA' with the mean of this feature
    end
end
% let feature 'checking accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; MEAN presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate',dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i,7\}=0;
    end
end
k=0;
c=0;
for i=1:length(dm)
    if dm{i,7} \sim=1
        k=k+dm\{i,7\};
        c = c + 1;
    end
end
for i=1:length(dm)
    if dm{i,7} ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=k/c; %replace 'NA' with the mean of this feature
    end
end
% let feature 'purpose' be value from 8 to 1
% '[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting 'business'; '[0 1 0 0 0 0 0]' presenti⊯g
```

```
'education'
% '[0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting 'car'; '[0 0 0 1 0 0 0]' presenting
'vacation/others'
% '[0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0]' presenting 'furniture/equipment'; '[0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0]\square
presenting 'radio/TV'
% '[0 0 0 0 0 1 0]' presenting 'repairs'; '[0 0 0 0 0 0 1]' presenting 'domestix' {\bf \ell}
appliances'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('business', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
    elseif strcmp('education', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('car', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('vacation/others', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('furniture/equipment', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('domestic appliances', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('radio/TV',dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('repairs', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1];
    end
end
% Make Dataset into Matrix Form
dm= dataset2cell(dm);
dm(1,:) = [];
dm=cell2mat(dm);
%delete the first feature, it is just a index for appliances.
dm(:,1) = [];
dm wt label= dm;
dm \ wt \ label(:,20) = [];
%% MSE/Perceptron Learning and Using one vs.rest/one vs.one method with normalize₡
dataset, randomly choosing 20% of data as Test dataset
feat mean=mean(dm);
std vec dm=std(dm);
dm normalized=zeros(1000,20);
for j=1:size(dm,2)
    dm normalized(:,j) = (dm(:,j)-feat mean(j))./std vec dm(j);%make data zero mean \checkmark
and std of 1
end
clear j feat mean std vec dm
dm normalized(:,20)=[]; % This is just class labels, not a feature. It need to \mathbf{w}e
discarded. When we need to use labels, we can then pick this for use
randm 20 percent vec=randperm(size(dm,1),size(dm,1)*0.2);%ramdomly generate a vector-
for picking up 20% of dataset for test dataset
traing dm = dm normalized;
```

```
for j=1:size(dm,1)*0.2
    test dm(j,:)=dm normalized(randm 20 percent vec(j),:);% Randomly generate 20% of-
data for Test Dataset
    label test(j,1) = dm(randm 20 percent vec(j),20); %Build test Labels
end
traing dm(randm 20 percent vec,:)=[]; % The rest of the data are for training
label traing=dm(:,20);
label traing(randm 20 percent vec,:)=[]; % Build Traing Labels
t1= multiclass(traing dm', label traing', test dm', '[''OAA'', 0, ''LS modified'', []]');
fprintf('Normalized Dataset with zero mean and std of 1 with 20 percent of data set ✓
aside as test dataset: \n')
fprintf('Correct Classification rate for MSE with one vs.rest method is %6.5f\n;mean L
(t1==label test'))
t4= multiclass(traing dm', label traing', test dm', '[''all-pairs'', 0, ''LS modified'', ∠
[]]');
fprintf('Correct Classification rate for MSE with one vs.one method is %6.5f\n;mean ✓
(t4==label test'))
t2= multiclass(traing dm', label traing', test dm', [''OAA'', 0, ''Perceptron'', []]');
fprintf('Correct Classification rate for perceptron with one vs.rest method is %6.8
f \setminus n', mean(t2==label test'))
t3= multiclass(traing dm', label traing', test dm', [''all-pairs'', 0, ''Perceptron'', &
fprintf('Correct Classification rate for perceptron with one vs.one method is %6.У
f \ n \ r', mean (t3==label test'))
%% Caculating F1 Score
t total1= multiclass(dm normalized',dm(:,20)',dm normalized',[''OAA'', &
0,''LS modified'',[]]');
t total1=t total1';
CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total1);
precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall);%F1 Score for each class
F1 Score=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes from reference [3]
fprintf('F1 Score for MSE (One vs. Rest) is %5.3f\n',F1 Score)
t total2= multiclass(dm normalized',dm(:,20)',dm normalized',[''all-pairs'', &
0,''Perceptron'',[]]');
t total2=t total2';
CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total2);
precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall);%F1 Score for each class
F1 Score2=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes from reference [3]
fprintf('F1 Score for MSE (One vs.One) is %5.3f\n',F1 Score2)
t total3= multiclass(dm normalized',dm(:,20)',dm normalized','[''OAA'', \(\nu\)
0,''Perceptron'',[]]');
```

```
t total3=t total3';
CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total3);
precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall);%F1 Score for each class
F1 Score3=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes from reference [3]
fprintf('F1 Score for Perceptron (One vs. Rest) is %5.3f\n',F1 Score3)
t total4= multiclass(dm normalized',dm(:,20)',dm normalized',[''all-pairs'', ∠
0,''LS modified'',[]]');
t total4=t total4';
CM=confusionmat(dm(:,20),t total4);
precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall);%F1 Score for each class
F1 Score4=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes from reference [3]
fprintf('F1 Score for Perceptron (One vs. ONE) is %5.3f\n\n,F1 Score4)
%% MSE/Perceptron Learning and Using one vs.rest/one vs.one method with normalize oldsymbol{lpha}
dataset, using cross-validation for estimation of perfprmance (with 10 subset &,
subject to constrain that percentage of samples in each class is unchanged in eack
subset)
class1 dm=dm normalized; %building class 1 dataset
k=1;
for i=1:size(dm normalized,1)
    if dm(i, 20) == 2
        1(k) = i;
        k=k+1;
    end
end
class1 dm(1,:)=[];
clear k
class2 dm=dm normalized; %building class 2 dataset
for i=1:size(dm normalized,1)
    if dm(i,20) == 1
        y(k)=i;
        k=k+1;
    end
end
class2 dm(y,:)=[];
clear k
crs vrid perfm1 1=0;
```

```
crs vrid perfm2 1=0;
crs_vrid_perfm3 1=0;
crs vrid perfm4 1=0;
for j=1:20
rv1 test= randperm(size(class1 dm,1),700);
rv2_test= randperm(size(class2 dm,1),300);
for i=1:70
    D1_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i),:);
    label D1 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D1 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i),:);
    label D1 c2(i) = 2;
end
D1 = [D1 c1; D1 c2];
label_D1=[label_D1_c1';label_D1_c2'];
D set\{1,1\}=D1;
D set{2,1}=label D1;
for i=1:70
    D2 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+70),:);
    label D2 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D2 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+30),:);
    label D2 c2(i) = 2;
end
D2 = [D2 c1; D2 c2];
label D2=[label D2 c1';label D2 c2'];
D set\{1,2\} = D2;
D set{2,2}=label D2;
for i=1:70
    D3 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+140),:);
    label_D3_c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D3 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+60),:);
    label D3 c2(i) = 2;
end
D3 = [D3 c1; D3 c2];
label D3=[label D3 c1';label D3 c2'];
D set\{1,3\}=D3;
D set{2,3}=label D3;
for i=1:70
    D4 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+210),:);
    label D4 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D4 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+90),:);
    label D4 c2(i) = 2;
```

```
end
D4 = [D4 c1; D4 c2];
label D4=[label D4 c1';label D4 c2'];
D set\{1, 4\} = D4;
D set\{2,4\}=label D4;
for i=1:70
    D5_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+280),:);
    label D5 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D5_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+120),:);
    label D5 c2(i) = 2;
end
D5 = [D5_c1; D5_c2];
label_D5=[label_D5_c1';label_D5_c2'];
D set\{1,5\} = D5;
D set{2,5}=label D5;
for i=1:70
    D6_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+350),:);
    label D6 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D6 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+150),:);
    label D6 c2(i) = 2;
end
D6=[D6 c1;D6 c2];
label D6=[label D6 c1';label D6 c2'];
D set\{1,6\} = D6;
D set{2,6}=label D6;
for i=1:70
    D7_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+420),:);
    label D7 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D7 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+180),:);
    label D7 c2(i) = 2;
end
D7 = [D7 c1; D7 c2];
label D7=[label D7 c1';label D7 c2'];
D set\{1,7\}=D7;
D_set{2,7}=label_D7;
for i=1:70
    D8 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+490),:);
    label D8 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
```

```
D8 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+210),:);
                   label D8 c2(i) = 2;
end
D8 = [D8 c1; D8 c2];
label D8=[label D8 c1';label D8 c2'];
D set\{1, 8\} = D8;
D set\{2,8\}=label D8;
for i=1:70
                   D9 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+560),:);
                   label D9 c1(i) = 1;
for i=1:30
                   D9 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+240),:);
                   label D9 c2(i) = 2;
end
D9=[D9_c1;D9_c2];
label D9=[label D9 c1';label D9 c2'];
D set\{1, 9\} = D9;
D set{2,9}=label D9;
for i=1:70
                   D10 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+630),:);
                   label D10 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
                   D10 c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+270),:);
                   label D10 c2(i) = 2;
end
D10=[D10 c1;D10 c2];
label D10=[label D10 c1'; label D10 c2'];
D set\{1,10\}=D10;
D set{2,10}=label D10;
clear D1 c1 D1 c2 D2 c1 D2 c2 D3 c1 D3 c2 D4 c1 D4 c2 D5 c1 D5 c2 D6 c1 D6 c2 D7 c1 🗹
D7 c2 D8 c1 D8 c2 D9 c1 D9 c2 D10 c1 D10 c2
clear label D1 c1 label D1 c2 label D2 c1 label D2 c2 label D3 c1 label D3 c2 🗸
label D4 c1 label D4 c2 label D5 c1 label D5 c2 label D6 c1 label D6 c2

✓
label D7 c1 label D7 c2 label D8 c1 label D8 c2 label D9 c1 label D9 c2 €
label D10 c1 label D10 c2
total_classfication rate=0;
for i=1:10
                           multiclass([D set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+2,10))}
+1); D_set{1, (mod(i+3,10)+1)}; D_set{1, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D_set{1, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D_set{1, (mod
\{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}]', [D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}]'
 (i,10)+1); D set\{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}
+1); D_set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D_set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D_set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D_set{2, (mo
\{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}',D set\{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)\}',[''OAA'', \kappa
0,''LS modified'',[]]');
```

```
m=mean(t==D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)}');
 total classfication rate=total classfication rate+m;
 crs vrid perfm1=total classfication rate/10;
 crs vrid perfm1 1=crs vrid perfm1 1+crs vrid perfm1;
 total classfication rate2=0;
for i=1:10
                                                              multiclass([D set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+2,10))}
 +1); D set{1, (mod(i+3,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod
 \{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}]', [D set\{2, (med(i+8,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}]'
  (i,10)+1); D_{set}{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D_{set}{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)}; D_{set}{2, (mod(i+3,1)}
 +1); D set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod
 \{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}, D set\{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)\}, [''OAA'', \checkmark]
 0,''Perceptron'',[]]');
 m2=mean(t2==D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)}');
 total classfication rate2=total classfication rate2+m2;
 end
 crs vrid perfm2=total classfication rate2/10;
 crs_vrid_perfm2_1=crs_vrid_perfm2_1+crs_vrid_perfm2;
 total classfication rate3=0;
 for i=1:10
 t3=
                                                              multiclass([D set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+2,10) \times (i+2,10) 
 +1); D set{1, (mod(i+3,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod
 \{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}', [D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}]'
  (i,10)+1); D set\{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}
 +1); D set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod
 \{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}',D set\{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)\}','[''all-\nu',' all-\nu',' al
 pairs'',0,''Perceptron'',[]]');
m3=mean(t3==D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)}');
 total classfication rate3=total classfication rate3+m3;
 end
 crs vrid perfm3=total classfication rate3/10;
 crs vrid perfm3 1=crs vrid perfm3 1+crs vrid perfm3;
 total classfication rate4=0;
 for i=1:10
                                                              multiclass([D set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+2,10) < mod(i+2,10) < mod(i+2,10
 +1); D_set{1, (mod(i+3,10)+1)}; D_set{1, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D_set{1, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D_set{1, (mod
 \{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}', [D set\{2, (med(i+8,10)+1)\}]
   (i,10)+1); D set\{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}
 +1); D set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D set
 \{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}', D set\{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)\}', [''all-'']\}
 pairs'',0,''LS modified'',[]]');
m4=mean(t4==D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)}');
 total_classfication_rate4=total_classfication_rate4+m4;
 crs vrid perfm4=total classfication rate4/10;
```

```
crs_vrid_perfm4_1=crs_vrid_perfm4_1+crs_vrid_perfm4;

clear i m total_classfication_rate total_classfication_rate2

total_classfication_rate3 total_classfication_rate4

end

fprintf('Normalized Dataset with zero mean and std of 1 with cross-validation*

estimation of performance: \n')

fprintf('Correct Classification rate for MSE with one vs.rest method is %6.5f\n;*

crs_vrid_perfm1_1/20)

fprintf('Correct Classification rate for MSE with one vs.one method is %6.5f\n;*

crs_vrid_perfm4_1/20)

fprintf('Correct Classification rate for perceptron with one vs.rest method is %6.*

f\n',crs_vrid_perfm2_1/20)

fprintf('Correct Classification rate for perceptron with one vs.one method is %6.*

f\n',crs_vrid_perfm3_1/20)
```

close all

```
\$\$ change categoriclas features into corresponding numerical value AND make Dataseoldsymbol{arkappa}
into matrix
%% one-hot encoding
clc;
clear all
% '[0 1]' presenting 'male'; '[1 0]'presenting 'female'
dm = dataset('File','Proj dataset 1.csv','Delimiter',',');
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm\{i,3\}) == 4
        dm\{i,3\} = [0 1];
    elseif length (dm{i,3}) == 6
        dm\{i,3\}=[1 \ 0];
    end
end
% '[0 0 1]' represting 'free'; '[0 1 0]' presenting 'rent'; '[1 0 0]' presenting
for i=1:length(dm)
    if length (dm\{i,5\}) == 3
        dm\{i,5\}=[1 \ 0 \ 0];
    elseif length (dm\{i, 5\}) == 4
        if dm\{i,5\} == 'rent'
             dm\{i,5\}=[0 \ 1 \ 0];
        else
             dm{i,5} = [0 \ 0 \ 1];
        end
    end
end
% let feature 'saving accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; "1" presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('rich', dm{i, 6}) == 1
        dm\{i, 6\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate',dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,6}) ==1
        dm\{i, 6\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i, 6\}=0;
    end
end
```

```
% let feature 'checking accounts' be value from '5' to '1'
% '5' presenting 'rich'; '4' presenting 'quite rich';
% '3' presenting 'moderate'; '2' presnting 'little'; "1" presenting 'NA'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=5;
    elseifstrcmp('quite rich', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=4;
    elseif strcmp('moderate', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i, 7\}=3;
    elseif strcmp('little', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i, 7\}=2;
    elseif strcmp('NA', dm{i,7}) ==1
        dm\{i,7\}=1;
    else
        dm\{i,7\}=0;
    end
end
% let feature 'purpose' be value from 8 to 1
% '[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting 'business'; '[0 1 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting
'education'
% '[0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0]' presenting 'car'; '[0 0 0 1 0 0 0]' presenting
'vacation/others'
% '[0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0]' presenting 'furniture/equipment'; '[0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0] ✔
presenting 'radio/TV'
% '[0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0]' presenting 'repairs'; '[0 0 0 0 0 0 1]' presenting 'domesti⊄
appliances'
for i=1:length(dm)
    if strcmp('business',dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
    elseif strcmp('education', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('car', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('vacation/others', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0];
    elseif strcmp('furniture/equipment',dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('domestic appliances', dm{i,10}) == 1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('radio/TV', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0];
    elseif strcmp('repairs', dm{i,10}) ==1
        dm\{i,10\}=[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1];
    end
% Make Dataset into Matrix Form
dm= dataset2cell(dm);
```

```
dm(1,:) = [];
dm=cell2mat(dm);
%delete the first feature, it is just a index for appliances.
dm(:,1) = [];
dm(:,[1,6,7,9,10,11,13,14,16,17,18,19]) = [];
dm wt label= dm;
dm \ wt \ label(:, 8) = [];
%% Randomly Generate 200 samples as test dataset, 800 samples as traing dataset
r1=randperm(1000,200);
for i=1:200
per20 test(i,:) = dm(r1(i),:);
per20_test_without_label=per20_test;
per20 test without label(:,8)=[];
per80 train=dm;
per80 train(r1,:)=[];
per80 train without label=per80 train;
per80 train without label(:,8)=[];
%% QDA Classifier for non-nomalized data. One-Pass Accuracy estimation
model=fitcdiscr(per80 train without label, per80 train(:4
8), 'DiscrimType', 'pseudoQuadratic');
t3 = predict(model, per20 test without label);
fprintf('One-Path Accuracy for for QDA without normalization: %5.3f\n;sum(per20 test_
(:,8) == t3)/200);
%% QDA Classifier , F1 score for non normalized data
model=fitcdiscr(dm wt label, dm(:,8),'DiscrimType','pseudoQuadratic');
t total = predict(model, dm wt label);
CM=confusionmat(dm(:,8),t total);% from reference [2]
precision=diag(CM)./sum(CM,2);
recall=diag(CM)./sum(CM,1)';
f1Score eachclass=2*(precision.*recall)./(precision+recall);%F1 Score for each class
F1 Score=mean(f1Score eachclass); % F1 score for all classes
fprintf('F1 Score for QDA Classifier without Normalized Dataset is %5.3f\n\n; \(\mu\)
F1 Score)
%% Cross-Validation of 10-folds, 20 times with constraint of same percentage ooldsymbol{arphi}
class, 20 times for Performace Estimation for QDA without normalized data
crs vrid perfm1=0;
class1 dm=dm; %building class 1 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
    if dm(i, 8) == 2
        k=k+1;
```

```
1(k) = i;
    end
end
class1_dm(1,:) = [];
clear k 1
class2 dm=dm; %building class 2 dataset
k=0;
for i=1:1000
    if dm(i, 8) == 1
        k=k+1;
        1(k) = i;
    end
end
class2_dm(1,:) = [];
clear k 1
class1 dm(:,8) = [];
class2 dm(:,8) = [];
for j=1:20
rv1 test= randperm(size(class1 dm,1),700);
rv2 test= randperm(size(class2 dm,1),300);
for i=1:70
    D1_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i),:);
    label D1 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D1 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i),:);
    label D1 c2(i) = 2;
end
D1 = [D1 c1; D1 c2];
label D1=[label_D1_c1';label_D1_c2'];
D set{1,1}=D1;
D set{2,1}=label D1;
for i=1:70
    D2 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+70),:);
    label D2 c1(i) = 1;
for i=1:30
    D2 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+30),:);
    label D2 c2(i) = 2;
end
D2 = [D2_c1; D2_c2];
label D2=[label D2 c1';label D2 c2'];
D_set{1,2}=D2;
D_set{2,2}=label_D2;
for i=1:70
    D3 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+140),:);
```

```
label D3 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D3 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+60),:);
    label D3 c2(i) = 2;
end
D3 = [D3 c1; D3 c2];
label D3=[label_D3_c1';label_D3_c2'];
D set\{1,3\}=D3;
D set\{2,3\}=label D3;
for i=1:70
    D4 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+210),:);
    label D4 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D4_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+90),:);
    label D4 c2(i) = 2;
end
D4 = [D4 c1; D4 c2];
label D4=[label D4 c1';label D4 c2'];
D_set{1,4}=D4;
D set{2,4}=label D4;
for i=1:70
    D5_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+280),:);
    label D5 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D5 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+120),:);
    label D5 c2(i) = 2;
end
D5 = [D5 c1; D5 c2];
label_D5=[label_D5_c1';label_D5_c2'];
D set\{1, 5\} = D5;
D_set{2,5}=label_D5;
for i=1:70
    D6_c1(i,:) = class1_dm(rv1_test(i+350),:);
    label D6 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D6 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+150),:);
    label D6 c2(i) = 2;
D6=[D6_c1;D6_c2];
label_D6=[label_D6_c1';label_D6_c2'];
D set{1,6}=D6;
D set{2,6}=label D6;
```

```
for i=1:70
    D7 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+420),:);
    label D7 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D7 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+180),:);
    label D7 c2(i) = 2;
end
D7 = [D7 c1; D7 c2];
label_D7=[label_D7_c1';label_D7_c2'];
D set\{1,7\} = D7;
D set\{2,7\}=label D7;
for i=1:70
    D8 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+490),:);
    label D8 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D8_c2(i,:) = class2_dm(rv2_test(i+210),:);
    label D8 c2(i) = 2;
end
D8=[D8_c1;D8_c2];
label D8=[label D8 c1';label D8 c2'];
D set{1,8}=D8;
D set{2,8}=label D8;
for i=1:70
    D9 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+560),:);
    label D9 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D9 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+240),:);
    label D9 c2(i) = 2;
end
D9 = [D9 c1; D9 c2];
label D9=[label D9 c1';label D9 c2'];
D set\{1,9\}=D9;
D set\{2,9\}=label D9;
for i=1:70
    D10 c1(i,:) = class1 dm(rv1 test(i+630),:);
    label D10 c1(i) = 1;
end
for i=1:30
    D10 c2(i,:) = class2 dm(rv2 test(i+270),:);
    label D10 c2(i) = 2;
end
D10=[D10 c1;D10 c2];
label_D10=[label_D10_c1';label_D10_c2'];
D set{1,10}=D10;
D set{2,10}=label D10;
```

```
clear D1 c1 D1 c2 D2 c1 D2 c2 D3 c1 D3 c2 D4 c1 D4 c2 D5 c1 D5 c2 D6 c1 D6 c2 D7 c1 🗹
D7 c2 D8 c1 D8 c2 D9 c1 D9 c2 D10 c1 D10 c2
clear label D1 c1 label D1 c2 label D2 c1 label D2 c2 label D3 c1 label D3 c2 🗹
label D4 c1 label D4 c2 label D5 c1 label D5 c2 label D6 c1 label D6 c2
label D7 c1 label D7 c2 label D8 c1 label D8 c2 label D9 c1 label D9 c2
label D10 c1 label D10 c2
total classfication rate=0;
for i=1:10
model=fitcdiscr([D set{1, (mod(i,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+1,10)+1)}; D set{1, (mod(i+2,10)+1)}; D se
+1); D set\{1, (mod(i+3,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+4,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+5,10)+1)\}; D set\{1
\{1, (mod(i+6,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{1, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\},\
(i,10)+1); D set\{2, (mod(i+1,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+2,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+3,1))\}
+1); D set{2, (mod(i+4,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+5,10)+1)}; D set{2, (mod(i+6,10)+1)}; D set
\{2, (mod(i+7,10)+1)\}; D set\{2, (mod(i+8,10)+1)\}\}, 'DiscrimType', 'pseudoQuadratic');
t = predict(model, D set{1, (mod(i+9,10)+1)});
m=mean(D set{2, (mod(i+9,10)+1)} ==t);
total classfication rate=total classfication rate+m;
end
crs vrid perfm=total classfication rate/10;
crs vrid perfm1=crs vrid perfm+crs vrid perfm1;
fprintf('Cross-Validation of 10-folds, 20 times of Performace Estimation for QDM
```

without normalization: %5.3f\n', crs vrid perfm1/20);