# Hw2

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### 1 - ALU

### alu\_assign waveform:



#### alu\_always waveform:

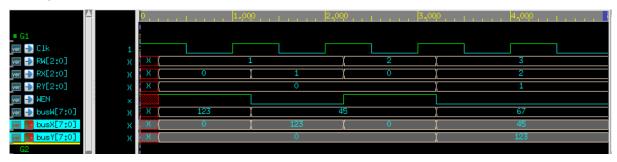


#### verify:

I write a python program to simulate the behavior of ALU. Then random generate 64 sets of data as in.pattern and calculate the corresponding answer to check my alu\_assign and alu\_always design.

# 2 - Register File

#### waveform:



#### verify:

I assign some values in tb as below and check by human evaluation.

```
#(`CYCLE*0.2)
               WEN = 1'b1; RW = 3'd1; RX = 3'd0; RY = 3'd0;
busW = 8'd123;
#(`CYCLE*0.8)
#(`CYCLE*0.2)
busW = 8'd45; WEN = 1'b0; RW = 3'd1; RX = 3'd1; RY = 3'd0;
#(`CYCLE*0.3)
if( busX == 123 && busY == 0) $display( " .... passed." );
else begin
    $display( " .... failed");
end
#(`HCYCLE)
#(`CYCLE*0.2)
busW = 8'd45; WEN = 1'b1; RW = 3'd2; RX = 3'd0; RY = 3'd0;
#(`CYCLE*0.8)
#(`CYCLE*0.2)
busW = 8'd67; WEN = 1'b0; RW = 3'd3; RX = 3'd2; RY = 3'd1;
#(`CYCLE*0.3)
if( busY == 123 && busX == 45) $display( " .... passed." );
else begin
    $display( " .... failed");
end
#(`HCYCLE)
```

#### 3 - Found

I found that the verification part is very hard to guarantee the correctness. For the ALU, I verified the design via another python program. In the beginning, I found some error, and I didn't know if there was a bug in my Python program or in my design.

Since the function of the register file is pretty simple, I just checked the output for a few input cases. But when the design becomes more complicated, I think it is really hard to check all the possible cases and we need to find some good verification technique!