Literate Programming

Austin Hart

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Literate programming with R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple markup language for authoring reports, slide decks, websites, and more. Critically, it allows you to integrate code (R, python, html, etc) into the body text of your work. This combination of coding and typesetting is called "literate programming."

Markdown resources

There are a number of excellent, stand-alone resources on Markdown. Yihui Xie's R Markdown: The Definitive Guide, for example, covers installation, documents, slide presentations, and much more.

Workflow

When you're ready to start communicating findings through a report or slide presentation, try the following:

- 1. Create a new .Rmd file and a new .R script in your project folder.
- 2. Use the .R script to test out and write initial code.
- 3. Outline the .Rmd document (all headers and sub headers).
- 4. Paste the final code chunks into the .Rmd doc, and test them.
- 5. Write the main body text.

Markdown structure

Markdown documents (.Rmd files) have three parts:

- YAML metadata defining the document parameters
 - Specify author, title, date, etc
 - Set output type: HTML, PDF, MS Word, etc
- ullet R code chunks to execute on Knit
- Body text

When you Knit your R markdown document, knitr and pandoc work together to generate a file that includes written content and the output of any code (e.g., figures and tables).

Table 1: Trash weight (tons) by wheel

wheel	Min	Mean	Max
Captain	0.6	1.2	3.2
Gwynnda	0.8	2.9	4.2
Mr. Trash	0.8	3.2	5.6
Professor	0.6	2.1	3.7

Code chunks

You can embed code chunks like this:

Every code chunk begins and ends with the triple back tick, and you must specify that the code included in the chunk is r code. When you knit, or render, the document, knitr processes the code and displays the output (see Table 1 above).

You can also integrate code directly into the text. For example, the trash_wheels data includes records for 946 total bins with a maximum recorded weight of 5.62.

Including Plots

Plots generated from code chunks are placed directly in the document. For example:

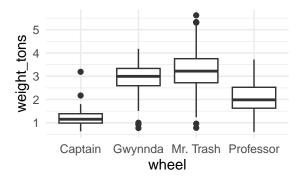


Figure 1: Weights by wheel

Hard things (at first)

Line breaks

Line breaks require two spaces. New paragraphs need two hard returns. When I knit, this line gets sucked into the one above. If I add two spaces and return at the end of the line, then

I become a new line all to myself. If I want a whole new paragraph, I need two hard returns.

Now I'm a new paragraph.

Knitting and errors

Knit often! Write a bit and Knit. Code a bit and Knit. Check every code chunk.