## CSCI-21 Programming Assignment #1, due 9/13/18

In the Settings menu of QTSpim set Bare Machine ON, Allow Pseudo Instructions OFF, Load Exception Handler OFF, Delayed Branches OFF, Delayed Loads OFF, Mapped IO OFF, Load Exception File OFF. Email me the source file(s) attached to an email with "CS21 your name Assign 1" in the subject line. For these programming exercises, you may use ONLY these instructions:

Run the programs by verifying the value of the PC is 0x00400000 (it defaults there in many installations of QTSpim, or set it by right-clicking on the "PC =" register field in the "Int Regs [16]" pane of the QTSpim window and selecting "Change Register Contents"). Then, single step (pushing F10) or by multiple step (push F11 and enter a number of steps), observing the results in the SPIM register display window.

## Exercise 1:

Start a program with the instruction that puts a single one-bit into the low order bit of register eight (\$8 or \$10, but use \$10):

Now, by using only shift logical instructions and register to register logic instructions (you may not use any other immediate instructions), put the pattern <code>0xAAAAAAA</code> into register \$9 (\$t1). You may not use another <code>andi</code>, <code>ori</code> or <code>xori</code> instruction to set another bit from scratch: you must work only from the single bit you set in the first instruction or from bits created directly from that bit. You will need to use more registers than just \$9. See how few instructions and registers you need to do this. Doing this in approximately twelve instructions and using four or five registers is reasonable. You can do this in fewer. Again, you MAY NOT create any other data bits from scratch for this, only the single bit you started with or bits created directly from that single bit.

## Exercise 2:

Again, start a program with the instruction that puts the single one-bit into register eight (\$t0):

Now, by using only shift logical instructions and register to register logic instructions (use NO more immediate instructions), put the pattern 0x96969696 into register \$t1. Do not use another andi, ori or xori instruction. You will need to use other registers than just \$t1. See how few instructions you need to do this. Again, this can be done in approximately ten to twelve instructions. Again, you may only work from the one initial bit or bits created directly from that single bit.

## Exercise 3:

Again, start a program with the instruction that puts the single one-bit into register eight (\$t0):