## Hints for Project 3

Note: Suggest to read both Project 3 documentation and hints.

#### **Rules for Array**

```
VarDecl: IDENTIFIER LBRACKET INTCON RBRACKET{
      //This is an array declaration.
      // Allocate the memory space for the array by assign the offset
      // Keep its offset in the symbol table
      // Pay attention to the offset computation/update
Variable: IDENTIFIER LBRACKET Expr RBRACKET{
      //Generate instructions to load the array element to the register
      //How to calculate its address? (base + offset)
      // base comes from IDENTIFIER, offset comes from offset
```

### Translation of if statement

```
int a;
int main() {

write("enter a:");
read(a);
if (a != 0) {
   write(1);
}
write("complete!");
}
```

```
lw $s1, 0($s0)
    li $s0, 0
    sne $s2, $s1, $s0
   beq $s2, $zero, .L0
    li $s1, 1
   move $a0, $s1
    li $v0, 1
   syscall
   li $v0, 4
    la, $a0, .newline
   syscall
     .L1
.L0:
         nop
.L1:
        nop
    la $s1, .string1
   move $a0, $s1
    li $v0, 4
   syscall
```

What is the purpose of the label .LO?

What is the purpose of the label .L1?

## Translation of if-then-else

```
lw $s1, 0($s0)
int main()
                                           li $s0, 0
                                                                         Test: LPAREN Expr RPAREN
                                           sgt $s2, $s1, $s0
   write("enter a:")
                                           beq $s2, $zero, .L0
                                                                            { refer to the else lable}
                                           li $s1, 1
   read(a);
                                          move $a0, $s1
                                           li $v0, 1
                                           syscall
   if (a > 0) {
                                                                       TestAndThen: Test CompoundStatement
                                           li $v0, 4
     write(1);
                                           la, $a0, .newline
                                                                         { refer to the end lable
                                           syscall
   } else {
                                                                          generate the else lable
     write(0);
                                      .L0:
                                                 nop
                                           li $s1, 0
                                          move $a0, $s1
                                                                     IfStatement:
   write("Compelte");
                                           li $v0, 1
                                                                     IF TestAndThen ELSE CompoundStatement
                                           syscall
                                           li $v0, 4
                                                                        { generate the end_lable}
                                           la, $a0, .newline
                                           syscall
      .LO is the else-label
                                                 nop
                                           la $s1, .string1
                                          move $a0, $s1
     .L1 is the end-label
                                                                        A label could be an
                                           li $v0, 4
                                                                         attribute of a symbol.
                                           syscall
```

#### **Rules for Branch** 1 Evaluate expr Test: LPAREN Expr RPAREN{ 2. bne else label //What is \$\$? if (expr) Instructions for then-part // Hint: What if \$2 is false? then-part\_ end label else else-part < else\_label: nop Instructions for the-part TestAndThen : Test CompoundStatement { end\_label // hint: generate the "end" branch end label: nop IfStatement: IF TestAndThen ELSE CompoundStatement{ // At this time point, the instructions for TestAndThen and

// CompoundStatement are generated.

// hit: generate the "end" target

- You need to generate branch instructions
- You need to generate labels
- You can use labels before using them

# Translation of While Loop

```
while (a<=10) {
    write(a);
    s=s+a;
    a=a+1;
}
write(s);</pre>
```

#### .LO is the start-label

Indicate the starting of an iteration

#### .L1 is the end-label

Indicate the end of the loop

```
. LØ:
        nop
    add $s0, $gp, 4
    lw $s1, 0($s0)
    li $s0, 10
    sle $s2, $s1, $s0
    beq $s2, $zero, _.L1_
    add $s0, $gp, 4
    lw $s1, 0($s0)
   move $a0, $s1
    li $v0, 1
    syscall
    li $v0, 4
    la, $a0, .newline
    syscall
    add $s0, $qp, 8
    add $s1, $gp, 8
    lw $s2, 0($s1)
    add $s1, $gp, 4
    lw $s3, 0($s1)
    add $s1, $s2, $s3
    sw $s1, 0($s0)
    add $s0, $gp, 4
    add $s1, $gp, 4
    lw $s2, 0($s1)
    li $s1, 1
    add $s3, $s2, $s1
    sw $s3, 0($s0)
      .L1:
         nop
    add $s0, $gp, 8
    lw $s1, 0($s0)
   move $a0, $s1
    li $v0, 1
    syscall
```

## Rules for While loop

```
WhileToken : WHILE{
 // Indicate the beginning of an iteration
WhileExpr : LPAREN Expr RPAREN{
    // evaluate Expr
   // branch to the end of the branch if false
WhileStatement: WhileToken WhileExpr Statement{
  // Generate the instruction to repeat the iteration
  // Generate the label for the exit/end of the loop
```