Manual del Programador

Sistema de Auditoría de Seguridad Web

Versión 1.0

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Introducción Técnica

El Sistema de Auditoría de Seguridad Web es una aplicación full-stack desarrollada para evaluar y mejorar la calidad del código y la seguridad de aplicaciones web. Implementa un modelo de arquitectura MVC (Modelo-Vista-Controlador) con patrones de diseño modernos.

Objetivos del Sistema

- Análisis automatizado de código fuente
- Detección de vulnerabilidades de seguridad
- Generación de reportes técnicos detallados
- Interfaz web intuitiva para gestión de auditorías
- API REST para integración con otras herramientas

Principios de Desarrollo

- Modularidad: Componentes independientes y reutilizables
- **Escalabilidad**: Arquitectura que soporta crecimiento
- Seguridad: Implementación de mejores prácticas
- Mantenibilidad: Código limpio y bien documentado

Arquitectura del Sistema

Patrón MVC Implementado

Modelo (Model)

```
python
# app/models/vulnerability.py
class Vulnerability:
    def __init__(self, id, name, severity, description, file_path, line_number):
        self.id = id
        self.name = name
        self.severity = severity
        self.description = description
        self.file_path = file_path
        self.line_number = line_number
```

Vista (View)

Controlador (Controller)

```
# app/controllers/audit_controller.py
from flask import Blueprint, request, jsonify
from app.services.audit_service import AuditService
audit_bp = Blueprint('audit', __name__)

@audit_bp.route('/audit', methods=['POST'])
def create_audit():
    data = request.get_json()
    result = AuditService.create_audit(data)
```

Arquitectura de Capas

return jsonify(result)

```
Presentación

(React Frontend + API REST)

Lógica de Negocio
(Services + Controllers)

Acceso a Datos
(Models + Database Layer)

Infraestructura
(Database + External Services)
```

Tecnologías Utilizadas

Backend

Framework: Flask 2.3.x (Python)

ORM: SQLAlchemy 1.4.x

• **Base de Datos**: PostgreSQL 14.x

Autenticación: Flask-JWT-Extended

Validación: Marshmallow 3.x

Testing: PyTest 7.x

Frontend

• Framework: React 18.x

• Estado: Redux Toolkit

• **Routing**: React Router 6.x

• **UI Components**: Material-UI 5.x

• HTTP Client: Axios

• **Testing**: Jest + React Testing Library

Herramientas de Análisis

• Análisis Estático: Bandit, SonarQube

• Escaneo de Dependencias: Safety, OWASP Dependency Check

• Análisis de Código: ESLint, PyLint

• Pruebas de Seguridad: OWASP ZAP, Nmap

DevOps

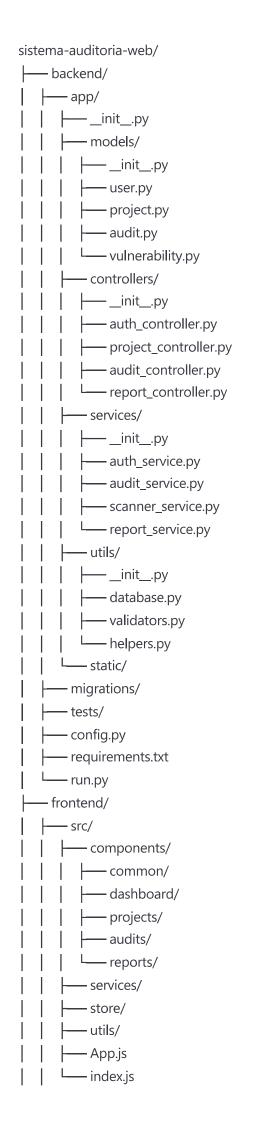
• **Contenedores**: Docker + Docker Compose

• **CI/CD**: GitHub Actions

• Monitoring: Prometheus + Grafana

• **Logs**: ELK Stack (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana)

Estructura del Proyecto





Instalación y Configuración

Configuración del Entorno de Desarrollo

1. Clonar el Repositorio

bash

git clone https://github.com/usuario/sistema-auditoria-web.git cd sistema-auditoria-web

2. Configurar Variables de Entorno

```
bash
```

#.env

DATABASE_URL=postgresql://usuario:password@localhost:5432/auditoria_db

JWT_SECRET_KEY=tu-clave-secreta-jwt

FLASK_ENV=development

FLASK_APP=run.py

REDIS_URL=redis://localhost:6379

3. Configurar Base de Datos

bash

Crear base de datos

createdb auditoria_db

Ejecutar migraciones

cd backend

flask db upgrade

4. Instalar Dependencias Backend

bash

cd backend
python -m venv venv
source venv/bin/activate # En Windows: venv\Scripts\activate
pip install -r requirements.txt

5. Instalar Dependencias Frontend

bash

cd frontend

npm install

6. Configurar Docker (Opcional)

bash

Construir y ejecutar con Docker Compose docker-compose up --build

Módulos del Sistema

Módulo de Autenticación

Modelo de Usuario

```
# app/models/user.py
```

from werkzeug.security import generate_password_hash, check_password_hash from app.utils.database import db

```
class User(db.Model):
   __tablename__ = 'users'

id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
username = db.Column(db.String(80), unique=True, nullable=False)
email = db.Column(db.String(120), unique=True, nullable=False)
password_hash = db.Column(db.String(255), nullable=False)
role = db.Column(db.String(20), default='user')
created_at = db.Column(db.DateTime, default=datetime.utcnow)

def set_password(self, password):
   self.password_hash = generate_password_hash(password)

def check_password(self, password):
   return check_password_hash(self.password_hash, password)
```

Servicio de Autenticación

```
# app/services/auth_service.py
```

from flask_jwt_extended import create_access_token, jwt_required, get_jwt_identity from app.models.user import User

```
class AuthService:
  @staticmethod
  def login(username, password):
    user = User.query.filter_by(username=username).first()
    if user and user.check_password(password):
       access_token = create_access_token(identity=user.id)
       return {
         'access_token': access_token,
         'user': {
            'id': user.id,
            'username': user.username,
            'email': user.email,
            'role': user.role
         }
       }
    return None
  @staticmethod
  def register(username, email, password):
    if User.query.filter_by(username=username).first():
       return {'error': 'Username already exists'}
    user = User(username=username, email=email)
    user.set_password(password)
    db.session.add(user)
    db.session.commit()
    return {'message': 'User created successfully'}
```

Módulo de Análisis de Código

Servicio de Escáner

```
# app/services/scanner_service.py
import subprocess
import json
import os
from app.models.vulnerability import Vulnerability
class ScannerService:
  @staticmethod
  def scan_code(project_path, scan_type='all'):
     vulnerabilities = []
     if scan_type in ['all', 'static']:
       vulnerabilities.extend(ScannerService._bandit_scan(project_path))
       vulnerabilities.extend(ScannerService._safety_scan(project_path))
     if scan_type in ['all', 'dynamic']:
       vulnerabilities.extend(ScannerService._zap_scan(project_path))
     return vulnerabilities
  @staticmethod
  def _bandit_scan(project_path):
     """Análisis estático con Bandit"""
     try:
       result = subprocess.run([
          'bandit', '-r', project_path, '-f', 'json'
       ], capture_output=True, text=True)
       if result.returncode == 0:
          data = json.loads(result.stdout)
          vulnerabilities = []
          for item in data.get('results', []):
            vuln = Vulnerability(
               name=item['test_id'],
               severity=item['issue_severity'],
               description=item['issue_text'],
               file_path=item['filename'],
               line_number=item['line_number']
            )
            vulnerabilities.append(vuln)
          return vulnerabilities
     except Exception as e:
       print(f"Error en Bandit scan: {e}")
```

```
return []
@staticmethod
def _safety_scan(project_path):
  """Análisis de dependencias con Safety"""
  try:
    result = subprocess.run([
       'safety', 'check', '--json'
    ], capture_output=True, text=True, cwd=project_path)
    if result.returncode != 0:
       data = json.loads(result.stdout)
       vulnerabilities = []
       for item in data:
         vuln = Vulnerability(
            name=f"Dependency: {item['package']}",
            severity='HIGH',
            description=item['advisory'],
            file_path='requirements.txt',
            line_number=0
         vulnerabilities.append(vuln)
       return vulnerabilities
```

Módulo de Generación de Reportes

print(f"Error en Safety scan: {e}")

except Exception as e:

Servicio de Reportes

return []

```
# app/services/report_service.py
from reportlab.lib.pagesizes import letter
from reportlab.platypus import SimpleDocTemplate, Paragraph, Spacer, Table
from reportlab.lib.styles import getSampleStyleSheet
from jinja2 import Environment, FileSystemLoader
class ReportService:
  @staticmethod
  def generate_pdf_report(audit_id, vulnerabilities):
    """Genera reporte en PDF"""
    filename = f"audit_report_{audit_id}.pdf"
    doc = SimpleDocTemplate(filename, pagesize=letter)
    styles = getSampleStyleSheet()
    story = []
    # Título
    title = Paragraph("Reporte de Auditoría de Seguridad", styles['Title'])
    story.append(title)
    story.append(Spacer(1, 20))
    # Resumen
    summary_data = ReportService._generate_summary(vulnerabilities)
    summary_table = Table(summary_data)
    story.append(summary_table)
    story.append(Spacer(1, 20))
    # Detalles de vulnerabilidades
    for vuln in vulnerabilities:
       vuln_title = Paragraph(f"Vulnerabilidad: {vuln.name}", styles['Heading2'])
       story.append(vuln_title)
       vuln_details = Paragraph(f"""
         <b>Severidad:</b> {vuln.severity}<br/>
         <b>Archivo:</b> {vuln.file_path}<br/>
         <b>Línea:</b> {vuln.line_number}<br/>
         <b>Descripción:</b> {vuln.description}
       """, styles['Normal'])
       story.append(vuln_details)
       story.append(Spacer(1, 12))
    doc.build(story)
    return filename
  @staticmethod
```

def generate_html_report(audit_id, vulnerabilities):

```
"""Genera reporte en HTML"""
  env = Environment(loader=FileSystemLoader('templates'))
  template = env.get_template('report_template.html')
  context = {
    'audit_id': audit_id,
    'vulnerabilities': vulnerabilities,
    'summary': ReportService._generate_summary(vulnerabilities)
  }
  html_content = template.render(context)
  filename = f"audit_report_{audit_id}.html"
  with open(filename, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
    f.write(html_content)
  return filename
@staticmethod
def _generate_summary(vulnerabilities):
  """Genera resumen de vulnerabilidades"""
  summary = {
    'total': len(vulnerabilities),
    'critical': len([v for v in vulnerabilities if v.severity == 'CRITICAL']),
    'high': len([v for v in vulnerabilities if v.severity == 'HIGH']),
    'medium': len([v for v in vulnerabilities if v.severity == 'MEDIUM']),
    'low': len([v for v in vulnerabilities if v.severity == 'LOW'])
  return summary
```

API y Endpoints

Autenticación

POST /api/auth/login

```
@auth_bp.route('/login', methods=['POST'])
def login():
    data = request.get_json()

# Validación
if not data or not data.get('username') or not data.get('password'):
    return jsonify({'error': 'Username and password required'}), 400

# Autenticación
result = AuthService.login(data['username'], data['password'])
if result:
    return jsonify(result), 200
else:
    return jsonify({'error': 'Invalid credentials'}), 401
```

POST /api/auth/register

```
python
@auth_bp.route('/register', methods=['POST'])
def register():
    data = request.get_json()

# Validación
required_fields = ['username', 'email', 'password']
if not all(field in data for field in required_fields):
    return jsonify({'error': 'All fields required'}), 400

# Registro
result = AuthService.register(data['username'], data['email'], data['password'])
return jsonify(result), 201
```

Proyectos

GET /api/projects

```
@project_bp.route('/', methods=['GET'])
@jwt_required()
def get_projects():
    user_id = get_jwt_identity()
    projects = Project.query.filter_by(user_id=user_id).all()

return jsonify([{
        'id': p.id,
        'name': p.name,
        'description': p.description,
        'created_at': p.created_at.isoformat()
} for p in projects])
```

POST /api/projects

```
python
@project_bp.route('/', methods=['POST'])
@jwt_required()
def create_project():
  user_id = get_jwt_identity()
  data = request.get_json()
  project = Project(
     name=data['name'],
     description=data.get('description', "),
     user_id=user_id
  )
  db.session.add(project)
  db.session.commit()
  return jsonify({
     'id': project.id,
     'name': project.name,
     'description': project.description
  }), 201
```

Auditorías

POST /api/audits

```
@audit_bp.route('/', methods=['POST'])
@jwt_required()
def create_audit():
  data = request.get_json()
  # Validación
  if not data or not data.get('project_id'):
     return jsonify({'error': 'Project ID required'}), 400
  # Crear auditoría
  audit = Audit(
     project_id=data['project_id'],
     scan_type=data.get('scan_type', 'all'),
     status='pending'
  )
  db.session.add(audit)
  db.session.commit()
  # Ejecutar análisis asíncrono
  from app.tasks import run_security_scan
  run_security_scan.delay(audit.id)
  return jsonify({
     'id': audit.id,
     'status': audit.status,
     'created_at': audit.created_at.isoformat()
  }), 201
```

GET /api/audits/{audit_id}

```
@audit_bp.route('/<int:audit_id>', methods=['GET'])
@jwt_required()
def get_audit(audit_id):
  audit = Audit.query.get_or_404(audit_id)
  # Verificar permisos
  if audit.project.user_id != get_jwt_identity():
     return jsonify({'error': 'Unauthorized'}), 403
  vulnerabilities = Vulnerability.query.filter_by(audit_id=audit_id).all()
  return jsonify({
     'id': audit.id,
     'project id': audit.project id,
     'status': audit.status,
     'scan_type': audit.scan_type,
     'created_at': audit.created_at.isoformat(),
     'vulnerabilities': [{
       'id': v.id,
       'name': v.name,
       'severity': v.severity,
       'description': v.description,
       'file_path': v.file_path,
       'line_number': v.line_number
     } for v in vulnerabilities]
  })
```

Reportes

GET /api/reports/{audit_id}/pdf

```
python
@report_bp.route('/<int:audit_id>/pdf', methods=['GET'])
@jwt_required()
def generate_pdf_report(audit_id):
    audit = Audit.query.get_or_404(audit_id)

# Verificar permisos
if audit.project.user_id != get_jwt_identity():
    return jsonify({'error': 'Unauthorized'}), 403

vulnerabilities = Vulnerability.query.filter_by(audit_id=audit_id).all()
filename = ReportService.generate_pdf_report(audit_id, vulnerabilities)

return send_file(filename, as_attachment=True, download_name=f'audit_{audit_id}.pdf')
```

Base de Datos

Esquema de Base de Datos

Tabla Users

```
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP

CREATE TABLE users (
   id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
   username VARCHAR(80) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
   email VARCHAR(120) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
   password_hash VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
   role VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT 'user',
   created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
```

Tabla Projects

```
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP);

CREATE TABLE projects (
  id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
  description TEXT,
  repository_url VARCHAR(500),
  user_id INTEGER REFERENCES users(id),
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  updated_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP);
```

Tabla Audits

```
created_at TIMESTAMP

CREATE TABLE audits (
   id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
   project_id INTEGER REFERENCES projects(id),
   scan_type VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT 'all',
   status VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT 'pending',
   started_at TIMESTAMP,
   completed_at TIMESTAMP,
   created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
```

Tabla Vulnerabilities

```
sq
```

```
id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
audit_id INTEGER REFERENCES audits(id),
name VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
severity VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
description TEXT,
file_path VARCHAR(1000),
line_number INTEGER,
cwe_id VARCHAR(20),
recommendation TEXT,
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
```

Migraciones con Alembic

Configuración de Alembic

```
python
# migrations/env.py
from alembic import context
from sqlalchemy import engine_from_config, pool
from app.models import *
from app.utils.database import db
config = context.config
target_metadata = db.metadata
def run_migrations_online():
  connectable = engine_from_config(
    config.get_section(config.config_ini_section),
    prefix='sqlalchemy.',
    poolclass=pool.NullPool,
  )
  with connectable.connect() as connection:
    context.configure(
       connection=connection,
       target_metadata=target_metadata
    )
    with context.begin_transaction():
       context.run_migrations()
```

Crear Migración

```
bash
# Generar nueva migración
flask db migrate -m "Descripción de la migración"
# Aplicar migración
flask db upgrade
# Revertir migración
flask db downgrade
```

Seguridad

Autenticación JWT

Configuración JWT

```
python
# config.py
import os
from datetime import timedelta

class Config:
    JWT_SECRET_KEY = os.environ.get('JWT_SECRET_KEY') or 'dev-secret-key'
    JWT_ACCESS_TOKEN_EXPIRES = timedelta(hours=24)
    JWT_REFRESH_TOKEN_EXPIRES = timedelta(days=30)
```

Middleware de Autenticación

```
# app/middleware/auth_middleware.py
  from flask_jwt_extended import jwt_required, get_jwt_identity
  from functools import wraps
  def admin_required(f):
    @wraps(f)
    @jwt_required()
    def decorated_function(*args, **kwargs):
      current_user_id = get_jwt_identity()
      user = User.query.get(current_user_id)
      if user.role != 'admin':
         return jsonify({'error': 'Admin access required'}), 403
      return f(*args, **kwargs)
    return decorated_function
Validación de Datos
Esquemas de Validación con Marshmallow
```

```
python
# app/schemas/validation.py
from marshmallow import Schema, fields, validate
class ProjectSchema(Schema):
  name = fields.Str(required=True, validate=validate.Length(min=1, max=200))
  description = fields.Str(validate=validate.Length(max=1000))
  repository_url = fields.Url()
class AuditSchema(Schema):
  project_id = fields.Int(required=True)
  scan_type = fields.Str(validate=validate.OneOf(['all', 'static', 'dynamic']))
```

Protección CSRF

Configuración CSRF

```
# app/_init_.py
from flask_wtf.csrf import CSRFProtect

csrf = CSRFProtect()

def create_app():
    app = Flask(__name__)
    csrf.init_app(app)
    return app
```

Rate Limiting

Configuración Rate Limiting

```
# app/utils/rate_limit.py
from flask_limiter import Limiter
from flask_limiter.util import get_remote_address

limiter = Limiter(
    app,
    key_func=get_remote_address,
    default_limits=["200 per day", "50 per hour"]
)

# Aplicar rate limiting
@audit_bp.route('/', methods=['POST'])
@limiter.limit("10 per minute")
@jwt_required()
def create_audit():
    # ... código del endpoint
```

Testing

Configuración de Testing

Configuración PyTest

```
# conftest.py
import pytest
from app import create_app
from app.utils.database import db
@pytest.fixture
def app():
  app = create_app('testing')
  with app.app_context():
     db.create_all()
     yield app
     db.session.remove()
     db.drop_all()
@pytest.fixture
def client(app):
  return app.test_client()
@pytest.fixture
def auth_headers(client):
  # Crear usuario de prueba
  response = client.post('/api/auth/register', json={
     'username': 'testuser',
     'email': 'test@example.com',
     'password': 'testpass123'
  })
  # Hacer login
  response = client.post('/api/auth/login', json={
     'username': 'testuser',
     'password': 'testpass123'
  })
  token = response.get_json()['access_token']
  return {'Authorization': f'Bearer {token}'}
```

Tests Unitarios

Test de Autenticación

```
# tests/test_auth.py
def test_user_registration(client):
  response = client.post('/api/auth/register', json={
     'username': 'newuser',
     'email': 'newuser@example.com',
     'password': 'password123'
  })
  assert response.status_code == 201
  assert 'User created successfully' in response.get_json()['message']
def test_user_login(client):
  # Primero registrar usuario
  client.post('/api/auth/register', json={
     'username': 'testuser',
     'email': 'test@example.com',
     'password': 'password123'
  })
  # Intentar login
  response = client.post('/api/auth/login', json={
     'username': 'testuser',
     'password': 'password123'
  })
  assert response.status_code == 200
  assert 'access_token' in response.get_json()
```

Test de Proyectos

```
# tests/test_projects.py
def test_create_project(client, auth_headers):
  response = client.post('/api/projects',
    json={
       'name': 'Test Project',
       'description': 'Test Description'
     },
     headers=auth_headers
  )
  assert response.status_code == 201
  data = response.get_json()
  assert data['name'] == 'Test Project'
def test_get_projects(client, auth_headers):
  # Crear proyecto
  client.post('/api/projects',
    json={'name': 'Test Project'},
     headers=auth_headers
  )
  # Obtener proyectos
  response = client.get('/api/projects', headers=auth_headers)
  assert response.status_code == 200
  data = response.get_json()
  assert len(data) == 1
  assert data[0]['name'] == 'Test Project'
```

Tests de Integración

Test de Análisis Completo

```
# tests/test_integration.py
def test_full_audit_workflow(client, auth_headers):
  # 1. Crear proyecto
  project_response = client.post('/api/projects',
    json={'name': 'Test Project'},
     headers=auth_headers
  )
  project_id = project_response.get_json()['id']
  # 2. Crear auditoría
  audit_response = client.post('/api/audits',
    json={'project_id': project_id},
     headers=auth_headers
  )
  audit_id = audit_response.get_json()['id']
  # 3. Verificar estado de auditoría
  response = client.get(f'/api/audits/{audit_id}', headers=auth_headers)
  assert response.status_code == 200
  # 4. Generar reporte
  response = client.get(f'/api/reports/{audit_id}/pdf', headers=auth_headers)
  assert response.status_code == 200
```

Tests de Rendimiento

Test de Carga

```
# tests/test_performance.py
import time
import concurrent.futures
def test_concurrent_audits(client, auth_headers):
  def create_audit():
    return client.post('/api/audits',
       json={'project_id': 1},
       headers=auth_headers
    )
  # Ejecutar 10 auditorías concurrentes
  with concurrent.futures.ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=10) as executor:
    start time = time.time()
    futures = [executor.submit(create_audit) for _ in range(10)]
    results = [f.result() for f in futures]
    end_time = time.time()
  # Verificar que todas las auditorías se crearon exitosamente
  assert all(r.status_code == 201 for r in results)
  assert end_time - start_time < 30 # Debe completarse en menos de 30 segundos
```

Despliegue

Despliegue con Docker

Dockerfile Backend

```
dockerfile

# Dockerfile

FROM python:3.9-slim

WORKDIR /app

COPY requirements.txt .

RUN pip install --no-cache-dir -r requirements.txt

COPY ..

EXPOSE 5000

CMD ["gunicorn", "--bind", "0.0.0.0:5000", "run:app"]
```

Dockerfile Frontend

dockerfile

```
# frontend/Dockerfile
```

FROM node:16-alpine as build

WORKDIR /app

COPY package*.json ./

RUN npm ci --only=production

COPY..

RUN npm run build

FROM nginx:alpine

COPY --from=build /app/build /usr/share/nginx/html

COPY nginx.conf /etc/nginx/nginx.conf

EXPOSE 80

CMD ["nginx", "-g", "daemon off;"]

Docker Compose

yam**l**

```
# docker-compose.yml
version: '3.8'
services:
 db:
  image: postgres:14
  environment:
   POSTGRES_DB: auditoria_db
   POSTGRES_USER: postgres
   POSTGRES_PASSWORD: password
  volumes:
   - postgres_data:/var/lib/postgresql/data
  ports:
   - "5432:5432"
 redis:
  image: redis:7-alpine
  ports:
   - "6379:6379"
 backend:
  build: .
  ports:
   - "5000:5000"
  depends_on:
   - db
   - redis
  environment:
   DATABASE_URL: postgresql://postgres:password@db:5432/auditoria_db
   REDIS_URL: redis://redis:6379
  volumes:
   - ./uploads:/app/uploads
 frontend:
  build: ./frontend
  ports:
   - "3000:80"
  depends_on:
   - backend
 worker:
  command: celery -A app.tasks worker --loglevel=info
  depends_on:
   - db
```

- redis

```
environment:
    DATABASE_URL: postgresql://postgres:password@db:5432/auditoria_db
    REDIS_URL: redis://redis:6379

volumes:
    postgres_data:
```

Despliegue en Producción

Configuración Nginx

```
nginx
# nginx.conf
server {
  listen 80;
  server_name tu-dominio.com;
  location / {
    proxy_pass http://frontend:80;
    proxy_set_header Host $host;
    proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
  }
  location /api {
    proxy_pass http://backend:5000;
    proxy_set_header Host $host;
    proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
  }
}
```

Variables de Entorno de Producción

```
bash

# .env.production

DATABASE_URL=postgresql://user:password@db-host:5432/production_db
REDIS_URL=redis://redis-host:6379

JWT_SECRET_KEY=your-production-secret-key
FLASK_ENV=production
DEBUG=False
```

CI/CD con GitHub Actions

Pipeline de CI/CD

```
# .github/workflows/ci-cd.yml
name: CI/CD Pipeline
on:
 push:
  branches: [ main, develop ]
 pull_request:
  branches: [ main ]
jobs:
 test:
  runs-on: ubuntu-latest
  services:
   postgres:
    image: postgres:14
      POSTGRES_PASSWORD: postgres
      POSTGRES_DB: test_db
    options: >-
      --health-cmd pg_isready
      --health-interval 10s
      --health-timeout 5s
      --health-retries 5
  steps:
  - uses: actions/checkout@v2
  - name: Set up Python
   uses: actions/setup-python@v2
   with:
    python-version: 3.9
  - name: Install dependencies
   run:
    pip install -r requirements.txt
    pip install pytest pytest-cov
  - name: Run tests
   run:
    pytest --cov=app tests/
   env:
    DATABASE_URL: postgresql://postgres:postgres@localhost:5432/test_db
  - name: Upload coverage
```

uses: codecov/codecov-action@v1

```
build:
 needs: test
 runs-on: ubuntu-latest
steps:
 - uses: actions/checkout@v2
- name: Build Docker image
  run:
   docker build -t auditoria-web:latest.
- name: Push to registry
  run:
   echo ${{ secrets.DOCKER_PASSWORD }} | docker login -u ${{ secrets.DOCKER_USERNAME }} --password-stdin
   docker push auditoria-web:latest
deploy:
 needs: build
 runs-on: ubuntu-latest
if: github.ref == 'refs/heads/main'
steps:
 - name: Deploy to production
  run:
   # Comandos de despliegue
   echo "Deploying to production..."
```

Mantenimiento

Monitoring y Logging

Configuración de Logging

```
# app/utils/logging.py
import logging
from logging.handlers import RotatingFileHandler
import os
def setup_logging(app):
  if not app.debug:
    if not os.path.exists('logs'):
       os.mkdir('logs')
    file_handler = RotatingFileHandler(
       'logs/auditoria.log',
       maxBytes=10240000,
       backupCount=10
    )
    file_handler.setFormatter(logging.Formatter(
       '%(asctime)s %(levelname)s: %(message)s [in %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d]'
    ))
    file_handler.setLevel(logging.INFO)
    app.logger.addHandler(file_handler)
    app.logger.setLevel(logging.INFO)
    app.logger.info('Auditoria Web startup')
```

Métricas con Prometheus

```
# app/utils/metrics.py
from prometheus_client import Counter, Histogram, generate_latest
import time
# Métricas
REQUEST_COUNT = Counter('requests_total', 'Total requests', ['method', 'endpoint'])
REQUEST_DURATION = Histogram('request_duration_seconds', 'Request duration')
def track_requests(f):
  def wrapper(*args, **kwargs):
    start_time = time.time()
    REQUEST_COUNT.labels(method=request.method, endpoint=request.endpoint).inc()
    result = f(*args, **kwargs)
    REQUEST_DURATION.observe(time.time() - start_time)
    return result
  return wrapper
@app.route('/metrics')
def metrics():
  return generate_latest()
```

Backup y Recuperación

Script de Backup

```
# scripts/backup.py
import subprocess
import os
from datetime import datetime
def backup_database():
  timestamp = datetime.now().strftime('%Y%m%d_%H%M%S')
  backup_file = f"backup_{timestamp}.sql"
  cmd = [
    'pg_dump',
    '-h', 'localhost',
    '-U', 'postgres',
    '-d', 'auditoria_db',
    '-f', backup_file
  ]
  try:
    subprocess.run(cmd, check=True)
    print(f"Backup created: {backup_file}")
    # Comprimir backup
    subprocess.run(['gzip', backup_file], check=True)
    print(f"Backup compressed: {backup_file}.gz")
  except subprocess.CalledProcessError as e:
    print(f"Error creating backup: {e}")
if <u>__name__</u> == "__main__":
  backup_database()
```

Actualización y Migración

Script de Actualización

```
# scripts/update.py
import subprocess
import sys
def update_application():
  steps = [
     ("Updating code", ["git", "pull", "origin", "main"]),
     ("Installing dependencies", ["pip", "install", "-r", "requirements.txt"]),
     ("Running migrations", ["flask", "db", "upgrade"]),
     ("Collecting static files", ["python", "manage.py", "collectstatic"]),
     ("Restarting services", ["systemctl", "restart", "auditoria-web"])
  1
  for description, command in steps:
     print(f"Step: {description}")
     try:
       subprocess.run(command, check=True)
       print("√ Success")
     except subprocess.CalledProcessError as e:
       print(f" X Error: {e}")
       sys.exit(1)
  print("Application updated successfully!")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  update_application()
```

Documentación de API

Swagger/OpenAPI

Configuración Swagger

```
# app/utils/swagger.py
from flask_restx import Api, Resource, fields
from flask import Blueprint
api_bp = Blueprint('api', __name__)
api = Api(api_bp, version='1.0', title='Auditoria Web API',
      description='API para el sistema de auditoría de seguridad web')
# Modelos
user_model = api.model('User', {
  'id': fields.Integer(required=True, description='User ID'),
  'username': fields.String(required=True, description='Username'),
  'email': fields.String(required=True, description='Email address'),
  'role': fields.String(description='User role')
})
project_model = api.model('Project', {
  'id': fields.Integer(required=True, description='Project ID'),
  'name': fields.String(required=True, description='Project name'),
  'description': fields.String(description='Project description'),
  'repository_url': fields.String(description='Repository URL')
})
```

Endpoints Documentados

Ejemplo de Endpoint Documentado

```
@api.route('/projects')
class ProjectList(Resource):
  @api.doc('list projects')
  @api.marshal_list_with(project_model)
  @jwt_required()
  def get(self):
     """Fetch all projects for authenticated user"""
     user_id = get_jwt_identity()
     projects = Project.query.filter_by(user_id=user_id).all()
     return projects
  @api.doc('create_project')
  @api.expect(project_model)
  @api.marshal_with(project_model, code=201)
  @jwt_required()
  def post(self):
     """Create a new project"""
     user_id = get_jwt_identity()
     data = api.payload
     project = Project(
       name=data['name'],
       description=data.get('description', "),
       user_id=user_id
     )
     db.session.add(project)
     db.session.commit()
     return project, 201
```

Contacto y Soporte

Información del Equipo de Desarrollo

- **Repositorio**: <u>https://github.com/usuario/sistema-auditoria-web</u>
- **Documentación**: https://docs.auditoria-web.com
- Issues: https://github.com/usuario/sistema-auditoria-web/issues

Contribuir al Proyecto

- 1. Fork el repositorio
- 2. Crear una rama para tu feature (git checkout -b feature/nueva-funcionalidad))
- 3. Commit los cambios (git commit -am 'Agregar nueva funcionalidad')

- 4. Push a la rama (git push origin feature/nueva-funcionalidad)
- 5. Crear un Pull Request

Licencia

Este proyecto está bajo la licencia MIT. Ver el archivo (LICENSE) para más detalles.

Este manual técnico ha sido desarrollado para facilitar el desarrollo y mantenimiento del Sistema de Auditoría de Seguridad Web. Mantén esta documentación actualizada con cada cambio significativo en el código.