Deep learning method for Breast Cancer Classification

Libo Xu & Rajibul Islam

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Background

- 523000 death and 2.4 million new patients / year
- 2nd major cause of cancer death after lung and bronchus cancer
- Most frequently diagnosis cancer among women in USA

Background cont...

- Early stage detection of breast cancer is curable
- Computer-aided diagnosis (CAD) system becoming popular
- ResNet deep learning approach for cancer detection is more reliable and effective

Dataset

- pyimagesearch.com
- # of patients 279
- ullet total 277523 patches of 50 imes 50 pixels images
- file format 8863_idx5_x1001_y801_class1.png

Dataset cont...

container	negative example (0)	positive example (1)	total data files	total files in %
train	143091	56725	199816	72 %
test	39748	15757	55505	20 %
validation	15899	6303	22202	8 %
total	198738	78785	277523	
dataset in %	71.71 %	28.39 %		

Method

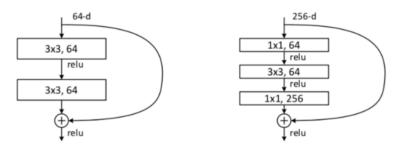


Figure: ResNet basic building block (left) & ResNet bottleneck building block (right)

layer name	output size	18-layer	34-layer	50-layer	101-layer	152-layer			
conv1	112×112	7×7, 64, stride 2							
		3×3 max pool, stride 2							
conv2_x	56×56	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \end{array}\right] \times 2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \end{array}\right] \times 3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 1 \times 1, 256 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 1 \times 1, 256 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 1 \times 1, 256 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$			
conv3_x	28×28	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3\times3,128\\ 3\times3,128 \end{array}\right]\times2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3\times3,128\\ 3\times3,128 \end{array}\right]\times4$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{bmatrix} \times 4$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{bmatrix} \times 4$	\[\begin{array}{c} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{array} \times 8 \]			
conv4_x	14×14	$\left[\begin{array}{c}3\times3,256\\3\times3,256\end{array}\right]\times2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \end{array}\right] \times 6$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 1 \times 1, 1024 \end{bmatrix} \times 6$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 1 \times 1, 1024 \end{bmatrix} \times 23$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 1 \times 1, 1024 \end{bmatrix} \times 36$			
conv5_x	7×7	$\left[\begin{array}{c}3\times3,512\\3\times3,512\end{array}\right]\times2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c}3\times3,512\\3\times3,512\end{array}\right]\times3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$	\[\begin{array}{c} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{array} \times 3			
	1×1	average pool, 1000-d fc, softmax							

Figure: ResNet Architecture

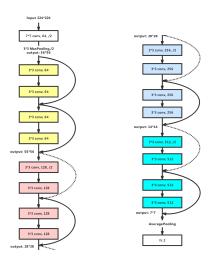


Figure: ResNet18

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ImageDataGenerator
 Don't need to store data to memory every time
 Mark the label of each image automatically
 Image Augmentation to reduce the impact of minimization of dataset
 (We take 15000 images for training and 2250 for validation because it takes 2 hours/epoch if we use the whole dataset)

Parameters setting

batch size	lr	epochs	loss	optimizer	metrics
32	1e-5	150	categorical_crossentropy	Adam	accuracy

 Imbalance data issue class_weight is calculated class_weight is [1., 2.] is used

Evaluation

Confusion matrix

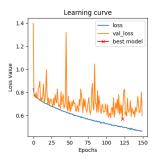
True positives (TP)	False negative (FN)
False positive (FP)	True negatives (TN)

Formulas:

accuracy =
$$\frac{TP+TN}{TP+TN+FP+FN}$$

sensitivity/recall (True positive rate) = $\frac{TP}{P} = \frac{TP}{TP+FN}$
specificity (True negative rate) = $\frac{TN}{N} = \frac{TN}{TN+FP}$
precision (Positive predictive value) = $\frac{TP}{TP+FP}$
 F_1 score = $\frac{2TP}{2TP+FP+FN}$

Results



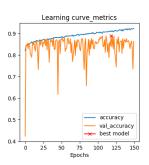


Figure: Learning curves of loss & accuracy

Results cont...

• Validation loss: 0.6163

Validation accuracy: 0.8785

Confusion matrix:

TP: 36480 FN: 3239 FP: 3679 TN: 12107

Results comparison

Parameters	our results	pyimagesearch.com	
Accuracy	0.8629	0.8483	
Recall	0.8875	0.8503	
Precision	0.9182	N/A	
Specificity	0.8011	0.8470	
F_1	0.9026	N/A	

Future work

- Apply the decay of learning rate in the Adam optimizer
- Implementation of deeper ResNet to train the dataset, like ResNet-34 or even ResNet-152
- Train on the whole dataset of more than 2,70,000 images
- To avoid overfitting we could play more with the parameters setting

QUESTIONS!

- Bejnordi BE; Veta M; et al. *Diagnostic Assessment of Deep Learning Algorithms for Detection of Lymph Node Metastase in Women eith Breast Cancer*, Dec 2017. 318(22): 2199-2210.
- Syed JSG; Ahmed E; et al. *Breast Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Using Mammographic Data: Systematic Review*, Jul 2019. 21(7): e14464.