

University of Amsterdam

MVPA of fMRI in Python

ICON 2017 workshop, Lukas Snoek & Steven Miletic,

Who are we?

- Lukas Snoek
 - PhD-student at Steven Scholte's lab (University of Amsterdam)
 - Research on emotion perception and neuroimaging methods (machine learning/decoding)
 - Enjoy working on open-source software projects (mostly related to neuroimaging)
 - Teaching neuroimaging (fMRI) courses at the Research Master Psychology

Who are we?

- Steven Miletic
 - Did a great internship on multimodal decoding (ensemble learning) at our lab!
 - Soon-to-be-PhD-student at Birte Forstmann's lab (University of Amsterdam)
 - Going to do research on model-based cognitive neuroscience
 - Currently working together on a project about (dealing with) confounds in MVPA

MVPA of fMRI data in Python

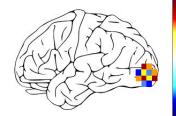
MVPA of fMRI data in Python

 any analysis that relates patterns of voxels (or sensors in M/EEG) to features in the world (psychological processes, stimuli, traits, or behavior)



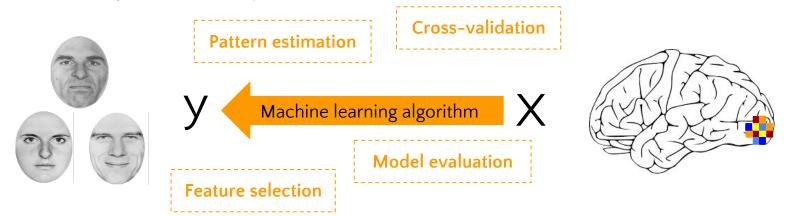
Feature (emotion) Pattern analyses

Brain patterns





- MVPA of fMRI data in Python
 - Specifically machine learning (no time for other pattern analyses like RSA ...)



- MVPA of fMRI data in Python
 - Specifically machine learning (no time for other pattern analyses like RSA ...)
 - Some parts specific to fMRI, but most material is directly applicable to other modalities (sMRI, EEG, MEG, etc.)

MVPA of fMRI data in Python

- Specifically machine learning (no time for other pattern analyses like RSA ...)
- Some parts specific to fMRI, but most material is directly applicable to other modalities (sMRI, EEG, MEG, etc.)
- Using Python because of the awesome scikit-learn package

Format of this workshop

- Based on the "Neuroimaging: Pattern Analysis" course
- The tutorial is implemented in a jupyter notebook

This is a Markdown cell!

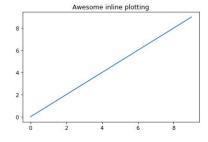
With some text.

```
In [1]: print('But you can also write code')
x = 5
print('x squared = %i' % (x * x))

But you can also write code
x squared = 25
```

and plot stuff!

```
In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
plt.title('Awesome inline plotting')
plt.plot(range(10))
plt.show()
```

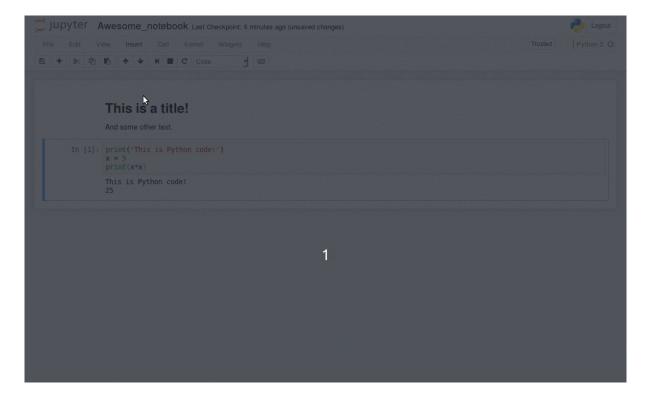


• Jupyter notebooks provide an interactive Python environment in which you can mix code, text, plots, and equations!



You can write **Markdown-formatted text** in "text cells" ... (Render, or "run", the cell with CTR+ENTER)





And create inline plots!

1.4.2 tips & tricks to load and transform (nifti-)files

As a first thing, we need to find all the paths to the t-stat nifti-files. Python has a nifty (pun intended) tool called "glob" which can find files/directories on disk using wildcards. It is usually imported as follows:

```
In [ ]: from glob import glob
```

glob, in Python, is a function that takes a path (as a string) with one or more wildcard characters (such as the *) and searches for files/directories on disk that match that. For example, let's try to find all the png-imagesin the "img" directory using glob (these are the images that I used inside this notebook).

```
In [ ]: import os
# the images are in img/ on Linux/Mac systems, but in img\ on Windows (hence the "os.sep" thingie)
my_search_string = 'img' + os.sep + '*.png'
png_files = glob(my_search_string)
print(png_files)
```

As you can see, it returns a list with all the files/directories that matched the search-string. Note that you can also search files outside of the current directory. To do so, we can simply specify the relative or absolute path to it.

ToDo: Now you have the skills to actually "glob" all the *t*-stats from subject **pi0070** yourself! Use glob to find all the paths to the t-stats and store the results (a list with 40 strings) in a variable called **tstat_paths**. Note: the data directory is one directory above the current directory! Hint: watch out! There might be an **ftest.nii.gz** file in the stats-directory ...

Format of this workshop

- Based on the "Neuroimaging: Pattern Analysis" course
- The tutorial is implemented in a jupyter notebook
- The notebook walks you through all steps of MVPA
- With (optional) programming exercises and review questions
- Ask us (Lukas, Steven, Noor) questions!

This is a Markdown cell!

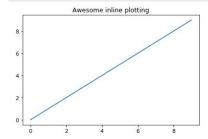
With some text.

```
In [1]: print('But you can also write code')
x = 5
print('x squared = %i' % (x * x))

But you can also write code
x squared = 25
```

and plot stuff

```
In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
plt.title('Awesome inline plotting')
plt.plot(range(10))
plt.show()
```



|\$ python download_data.py

lukas-snoek.com/ICON2017/configure_python.html

Let's start!

Assuming you've downloaded the materials and data ...

lukas-snoek.com/ICON2017

- ... and you've set up your Python environment ...
- Start the notebook!
 - \$ cd tutorial
 - \$ jupyter notebook ICON2017 tutorial.ipynb

Need an account on our (pre-configured) server? Let us know!