# An Event-based Architecture for Multi-population Optimization Algorithms\*

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Abstract. Having the knowledge that both of them are population-based algorithms it can be defined that a migration between 2 or more populations are possible, and this kind hybrid can be helpful to increase the possibility to find the optimal result (the best of the best), there is where fits the concept of Multi-population. For this kind of work we used asynchronous functions, serverless functions, multithread and a distributed architecture taking advantage for functional programming and serverless architecture. Even nature works like that... parallel, asynchronous and distributed.

The distributed architectures are having extensive use in the software industry because of their high performance, many systems are being created and migrating step by step to microservices and... in a nearly future... the new architectures called serverless, which proposes the use of "Function as a Service" (FaaS).

**Keywords:** Multi-population  $\cdot$  Asynchronous  $\cdot$  Sub-population  $\cdot$  Serverless  $\cdot$  Distributed.

#### 1 First Section

#### 1.1 A Subsection Sample

Please note that the first paragraph of a section or subsection is not indented. The first paragraph that follows a table, figure, equation etc. does not need an indent, either.

Subsequent paragraphs, however, are indented.

Sample Heading (Third Level) Only two levels of headings should be numbered. Lower level headings remain unnumbered; they are formatted as run-in headings.

Sample Heading (Fourth Level) The contribution should contain no more than four levels of headings. Table 1 gives a summary of all heading levels.

<sup>\*</sup> Supported by organization x.

**Table 1.** Table captions should be placed above the tables.

		Font size	and style
		14 point,	bold
		12 point,	
2nd-level heading	2.1 Printing Area	10 point,	bold
3rd-level heading	Run-in Heading in Bold. Text follows	10 point,	bold
4th-level heading	Lowest Level Heading. Text follows	10 point,	italic

Displayed equations are centered and set on a separate line.

$$x + y = z \tag{1}$$

Please try to avoid rasterized images for line-art diagrams and schemas. Whenever possible, use vector graphics instead (see Fig. 3).

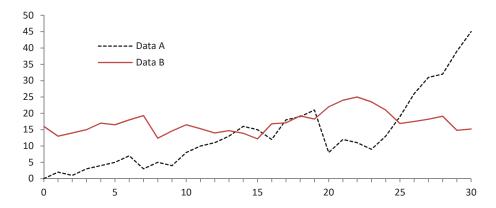


Fig. 1. A figure caption is always placed below the illustration. Please note that short captions are centered, while long ones are justified by the macro package automatically.

**Theorem 1.** This is a sample theorem. The run-in heading is set in bold, while the following text appears in italics. Definitions, lemmas, propositions, and corollaries are styled the same way.

*Proof.* Proofs, examples, and remarks have the initial word in italics, while the following text appears in normal font.

For citations of references, we prefer the use of square brackets and consecutive numbers. Citations using labels or the author/year convention are also acceptable. The following bibliography provides a sample reference list with entries for journal

### 2 Experiments and Results

### 2.1 Experiments

Now that an interaction between sub-populations with different algorithms it is working and hybridation have been a success, using until now the added algorithms (GA and PSO) algorithms, all thanks to the developed architecture, lets procede to the experiments. This section is going to be the execution of several experiments from 2 to 40 dimensions, with a stop criterial of an error below 0.5E-8, without a parameter optimization method, waiting that the architecture by its self would be enough to increase the possibility to find a better optimal result than the traditional methods. All this hoping that the results will probe the needness of this kind of architecture on increasing dimensions. To test if the architecture was useful, several experiments were made to solve benchmark functions, for this case the functions are Sphere, Rastrigin and Rosenbrock. Using 10 sub-population for each experiment and maximum 4 migrations per sub-population with different algorithms and parameters for each sub-population.

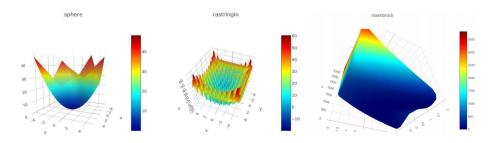


Fig. 2. Benchmark functions for experimentation.

#### 2.2 Parameters Configuration

This architecture modifies the traditional way to work with population based algorithms, then the experiments could not be parameterized as usually are.

Then the experiments are scaled by their number of evaluations and the parameters must be configured to be adjusted to the next criterial, using the next expression:

$$Evaluations = 10^5 Dimensions \tag{2}$$

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Table 2. Parametros experimentos 2 dimensiones

Parameter	Value		
Optimización GA	Minimiza		
Generaciones GA	50		
Dimensiones GA	2		
Tamaño de población GA	100		
Mutación GA	Aleatorio(Tournament2,Tournament3,Random		
	,RandomLinearRank,Sequential,Fittest)		
Cruce GA	Tournament3		
Porcentaje de cruce GA	Aleatorio[10%, 80%]		
Porcentaje de mutación GA	Aleatorio[10%,50%]		
Función de cruce GA	Uniforme de punto medio		
Función de mutación GA	gaussian		
Optimización PSO	Minimiza		
Iteraciones PSO	50		
Dimensiones PSO	2		
Tamaño de vector PSO	100		
Factor social PSO	Aleatorio[0.5,4.0]		
Factor individual PSO	Aleatorio[0.5,4.0]		
Peso de inercia PSO	Aleatorio[0.5,4.0]		

## 2 Dimension Sphere

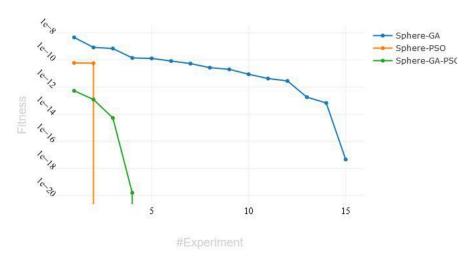


Fig. 3. Benchmark functions for experimentation.

Fn	Mejor	Promedio	No. Experimento
Rastrigin GA	0	1.65377E-08	15
Rastrigin PSO	0	1.8872E-12	15
Rastrigin GA-PSO	0	0	15
Sphere GA	4.53222E-18	4.36977E-10	15
Sphere PSO	0	7.8012E-12	15
Sphere GA-PSO	0	4.33161E-14	15
Rosenbrock GA	1.62335E-13	1.24176E-08	15
Rosenbrock PSO	1.11674E-12	2.47795E-06	15
Rosenbrock GA-PSO	9.5809E-14	6.90695E-09	15

Table 3. Resultados 2 dimensiones

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