Introduction to Machine Learning (SS 2023) Programming Project

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I. Introduction

- What is the nature of your task (regression/classification)? Is it about classifying types of birds, or deciding the number of cookies an employee receives?
- Describe the dataset (number of features, number of instances, types of features, missing data, data imbalances, or any other relevant information).

The nature of the task in the powerprediction problem is mainly regression. Regression tasks involve predicting a continous numerical values such as power consumption based on weather information. The goal is to predict the amount of power consumed using wheater and cities variables as input features.

The dataset consists of 39,997 instances (rows) and 67 features (columns). The features include a mix of numerical and categorical variables. The first column is an unnamed index column of integer type, and the remaining columns contain information such as temperature, weather conditions, humidity, wind speed, precipitation, and cloud coverage for various locations. There are no missing values in the dataset, as all columns have zero missing values.

The find the whole information about the dataset, we used the following code:

```
num_features = len(pw_df.columns)
num_instances = len(pw_df)
feature_types = pw_df.dtypes
missing_values = pw_df.isnull().sum()
```

II. IMPLEMENTATION / ML PROCESS

- Did you need to pre-process the dataset (e.g. augmenting data points, extracting features, reducing the dimensionality, etc.)? If so, describe how you did this.
- Specify the method (e.g. linear regression, or SVM with these features, etc.). You do not have to describe the algorithm in detail, but rather the algorithm family and

- the properties of the algorithm within that family, e.g. which distance functions for a decision tree, what architecture (layers and activations) for a neural network, etc.
- State (in 2-5 lines) what makes the algorithm you chose suitable for this problem. What are the reasons for choosing your ML method over others?
- If you used a method that was not covered in the VO, describe how it is different from the closest method described in the VO.
- How did you choose hyperparameters (other design choices) and what are the values of the hyperparameters you chose for your final model? How did you make sure that the choice of hyperparameters works well?

Pre-processing Steps:

Encoding Categorical Features: The dataset contains categorical features, and these features are encoded using one-hot encoding. One-hot encoding ensures that the categorical features are represented numerically and can be used as inputs for machine learning models. After excluding the features starting with "_main" and "_description," we observed a reduction in the execution time of the models. On Erik's PC, the execution time for the random forest model was 2.42 seconds without these features, compared to 3.45 seconds when including them.

Erik's PC specifications are as follows: 13th Gen Intel Core i7-13700KF processor, 32 GB RAM, and an AMD Radeon RX 7900XTX graphics card (without graphic card optimization).

Handling Missing Values: Eventho we know that there are no missing values in the dataset, we still used these two steps to make sure that there are no missing values in the dataset:

- Dropping Rows with Missing Values: Rows with missing values are dropped from the dataset using the dropna() function. This ensures that the dataset used for training and evaluation does not contain any missing values.
- Filling Missing Values: Missing values are filled with the mean value of the respective column using the fillna() function. This step ensures that no NaN

values remain in the dataset.

Splitting the Dataset: The dataset is split into training and validation sets using the train_test_split() function from scikit-learn. This step allows for model training on the training set and evaluation on the validation set to assess performance and tune hyperparameters if necessary.

The function <code>get_encodedV2()</code> is a modified version of encoding the categorical features in the dataset. It applies one-hot encoding to the categorical columns, fills missing values with column means, selects the top 40 correlated features (excluding the target feature), and adds back the target feature. However, this modification did not significantly affect the model's performance or feature selection.

III. RESULTS

- Describe the performance of your model (in terms of the metrics for your dataset) on the training and validation sets with the help of plots or/and tables.
- You must provide at least two separate visualizations (plot or tables) of different things, i.e. don't use a table and a bar plot of the same metrics. At least three visualizations are required for the 3 person team.

IV. DISCUSSION

- Analyze the results presented in the report (comment on what contributed to the good or bad results). If your method does not work well, try to analyze why this is the case.
- Describe very briefly what you tried but did not keep for your final implementation (e.g. things you tried but that did not work, discarded ideas, etc.).
- How could you try to improve your results? What else would you want to try?

V. CONCLUSION

- Finally, describe the test-set performance you achieved.
 Do not optimize your method based on the test set performance!
- Write a 5-10 line paragraph describing the main takeaway of your project.