

CHAPTER 5

INSTRUCTION SET SUMMARY

This chapter provides an abridged overview IA-32 instructions, divided into the following groups:

- General purpose
- x87 FPU
- x87 FPU and SIMD state management
- Intel MMX technology
- SSE extensions
- SSE2 extensions
- SSE3 extensions
- System instructions

5.1. GENERAL-PURPOSE INSTRUCTIONS

The general-purpose instructions perform basic data movement, arithmetic, logic, program flow, and string operations that programmers commonly use to write application and system software to run on IA-32 processors. They operate on data contained in memory, in the general-purpose registers (EAX, EBX, ECX, EDX, EDI, ESI, EBP, and ESP) and in the EFLAGS register. They also operate on address information contained in memory, the general-purpose registers, and the segment registers (CS, DS, SS, ES, FS, and GS).

This group of instructions includes the data transfer, binary integer arithmetic, decimal arithmetic, logic operations, shift and rotate, bit and byte operations, program control, string, flag control, segment register operations, and miscellaneous subgroups. The sections that follow introduce each subgroup.

5.1.1. Data Transfer Instructions

The data transfer instructions move data between memory and the general-purpose and segment registers. They also perform specific operations such as conditional moves, stack access, and data conversion.

MOV Move data between general-purpose registers; move data between memory and general-purpose or segment registers; move immediate to general-purpose registers.

CMOVE/CMOVZ	Conditional move if equal/Conditional move if zero.
CMOVNE/CMOVNZ	Conditional move if not equal/Conditional move if not zero.
CMOVA/CMOVNBE	Conditional move if above/Conditional move if not below or equal.
CMOVAE/CMOVNB	Conditional move if above or equal/Conditional move if not below.
CMOVBE/CMOVNAE	Conditional move if below/Conditional move if not above or equal.
CMOVBE/CMOVNA	Conditional move if below or equal/Conditional move if not above.
CMOVG/CMOVNLE	Conditional move if greater/Conditional move if not less or equal.
CMOVGE/CMOVNL	Conditional move if greater or equal/Conditional move if not less.
CMOVL/CMOVNGE	Conditional move if less/Conditional move if not greater or equal.
CMOVLE/CMOVNG	Conditional move if less or equal/Conditional move if not greater.
CMOVC	Conditional move if carry.
CMOVNC	Conditional move if not carry.
CMOVO	Conditional move if overflow.
CMOVNO	Conditional move if not overflow.
CMOVS	Conditional move if sign (negative).
CMOVNS	Conditional move if not sign (non-negative).

CMOVP/CMOVPE	Conditional move if parity/Conditional move if parity even.
CMOVNP/CMOVPO	Conditional move if not parity/Conditional move if parity odd.
XCHG	Exchange.
BSWAP	Byte swap.
XADD	Exchange and add.
CMPXCHG	Compare and exchange.
CMPXCHG8B	Compare and exchange 8 bytes.
PUSH	Push onto stack.
POP	Pop off of stack.
PUSHA/PUSHAD	Push general-purpose registers onto stack.
POPA/POPAD	Pop general-purpose registers from stack.
CWD/CDQ	Convert word to doubleword/Convert doubleword to quadword.
CBW/CWDE	Convert byte to word/Convert word to doubleword in EAX register.
MOVSX	Move and sign extend.
MOVZX	Move and zero extend.

5.1.2. Binary Arithmetic Instructions

The binary arithmetic instructions perform basic binary integer computations on byte, word, and doubleword integers located in memory and/or the general purpose registers.

ADD	Integer add.
ADC	Add with carry.
SUB	Subtract.
SBB	Subtract with borrow.
IMUL	Signed multiply.
MUL	Unsigned multiply.
IDIV	Signed divide.
DIV	Unsigned divide.
INC	Increment.
DEC	Decrement.
NEG	Negate.
CMP	Compare.

5.1.3. Decimal Arithmetic Instructions

The decimal arithmetic instructions perform decimal arithmetic on binary coded decimal (BCD) data.

DAA	Decimal adjust after addition.
DAS	Decimal adjust after subtraction.
AAA	ASCII adjust after addition.
AAS	ASCII adjust after subtraction.
AAM	ASCII adjust after multiplication.
AAD	ASCII adjust before division.

5.1.4. Logical Instructions

The logical instructions perform basic AND, OR, XOR, and NOT logical operations on byte, word, and doubleword values.

AND	Perform bitwise logical AND.
OR	Perform bitwise logical OR.
XOR	Perform bitwise logical exclusive OR.
NOT	Perform bitwise logical NOT.

5.1.5. Shift and Rotate Instructions

The shift and rotate instructions shift and rotate the bits in word and doubleword operands. SAR Shift arithmetic right

SHR	Shift logical right.
SAL/ SHRD	SHL Shift arithmetic left/Shift logical left.
SHLD	Shift right double.
ROR	Shift left double.
ROL	Rotate right.
RCR	Rotate left.
RCL	Rotate through carry right.
	Rotate through carry left.

5.1.6. Bit and Byte Instructions

Bit instructions test and modify individual bits in word and doubleword operands. Byte instructions set the value of a byte operand to indicate the status of flags in the EFLAGS register.

BT	Bit test.
BTS	Bit test and set.
BTR	Bit test and reset.
BTC	Bit test and complement.
BSF	Bit scan forward.
BSR	Bit scan reverse.
SETE/SETZ	Set byte if equal/Set byte if zero.
SETNE/SETNZ	Set byte if not equal/Set byte if not zero.
SETA/SETNBE	Set byte if above/Set byte if not below or equal.
SETAE/SETNB/SETNC	Set byte if above or equal/Set byte if not below/Set byte if not carry.
SETB/SETNAE/SETC	Set byte if below/Set byte if not above or equal/Set byte if carry.
SETBE/SETNA	Set byte if below or equal/Set byte if not above.
SETG/SETNLE	Set byte if greater/Set byte if not less or equal.
SETGE/SETNL	Set byte if greater or equal/Set byte if not less.
SETL/SETNGE	Set byte if less/Set byte if not greater or equal.
SETLE/SETNG	Set byte if less or equal/Set byte if not greater.
SETS	Set byte if sign (negative).
SETNS	Set byte if not sign (non-negative).
SETO	Set byte if overflow.
SETNO	Set byte if not overflow.
SETPE/SETP	Set byte if parity even/Set byte if parity.
SETPO/SETNP	Set byte if parity odd/Set byte if not parity.
TEST	Logical compare.

5.1.7. Control Transfer Instructions

The control transfer instructions provide jump, conditional jump, loop, and call and return operations to control program flow.

JMP	Jump.
JE/JZ	Jump if equal/Jump if zero.
JNE/JNZ	Jump if not equal/Jump if not zero.
JA/JNBE	Jump if above/Jump if not below or equal.
JAE/JNB	Jump if above or equal/Jump if not below.
JB/JNAE	Jump if below/Jump if not above or equal.
JBE/JNA	Jump if below or equal/Jump if not above.

JG/JNLE	Jump if greater/Jump if not less or equal.
JGE/JNL	Jump if greater or equal/Jump if not less.
JL/JNGE	if less/Jump if not greater or equal.
JLE/JNG	Jump if less or equal/Jump if not greater.
JC	Jump if carry.
JNC	Jump if not carry.
JO	Jump if overflow.
JNO	Jump if not overflow.
JS	Jump if sign (negative).
JNS	Jump if not sign (non-negative).
JPO/JNP	Jump if parity odd/Jump if not parity.
JPE/JP	Jump if parity even/Jump if parity.
JCXZ/JECXZ	Jump register CX zero/Jump register ECX zero.
LOOP	Loop with ECX counter.
LOOPZ/LOOPE	Loop with ECX and zero/Loop with ECX and equal.
LOOPNZ/LOOPNE	Loop with ECX and not zero/Loop with ECX and not equal.
CALL	Call procedure.
RET	Return.
IRET	Return from interrupt.
INT	Software interrupt.
INTO	Interrupt on overflow.
BOUND	Detect value out of range.
ENTER	High-level procedure entry.
LEAVE	High-level procedure exit.

5.1.8. String Instructions

The string instructions operate on strings of bytes, allowing them to be moved to and from memory.

MOVS/MOVS	Move string/Move byte string.
MOVS/MOVS	Move string/Move word string.
MOVS/MOVS	Move string/Move doubleword string.
CMPS/CMPS	Compare string/Compare byte string.
CMPS/CMPS	Compare string/Compare word string.
CMPS/CMPS	Compare string/Compare doubleword string.
SCAS/SCAS	Scan string/Scan byte string.
SCAS/SCAS	Scan string/Scan word string.
SCAS/SCAS	Scan string/Scan doubleword string.
LODS/LODS	Load string/Load byte string.
LODS/LODS	Load string/Load word string.
LODS/LODS	Load string/Load doubleword string.
STOS/STOS	Store string/Store byte string.
STOS/STOS	Store string/Store word string.
STOS/STOS	Store string/Store doubleword string.
REP	Repeat while ECX not zero.
REPE/REPZ	Repeat while equal/Repeat while zero.
REPNE/REPZ	Repeat while not equal/Repeat while not zero.

5.1.9. I/O Instructions

These instructions move data between the processor's I/O ports and a register or memory.

IN	Read from a port.
OUT	Write to a port.
INS/INSB	Input string from port/Input byte string from port.

INS/INSW	Input string from port/Input word string from port.
INS/INSD	Input string from port/Input doubleword string from port.
OUTS/OUTSB	Output string to port/Output byte string to port.
OUTS/OUTSW	Output string to port/Output word string to port.
OUTS/OUTSD	Output string to port/Output doubleword string to port.

5.1.10. Enter and Leave Instructions

These instructions provide machine-language support for procedure calls in block-structured languages.

ENTER	High-level procedure entry.
LEAVE	High-level procedure exit.

5.1.11. Flag Control (EFLAG) Instructions

The flag control instructions operate on the flags in the EFLAGS register.

STC	Set carry flag.
CLC	Clear the carry flag.
CMC	Complement the carry flag.
CLD	Clear the direction flag.
STD	Set direction flag.
LAHF	Load flags into AH register.
SAHF	Store AH register into flags.
PUSHF/PUSHFD	Push EFLAGS onto stack.
POPF/POPFD	Pop EFLAGS from stack.
STI	Set interrupt flag.
CLI	Clear the interrupt flag.

5.1.12. Segment Register Instructions

The segment register instructions allow far pointers (segment addresses) to be loaded into the segment registers.

LDS	Load far pointer using DS.
LES	Load far pointer using ES.
LFS	Load far pointer using FS.
LGS	Load far pointer using GS.
LSS	Load far pointer using SS.

5.1.13. Miscellaneous Instructions

The miscellaneous instructions provide such functions as loading an effective address, executing a “no-operation,” and retrieving processor identification information.

LEA	Load effective address.
NOP	No operation.
UD2	Undefined instruction.
XLAT/XLATB	Table lookup translation.
CPUID	Processor Identification.