

1.

a)

P	q	$\neg(P \wedge q)$	\Leftrightarrow	$\neg P \vee \neg q$	
0	0	1	✓	1	
0	1	1	✓	1	
1	0	1	✓	1	
1	1	0	✓	0	

aka De Morgan

b)

P	q	$P \rightarrow q$	\Leftrightarrow	$q \rightarrow P$
F	F	1	✓	1
F	S	1	x	0
S	F	0	x	1
S	S	1	✓	1

c)

P	q	r	$(P \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r)$	\Leftrightarrow	$P \rightarrow r$
F	F	F	S	✓	S
F	F	S	S	✓	S
F	S	F	F	x	S
F	S	S	S	✓	S
S	F	F	F	✓	F
S	F	S	F	x	S
S	S	F	F	✓	F
S	S	S	S	✓	S

2.

$$f: [0,1] \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

$$a) y = f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

Eftersom $x \in [0,1]$ kan y anta värden på intervallet $[0,1]$.

$$\mathbb{B}: [0,1]$$

$$b) \sqrt{1-x^2} = \sqrt{1-y^2} \Leftrightarrow x^2 = y^2$$

Eftersom endast x, y i intervallet $[0,1]$ (alltså icke-negativa) är aktuella gäller det att $x = y$.

Inversen fås av att lösa: $y = \sqrt{1-x^2}$

$$y^2 = 1-x^2$$

$$x^2 = 1-y^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{1-y^2}$$

$$f^{-1}(y) = \sqrt{1-y^2}$$

3.

$$Emil = P: 29x_P + 37y_P = 533$$

$$Emilia = L: 29x_L + 37y_L = 491$$

$$\text{SGD}(29, 37) = 1$$

$$37 = 129 + 8$$

$$29 = 38 + 5$$

$$8 = 15 + 3$$

$$5 = 13 + 2$$

$$3 = 12 + 1$$

Bezout

$$1 = 3 - 12 = 3 - 1(5 - 3) = 2 \cdot 3 - 1 \cdot 5 = 2(8 - 5) - 1 \cdot 5 = 2 \cdot 8 - 3 \cdot 5 =$$

$$2 \cdot 8 - 3(29 - 38) = 11 \cdot 8 - 3 \cdot 29 = 11(37 - 29) - 3 \cdot 29 =$$

$$-14 \cdot 29 + 11 \cdot 37 \Rightarrow (x, y) = (-14, 11)$$

$$P: 533 = -14 \cdot 29 \cdot 533 + 11 \cdot 37 \cdot 533 - n \cdot 29 \cdot 37 - n \cdot 29 \cdot 37 = 29(-14 \cdot 533 + 37n) + 37(11 \cdot 533 - 29n)$$

$$\text{Test: } n=0: 29(-14 \cdot 533) + 37(11 \cdot 533) = 533 \quad (x_p, y_p) = (-7462 + 37n, 5863 - 29n)$$

$$n=1: 29(-14 \cdot 533 + 37) + 37(11 \cdot 533 - 29) = 533$$

$$n=4: 533$$

$$L: 491 = -14 \cdot 29 \cdot 491 + 11 \cdot 37 \cdot 491 + n \cdot 29 \cdot 37 - n \cdot 29 \cdot 37 = 29(-14 \cdot 491 + 37n) + 37(11 \cdot 491 - 29n)$$

$$\text{Test: } n=0: 491 \quad (x_L, y_L) = (-6874 + 37n, 5401 - 29n)$$

$$n=1: 491$$

$$n=4: 491$$

Finn rätt n

$$P: \begin{cases} -7462 + 37n > 0 \Rightarrow 37n > 7462 \\ 5863 - 29n > 0 \Rightarrow 5863 > 29n \end{cases} \quad \frac{7462}{37} < n < \frac{5863}{29} \Leftrightarrow 201.676 < n < 202.172$$

$$(x_p, y_p) = (-7462 + 37 \cdot 202, 5863 - 29 \cdot 202) = (12, 5)$$

$$L: \begin{cases} -6874 + 37n > 0 \\ 5401 - 29n > 0 \end{cases} \quad 185.784 < n < 186.241$$

$$(x_L, y_L) = (-6874 + 37 \cdot 186, 5401 - 29 \cdot 186) = (8, 7)$$

$$y_L > y_p: \text{Emilia köpte fler!}$$

4.

$$45x + 50y = 25$$

$$\text{sgd}(45, 50) = 5 \quad \begin{aligned} 50 &= 1 \cdot 45 + 5 \\ 45 &= 9 \cdot 5 + 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$9x + 10y = 5$$

$$\text{sgd}(9, 10) = 1 \quad \begin{aligned} 10 &= 1 \cdot 9 + 1 \\ 1 &= 1 \cdot 10 - 1 \cdot 9 \end{aligned} \quad \text{Bezout}$$

5

$$5 = 1 \cdot 10 - 1 \cdot 9 \cdot 5 + n \cdot 9 \cdot 10 - n \cdot 9 \cdot 10 = 9(-1 \cdot 5 + 10n) + 10(1 \cdot 5 - 9n) = 9(-5 + 10n) + 10(5 - 9n)$$

$$(x, y) = (-5 + 10n, 5 - 9n)$$

5.

$$8^{10} + 13^n \in \mathbb{Z}_{25}$$

$$\Phi(25) = \Phi(5^2) = 5^2 - 5^1 = 5^1(5 - 1) = 20 \Rightarrow a^{10} = 1 \text{ i } \mathbb{Z}_{25} \text{ för alla } a \text{ med } \text{sgd}(a, 25) = 1.$$

$$\text{sgd}(8, 25) = 1$$

$$\text{sgd}(13, 25) = 1$$

$$8^{10} + 13^{11} = 8^{20} + 13 \cdot 13^{10} = 8^{20} + 13 \cdot (3^{20})^2 = 1 + 13 \cdot 1^2 = 14 \text{ i } \mathbb{Z}_{25}$$

6.

Vi ska lösa följande system: $\begin{cases} x \equiv 3 \pmod{7} & ① \\ x \equiv 7 \pmod{10} & ② \\ x \equiv 10 \pmod{13} & ③ \end{cases}$ a_1, m_1 a_2, m_2 a_3, m_3

Kolla lösbarhet

$$7 = 2 \cdot 3 + 1$$

$$\text{Sgd}(7, 3) = 1$$

$$10 = 7 \cdot 1 + 3$$

$$7 = 2 \cdot 3 + 1$$

$$\text{Sgd}(10, 7) = 1$$

$$13 = 1 \cdot 10 + 3$$

$$10 = 3 \cdot 3 + 1$$

$$\text{Sgd}(13, 10) = 1$$

$$13 = 1 \cdot 7 + 6$$

$$7 = 6 \cdot 1 + 1$$

$$\text{Sgd}(7, 13) = 1$$

Lös 1 och 2

$$1 = 7 - 2 \cdot 3 = 7 - 2(10 - 7) = 3 \cdot 7 - 2 \cdot 10$$

$$x_0 = 7 \cdot 3 - 2 \cdot 10 = 14 - 20 = -6$$

Vi får då

$$x \equiv -6 \pmod{70} = 17 \pmod{70} \quad ④$$

$$x \equiv 10 \pmod{13}$$

Lös 4 & 3

$$70 = 5 \cdot 13 + 5$$

$$13 = 2 \cdot 5 + 3$$

$$5 = 1 \cdot 3 + 2$$

$$3 = 1 \cdot 2 + 1$$

$$1 = 3 - 1 \cdot 2 = 3 - 1(5 - 3) = 2 \cdot 3 - 1 \cdot 5 = 2(13 - 2 \cdot 5) - 1 \cdot 5 = 2 \cdot 13 - 5 \cdot 5 =$$

$$2 \cdot 13 - 5(70 - 5 \cdot 13) = 27 \cdot 13 - 5 \cdot 70$$

$$u = 27, v = -5$$

$$x_1 = -10 \cdot 5 \cdot 70 + 17 \cdot 27 \cdot 13 = 2467$$

$$x_0 = 2467 + 13 \cdot 70 \cdot n = 2467 + 910n$$

Vi vet att det ligger 1500-ish mynt på bordet. Väljer vi $n = -1$ får vi: $2467 - 910 = 1557$