

Project 1

For the course FYS3150

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Exercise 1

a) In the exercise we are given the equation

$$-\frac{v_{i+1} + v_{i-1} - 2v_i}{h^2} = f_i \quad \text{for } i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$$

Rewrites the equation to

$$\begin{aligned} -(v_{i+1} + v_{i-1} - 2v_i) &= h^2 f_i = \tilde{b}_i \\ -v_{i+1} - v_{i-1} + 2v_i &= \tilde{b}_i \end{aligned}$$

where in the exercise we are also given the correlation $\tilde{b}_i = h^2 f_i$, which is implemented here.

Defines the equation for different values of the integer i to get a set of equations. The exercise also gives the boundary conditions $v_0 = v_{n+1} = 0$.

$$\begin{aligned} i = 1 : \quad & -v_{1+1} - v_{1-1} + 2v_1 = -v_2 - v_0 + 2v_1 = -0 + 2v_1 - v_2 = \tilde{b}_1 \\ i = 2 : \quad & -v_{2+1} - v_{2-1} + 2v_2 = -v_3 - v_1 + 2v_2 = -v_1 + 2v_2 - v_3 = \tilde{b}_2 \\ i = 3 : \quad & -v_{3+1} - v_{3-1} + 2v_3 = -v_4 - v_2 + 2v_3 = -v_2 + 2v_3 - v_4 = \tilde{b}_3 \\ & \vdots \\ i = n : \quad & -v_{n+1} - v_{n-1} + 2v_n = -v_{n-1} + 2v_n - 0 = \tilde{b}_n \end{aligned}$$

Equations can be rewritten as a matrix equation, which gives a matrix A with integers as elements, a vector $\vec{v} = [v_1, v_2, v_3, \dots, v_n]$ and another vector $\vec{\tilde{b}} = [\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_2, \tilde{b}_3, \dots, \tilde{b}_n]$.

This gives the matrix equation

$$A\vec{v} = \tilde{\vec{b}}$$

The matrix and the vectors are given as

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \\ \vdots \\ v_{n-1} \\ v_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{b}_1 \\ \tilde{b}_2 \\ \tilde{b}_3 \\ \vdots \\ \tilde{b}_{n-1} \\ \tilde{b}_n \end{bmatrix}$$

Therefore the matrix equation has been proved.

b) i beregningene til erlend på ark er b diagonalelementene, g er b-vektoren og u er v-vektoren. i pythonkoden er d diagonalelementene, b er b-vektoren og v er v-vektoren. med tilde er algoritmediagonal

c)

d)

e)