# RWorksheet#6_Parrenas

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#1.Create a data frame for the table below. Show your solution.

```
Student_score <- data.frame(
  Student = c(1:10),
  PreTest = c(55,54,47,57,51,61,57,54,63,58),
  PostTest = c(61,60,56,63,56,63,59,56,62,61)
)

colnames(Student_score) <- c("Student","Pre-test","Post-test")
Student_score
```

```
##    Student Pre-test Post-test
## 1        1       55        61
## 2        2       54        60
## 3        3       47        56
## 4        4       57        63
## 5        5       51        56
## 6        6       61        63
## 7        7       57        59
## 8        8       54        56
## 9        9       63        62
## 10      10       58        61
```

#a. Compute the descriptive statistics using different packages (Hmisc and pastecs). Write the codes and its result.

```
library(pastecs)
library(Hmisc)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'Hmisc'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     format.pval, units
```

```
#Hmisc
describe(Student_score)
```

```
## Student_score
##
##  3  Variables      10  Observations
## --------------------------------------------------------------------------------
## Student
##        n  missing distinct     Info     Mean      Gmd      .05      .10
##       10        0       10        1      5.5    3.667     1.45     1.90
```

1

```
##      .25       .50       .75       .90       .95
##      3.25      5.50      7.75      9.10      9.55
##
## Value         1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9  10
## Frequency     1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1
## Proportion 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1
##
## For the frequency table, variable is rounded to the nearest 0
## -------------------------------------------------------------------------
## Pre-test
##        n  missing distinct      Info      Mean       Gmd
##       10        0        8     0.988      55.7     5.444
##
## Value         47   51   54   55   57   58   61   63
## Frequency      1    1    2    1    2    1    1    1
## Proportion 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1
##
## For the frequency table, variable is rounded to the nearest 0
## -------------------------------------------------------------------------
## Post-test
##        n  missing distinct      Info      Mean       Gmd
##       10        0        6     0.964      59.7     3.311
##
## Value         56   59   60   61   62   63
## Frequency      3    1    1    2    1    2
## Proportion 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2
##
## For the frequency table, variable is rounded to the nearest 0
## -------------------------------------------------------------------------
```

```r
#pastecs
stat.desc(Student_score)
```

```
##                    Student      Pre-test      Post-test
## nbr.val        10.0000000   10.00000000   10.00000000
## nbr.null        0.0000000    0.00000000    0.00000000
## nbr.na          0.0000000    0.00000000    0.00000000
## min             1.0000000   47.00000000   56.00000000
## max            10.0000000   63.00000000   63.00000000
## range           9.0000000   16.00000000    7.00000000
## sum            55.0000000  557.00000000  597.00000000
## median          5.5000000   56.00000000   60.50000000
## mean            5.5000000   55.70000000   59.70000000
## SE.mean         0.9574271    1.46855938    0.89504811
## CI.mean.0.95    2.1658506    3.32211213    2.02473948
## var             9.1666667   21.56666667    8.01111111
## std.dev         3.0276504    4.64399254    2.83039063
## coef.var        0.5504819    0.08337509    0.04741023
```

#2. The Department of Agriculture was studying the effects of several levels of a fertilizer on the growth of a plant. For some analyses, it might be useful to convert the fertilizer levels to an ordered factor.

```r
fertilizer_lvl <- c(10,10,10, 20,20,50,10,20,10,50,20,50,20,10)

ordered_lvl <- ordered(fertilizer_lvl, levels = c(10,20,50))
```

```
ordered_lvl
```

```
##  [1] 10 10 10 20 20 50 10 20 10 50 20 50 20 10
## Levels: 10 < 20 < 50
```

```
#The levels are listed below the numbers that indicate the observations or data points, which are enclo
```

#3.  Abdul Hassan, president of Floor Coverings Unlimited, has asked you to study the exercise levels undertaken by 10 subjects were "l", "n", "n", "i", "l" , "l", "n", "n", "i", "l" ; n=none, l=light, i=intense

```
exercise_lvl <- c("l", "n", "n", "i", "l", "l", "n", "n", "i", "l")
```

```
factor_exercise <- factor(exercise_lvl, levels = c("n", "l", "i"))
```

```
factor_exercise
```

```
##  [1] l n n i l l n n i l
## Levels: n l i
```

#4. Sample of 30 tax accountants from all the states and territories of Australia and their individual state of origin is specified by a character vector of state mnemonics as:

```
state <- c("tas", "sa", "qld", "nsw", "nsw", "nt", "wa", "wa", "qld",
"vic", "nsw", "vic", "qld", "qld", "sa", "tas", "sa", "nt",
"wa", "vic", "qld", "nsw", "nsw", "wa", "sa", "act", "nsw",
"vic", "vic", "act")
```

```
factor_states <- factor(state, levels = c("act", "nsw", "nt", "qld", "sa", "tas", "vic", "wa"))
```

```
factor_states
```

```
##  [1] tas sa  qld nsw nsw nt  wa  wa  qld vic nsw vic qld qld sa  tas sa  nt  wa
## [20] vic qld nsw nsw wa  sa  act nsw vic vic act
## Levels: act nsw nt qld sa tas vic wa
```

```
  #a. Apply the factor function and factor level. Describe the results.
#The levels are listed below the observations, which are indicated by the number enclosed in square bra
```

#5. From #4 - continuation:

```
incomes <- c(60, 49, 40, 61, 64, 60, 59, 54,
62, 69, 70, 42, 56, 61, 61, 61, 58, 51, 48,
65, 49, 49, 41, 48, 52, 46, 59, 46, 58, 43)
```

```
incomeans <- tapply(incomes, factor_states, mean)
incomeans
```

```
##      act      nsw       nt      qld       sa      tas      vic       wa
## 44.50000 57.33333 55.50000 53.60000 55.00000 60.50000 56.00000 52.25000
```

```
#b.Copy the results and interpret.
```

```
# we see that it calculates the means of every states.
```

#6. Calculate the standard errors of the state income means (refer again to number 3)

```
#a. What is the standard error? Write the codes.
stdError <- function(x) sqrt(var(x)/length(x))
incoster <- tapply(incomes, factor_states, stdError)
incoster
```

```
##      act      nsw       nt      qld       sa      tas      vic       wa
## 1.500000 4.310195 4.500000 4.106093 2.738613 0.500000 5.244044 2.657536
```

```r
#b. Interpret the result.
# in no.5 we see the means of every states while here, we calculate the standard error of each states.

#The sample mean earnings for each state are uncertain, and the standard errors give an indication of t
```

#7. Use the titanic dataset.

```r
install.packages("titanic")
```

```
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
```

```r
library(titanic)
```

```r
data("titanic_train")
#a. subset the titatic dataset of those who survived and not survived. Show the codes and its result.
survived <- subset(titanic_train, Survived == 1)

not_survived <- subset(titanic_train, Survived == 0)

head(survived)
```

```
##    PassengerId Survived Pclass
## 2            2        1      1
## 3            3        1      3
## 4            4        1      1
## 9            9        1      3
## 10          10        1      2
## 11          11        1      3
##                                                    Name    Sex Age SibSp Parch
## 2    Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer) female  38     1     0
## 3                               Heikkinen, Miss. Laina female  26     0     0
## 4         Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female  35     1     0
## 9    Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg) female  27     0     2
## 10                Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem) female  14     1     0
## 11                Sandstrom, Miss. Marguerite Rut female   4     1     1
##             Ticket    Fare Cabin Embarked
## 2         PC 17599 71.2833   C85        C
## 3  STON/O2. 3101282  7.9250              S
## 4           113803 53.1000  C123        S
## 9           347742 11.1333              S
## 10          237736 30.0708              C
## 11          PP 9549 16.7000    G6        S
```

```r
head(not_survived)
```

```
##    PassengerId Survived Pclass                          Name  Sex Age SibSp
## 1            1        0      3        Braund, Mr. Owen Harris male  22     1
## 5            5        0      3       Allen, Mr. William Henry male  35     0
## 6            6        0      3                Moran, Mr. James male  NA     0
## 7            7        0      1          McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J male  54     0
## 8            8        0      3 Palsson, Master. Gosta Leonard male   2     3
## 13          13        0      3 Saundercock, Mr. William Henry male  20     0
##    Parch    Ticket    Fare Cabin Embarked
```

4

```
## 1        0 A/5 21171  7.2500           S
## 5        0    373450  8.0500           S
## 6        0    330877  8.4583           Q
## 7        0     17463 51.8625     E46   S
## 8        1    349909 21.0750           S
## 13       0 A/5. 2151  8.0500           S
```

#8. The data sets are about the breast cancer Wisconsin. The samples arrive periodically as Dr. Wolberg reports his clinical cases. The database therefore reflects this chronologihttps://drive.google.com/file/d/16MFLoehCgx2MJuNSAu

```
breastcancer_data <- read.csv("breastcancer_wisconsin.csv")
```

```
str(breastcancer_data)
```

```
## 'data.frame':    699 obs. of  11 variables:
## $ id               : int  1000025 1002945 1015425 1016277 1017023 1017122 1018099 1018561 1033078 10
## $ clump_thickness  : int  5 5 3 6 4 8 1 2 2 4 ...
## $ size_uniformity  : int  1 4 1 8 1 10 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ shape_uniformity : int  1 4 1 8 1 10 1 2 1 1 ...
## $ marginal_adhesion: int  1 5 1 1 3 8 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ epithelial_size  : int  2 7 2 3 2 7 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ bare_nucleoli    : chr  "1" "10" "2" "4" ...
## $ bland_chromatin  : int  3 3 3 3 3 9 3 3 1 2 ...
## $ normal_nucleoli  : int  1 2 1 7 1 7 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ mitoses          : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 1 ...
## $ class            : int  2 2 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 ...
```

```
head(breastcancer_data)
```

```
##        id clump_thickness size_uniformity shape_uniformity marginal_adhesion
## 1 1000025               5               1                1                 1
## 2 1002945               5               4                4                 5
## 3 1015425               3               1                1                 1
## 4 1016277               6               8                8                 1
## 5 1017023               4               1                1                 3
## 6 1017122               8              10               10                 8
##   epithelial_size bare_nucleoli bland_chromatin normal_nucleoli mitoses class
## 1               2             1               3               1       1     2
## 2               7            10               3               2       1     2
## 3               2             2               3               1       1     2
## 4               3             4               3               7       1     2
## 5               2             1               3               1       1     2
## 6               7            10               9               7       1     4
```

```
summary(breastcancer_data)
```

```
##       id            clump_thickness  size_uniformity  shape_uniformity
## Min.   :   61634   Min.   : 1.000   Min.   : 1.000   Min.   : 1.000
## 1st Qu.:  870688   1st Qu.: 2.000   1st Qu.: 1.000   1st Qu.: 1.000
## Median : 1171710   Median : 4.000   Median : 1.000   Median : 1.000
## Mean   : 1071704   Mean   : 4.418   Mean   : 3.134   Mean   : 3.207
## 3rd Qu.: 1238298   3rd Qu.: 6.000   3rd Qu.: 5.000   3rd Qu.: 5.000
## Max.   :13454352   Max.   :10.000   Max.   :10.000   Max.   :10.000
## marginal_adhesion epithelial_size  bare_nucleoli      bland_chromatin
## Min.   : 1.000   Min.   : 1.000   Length:699        Min.   : 1.000
## 1st Qu.: 1.000   1st Qu.: 2.000   Class :character  1st Qu.: 2.000
## Median : 1.000   Median : 2.000   Mode  :character  Median : 3.000
```

```
##  Mean    : 2.807    Mean    : 3.216                    Mean    : 3.438
##  3rd Qu.: 4.000     3rd Qu.: 4.000                     3rd Qu.: 5.000
##  Max.   :10.000     Max.   :10.000                     Max.   :10.000
##  normal_nucleoli      mitoses            class
##  Min.   : 1.000    Min.   : 1.000    Min.   :2.00
##  1st Qu.: 1.000    1st Qu.: 1.000    1st Qu.:2.00
##  Median : 1.000    Median : 1.000    Median :2.00
##  Mean   : 2.867    Mean   : 1.589    Mean   :2.69
##  3rd Qu.: 4.000    3rd Qu.: 1.000    3rd Qu.:4.00
##  Max.   :10.000    Max.   :10.000    Max.   :4.00
```

```r
#a. describe what is the dataset all about.
#the dataset is about the data of the breast cancer.
```

#d. Compute the descriptive statistics using different packages. Find the values of:

```r
library(psych)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'psych'

## The following object is masked from 'package:Hmisc':
##
##     describe
```

```r
clump_thickness <- breastcancer_data$ClumpThickness
marginal_adhesion <- breastcancer_data$MarginalAdhesion
bare_nuclei <- breastcancer_data$BareNuclei
bland_chromatin <- breastcancer_data$BlandChromatin
uniformity_cell_shape <- breastcancer_data$UniformityCellShape


#d.1 Standard error of the mean for clump thickness.

SE_clumpthickness <- sd(clump_thickness) / sqrt(length(clump_thickness))
SE_clumpthickness
```

```
## [1] NA
```

```r
#d.2 Coefficient of variability for Marginal Adhesion.
CV_marginaladhesion <- sd(marginal_adhesion) / mean(marginal_adhesion)
```

```
## Warning in mean.default(marginal_adhesion): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
```

```r
CV_marginaladhesion
```

```
## [1] NA
```

```r
#d.3 Number of null values of Bare Nuclei.
nullval_barenuclei <- sum(is.na(bare_nuclei))
nullval_barenuclei
```

```
## [1] 0
```

```r
#d.4 Mean and standard deviation for Bland Chromatin
mean_blandchromatin <- mean(breastcancer_data$bland_chromatin)
sd_blandchromatin <- sd(breastcancer_data$bland_chromatin)
mean_blandchromatin
```

```
## [1] 3.437768
```

```
sd_blandchromatin
```

```
## [1] 2.438364
```

```
#d.5 Confidence interval of the mean for Uniformity of Cell Shape
ci_uniformitycellshape <- tryCatch(
  t.test(breastcancer_data$`uniformity_cell_shape`)$conf.int,
  error = function(e) NULL
)
```

```
## Warning in mean.default(x): argument is not numeric or logical: returning NA
```

```
ci_uniformitycellshape
```

```
## NULL
```

#9.Export the data abalone to the Microsoft excel file. Copy the codes.

```
library("AppliedPredictiveModeling")
library("xlsx")

data(abalone)

#View(abalone)
head(abalone)
```

```
##   Type LongestShell Diameter Height WholeWeight ShuckedWeight VisceraWeight
## 1    M        0.455    0.365  0.095      0.5140        0.2245        0.1010
## 2    M        0.350    0.265  0.090      0.2255        0.0995        0.0485
## 3    F        0.530    0.420  0.135      0.6770        0.2565        0.1415
## 4    M        0.440    0.365  0.125      0.5160        0.2155        0.1140
## 5    I        0.330    0.255  0.080      0.2050        0.0895        0.0395
## 6    I        0.425    0.300  0.095      0.3515        0.1410        0.0775
##   ShellWeight Rings
## 1       0.150    15
## 2       0.070     7
## 3       0.210     9
## 4       0.155    10
## 5       0.055     7
## 6       0.120     8
```

```
summary(abalone)
```

```
##  Type       LongestShell      Diameter          Height         WholeWeight
##  F:1307   Min.   :0.075   Min.   :0.0550   Min.   :0.0000   Min.   :0.0020
##  I:1342   1st Qu.:0.450   1st Qu.:0.3500   1st Qu.:0.1150   1st Qu.:0.4415
##  M:1528   Median :0.545   Median :0.4250   Median :0.1400   Median :0.7995
##           Mean   :0.524   Mean   :0.4079   Mean   :0.1395   Mean   :0.8287
##           3rd Qu.:0.615   3rd Qu.:0.4800   3rd Qu.:0.1650   3rd Qu.:1.1530
##           Max.   :0.815   Max.   :0.6500   Max.   :1.1300   Max.   :2.8255
##  ShuckedWeight     VisceraWeight       ShellWeight         Rings
##  Min.   :0.0010   Min.   :0.0005   Min.   :0.0015   Min.   : 1.000
##  1st Qu.:0.1860   1st Qu.:0.0935   1st Qu.:0.1300   1st Qu.: 8.000
##  Median :0.3360   Median :0.1710   Median :0.2340   Median : 9.000
##  Mean   :0.3594   Mean   :0.1806   Mean   :0.2388   Mean   : 9.934
##  3rd Qu.:0.5020   3rd Qu.:0.2530   3rd Qu.:0.3290   3rd Qu.:11.000
##  Max.   :1.4880   Max.   :0.7600   Max.   :1.0050   Max.   :29.000
```

```
#write.xlsx(abalone, "abalone.xlsx")
```