

# Packet Tracer - Server Firewalls and Router ACLs

## **Addressing Table**

Device	Private IP Address	Public IP Address	Subnet Mask	Site
Web Server	N/A	209.165.201.10	255.255.255.0	Internet

# **Objectives**

Part 1: Connect to the Web Server

Part 2: Prevent Unencrypted HTTP Sessions

Part 3: Access the Firewall on the Email Server

## **Background**

In this activity, you will access a user within the Metropolis site and connect using HTTP and HTTPS to a remote Web Server. The IP addressing, network configuration, and service configurations are already complete. You will use a client device in the Metropolis site to test connectivity to a remote Web Server and then secure the Metropolis site by preventing unencrypted web sessions from connecting to the outside world.

#### Part 1: Connect to the Web Server

## Step 1: Access the HQ Internet Web Server on Sally's PC using HTTP.

- a. Click the Metropolis Bank HQ site and then click the PC Sally.
- b. Click the **Desktop** tab and then click **Web Browser**.
- c. Enter the URL of http://www.cisco.corp and click Go.
- d. Click the link Login Page.

Why would a user be concerned when submitting information using this website?

It is http & not https which is more secure

## Step 2: Access the HQ Internet Web Server on Sally's PC using HTTPS.

- a. Access the Web Browser on Sally's computer.
- b. Enter the URL of https://www.cisco.corp and click Go.
- c. Click on the link Login Page.

Why would a user be less concerned when submitting information using this website?

https is more secure than http

d. Close Sally's computer.

# Part 2: Prevent Unencrypted HTTP Sessions

# Step 1: Configure the HQ\_Router.

- a. Within the Metropolis Bank HQ site, click the HQ\_Router.
- b. Click the CLI tab and press Enter.
- c. Use the password **cisco** to login to the router.
- d. Use the **enable** command and then **configure terminal** command to access the global configuration mode.

In order to prevent unencrypted HTTP traffic from traveling through the HQ router, network administrators can create and deploy access control lists (ACLs).

The following commands are beyond this course but are used to demonstrate the ability to prevent unencrypted traffic from moving through the HQ Router.

e. Within the global configuration mode **HQ\_Router**(config)# copy the following access-list configuration below and paste it into the **HQ\_Router**.

```
! access-list 101 deny tcp any any eq 80 access-list 101 permit ip any any ! int gig0/0 ip access-group 101 in ! end
```

f. Close the **HQ\_Router**.

## Step 2: Access the HQ Internet Web Server on Sally's PC using HTTP.

- a. Within the Metropolis Bank HQ site, click the PC Sally.
- b. Click the **Desktop** tab and then click **Web Browser**.
- c. Enter the URL of http://www.cisco.corp and click Go.

Is Sally's computer able to access the HQ Internet Web Server using HTTP?

No the Request Timed Out

#### Step 3: Access the HQ Internet Web Server on Sally's PC using HTTPS.

- a. Access the **Web Browser** on Sally's computer.
- b. Enter the URL of https://www.cisco.corp and click Go.

Is Sally's computer able to access the HQ Internet Web Server using HTTP?

Yes

c. Close Sally's computer.

#### Part 3: Access the Firewall on the Email Server

- a. Within the Metropolis Bank HQ site, click the Email server.
- b. Click the **Desktop** tab and then click on **Firewall**. There are no firewall rules implemented.

In order to prevent non-email related traffic from being sent or received from the Email server, network administrators can create firewall rules directly on the server, or as previously shown, they can use access control lists (ACLs) on a network device like a router.



# **Suggested Scoring Rubric**

Activity Section	Question Location	Possible Points	Earned Points
Part 1: Connect to the Web Server	Step 1	15	
	Step 2	15	
Part 2: Prevent Unencrypted HTTP	Step 2	15	
Sessions	Step 3	15	
	Questions	60	
Packet Tracer Score		40	
Total Score		100	