STAT_E-109_Project

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Intitial package installation and data loading

\$ PSI_08 ## \$ PSI_09

```
#Load in csv data for project

data <- read.csv('SDOH_Quality.csv')

count_initial <- nrow(data)

str(data)</pre>
```

```
## 'data.frame':
                       5317 obs. of 36 variables:
                                      : chr "10001" "10005" "10006" "10007" ...
## $ facility_ID
                                      : chr "SOUTHEAST HEALTH MEDICAL CENTER" "MARSHALL MEDICAL CENTERS" "
## $ facility_name
                                     : chr "1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE" "2505 U S HIGHWAY 431 NORTH" "1701 VE
## $ address
36301 35957 35630 36467 36049 35235 35968 35007 35233 35660 ...
                                              "Acute Care Hospitals" "Acute Care Hospitals" "Acute Care Hosp
                                               "Government - Hospital District or Authority" "Government - Ho
## $ census_region
## $ census_division
                                : chr
                                              "East South Central" "East South Central" "East South Central"
## $ median_age
                                      : chr
                                              "39.1" "38.3" "33.8" "47.4" ...
## $ per_white_non_hisp : chr "39.1" "38.3" "33.8" "47.4" ...

## $ per_white_non_hisp : chr "61.8" "81" "71.6" "83" ...

## $ med_inc_15plus_12mo : chr "25326" "22419" "21362" "21490"

## $ per_below_poverty : chr "20.7" "24.2" "22.9" "18.4" ...
## $ per_college_grad_deg_25_plus: chr "17.2" "13.7" "23.5" "12.1" ...
## $ COMP_HIP_KNEE : chr "2.4" "1.8" "3.4" "" ...

## $ MORT_30_AMI : chr "12.4" "12.6" "16.5" "" ...

## $ MORT_30_CABG : chr "4.7" "" "3.5" "" ...

## $ MORT_30_COPD : chr "8.5" "8.1" "7.8" "10.3" ...
                                               "8.5" "8.1" "7.8" "10.3" ...
                                    : chr "8.3" "16.9" "12.2" "13.9" ...
## $ MORT_30_HF
## $ MORT_30_PN
                                     : chr "15.9" "21.8" "17.8" "21.7" ...
## $ MORT_30_STK
                                              "16.4" "16.6" "18.9" "" ...
                                      : chr
                                     : chr "0.23" "0.86" "1.83" "0.32" ...
## $ PSI_03
## $ PSI 04
                                      : chr "173.39" "142.88" "157.42" "" ...
## $ PSI_06
                                      : chr "0.17" "0.17" "0.26" "0.18" ...
```

: chr "0.1" "0.06" "0.05" "0.07" ...

: chr "2.33" "2.08" "3.46" "2.37" ...

```
: chr "0.61" "0.76" "0.65" "0.91" ...
## $ PSI 10
## $ PSI_11
                                : chr "8.92" "6.87" "3.89" "6.01" ...
                               : chr "3.33" "2.54" "2.8" "3.8" ...
## $ PSI 12
                                : chr "5.98" "3.44" "3.72" "4.05" ...
## $ PSI_13
                                : chr "0.65" "0.76" "0.68" "" ...
## $ PSI 14
                                : chr "1.21" "0.87" "1.33" "1.02" ...
## $ PSI 15
                                : chr "1.01" "0.91" "1.1" "0.99" ...
## $ PSI 90
#Filter to only acute care and critical access facilities
data <- data %>% filter(hospital_type == 'Acute Care Hospitals' | hospital_type == 'Critical Access Ho
(count_cah_acutre <- nrow(data))</pre>
## [1] 4585
# Drop facilities where zip code census demographic data is not available
data <- data %>% filter(median_age != "#N/A")
(count_cah_acutre_zipNA <- nrow(data))</pre>
## [1] 4407
datana <- data %>% filter(!is.na(hosp_overall_rating ))
str(datana)
## 'data.frame':
                   2970 obs. of 36 variables:
                                : chr "10001" "10005" "10006" "10007" ...
## $ facility_ID
                                       "SOUTHEAST HEALTH MEDICAL CENTER" "MARSHALL MEDICAL CENTERS" "
## $ facility_name
                                : chr
                               : chr "1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE" "2505 U S HIGHWAY 431 NORTH" "1701 VE
## $ address
                               : chr "DOTHAN" "BOAZ" "FLORENCE" "OPP" ...
## $ city
                                       "AL" "AL" "AL" "AL" ...
## $ state
                                : chr
## $ zip
                               : int
                                       36301 35957 35630 36467 35235 35968 35007 35660 36360 36116 ...
                                       "HOUSTON" "MARSHALL" "LAUDERDALE" "COVINGTON" ...
## $ county
                              : chr
                                       "Acute Care Hospitals" "Acute Care Hospitals" "Acute Care Hosp
## $ hospital_type
                               : chr
## $ hospital_ownership
                                       "Government - Hospital District or Authority" "Government - Ho
                              : chr
## $ hosp_overall_rating : int 3 3 2 3 2 3 4 3 4 2 ...
## $ census_region
                               : chr
                                      "South" "South" "South" ...
## $ census_division
                                       "East South Central" "East South Central" "East South Central"
                               : chr
                                       "39.1" "38.3" "33.8" "47.4" ...
## $ median_age
                                : chr
                                       "61.8" "81" "71.6" "83" ...
## $ per_white_non_hisp
                               : chr
                                      "25326" "22419" "21362" "21490" ...
## $ med_inc_15plus_12mo
                                : chr
                                       "20.7" "24.2" "22.9" "18.4" ...
## $ per_below_poverty : chr
                                       "17.2" "13.7" "23.5" "12.1" ...
## $ per_college_grad_deg_25_plus: chr
                     : chr "2.4" "1.8" "3.4" "" ...
## $ COMP_HIP_KNEE
                                      "12.4" "12.6" "16.5" "" ...
## $ MORT_30_AMI
                               : chr
                                       "4.7" "" "3.5" "" ...
## $ MORT_30_CABG
                                : chr
## $ MORT_30_COPD
                                       "8.5" "8.1" "7.8" "10.3" ...
                                : chr
                               : chr "8.3" "16.9" "12.2" "13.9" ...
## $ MORT_30_HF
                               : chr "15.9" "21.8" "17.8" "21.7" ...
## $ MORT 30 PN
## $ MORT_30_STK
                               : chr "16.4" "16.6" "18.9" "" ...
```

```
## $ PSI 04
                                    : chr "173.39" "142.88" "157.42" "" ...
## $ PSI 06
                                   : chr "0.17" "0.17" "0.26" "0.18" ...
                                    : chr "0.1" "0.06" "0.05" "0.07" ...
## $ PSI 08
                                    : chr "2.33" "2.08" "3.46" "2.37" ...
## $ PSI 09
## $ PSI_10
                                    : chr "0.61" "0.76" "0.65" "0.91" ...
## $ PSI 11
                                    : chr "8.92" "6.87" "3.89" "6.01" ...
                                           "3.33" "2.54" "2.8" "3.8" ...
## $ PSI 12
                                    : chr
                                    : chr "5.98" "3.44" "3.72" "4.05" ...
## $ PSI 13
                                    : chr "0.65" "0.76" "0.68" "" ...
## $ PSI_14
## $ PSI 15
                                    : chr "1.21" "0.87" "1.33" "1.02" ...
                                    : chr "1.01" "0.91" "1.1" "0.99" ...
## $ PSI_90
#Switch to numeric variables fo censuse/SDOH measures
data$median_age <- as.numeric(data$median_age)</pre>
data$per_white_non_hisp <- as.numeric(data$per_white_non_hisp)</pre>
data$med_inc_15plus_12mo <- as.numeric(data$med_inc_15plus_12mo)
data$per_below_poverty <- as.numeric(data$per_below_poverty)</pre>
data$per_college_grad_deg_25_plus <- as.numeric(data$per_college_grad_deg_25_plus)
#Switch to numeric variables for quality measures
data$COMP_HIP_KNEE <- as.numeric(data$COMP_HIP_KNEE)</pre>
data$MORT_30_AMI <- as.numeric(data$MORT_30_AMI)</pre>
data$MORT_30_CABG <- as.numeric(data$MORT_30_CABG)</pre>
data$MORT_30_COPD <- as.numeric(data$MORT_30_COPD)</pre>
data$MORT_30_HF <- as.numeric(data$MORT_30_HF)</pre>
data$MORT 30 PN <- as.numeric(data$MORT 30 PN)</pre>
data$MORT_30_STK <- as.numeric(data$MORT_30_STK)</pre>
data$PSI_03 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_03)</pre>
data$PSI_04 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_04)</pre>
data$PSI_06 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_06)</pre>
data$PSI 08 <- as.numeric(data$PSI 08)</pre>
data$PSI 09 <- as.numeric(data$PSI 09)</pre>
data$PSI 10 <- as.numeric(data$PSI 10)</pre>
data$PSI_12 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_12)</pre>
data$PSI_11 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_11)</pre>
data$PSI_13 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_13)</pre>
data$PSI_11 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_11)</pre>
data$PSI_14 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_14)</pre>
data$PSI_15 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_15)</pre>
data$PSI_90 <- as.numeric(data$PSI_90)</pre>
#Switch chr variables to factor
data$city <- as.factor(data$city)</pre>
data$state <- as.factor(data$state)</pre>
data$hospital_type <- as.factor(data$hospital_type)</pre>
data$hospital_ownership <- as.factor(data$hospital_ownership)</pre>
data$census_region <- as.factor(data$census_region)</pre>
data$census_division <- as.factor(data$census_division)</pre>
#check to make sure all are now integers
str(data)
```

: chr "0.23" "0.86" "1.83" "0.32" ...

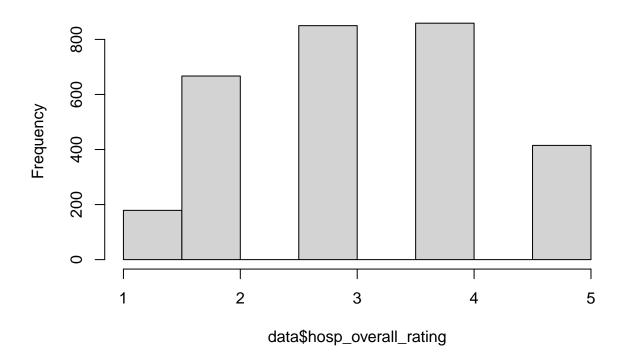
\$ PSI 03

```
## 'data.frame':
                   4407 obs. of 36 variables:
                               : chr "10001" "10005" "10006" "10007" ...
## $ facility_ID
                                : chr "SOUTHEAST HEALTH MEDICAL CENTER" "MARSHALL MEDICAL CENTERS" "
## $ facility_name
                                : chr "1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE" "2505 U S HIGHWAY 431 NORTH" "1701 VE
## $ address
                                : Factor w/ 2835 levels "ABBEVILLE", "ABERDEEN", ...: 666 251 835 1846 1
## $ city
                                : Factor w/ 51 levels "AK", "AL", "AR", ...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ state
                               : int 36301 35957 35630 36467 36049 35235 35968 35007 35233 35660 ...
## $ zip
                                : chr "HOUSTON" "MARSHALL" "LAUDERDALE" "COVINGTON" ...
## $ county
## $ hospital_type
                                : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acute Care Hospitals",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 .
                               : Factor w/ 10 levels "Government - Federal",..: 2 2 6 10 6 10 6 10 1
## $ hospital_ownership
## $ hosp_overall_rating
                               : int 3 3 2 3 NA 2 3 4 NA 3 ...
                                : Factor w/ 4 levels "Midwest", "Northeast", ...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ census_region
                               : Factor w/ 9 levels "East North Central",..: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ census_division
## $ median_age
                               : num 39.1 38.3 33.8 47.4 41.7 37.1 36.4 37.6 28.4 45 ...
## $ per_white_non_hisp
                               : num 61.8 81 71.6 83 72.9 32.9 71.6 70.6 54 73.4 ...
## $ med_inc_15plus_12mo
                                       25326 22419 21362 21490 21429 ...
                                : num
## $ per_below_poverty
                                : num 20.7 24.2 22.9 18.4 8.1 19.5 12.7 7.8 38 23.3 ...
## $ per_college_grad_deg_25_plus: num 17.2 13.7 23.5 12.1 20.8 27 13.9 34.9 83.8 16.7 ...
## $ COMP_HIP_KNEE
                                : num 2.4 1.8 3.4 NA NA 2.4 2.4 2.5 NA 2.8 ...
## $ MORT 30 AMI
                                : num 12.4 12.6 16.5 NA NA 13.8 12.9 11.8 NA NA ...
                               : num 4.7 NA 3.5 NA NA 3.5 NA 2.9 NA NA ...
## $ MORT_30_CABG
## $ MORT 30 COPD
                                : num 8.5 8.1 7.8 10.3 NA 8.2 8 8.2 NA 7.3 ...
## $ MORT_30_HF
                                : num 8.3 16.9 12.2 13.9 NA 12.2 11.5 12.1 NA 13.4 ...
## $ MORT_30_PN
                                : num 15.9 21.8 17.8 21.7 19.7 17.1 20.2 16.7 NA 21.7 ...
## $ MORT_30_STK
                               : num 16.4 16.6 18.9 NA NA 15.2 NA 12 NA 17.5 ...
## $ PSI 03
                               : num 0.23 0.86 1.83 0.32 0.5 0.05 0.22 0.07 0.55 0.85 ...
## $ PSI_04
                                : num 173 143 157 NA NA ...
## $ PSI_06
                               : num 0.17 0.17 0.26 0.18 0.19 0.16 0.18 0.16 0.19 0.17 ...
## $ PSI_08
                               : num 0.1 0.06 0.05 0.07 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.13 ...
## $ PSI 09
                                : num 2.33 2.08 3.46 2.37 NA 2.31 2.33 3.35 2.34 2.24 ...
## $ PSI_10
                                : num 0.61 0.76 0.65 0.91 NA 0.98 0.9 1.56 0.91 NA ...
## $ PSI_11
                                : num 8.92 6.87 3.89 6.01 NA ...
                               : num 3.33 2.54 2.8 3.8 NA 2.68 3.15 2.68 3.33 4.25 ...
## $ PSI_12
## $ PSI_13
                                : num 5.98 3.44 3.72 4.05 NA 4.63 3.92 4.07 NA NA ...
## $ PSI 14
                                : num 0.65 0.76 0.68 NA NA 0.75 0.78 0.99 NA 0.74 ...
## $ PSI 15
                                : num 1.21 0.87 1.33 1.02 NA 0.8 0.99 0.81 NA 1.24 ...
## $ PSI 90
                                 : num 1.01 0.91 1.1 0.99 NA 0.82 0.91 1.07 0.98 1.09 ...
```

Initial EDA - Overall Star Rating

```
#Histogram of Overall Hospital Star Rating
hist(data$hosp_overall_rating)
```

Histogram of data\$hosp_overall_rating



```
#Figure 2
#Table of Overall Hospital Star Rating
(counts <- table(data$hosp_overall_rating))

##
## 1 2 3 4 5
## 179 667 850 859 415

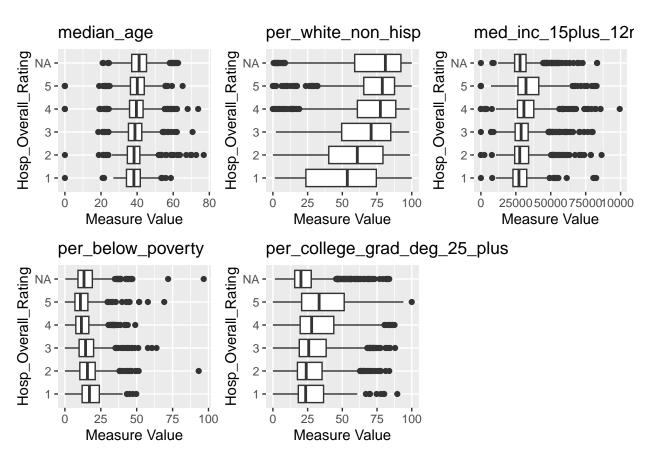
#Figure 2
#total number of rows in data
(nrows <- nrow(data))</pre>
```

[1] 4407

```
#------ Create a Data Table to Support Model Overview ------
avg.PSI_90 <-
data %>% filter(!is.na(PSI_90)) %>%
summarize(Average= round(mean(PSI_90),3), Count = n(), Std_Dev = round(sd(PSI_90),3),.groups = 'drop')
row.names(avg.PSI_90) <- c("PSI_90")
avg.PSI_90 <- as.data.frame(avg.PSI_90)
avg.MORT_30_PN <-
data %>% filter(!is.na(MORT_30_PN)) %>%
```

```
summarize(Average= round(mean(MORT_30_PN),3), Count = n(), Std_Dev = round(sd(MORT_30_PN),3),.groups =
row.names(avg.MORT 30 PN) <- c("MORT 30 PN")
avg.MORT_30_PN <- as.data.frame(avg.MORT_30_PN)</pre>
avg.MORT 30 HF <-
data %>% filter(!is.na(MORT_30_HF)) %>%
summarize(Average= round(mean(MORT_30_HF),3), Count = n(), Std_Dev = round(sd(MORT_30_HF),3),.groups =
row.names(avg.MORT 30 HF) <- c("MORT 30 HF")</pre>
avg.MORT_30_HF <- as.data.frame(avg.MORT_30_HF)</pre>
avg.MORT_30_COPD <-
data %>% filter(!is.na(MORT_30_COPD)) %>%
summarize(Average= round(mean(MORT_30_COPD),3), Count = n(), Std_Dev = round(sd(MORT_30_COPD),3),.group
row.names(avg.MORT_30_COPD) <- c("MORT_30_COPD")</pre>
avg.MORT_30_COPD <- as.data.frame(avg.MORT_30_COPD)</pre>
avg.rating <-
data %>% filter(!is.na(hosp_overall_rating)) %>%
summarize(Average= round(mean(hosp_overall_rating),3), Count = n(), Std_Dev = round(sd(hosp_overall_rat
row.names(avg.rating) <- c("Hospital Overall Rating")</pre>
avg.rating <- as.data.frame(avg.rating)</pre>
Blended <- rbind(avg.MORT_30_COPD,avg.MORT_30_HF,avg.MORT_30_PN,avg.PSI_90,avg.rating)
t(Blended)
           MORT_30_COPD MORT_30_HF MORT_30_PN
                                                 PSI_90 Hospital Overall Rating
##
                  8.497
                            11.456
                                        16.833
                                                  0.975
                                                                           3.224
## Average
               2724.000
                          2969.000
                                      3448.000 2820.000
                                                                        2970.000
## Count
## Std Dev
                  1.142
                             1.751
                                         2.268
                                                  0.161
                                                                           1.124
##SDOH Measures by Overall Hospital Rating
require(gridExtra)
plot1 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,13]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[13]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")
plot2 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,14]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[14]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")
```

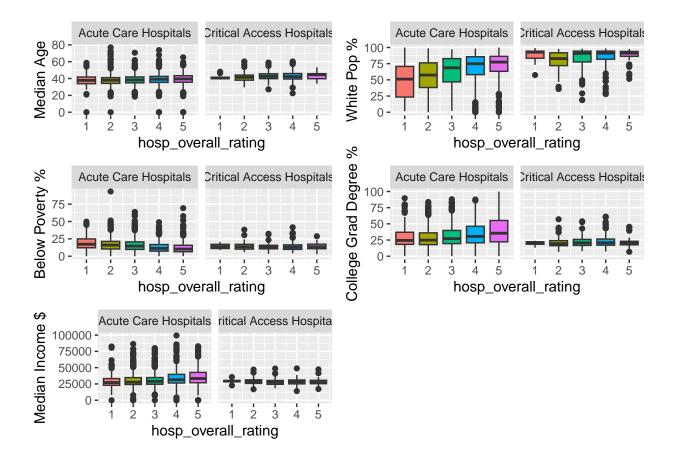
```
plot3 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,15]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[15]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")
plot4 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,16]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[16]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")
plot5 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,17]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[17]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")
#Aggregate into a single graph
grid.arrange(plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, plot5, ncol=3)
```



```
#Save
g <- arrangeGrob(plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, plot5, ncol=3) #generates g</pre>
```

```
##---- Boxplot: Star Rating vs Social Indicators ------
#----- Boxplot: Star Rating vs Median Age -----
social.ind1 <- data %>% filter(!is.na(hosp_overall_rating)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = hosp_overall_rating, y = median_age, fill = as.factor(hosp_overall_rating))) +
geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) + facet_wrap(~hospital_type) +
ylab('Median Age')
#----- Boxplot: Star Rating vs Percentage White Population ------
social.ind2 <- data %>% filter(!is.na(hosp_overall_rating)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = hosp_overall_rating, y = per_white_non_hisp, fill = as.factor(hosp_overall_rating))) +
geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) + facet_wrap(~hospital_type) +
ylab('White Pop %')
#----- Boxplot: Star Rating vs Population Below Poverty ------
social.ind3 <- data %>% filter(!is.na(hosp overall rating)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = hosp_overall_rating, y = per_below_poverty, fill = as.factor(hosp_overall_rating))) +
geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) + facet_wrap(~hospital_type) +
ylab('Below Poverty %')
#----- Boxplot: Star Rating vs per_college_grad_deg_25_plus -----
social.ind4 <- data %>% filter(!is.na(hosp_overall_rating)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = hosp_overall_rating, y = per_college_grad_deg_25_plus, fill = as.factor(hosp_overall_rat
geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) + facet_wrap(~hospital_type) +
ylab('College Grad Degree %')
#----- Boxplot: Star Rating vs med_inc_15plus_12mo ------
social.ind5 <- data %>% filter(!is.na(hosp_overall_rating)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = hosp_overall_rating, y = med_inc_15plus_12mo, fill = as.factor(hosp_overall_rating))) +
geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) + facet_wrap(~hospital_type) +
ylab('Median Income $')
#Five Graphs in One
grid.arrange(social.ind1, social.ind2, social.ind3, social.ind4, social.ind5, ncol=2)
```

ggsave("SDOH.png", g, width = 20, height = 15, units = "cm")

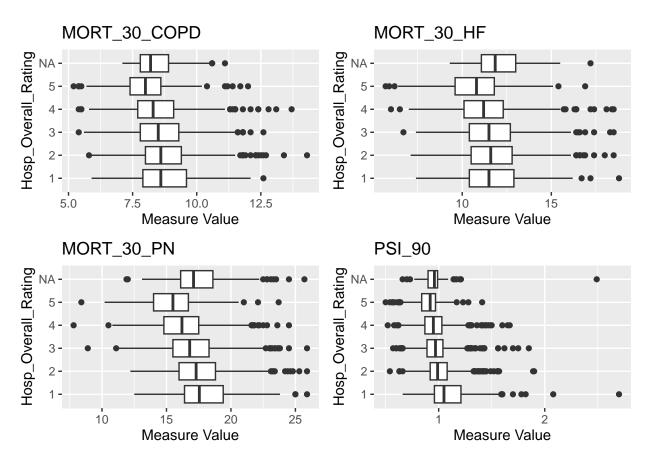


grid.social.ind3 <- arrangeGrob(social.ind1, social.ind2,social.ind3, social.ind4, social.ind5, ncol=2)

```
##Mortality and Complication Measures by Overall Hospital Rating -- FINAL GROUP
require(gridExtra)
#21,22,23,36
plot1 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,21]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[21]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")
plot2 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,22]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[22]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")
plot3 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,23]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[23]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")
```

```
plot4 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=factor(as.factor(hosp_overall_rating)),y =data[,36]))+
    geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
    coord_flip() +
    ggtitle(colnames(data)[36]) +
    ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Hosp_Overall_Rating")

#Aggregate into a single graph
grid.arrange(plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, ncol=2)
```



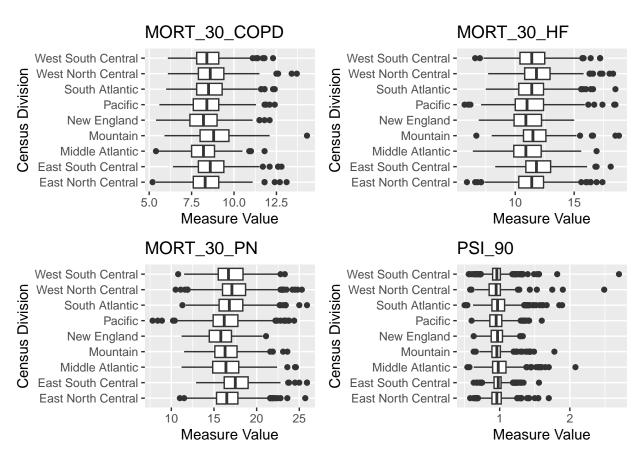
```
#Save
g <- arrangeGrob(plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, ncol=2) #generates g
ggsave("Top4_Star.png", g, width = 25, height = 20, units = "cm")</pre>
```

```
##Mortality and Complication Measures by Census Region -- FINAL GROUP
require(gridExtra)

#21,22,23,36

plot1 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=census_division,y =data[,21]))+
   geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
   coord_flip() +
   ggtitle(colnames(data)[21]) +
```

```
ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Census Division")
plot2 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=census_division,y =data[,22]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[22]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Census Division")
plot3 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=census_division,y =data[,23]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[23]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Census Division")
plot4 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=census_division,y =data[,36]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[36]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Census Division")
#Aggregate into a single graph
grid.arrange(plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, ncol=2)
```



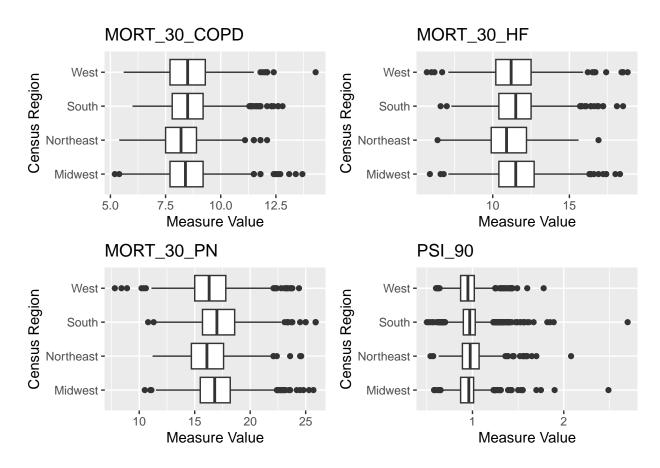
```
g <- arrangeGrob(plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, ncol=2) #generates g</pre>
ggsave("Census_Division_Meas.png", g, width = 25, height = 20, units = "cm")
##Mortality and Complication Measures by Census Region -- FINAL GROUP
require(gridExtra)
require(forcats)
## Loading required package: forcats
#21,22,23,36
plot1 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=census_region,y =data[,21]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[21]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Census Region")
plot2 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=census_region,y =data[,22]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[22]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Census Region")
plot3 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=census_region,y =data[,23]))+
  geom boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle(colnames(data)[23]) +
  ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Census Region")
plot4 <- data %>% ggplot(aes(x=census_region,y =data[,36]))+
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
  coord_flip() +
```

ggtitle(colnames(data)[36]) +

#Aggregate into a single graph

ylab('Measure Value') + xlab("Census Region")

grid.arrange(plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, ncol=2)

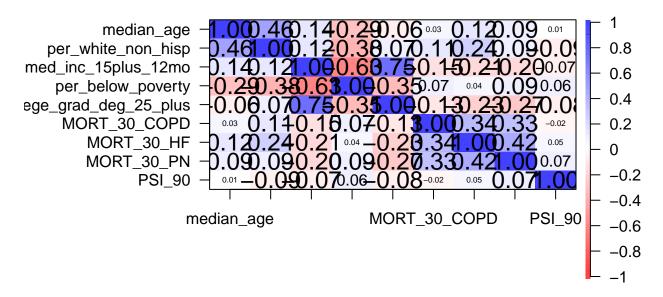


```
#Save
g <- arrangeGrob(plot1, plot2, plot3, plot4, ncol=2) #generates g
ggsave("Census_Region_Meas.png", g, width = 25, height = 20, units = "cm")</pre>
```

#Correlation Plot

```
#Correlation Plots for Key Numeric Variables
cor_data <- data %>% dplyr::select(13:17,21,22,23,36)
cor.plot(cor_data)
```

Correlation plot from data



Linear regression - FOur Different Measures - 1 for each!

```
#Refresh on column names colnames(data)
```

```
##
    [1] "facility_ID"
                                        "facility_name"
    [3] "address"
                                        "city"
##
  [5] "state"
                                        "zip"
##
   [7] "county"
##
                                        "hospital_type"
  [9] "hospital_ownership"
##
                                        "hosp_overall_rating"
## [11] "census_region"
                                        "census_division"
## [13] "median_age"
                                        "per_white_non_hisp"
## [15] "med_inc_15plus_12mo"
                                        "per_below_poverty"
                                        "COMP HIP KNEE"
## [17] "per_college_grad_deg_25_plus"
## [19] "MORT_30_AMI"
                                        "MORT_30_CABG"
## [21] "MORT 30 COPD"
                                        "MORT 30 HF"
## [23] "MORT_30_PN"
                                        "MORT_30_STK"
## [25] "PSI_03"
                                        "PSI_04"
## [27] "PSI_06"
                                        "PSI_08"
## [29] "PSI_09"
                                        "PSI_10"
                                        "PSI_12"
  [31] "PSI_11"
  [33] "PSI_13"
                                        "PSI_14"
## [35] "PSI_15"
                                        "PSI_90"
```

#Regression on the Composite measure for complications

```
#Data cleaning -> Quality Measure 90 - > Composite Score for Other P Measures
mod_data <- data %>%
  dplyr::select(4:5,8:17,36) %>% #Narrow to features to use in the model (plus one quality measure)
 filter(hosp_overall_rating != 'NA') %>% #remove NAs
 filter(PSI_90 != 'NA') #Remove NAs from measure
# treat overall rating as a factor
mod_data$hosp_overall_rating <- as.factor(mod_data$hosp_overall_rating)</pre>
table(mod data$hospital type)
##
##
       Acute Care Hospitals Critical Access Hospitals
##
                       2588
#Take a full model with all numeric terms
mod_mod <- lm(PSI_90~median_age+per_white_non_hisp+med_inc_15plus_12mo+
               per_below_poverty+per_college_grad_deg_25_plus+census_region,mod_data)
summary(mod_mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = PSI_90 ~ median_age + per_white_non_hisp + med_inc_15plus_12mo +
      per_below_poverty + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus + census_region,
##
      data = mod_data)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                     Median
## -0.47432 -0.09114 -0.01345 0.06641 1.71062
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                9.996e-01 2.843e-02 35.154 < 2e-16 ***
## median age
                               9.448e-04 5.603e-04
                                                     1.686 0.09185 .
                              -6.549e-04 1.593e-04 -4.110 4.07e-05 ***
## per_white_non_hisp
## med_inc_15plus_12mo
                              -3.476e-07 5.455e-07 -0.637 0.52403
## per_below_poverty
                               9.452e-05 5.177e-04
                                                      0.183 0.85514
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus -4.943e-04 3.038e-04 -1.627 0.10383
## census_regionNortheast 3.315e-02 1.049e-02
                                                     3.162 0.00159 **
                               1.127e-02 8.563e-03
## census regionSouth
                                                      1.316 0.18819
## census_regionWest
                              -7.662e-03 1.025e-02 -0.747 0.45493
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1617 on 2579 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02227, Adjusted R-squared: 0.01924
## F-statistic: 7.343 on 8 and 2579 DF, p-value: 1.071e-09
```

```
#conduct a step AIC analysis to prioritize functions
new <- stepAIC(mod mod)</pre>
## Start: AIC=-9422.77
## PSI_90 ~ median_age + per_white_non_hisp + med_inc_15plus_12mo +
       per_below_poverty + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus + census_region
##
##
                                  Df Sum of Sq
                                                  RSS
## - per_below_poverty
                                   1
                                       0.00087 67.407 -9424.7
## - med_inc_15plus_12mo
                                       0.01061 67.417 -9424.4
## <none>
                                               67.406 -9422.8
## - per_college_grad_deg_25_plus 1
                                      0.06920 67.475 -9422.1
                                       0.07433 67.481 -9421.9
## - median age
                                   1
                                   3 0.42780 67.834 -9412.4
## - census region
## - per_white_non_hisp
                                   1
                                       0.44160 67.848 -9407.9
##
## Step: AIC=-9424.74
## PSI_90 ~ median_age + per_white_non_hisp + med_inc_15plus_12mo +
       per_college_grad_deg_25_plus + census_region
##
##
##
                                  Df Sum of Sq
                                                  RSS
                                                          AIC
## - med_inc_15plus_12mo
                                      0.02143 67.429 -9425.9
                                               67.407 -9424.7
## <none>
## - per_college_grad_deg_25_plus 1
                                      0.06964 67.477 -9424.1
## - median age
                                       0.07363 67.481 -9423.9
                                       0.43322 67.840 -9414.2
## - census_region
                                   3
## - per_white_non_hisp
                                       0.50293 67.910 -9407.5
##
## Step: AIC=-9425.92
## PSI_90 ~ median_age + per_white_non_hisp + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus +
##
       census region
##
##
                                  Df Sum of Sq
                                                  RSS
                                                          AIC
## <none>
                                               67.429 -9425.9
                                       0.05423 67.483 -9425.8
## - median_age
                                   1
                                       0.34556 67.774 -9414.7
## - per_college_grad_deg_25_plus
                                  1
## - census_region
                                   3
                                       0.45203 67.881 -9414.6
## - per_white_non_hisp
                                       0.48910 67.918 -9409.2
#Use model selected by stepAIC function
mod_modf <- lm(PSI_90~median_age+per_white_non_hisp+per_college_grad_deg_25_plus+census_region,mod_data
summary(mod modf)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = PSI_90 ~ median_age + per_white_non_hisp + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus +
##
       census_region, data = mod_data)
##
## Residuals:
                  1Q Median
                                    3Q
       Min
## -0.47169 -0.09161 -0.01371 0.06637 1.71100
```

```
##
## Coefficients:
##
                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                               1.0035572  0.0201266  49.862  < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## median age
                              0.0007431 0.0005157
                                                   1.441 0.149760
                           ## per white non hisp
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus -0.0006854 0.0001885 -3.637 0.000281 ***
                           0.0332783 0.0104823
                                                   3.175 0.001518 **
## census_regionNortheast
## census regionSouth
                              0.0118594 0.0085364
                                                   1.389 0.164869
## census_regionWest
                             ## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1616 on 2581 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02195,
                                 Adjusted R-squared: 0.01967
## F-statistic: 9.653 on 6 and 2581 DF, p-value: 1.572e-10
#Median age not significant so remove it
mod_modff <- lm(PSI_90~per_white_non_hisp+per_college_grad_deg_25_plus+census_region,mod_data)</pre>
summary(mod_modff)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = PSI_90 ~ per_white_non_hisp + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus +
      census_region, data = mod_data)
##
##
## Residuals:
                1Q
                    Median
## -0.46422 -0.09109 -0.01357 0.06654 1.70835
## Coefficients:
##
                                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                              1.0259602  0.0127820  80.266  < 2e-16 ***
## per_white_non_hisp
                             -0.0005653 0.0001381 -4.092 4.41e-05 ***
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus -0.0007032 0.0001881 -3.739 0.000189 ***
## census_regionNortheast 0.0352728 0.0103927
                                                    3.394 0.000699 ***
                             0.0136722 0.0084450
                                                   1.619 0.105573
## census_regionSouth
## census_regionWest
                             -0.0068090 0.0101280 -0.672 0.501453
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1617 on 2582 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02116,
                                 Adjusted R-squared: 0.01927
## F-statistic: 11.16 on 5 and 2582 DF, p-value: 1.156e-10
#VIF for PSI_90
vif(mod modff)
##
                                 GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
## per_white_non_hisp
                              1.145756 1
                                               1.070400
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus 1.056643 1
                                               1.027932
```

1.021879

1.138664 3

census_region

Regression for Heart Failure

##

```
#Data cleaning -> MORT_30_HF - > 30 Day Heart Failure Death Rate
hf data <- data %>%
  dplyr::select(4:5,8:17,22) %% #Narrow to features to use in the model (plus one quality measure)
  filter(hosp_overall_rating != 'NA') %>% #remove NAs
  filter(MORT_30_HF != 'NA') #Remove NAs from measure
# treat overall rating as a factor
hf_data$hosp_overall_rating <- as.factor(hf_data$hosp_overall_rating)</pre>
#Data cleaning -> MORT_30_HF - > 30 Day Heart Failure Death Rate
detach(package:MASS, unload = TRUE)
## Warning: 'MASS' namespace cannot be unloaded:
     namespace 'MASS' is imported by 'ipred', 'TH.data' so cannot be unloaded
hf_data <- data %>% select(11,13:17,22)
library(MASS)
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
## The following object is masked from 'package:olsrr':
##
##
       cement
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
       select
## The following object is masked from 'package:DAAG':
##
##
       hills
hf_data <- hf_data[complete.cases(hf_data),] #Only complete cases</pre>
multi.model.hf <- lm(MORT_30_HF ~ census_region + per_white_non_hisp +</pre>
                      med_inc_15plus_12mo + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus, data = hf_data)
summary(multi.model.hf)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = MORT_30_HF ~ census_region + per_white_non_hisp +
       med_inc_15plus_12mo + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus, data = hf_data)
```

```
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               30
                                     Max
## -4.9876 -1.0865 -0.0969 1.0285 6.5660
## Coefficients:
##
                                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                               1.097e+01 1.380e-01 79.452 < 2e-16 ***
                               -1.364e-01 9.666e-02 -1.411
## census_regionNortheast
                                                               0.158
                               3.369e-01 7.831e-02 4.302 1.74e-05 ***
## census_regionSouth
## census_regionWest
                               4.385e-01 9.374e-02 4.677 3.04e-06 ***
## per_white_non_hisp
                               2.173e-02 1.307e-03 16.629 < 2e-16 ***
## med_inc_15plus_12mo
                              -1.924e-05 4.043e-06 -4.758 2.05e-06 ***
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus -1.711e-02 2.657e-03 -6.437 1.41e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.623 on 2962 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.142, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1402
## F-statistic: 81.68 on 6 and 2962 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
vif(multi.model.hf)
##
                                   GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## census_region
                               1.191546 3
                                                 1.029639
                               1.164497 1
## per white non hisp
                                                 1.079119
## med inc 15plus 12mo
                               2.253382 1
                                                 1.501127
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus 2.223385 1
                                                 1.491102
```

Regression for Pneumonia

```
# regression analysis for Mort_30_PN

pn_data <- data %>%
    dplyr::select(4:5,8:17,23) %>% #Narrow to features to use in the model (plus one quality measure)
    filter(hosp_overall_rating != 'NA') %>% #remove NAs
    filter(!is.na(MORT_30_PN)) %>% #Remove NAs from measure
    filter(census_region != '#N/A') %>%
    filter(!is.na(per_college_grad_deg_25_plus)) %>%
    filter(!is.na(per_below_poverty)) %>%
    filter(!is.na(med_inc_15plus_12mo)) %>%
    filter(!is.na(per_white_non_hisp))

# treat overall rating as a factor
pn_data$hosp_overall_rating <- as.factor(pn_data$hosp_overall_rating)

set.seed(1234)

Mod <- lm (MORT_30_PN ~ census_region +per_college_grad_deg_25_plus + per_below_poverty + med_inc_15plu
summary(Mod)</pre>
```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = MORT_30_PN ~ census_region + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus +
              per_below_poverty + med_inc_15plus_12mo + per_white_non_hisp,
##
               data = pn_data)
##
## Residuals:
              Min
                                  10 Median
                                                                     30
                                                                                    Max
## -8.8237 -1.4690 -0.1637 1.2996 8.6013
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                                                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                                                       1.638e+01 3.158e-01 51.870 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## census_regionNortheast
                                                                     -1.082e-01 1.326e-01 -0.816
                                                                                                                                          0.4145
## census_regionSouth
                                                                       6.445e-01 1.079e-01
                                                                                                                        5.975 2.58e-09 ***
                                                                     -7.078e-03 1.291e-01 -0.055
## census_regionWest
                                                                                                                                          0.9563
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus -3.765e-02 3.746e-03 -10.052 < 2e-16 ***
## per_below_poverty
                                                                      1.524e-02 6.865e-03
                                                                                                                        2.220
                                                                                                                                          0.0265 *
## med_inc_15plus_12mo
                                                                       8.722e-06 6.933e-06
                                                                                                                      1.258
                                                                                                                                          0.2085
                                                                      1.195e-02 1.915e-03 6.242 4.95e-10 ***
## per_white_non_hisp
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.195 on 2883 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1009, Adjusted R-squared: 0.09875
## F-statistic: 46.24 on 7 and 2883 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
\#lm(formula = MORT\_30\_PN \sim per\_white\_non\_hisp + census\_region + per\_college\_grad\_deg\_25\_plus, data = plus + per\_college\_grad\_deg\_25\_plus + per\_college\_gr
#Step AIC for model
modaic <- stepAIC(Mod)</pre>
## Start: AIC=4554.61
## MORT_30_PN ~ census_region + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus + per_below_poverty +
               med_inc_15plus_12mo + per_white_non_hisp
##
##
                                                                         Df Sum of Sq
                                                                                                         RSS
                                                                                                                         AIC
## - med_inc_15plus_12mo
                                                                                          7.63 13902 4554.2
## <none>
                                                                                                     13895 4554.6
## - per_below_poverty
                                                                           1
                                                                                        23.75 13918 4557.6
                                                                                      187.80 14083 4591.4
## - per_white_non_hisp
                                                                           1
## - census_region
                                                                           3
                                                                                      300.68 14196 4610.5
## - per_college_grad_deg_25_plus 1
                                                                                      486.96 14382 4652.2
##
## Step: AIC=4554.2
## MORT_30_PN ~ census_region + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus + per_below_poverty +
##
              per_white_non_hisp
##
##
                                                                         Df Sum of Sq
                                                                                                         RSS
                                                                                                                         ATC
## <none>
                                                                                                     13902 4554.2
## - per_below_poverty
                                                                           1
                                                                                        16.20 13919 4555.6
## - per_white_non_hisp
                                                                           1
                                                                                       180.54 14083 4589.5
## - census_region
                                                                           3
                                                                                      297.37 14200 4609.4
## - per_college_grad_deg_25_plus 1
                                                                                      833.45 14736 4720.5
```

```
# based on Lowest step AIC model
modf <- lm(MORT 30 PN ~ census region + per college grad deg 25 plus + per below poverty +
   per_white_non_hisp, pn_data)
summary(modf)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = MORT 30 PN ~ census region + per college grad deg 25 plus +
##
      per_below_poverty + per_white_non_hisp, data = pn_data)
##
## Residuals:
               1Q Median
      Min
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -8.8203 -1.4721 -0.1611 1.3005 8.6345
## Coefficients:
                                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                                          0.226972 73.395 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                               16.658550
                                           0.132634 -0.806 0.4204
## census_regionNortheast
                               -0.106889
## census_regionSouth
                                         0.107830
                                                     5.939 3.21e-09 ***
                                0.640431
## census_regionWest
                               -0.007886
                                          0.129121 -0.061
                                                              0.9513
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus -0.034266
                                          0.002606 -13.149 < 2e-16 ***
## per_below_poverty
                                0.009954
                                           0.005430
                                                     1.833 0.0669 .
## per_white_non_hisp
                                0.011572
                                           0.001891
                                                      6.120 1.06e-09 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.196 on 2884 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1004, Adjusted R-squared: 0.09857
## F-statistic: 53.67 on 6 and 2884 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
#After doing the summary of suggestive setpAic model per_below_poverty is not significant
# at 95+ CI, Remove it.
modf.1 <- lm(MORT_30_PN ~ census_region + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus + per_white_non_hisp, pn_data)</pre>
summary(modf.1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = MORT_30_PN ~ census_region + per_college_grad_deg_25_plus +
##
      per_white_non_hisp, data = pn_data)
##
## Residuals:
               10 Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -8.8347 -1.4860 -0.1613 1.3141 8.5936
## Coefficients:
                                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                                          0.169817 99.723 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                               16.934750
## census regionNortheast
                               -0.109480
                                           0.132681 -0.825
                                                               0.409
## census_regionSouth
                               0.647393
                                          0.107807
                                                     6.005 2.15e-09 ***
## census_regionWest
                               -0.032930
                                          0.128449 -0.256
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus -0.035783
                                          0.002472 -14.475 < 2e-16 ***
```

```
0.010405
                                                 0.001781
                                                              5.841 5.75e-09 ***
## per_white_non_hisp
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.196 on 2885 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.09939,
                                        Adjusted R-squared: 0.09783
## F-statistic: 63.68 on 5 and 2885 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
vif(modf.1)
##
                                        GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## census_region
                                    1.161156
                                                          1.025215
                                                          1.019885
## per_college_grad_deg_25_plus 1.040165
## per_white_non_hisp
                                    1.142433
                                                          1.068846
# Analysis plots
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(modf.1)
                                                   Standardized residuals
                                                                       Normal Q-Q
                 Residuals vs Fitted
     10
Residuals
     0
                                                        0
     -10
          14
                 15
                               17
                                      18
                                                                                       2
                                                                                           3
                        16
                     Fitted values
                                                                    Theoretical Quantiles
Standardized residuals
                                                   Standardized residuals
                   Scale-Location
                                                                  Residuals vs Leverage
     2.0
     1.0
                                                        0
     0.0
```

Regression for COPD

14

15

16

Fitted values

```
#Data cleaning -> MORT_30_COPD - > 30 Day COPD death rate
```

17

18

0.000

0.002

0.004

Leverage

0.006

```
copd_data <- data %>%
  dplyr::select(4:5,8:17,21) %>% #Narrow to features to use in the model (plus one quality measure)
  filter(hosp_overall_rating != 'NA') %>% #remove NAs
  filter(MORT_30_COPD != 'NA') #Remove NAs from measure
# treat overall rating as a factor
copd_data$hosp_overall_rating <- as.factor(copd_data$hosp_overall_rating)</pre>
#Data cleaning -> MORT_30_COPD - > 30 Day Heart Failure Death Rate
detach(package:MASS, unload = TRUE)
## Warning: 'MASS' namespace cannot be unloaded:
     namespace 'MASS' is imported by 'ipred', 'TH.data' so cannot be unloaded
copd_data <- data %>% select(11,13:17,21)
library(MASS)
##
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
## The following object is masked from 'package:olsrr':
##
##
       cement
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       select
## The following object is masked from 'package:DAAG':
##
##
       hills
copd_data <- copd_data[complete.cases(copd_data),] #Only complete cases</pre>
multi.model.copd <- lm(MORT_30_COPD ~ census_region + per_white_non_hisp +</pre>
   med_inc_15plus_12mo, data = copd_data)
summary(multi.model.copd)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = MORT_30_COPD ~ census_region + per_white_non_hisp +
##
       med_inc_15plus_12mo, data = copd_data)
##
## Residuals:
##
                1Q Median
                                3Q
       Min
                                       Max
## -3.1323 -0.7556 -0.0923 0.6844 5.5281
##
## Coefficients:
##
                            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                           8.388e+00 9.791e-02 85.674 < 2e-16 ***
## census_regionNortheast -1.884e-01 6.836e-02 -2.757 0.005881 **
```

```
## census_regionSouth 1.940e-01 5.535e-02 3.505 0.000464 ***
## census_regionWest 3.245e-01 6.843e-02 4.743 2.21e-06 ***
## per_white_non_hisp
                          7.787e-03 9.332e-04 8.345 < 2e-16 ***
## med_inc_15plus_12mo -1.620e-05 1.964e-06 -8.249 2.47e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.109 on 2718 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.05855, Adjusted R-squared: 0.05681
## F-statistic: 33.81 on 5 and 2718 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
vif(multi.model.copd)
                            GVIF Df GVIF<sup>(1/(2*Df))</sup>
##
## census_region
                        1.162934 3
                                            1.025477
## per_white_non_hisp 1.135241 1
                                            1.065477
## med_inc_15plus_12mo 1.054808 1
                                            1.027038
#Calculate sample counts for each model
nrow(mod_data)
## [1] 2588
nrow(copd_data)
## [1] 2724
nrow(pn_data)
## [1] 2891
nrow(hf_data)
## [1] 2969
```

Logistic Regression

```
##------Actual Code begins to create logistic model ---------

hf_data <- data %>%
    dplyr::select(10:11,13:36) %>% #Narrow to features to use in the model (plus one quality measure)
    filter(hosp_overall_rating != 'NA') %>% #remove NAs
    filter(MORT_30_HF != 'NA') %>% #Remove NAs from measure
    filter(census_region != '#N/A')

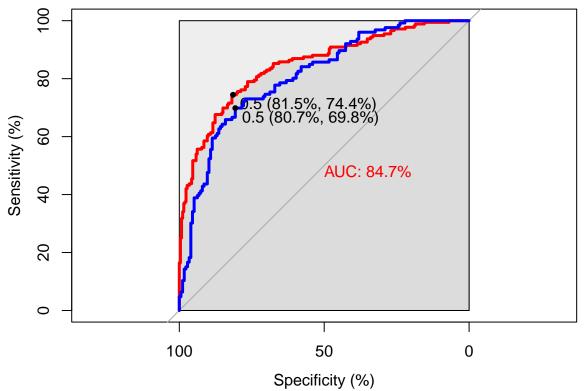
hf_data <- hf_data[complete.cases(hf_data),] #Only complete cases</pre>
```

```
hf_data_log <- hf_data
#hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating <- as.numeric(hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating)</pre>
hf_data_log[hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating < 4,]$hosp_overall_rating <- 0
hf_data_log[hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating >= 4,]$hosp_overall_rating <- 1
hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating <- as.factor(hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating)
#table(hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating)
 # Separate into test/train
 set.seed(1234)
 #data partitioning test/train
 ind <- sample(2, nrow(hf_data_log), replace = T, prob=c(0.6,0.4))</pre>
 hf_train_log <- hf_data_log[ind == 1,]</pre>
 hf_test_log <- hf_data_log[ind ==2, ]</pre>
# model_train_log <- glm(hosp_overall_rating ~ census_region + median_age +</pre>
    per_white_non_hisp + per_below_poverty + COMP_HIP_KNEE +
#
    MORT_30_AMI + MORT_30_CABG + MORT_30_COPD + MORT_30_PN +
    MORT\_30\_STK + PSI\_03 + PSI\_04 + PSI\_06 + PSI\_08 + PSI\_13, data = hf\_train\_log, family #= 'binomial'
 model_train_log <- glm(hosp_overall_rating ~ census_region + median_age +</pre>
   per_white_non_hisp + per_below_poverty + COMP_HIP_KNEE +
   MORT_30_CABG + MORT_30_PN +
   MORT_30_STK + PSI_03 + PSI_04, data = hf_train_log, family = 'binomial' )
   summary(model_train_log)
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = hosp_overall_rating ~ census_region + median_age +
##
      per_white_non_hisp + per_below_poverty + COMP_HIP_KNEE +
##
      MORT_30_CABG + MORT_30_PN + MORT_30_STK + PSI_03 + PSI_04,
##
      family = "binomial", data = hf_train_log)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                               3Q
               10
                   Median
                                      Max
## -2.0498 -0.7953 -0.2923
                           0.7920
                                   2.7261
##
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       17.433397 2.110213 8.261 < 2e-16 ***
## census_regionSouth
                       ## census regionWest
                       -0.557869 0.356979 -1.563 0.118111
## median_age
                       ## per_white_non_hisp
                       ## per_below_poverty
                       ## COMP_HIP_KNEE
                       -1.300612
                                0.275225 -4.726 2.29e-06 ***
## MORT_30_CABG
                      ## MORT 30 PN
                      -0.267691
                                 0.066785 -4.008 6.12e-05 ***
## MORT_30_STK
                      -0.164051
                                 0.075076 -2.185 0.028879 *
## PSI_03
```

```
## PSI 04
                          -0.026320
                                    0.007768 -3.388 0.000703 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 587.10 on 434 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 412.88 on 422 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 438.88
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
(full_model <- model_train_log %>% stepAIC(trace = FALSE))
##
## Call: glm(formula = hosp_overall_rating ~ census_region + median_age +
      per_white_non_hisp + per_below_poverty + COMP_HIP_KNEE +
##
      MORT_30_CABG + MORT_30_PN + MORT_30_STK + PSI_03 + PSI_04,
##
##
       family = "binomial", data = hf_train_log)
## Coefficients:
##
              (Intercept)
                           census_regionNortheast
                                                       census_regionSouth
##
                 17.43340
                                         -1.28684
                                                                  -0.70520
##
        census_regionWest
                                       median_age
                                                       per_white_non_hisp
##
                 -0.55787
                                         -0.06014
                                                                  0.02177
##
                                    COMP_HIP_KNEE
                                                             MORT_30_CABG
        per_below_poverty
##
                 -0.04608
                                         -1.30061
                                                                 -0.68496
##
              MORT_30_PN
                                      MORT_30_STK
                                                                   PSI 03
##
                 -0.26769
                                         -0.16405
                                                                 -0.51877
##
                   PSI_04
##
                 -0.02632
##
## Degrees of Freedom: 434 Total (i.e. Null); 422 Residual
## Null Deviance:
                        587.1
## Residual Deviance: 412.9
                                AIC: 438.9
#CM - train data
p_log_train <- predict(model_train_log, hf_train_log, type = 'response')</pre>
pred_log_train <- ifelse(p_log_train > 0.5, 1, 0)
confusionMatrix(factor(pred_log_train), factor(hf_train_log$hosp_overall_rating), positive = '1')
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
              0
                   1
## Prediction
##
            0 212 50
            1 47 126
##
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.777
##
                    95% CI: (0.7349, 0.8153)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.5954
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 8.236e-16
##
```

```
##
                     Kappa: 0.5359
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.8391
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.7159
##
               Specificity: 0.8185
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.7283
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8092
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.4046
##
            Detection Rate: 0.2897
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.3977
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7672
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 1
##
#CM - test data
p_log_test <- predict(model_train_log, hf_test_log, type = 'response')</pre>
pred_log_test <- ifelse(p_log_test > 0.5, 1, 0)
confusionMatrix(factor(pred_log_test), factor(hf_test_log$hosp_overall_rating), positive = '1')
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
               0
## Prediction
##
            0 142 40
            1 34
                  86
##
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.755
##
                    95% CI: (0.7024, 0.8024)
       No Information Rate: 0.5828
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 2.849e-10
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.4927
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.5611
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.6825
##
               Specificity: 0.8068
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.7167
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.7802
                Prevalence: 0.4172
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.2848
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.3974
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7447
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 1
##
#ROC Curve
p_log_train <- predict(model_train_log, hf_train_log, type = 'response')</pre>
r_train <- multiclass.roc(hf_train_log$hosp_overall_rating, p_log_train, percent = TRUE)
## Setting direction: controls < cases
```

ROC Curve for Hospital Rating



```
(coords(r1_train, "best", ret="threshold", transpose = FALSE))
```

threshold ## 1 0.4771103

```
(coords(r1_test, "best", ret="threshold", transpose = FALSE))

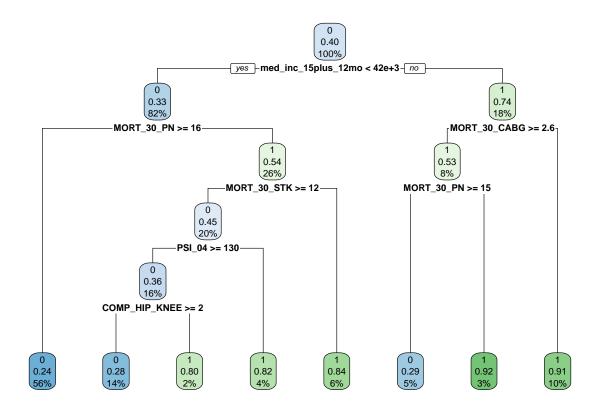
## threshold
## 1 0.4783859
```

Decision Tree Analysis

```
## ------This section is to split the data into train and test ---------
hf_data <- data %>%
  dplyr::select(10:11,13:36) %>% #Narrow to features to use in the model (plus one quality measure)
  filter(hosp_overall_rating != 'NA') %>% #remove NAs
  filter(MORT_30_HF != 'NA') %>% #Remove NAs from measure
  filter(census_region != '#N/A')
hf_data <- hf_data[complete.cases(hf_data),] #Only complete cases</pre>
hf_data_log <- hf_data
\#hf_data_log\$hosp_overall_rating <- as.numeric(hf_data_log\$hosp_overall_rating)
hf data log[hf data log$hosp overall rating < 4,]$hosp overall rating <- 0
hf_data_log[hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating >= 4,]$hosp_overall_rating <- 1
hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating <- as.factor(hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating)
#table(hf_data_log$hosp_overall_rating)
  # Separate into test/train
  set.seed(1234)
  #data partitioning test/train
  ind <- sample(2, nrow(hf_data_log), replace = T, prob=c(0.6,0.4))</pre>
  train_tree <- hf_data_log[ind == 1,]</pre>
  test_tree <- hf_data_log[ind ==2, ]</pre>
```

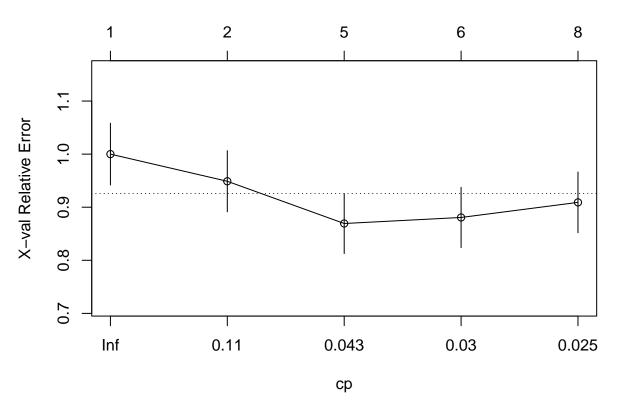
Single Tree Analysis

```
### Single Tree
tree <- rpart(hosp_overall_rating ~., data = train_tree, cp=0.024)
rpart.plot(tree)</pre>
```



plotcp(tree)

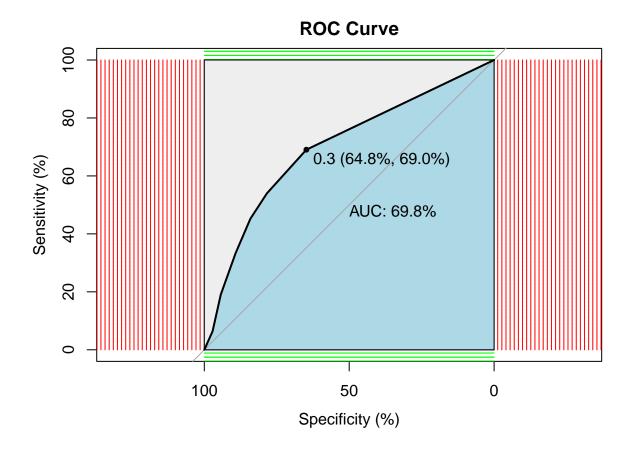
size of tree



```
# Confusion matrix -train
p <- predict(tree, train_tree, type = 'class')</pre>
confusionMatrix(p, train_tree$hosp_overall_rating, positive = '1')
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
                0
##
            0 245
                   81
##
            1 14
                   95
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7816
                    95% CI: (0.7398, 0.8196)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5954
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.5173
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 1.275e-11
##
               Sensitivity: 0.5398
##
               Specificity: 0.9459
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8716
##
            Neg Pred Value : 0.7515
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.4046
            Detection Rate: 0.2184
##
```

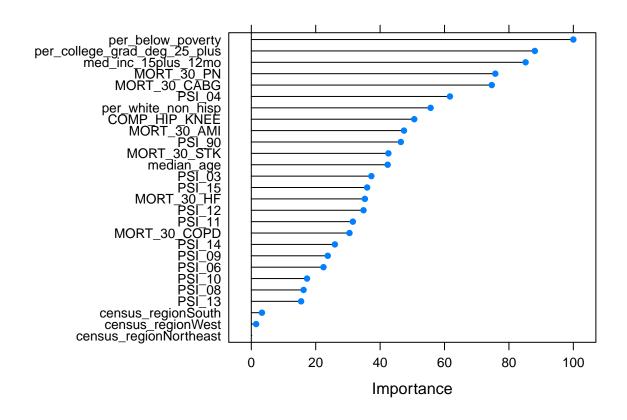
```
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.2506
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7429
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 1
##
\# Confusion matrix -test
p <- predict(tree, test_tree, type = 'class')</pre>
confusionMatrix(p, test_tree$hosp_overall_rating, positive = '1')
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction 0 1
            0 148 69
##
            1 28 57
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.6788
##
##
                    95% CI: (0.6229, 0.7311)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5828
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.0003768
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.3075
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 4.878e-05
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.4524
##
               Specificity: 0.8409
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.6706
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.6820
                Prevalence: 0.4172
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.1887
      Detection Prevalence : 0.2815
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.6466
##
          'Positive' Class : 1
##
##
## ROC Curves
p1 <- predict(tree, test_tree, type = 'prob')</pre>
p1 <- p1[,2]
r <- multiclass.roc(test_tree$hosp_overall_rating, p1, percent = TRUE)
## Setting direction: controls < cases
roc <- r[['rocs']]
r1 <- roc[[1]]
plot.roc(r1,
         print.auc=TRUE,
         auc.polygon=TRUE,
         grid=c(0.1, 0.2),
         grid.col=c("green", "red"),
```

```
max.auc.polygon=TRUE,
auc.polygon.col="lightblue",
print.thres=TRUE,
main= 'ROC Curve')
```



Bagging

plot(varImp(bag))

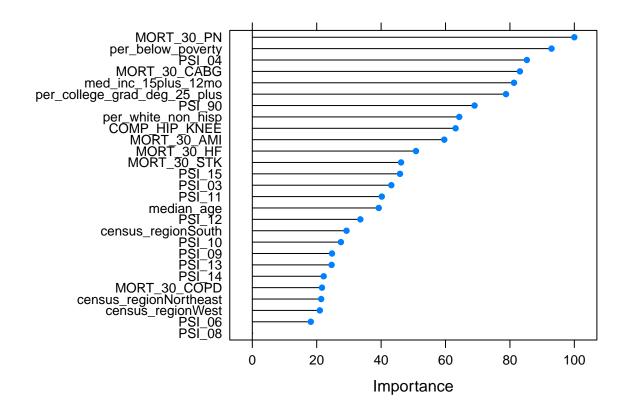


```
#Train - Bagginh Confusion Matrix
p1.bag <- predict(bag, train_tree, type = 'raw')
confusionMatrix(p1.bag, train_tree$hosp_overall_rating, positive = '1')</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
##
  Prediction
                0
                    1
            0 259
                    2
##
##
                0 174
            1
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.9954
                    95% CI: (0.9835, 0.9994)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5954
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.9904
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.4795
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9886
```

```
##
               Specificity: 1.0000
##
           Pos Pred Value: 1.0000
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9923
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.4046
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4000
##
     Detection Prevalence: 0.4000
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.9943
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 1
##
#Test - Bagging Confusion Matrix
p2.bag <- predict(bag, test_tree, type = 'raw')</pre>
confusionMatrix(p2.bag, test_tree$hosp_overall_rating, positive = '1')
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
              0 1
            0 142 48
##
##
            1 34 78
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7285
                    95% CI: (0.6746, 0.7778)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5828
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 9.983e-08
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.4327
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.1511
##
               Sensitivity: 0.6190
##
##
               Specificity: 0.8068
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.6964
            Neg Pred Value: 0.7474
##
                Prevalence: 0.4172
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.2583
##
     Detection Prevalence: 0.3709
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7129
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 1
##
```

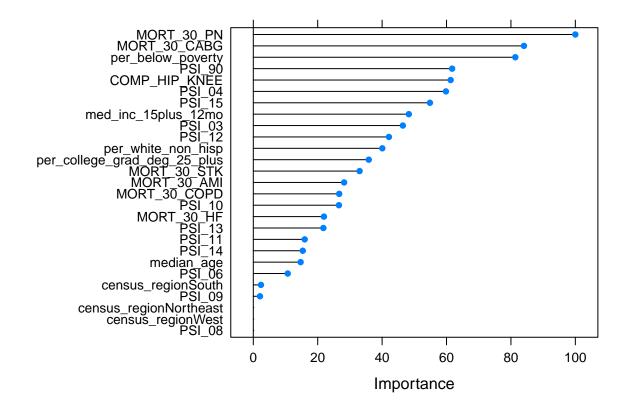
Random Forest



```
#Conf Matrix: Train - Random Forest
p1.rf <- predict(forest, train_tree, type = 'raw', positive = '1')
confusionMatrix(p1.rf, train_tree$hosp_overall_rating)</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
                0
## Prediction
                    1
##
            0 259
##
            1
                0 176
##
##
                  Accuracy: 1
                    95% CI: (0.9916, 1)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5954
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
```

```
##
                     Kappa: 1
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 1.0000
##
               Specificity: 1.0000
##
            Pos Pred Value: 1.0000
            Neg Pred Value: 1.0000
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.5954
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5954
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.5954
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 1.0000
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
#Conf Matrix: TEST - Random Forest
p2.rf <- predict(forest, test_tree, type = 'raw')</pre>
confusionMatrix(p2.rf, test_tree$hosp_overall_rating, positive = '1')
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
               0 1
## Prediction
##
            0 154 53
            1 22 73
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7517
##
                    95% CI: (0.6989, 0.7994)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5828
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 6.288e-10
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.4708
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.000532
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.5794
##
               Specificity: 0.8750
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.7684
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.7440
##
                Prevalence: 0.4172
##
            Detection Rate: 0.2417
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.3146
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7272
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 1
##
### Boosting
set.seed(1234)
cvcontrol <- trainControl(method="repeatedcv",</pre>
                          number = 5, #split 5 times
```



```
p1.boo <- predict(boo, train_tree, type = 'raw')
confusionMatrix(p1.boo, train_tree$hosp_overall_rating)

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
## Reference
## Prediction 0 1
## 0 258 6</pre>
```

##

1 170

```
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.9839
                    95% CI: (0.9671, 0.9935)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5954
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.9664
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.1306
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9961
               Specificity: 0.9659
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9773
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9942
##
                Prevalence: 0.5954
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5931
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.6069
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.9810
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
##
p2.boo <- predict(boo, test_tree, type = 'raw')</pre>
confusionMatrix(p2.boo, test_tree$hosp_overall_rating)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
            0 142 51
##
##
            1 34 75
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7185
                    95% CI: (0.6642, 0.7686)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5828
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 6.844e-07
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.4099
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.08266
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8068
##
               Specificity: 0.5952
            Pos Pred Value: 0.7358
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.6881
                Prevalence: 0.5828
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4702
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.6391
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7010
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
##
```