

2_ link planar robot $D(q) = \begin{bmatrix} m_1 l_{c_1}^2 + I_1 + I_2 + m_2 (l_1^2 + l_{s_2} + 2l_1 l_{c_2} cos q_2) & v_2 (l_{c_2}^2 + l_1 l_{c_2} cos q_2) + I_2 \\ v_2 l_{c_2}^2 + I_2 \\ v_3 l_{c_2}^2 + I_3 l_{c_2}^2 + I_3 l_{c_2}^2 + I_4 l_{c_2} cos q_3 + I_2 \\ v_3 l_{c_2}^2 + I_3 l_{c_2}^2 + I_3 l_{c_2}^2 + I_4 l_{c_2} cos q_3 \\ v_4 l_{c_2}^2 + l_5 l_{c_2}^2 + l_$ $\theta_{1} = m_{1}l_{1}^{2} + m_{2}(l_{1}^{2} + l_{2}^{2}) + I_{1} + I_{2}$ 02= m22,12% O3 = M2/2/4+I2 $\mathcal{D}(4) = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_1 + 2\theta_2 \cos z_1 & \theta_3 + \theta_2 \cos z_2 \\ \theta_3 + \theta_2 \cos z_2 & \theta_3 \end{bmatrix}$ $C(q, \dot{q}) = \int h \dot{q}_{2}$ $-h \dot{q}_{1}$ hq2+ hq1 $h = -m_2 l_1 l_{C_1} sin(42)$ $-O_2 sin 42$ car write C in parametre g(q) = (m, (c,+m,2))g cos(q,) +m,2(2,g)cos(q,+q,2) M2/C2) g cos (4, +92) (lc,

 $(\hat{q}, \hat{q}, \hat{q}) = \sqrt{(\hat{q}, \hat{q}, \hat{q})}$ (2-link planar) Chech $Y(\ddot{5}, \dot{5}, \dot{9}) 0 = M(\dot{9}) \dot{9} + C(\dot{9}, \dot{5}) \dot{9} + J(\dot{9})$ Probat Ognamics (plant to be controlled) $M(q)\ddot{q}+((q,\dot{s})\dot{q}+J(q)=$ 7 Control =5) ectives: Trajectors tracking: q(t) -> qd(t) (votut space) _ Setpoint regulation:

special cone: $9^{a}(t) = Gonst$ Xe(t) = GonstXe (t) -> Xe (t) end effector (tosk space) Force control! maintain specified force blev. usot & environment. Hybrid force/position control

$$\begin{array}{c} \times \text{ new } \text{ invertible} \\ f(x) = x \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \times = \begin{bmatrix} x_{11} & x_{12} \\ x_{21} & x_{22} \end{bmatrix} \\ f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} x_{12} & -x_{12} \\ -x_{21} & x_{11} \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{det}(x) \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$f_{11}(X) = \frac{x_{22}}{x_{11}x_{22} - x_{12}x_{21}}$$

$$df_{11} = \frac{\partial f_{11}(X)}{\partial x_{11}} dx_{11} + \frac{\partial f_{11}(X)}{\partial x_{12}} dx_{12} + \cdots + \frac{\partial f_{11}(X)}{\partial x_{22}} dx_{21}$$

$$df(X) = \begin{bmatrix} df_{11} & df_{12} - df_{22} \\ df_{21} & df_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$df(x) = -x dx x$$

$$dx = \begin{bmatrix} dx_{12} & dx_{12} \\ dx_{21} & dx_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(D(q)\ddot{q}) = D(q)\ddot{q} + D(q)\ddot{q}$$

$$|X = \frac{1}{2}\vec{q}D(q)\ddot{q}$$