

DATE : 29.04.2025

DT/NT : DT

LESSON : KUBERNETES

SUBJECT: HELM-1

BATCH : B 303

AWS-DEVOPS



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I want to be able to deploy
and share my app
everywhere consistently,
and manage it as a single
entity regardless of the
different parts.

Kubectl way

- CI/CD pipeline
 - *kubectl* deployments are not easy to configure, update and rollback
 - Deploying app to dev/test/production may require different configuration
 - Update deployment e.g. update with a new image
 - Change the configuration based on certain conditions
 - A different serviceType is needed in different environments (e.g. NodePort/LoadBalancer)
 - Need for rollback
 - Need of having multiple deployments (e.g. multiple Redis deployments)
 - Requires to track your deployment and modify YAML files (can be error prone)
 - Does not allow multiple deployments without updating metadata in manifest files
- Share your deployment configurations with your friend, team or customer?
 - You need to share many files and related dependencies
 - Your users are required to have knowledge of deployment configuration



Helm way

- No expertise of Kubernetes deployment needed as Helm hides Kubernetes domain complexities
- Helm packages all dependencies
- Desired configuration can be passed at runtime as key-value
- Helm tracks deployment making it easy to update and rollback
- Same workload can be deployed multiple times
- Helm allows assigning workload release names at runtime
- Easy to share

Helm

Helm is the package
manager for Kubernetes





So, What is Helm?

- Helm is a tool that streamlines installation and management of Kubernetes applications
 - Helm became a CNCF project in mid 2018
- It uses a packaging format called **charts**
 - A chart is a collection of files that describe Kubernetes resources
 - Think of Helm like apt/yum/homebrew for Kubernetes
- Helm is available for various operating systems like OSX, Linux and Windows
- Run Helm anywhere e.g. laptop, CI/CD etc.



Three Big Concepts

- ❖ A Chart is a Helm package. It contains all of the resource definitions necessary to run an application, tool, or service inside of a Kubernetes cluster.
- ❖ A Repository is the place where charts can be collected and shared.
- ❖ A Release is an instance of a chart running in a Kubernetes cluster.
- ❖ One chart can often be installed many times into the same cluster.
- ❖ And each time it is installed, a new release is created.

Three Big Concepts

HELM

DOCKER

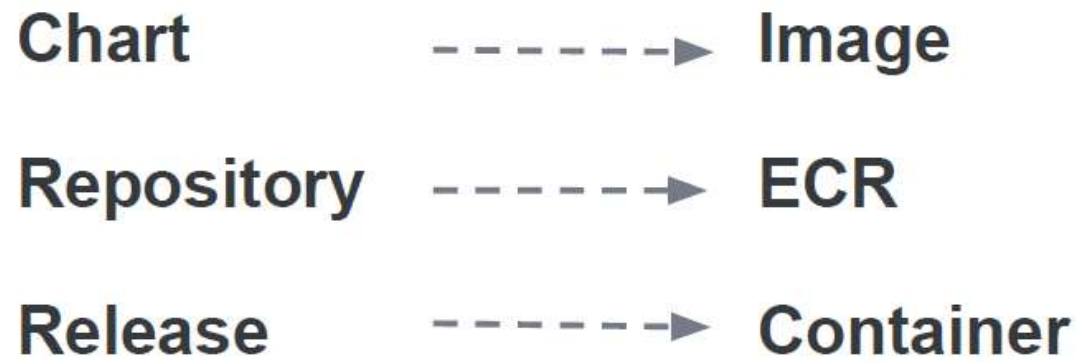


Chart Structure

- A chart is organized as a collection of files inside of a directory
- The directory name is the name of the chart e.g. guestbook.
- Inside of the directory, the expected file structure is

Required files:

Chart.yaml - A YAML file containing information about the chart.

One of the **charts** or **templates** directory:

- **charts/** - A directory containing any charts upon which this chart depends. (static linked)
- **templates/** - A directory of templates with Kubernetes manifest files or that will generate valid Kubernetes manifest files when combine with values.yaml.

Optional files:

LICENSE - A plain text file containing the license for the chart

README.md - A human-readable README file

requirements.yaml - A YAML file listing dependencies for the chart (dynamic linked)

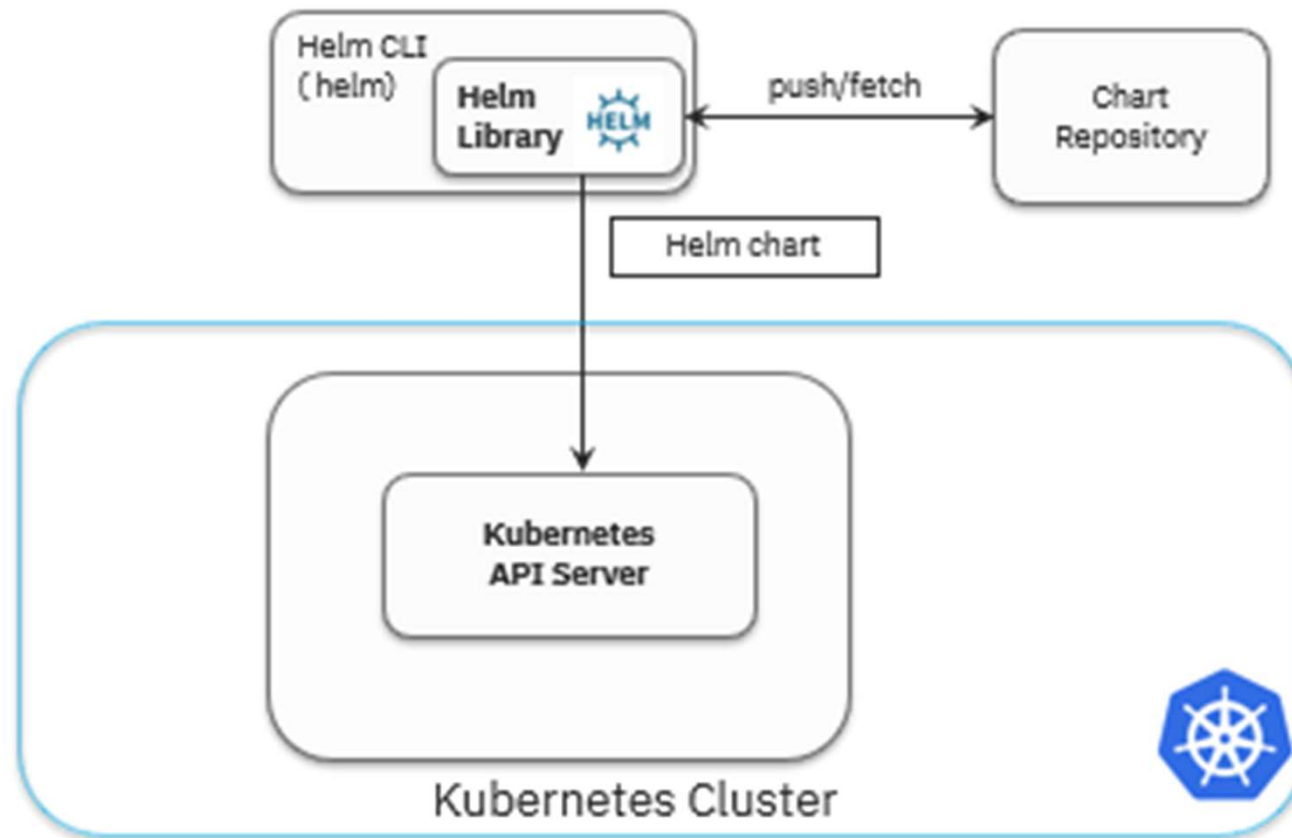
values.yaml - The default configuration values for this chart

templates/NOTES.txt - A plain text file containing short usage notes

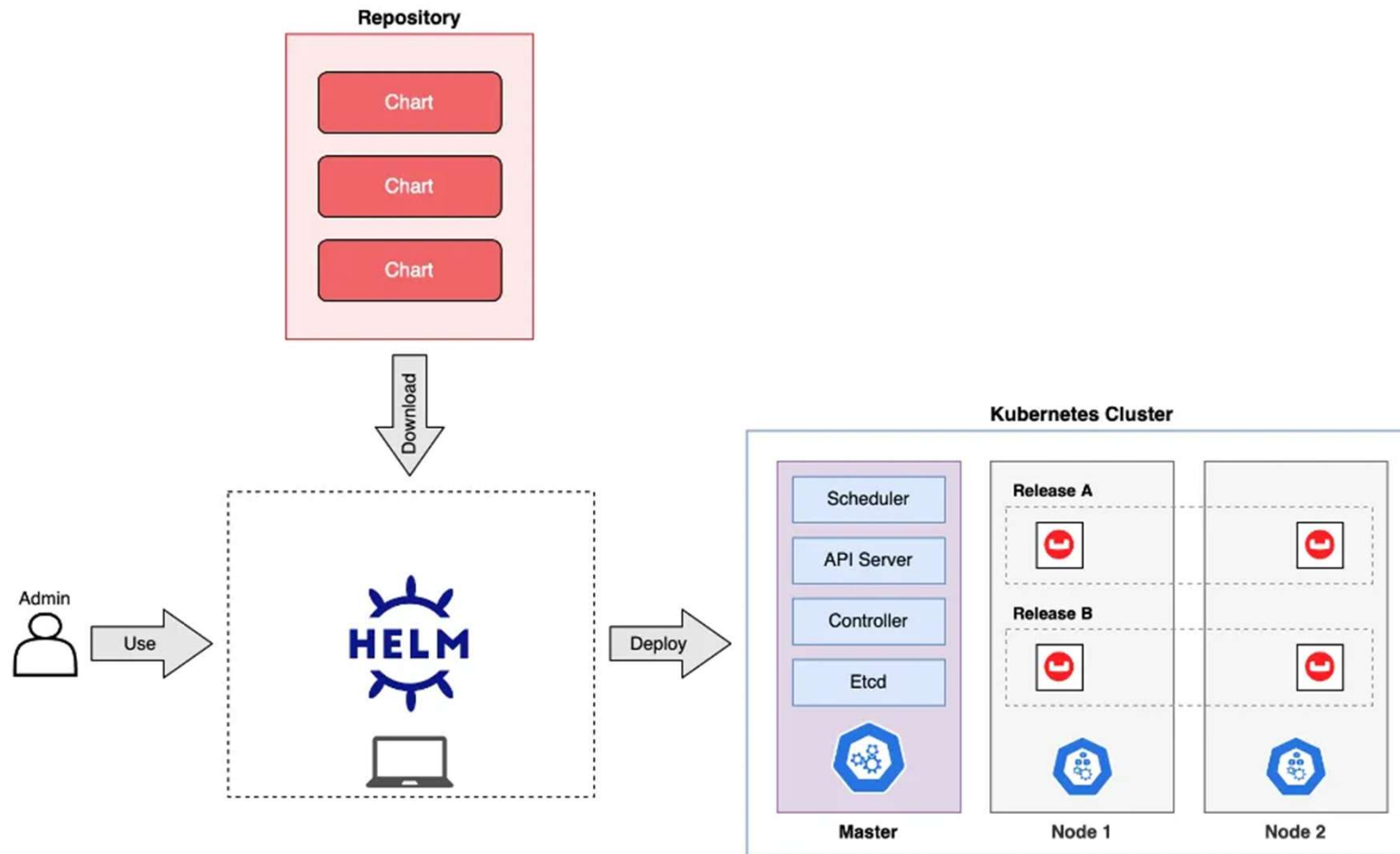
template/_helpers.tpl - template helpers that you can re-use throughout the chart

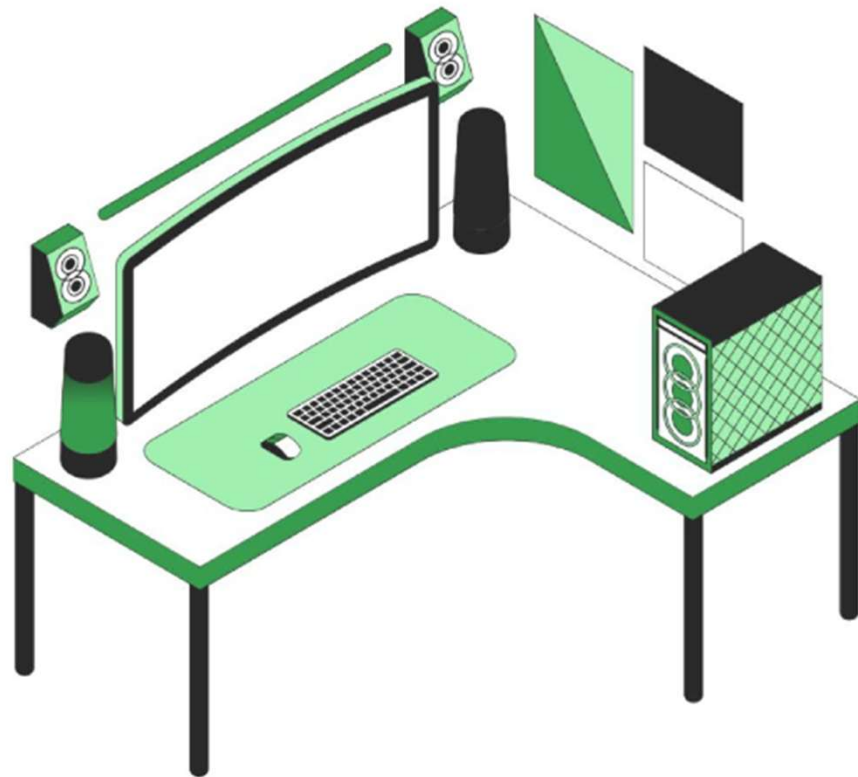
```
Sahdevs-MBP:guestbook sahdevzala$ tree
.
├── Chart.yaml
├── LICENSE
├── README.md
├── charts
├── templates
│   ├── NOTES.txt
│   ├── _helpers.tpl
│   ├── guestbook-deployment.yaml
│   ├── guestbook-service.yaml
│   ├── redis-master-deployment.yaml
│   ├── redis-master-service.yaml
│   ├── redis-slave-deployment.yaml
│   └── redis-slave-service.yaml
└── values.yaml
```

Helm v3 Architecture



Helm v3 Architecture





Do you have any questions?

Send it to us! We hope you learned something new.