

Multivariate Rational Functions in Julia

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Project Definition



The project is basically about implementing an algorithm that simplifies the multivariate rational functions that are too complex by using techniques such as interpolation.

$$\frac{f(x_1, x_2, ..., x_n)}{g(x_1, x_2, ..., x_n)} \in K(x_1, x_2, ..., x_n)$$



Project Definition



$$\underbrace{\frac{f}{g}(p_1,\ldots,p_n)\in\mathsf{K}\cup\{\infty\}}_{f,g\in\mathsf{K}[x_1,\ldots,x_n],\,\mathrm{GCD}(f,g)=1}$$

Figure 1: Black box for rational function evaluation
[KY07]



Project Design



Evaluation of Numerator and Denominator

Input:

- ▶ $\frac{f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)}{g(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)}$ ∈ $\mathsf{K}(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ input as a black box (see above)
- B₂,...,B_n: n-1 shift elements that are randomly chosen from a sufficiently large finite set S₁ ⊆ K
- p₁,..., p_n: n evaluation points that are randomly chosen from a sufficiently large finite set S₂ ⊆ K
- ▶ \bar{d}, \bar{e} : degree bounds $\bar{d} \ge \deg(f)$ and $\bar{e} \ge \deg(g)$
- d, e (optional): the degrees of f and g, respectively (with high probability)
- ▶ τ_1, \ldots, τ_n : a given exponent vector with $1 \le \tau_i \le \min(\bar{d}, \bar{e})$
- Output: \blacktriangleright the value of $f(p_1^{\tau_1}, \dots, p_n^{\tau_n})/c$ and $g(p_1^{\tau_1}, \dots, p_n^{\tau_n})/c$ (with high probability), where c is the leading coefficient of $g(X, B_2X, \dots, B_nX)$ (with high probability)
 - or "failure," in which case the random values input are diagnosed as unusable





Project Design



Rational Function Interpolation

Input:

- $ightharpoonup \frac{f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)}{g(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)} \in \mathsf{K}(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ input as a black
- (x_1, \ldots, x_n) : an ordered list of variables in f/g. \bar{d}, \bar{e} : degree bounds $\bar{d} \ge \deg(f)$ and $\bar{e} \ge \deg(g)$

- Output: $f(x_1, \ldots, x_n)/c$ and $g(x_1, \ldots, x_n)/c$ (with high probability), where $c \in K$.
 - ▶ Or "failure", in which case unlucky random elements have been selected (one can rerun the algorithm with new random values) or the black box does not evaluate a rational function of the given degree bounds.

[KY07]



Project Requirements



- *Julia lang(MultivariatePolynomials.jl,Interpolations.jl)
- *Data sets (Multivariate rational functions)
- *Testing methods



Success Criteria



- Minimizing the number of evaluations.
- ► Rational interpolation.



References I



Erich Kaltofen and Zhengfeng Yang, *On exact and approximate interpolation of sparse rational functions*, ISSAC '07: Proceedings of the 2007 international symposium on Symbolic and algebraic computation (2007), 203–210.

