

# Cloudera JDBC Driver for Apache Hive Version 2.5.10



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### Introduction

Welcome to the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive. JDBC is one of the most established and widely supported APIs for connecting to and working with databases. At the heart of the technology is the JDBC driver, which connects an application to the database.

The Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive is used for direct SQL and HiveQL access to Apache Hadoop / Hive distributions, enabling Business Intelligence (BI), analytics, and reporting on Hadoop / Hivebased data. The driver efficiently transforms an application's SQL query into the equivalent form in HiveQL. Hive Query Language is a subset of SQL-92. If an application is Hive-aware, then the driver is configurable to pass the query through. The driver interrogates Hive to obtain schema information to present to a SQL-based application. Queries, including joins, are translated from SQL to HiveQL. For more information about the differences between HiveQL and SQL, refer to the section Features on page 12.

The Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive complies with the JDBC 3.0, JDBC 4.0, and JDBC 4.1 data standards.

This guide is suitable for users who want to access data residing within Hive from their desktop environment. Application developers may also find the information helpful. Refer to your application for details on connecting via JDBC.

# **System Requirements**

To use the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive with the JDBC 3.0 API, each computer where you use the driver must have Java Runtime Environment (JRE) version 1.4 or 5.0 installed.

To use the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive with the JDBC 4.0 API, each computer where you use the driver must have Java Runtime Environment (JRE) version 6.0 installed.

To use the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive with the JDBC 4.1 API, each computer where you use the driver must have Java Runtime Environment (JRE) version 7.0 installed.

The Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive supports Hive Server 1 and Hive Server 2, and is tested using Hive 0.10, 0.11, 0.12, 0.13, and 0.14.

# **Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive Files**

The Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive is delivered in the following ZIP archives, where version is the version number of the driver:

- Cloudera\_HiveJDBC3\_version.zip
- Cloudera\_HiveJDBC4\_version.zip
- Cloudera\_HiveJDBC41\_version.zip

#### Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive Files

Each archive contains the driver supporting the JDBC API version in the archive name.

The Cloudera\_HiveJDBC3\_version.zip archive contains the following file and folder structure:

#### HiveJDBC3

- o hive\_metastore.jar
- hive\_service.jar
- o HiveJDBC3.jar
- libfb303-0.9.0.jar
- libthrift-0.9.0.jar
- log4j-1.2.14.jar
- ql.jar 0
- o slf4j-api-1.5.11.jar
- o slf4j-log4j12-1.5.11.jar
- o TCLIServiceClient.jar
- o zookeeper-3.4.6.jar

The **Cloudera\_HiveJDBC4\_***version.***zip** archive contains the following file and folder structure:

#### HiveJDBC4

- o hive\_metastore.jar
- hive\_service.jar
- o HiveJDBC4.jar
- libfb303-0.9.0.jar
- libthrift-0.9.0.jar
- log4j-1.2.14.jar
- ql.jar
- o slf4j-api-1.5.11.jar
- o slf4j-log4j12-1.5.11.jar
- TCLIServiceClient.jar
- o zookeeper-3.4.6.jar

The **Cloudera\_HiveJDBC41\_***version.***zip** archive contains the following file and folder structure:

#### HiveJDBC41

- o hive\_metastore.jar
- o hive\_service.jar
- o HiveJDBC41.jar
- libfb303-0.9.0.jar

- o libthrift-0.9.0.jar
- log4j-1.2.14.jar
- o ql.jar
- o slf4j-api-1.5.11.jar
- slf4j-log4j12-1.5.11.jar
- TCLIServiceClient.jar
- o zookeeper-3.4.6.jar

# **Using the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive**

To access a Hive data warehouse using the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive, you must set the following:

- Class path
- **Driver class**
- **Connection URL**

Important: The Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive is a forward-only, read-only driver with no transaction support. Because the driver does not support transactions, auto-commit is always set to true

## **Setting the Class Path**

The class path is the path that the Java Runtime Environment searches for classes and other resource files. For details on setting the class path, refer to http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/technotes/tools/windows/classpath.html

To use the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive, you must include all the JAR files from the ZIP archive in the class path.

## **Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive Classes**

The following is a list of the classes used to connect the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive to Hive Server 1 and Hive Server 2 instances. The Driver classes extend java.sql.Driver, and the DataSource classes extend javax.sql.DataSource and javax.sql.ConnectionPoolDataSource

To support JDBC 3.0, classes with the following fully-qualified class names (FQCNs) are available:

- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc3.HS1Driver
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc3.HS2Driver
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc3.HS1DataSource
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc3.HS2DataSource

## Using the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive

To support JDBC 4.0, classes with the following FQCNs are available:

- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc4.HS1Driver
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc4.HS2Driver
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc4.HS1DataSource
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc4.HS2DataSource

To support JDBC 4.1, classes with the following FQCN are available:

- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc41.HS1Driver
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc41.HS2Driver
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc41.HS1DataSource
- com.cloudera.hive.jdbc41.HS2DataSource

Initialize the appropriate class for the Hive server instance and your application as needed prior to connecting to the Hive Server.

## **Building the Connection URL**

Use the connection URL to supply connection information to the data source that you are accessing. The connection URL for the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive takes the following form:

jdbc:Subprotocol://Host:Port[/Schema];Property1=Value;Property2= Value;...

The placeholders in the connection URL are defined as follows:

- Subprotocol is the value hive if you are connecting to a Hive Server 1 system. If you are connecting to a Hive Server 2 system, use the value hive2
- Host is the DNS or IP address of the server hosting the Hive data warehouse.
- Port is the port to connect to on Host
- Schema is the name of the schema/database you want to access. Specifying a schema is optional. If you do not specify a schema, then the schema named default is used.
  - Note: You can issue queries on other schemas by explicitly specifying the schema in the query. To inspect your databases and determine the appropriate database schema to use, type **show databases** at the Hive command prompt.
- Property is any one of the connection properties that you can specify. For details on all of the available properties, see Appendix C: Driver Configuration Options on page 67.
  - **Important:** Properties are case sensitive. Do not duplicate properties in the connection URL.

If a connection property key does not match any of the connection properties specified in Appendix C: Driver Configuration Options on page 67, then the driver will attempt to apply the property as a Hive server-side property for the client session.

For example, to connect to a Hive Server 2 instance installed on the local computer by using a user name and password:

```
jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000;AuthMech=3;UID=UserName;PWD=Password
```

UserName and Password specify credentials for an existing user on the host that is running Hive Server 2.

Note: If you use Hive Server2 (hive2) and do not specify any parameters, then the UID will default to "hive" and the AuthMech will default to "2".

For more information about the properties that you can use in the connection URL, see Appendix C: Driver Configuration Options on page 67.

## **Java Sample Code**

The following Java code provides an example demonstrating how to use the JDBC API to do the following:

- Register the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive
- Establish a connection to a Hive database
- Query the database
- Parse a result set
- Handle exceptions
- Clean up to avoid memory leakage

Important: To use the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive in an application, you must include all the JAR files from the ZIP archive in the class path for your Java project.

```
// java.sql packages are required
import java.sql.*;
class ClouderaJDBCHiveExample {
   // Define a string as the fully qualified class name (FQCN)
   // of the desired JDBC driver
  static String JDBCDriver =
         "com.cloudera.hive.jdbc3.HS1Driver";
   // Define a string as the connection URL
  static String ConnectionURL = "jdbc:hive://192.168.1.1:10000";
  public static void main(String[] args) {
        Connection con = null;
        Statement stmt = null;
        ResultSet rs = null;
```

```
// Define a plain query
String query = "SELECT first_name, last_name, emp_id
     FROM default.emp";
// Define a parametrized query
String prepQuery = "SELECT first_name, last_name, emp_id
     FROM default.emp where store_id = ?";
try {
     // Register the driver using the class name
     Class.forName(JDBCDriver);
     // Establish a connection using the connection URL
     con = DriverManager.getConnection(ConnectionURL);
     // Create a Statement object for sending SQL
     // statements to the database
     stmt = con.createStatement();
     // Execute the SOL statement
     rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);
     // Display a header line for output appearing in
     // the Console View
     System.out.printf("%20s%20s%20s\r\n", "FIRST NAME",
           "LAST NAME" , "EMPLOYEE ID");
     // Step through each row in the result set returned
     // from the database
     while(rs.next()) {
           // Retrieve values from the row where the
           // cursor is currently positioned using column
           // names
           String FirstName = rs.getString("first_name");
           String LastName = rs.getString("last_name");
           String EmployeeID = rs.getString("emp_id");
           // Display values in columns 20 characters
           // wide in the Console View using the
           // Formatter
          System.out.printf("%20s%20s%20s\r\n",
          FirstName, LastName, EmployeeID);
```

```
}
      // Create a prepared statement
     PreparedStatement prep =
           m_conn.prepareStatement(prepQuery);
     // Bind the query parameter with a value
     prep.setInt(1, 204);
     // Execute the query
     rs = prep.execute();
     // Step through each row in the result set returned
     // from the database
     while(rs.next()) {
           // Retrieve values from the row where the
           // cursor is currently positioned using column
           // names
          String FirstName = rs.getString("first_name");
          String LastName = rs.getString("last_name");
          String EmployeeID = rs.getString("emp_id");
          // Display values in columns 20 characters
          //wide in the Console view using the Formatter
          System.out.printf("%20s%20s%20s\r\n",
          FirstName, LastName, EmployeeID);
     }
} catch (SQLException se) {
     // Handle errors encountered during interaction
     // with the data source
     se.printStackTrace();
} catch (Exception e) {
     // Handle other errors
     e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
     // Perform clean up
     try {
          if (rs != null) {
                rs.close();
     } catch (SQLException sel) {
          // Log this
     }
```

```
try {
                   if (stmt != null) {
                         stmt.close();
              } catch (SQLException se2) {
                    // Log this
              try {
                    if (prep != null) {
                        prep.close();
              } catch (SQLException se2) {
                   // Log this
              try {
                   if (con != null) {
                         con.close();
              } catch (SQLException se3) {
                   // Log this
                   se3.printStackTrace();
              } // End try
        } // End try
   } // End main
} // End ClouderaJDBCHiveExample
} // End ClouderaJDBCHiveExample
```

# **Configuring Authentication**

Hive supports the following authentication mechanisms:

- No Authentication
- Kerberos
- User Name
- User Name and Password
- User Name and Password with Secure Sockets Layer
- No Authentication with Secure Sockets Layer

When using the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive, you configure authentication via properties specified in the connection URL.

For details on selecting an appropriate authentication mechanism when using the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive, see *Appendix A: Authentication Options* on page 60.

For details on properties you can use in the connection URL, see Appendix C: Driver Configuration Options on page 67.

## **Using No Authentication**

**Note:** When connecting to Hive server of type Hive Server 1, you must use **No Authentication**.

#### To configure a connection without authentication:

Set the AuthMech property to 0

#### For example:

jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000;AuthMech=0

## **Using Kerberos**

Kerberos must be installed and configured before you can use this authentication mechanism. For information about configuring and operating Kerberos on Windows, see Appendix B: Configuring Kerberos Authentication for Windows on page 62. For other operating systems, refer to the MIT Kerberos documentation.

#### To configure Kerberos authentication:

- 1. Set the **AuthMech** property to 1.
- 2. If your Kerberos setup does not define a default realm or if the realm of your Hive server is not the default, then set the appropriate realm using the **KrbRealm** property.

OR

To use the default realm defined in your Kerberos setup, do not set the **KrbRealm** property.

- 3. Set the **KrbHostFQDN** property to the fully qualified domain name of the Hive Server 2 host.
- 4. Set the **KrbServiceName** property to the service name of the Hive server.

#### For example:

jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000;AuthMech=1;KrbRealm=EXAMPLE.COM;KrbH ostFQDN=hs2.example.com;KrbServiceName=hive

## **Using User Name**

This authentication mechanism requires a user name but does not require a password. The user name labels the session, facilitating database tracking.

#### To configure User Name authentication:

1. Set the **AuthMech** property to 2.

## **Configuring Authentication**

2. Set the **UID** property to a user name that is recognized by the Hive server.

#### For example:

jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000;AuthMech=2;UID=hs2

## **Using User Name and Password**

This authentication mechanism requires a user name and a password.

#### To configure User Name and Password authentication:

- 1. Set the **AuthMech** property to 3.
- 2. Set the **UID** property to an appropriate user name for accessing the Hive server.
- 3. Set the **PWD** property to the password corresponding to the user name you provided in step 2.

#### For example:

jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000;AuthMech=3;UID=hs2;PWD=\*\*\*\*

## **Using User Name and Password with Secure Sockets Layer**

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) connections require a TrustStore. You can create a TrustStore and configure the driver to use it, or allow the driver to use one of the default TrustStores. If you do not configure the driver to use a specific TrustStore, then the driver uses the Java TrustStore named jssecacerts. If jssecacerts is not available, then the driver uses a TrustStore named cacerts instead.

If your Hive server is configured to use client authentication, then you must create a KeyStore and configure the driver to use it. Otherwise, you do not need to create the KeyStore.

**Note:** SSL support is available only in Hive 0.13 and later.

#### To configure User Name and Password authentication using SSL:

- 1. To create a TrustStore and configure the driver to use it, do the following:
  - a. Create a TrustStore containing your signed, trusted SSL certificate.
  - b. Set the SSLTrustStore property to the full path of the TrustStore, including the file name.
  - c. Set the **SSLTrustStorePwd** property to the password for the TrustStore.
- 2. Optionally, to create a KeyStore and configure the driver to use it, do the following:
  - a. Create a KeyStore containing your signed, trusted SSL certificate.
  - b. Set the **SSLKeyStore** property to the full path of the KeyStore, including the file name.
  - c. Set the **SSLKeyStorePwd** property to the password for the KeyStore.
- 3. Set the **AuthMech** property to 4

- 4. Set the **UID** property to the appropriate user name recognized by the Hive server.
- 5. Set the **PWD** property to the password corresponding to the user name you provided in step 4.
- 6. Optionally, to allow the SSL certificate used by the server to be self-signed, set the AllowSelfSignedCerts property to 1
- 7. Optionally, to allow the common name of a CA-issued certificate to not match the host name of the Hive server, set the CAIssuedCertNamesMismatch property to 1

Note: For self-signed certificates, the driver always allows the common name of the certificate to not match the host name.

#### For example:

```
jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000;AuthMech=4;SSLKeyStore=C:\\Users\\bs
mith\Desktop\keystore.jks;SSLKeyStorePwd=****;UID=hs2;PWD=****
```

Note: For more information about the connection properties used in SSL connections, see Appendix C: Driver Configuration Options on page 67.

## **Using No Authentication with Secure Sockets Layer**

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) connections require a TrustStore. You can create a TrustStore and configure the driver to use it, or allow the driver to use one of the default TrustStores. If you do not configure the driver to use a specific TrustStore, then the driver uses the Java TrustStore named jssecacerts. If jssecacerts is not available, then the driver uses a TrustStore named cacerts instead.

If your Hive server is configured to use client authentication, then you must create a KeyStore and configure the driver to use it. Otherwise, you do not need to create the KeyStore.

**Note:** SSL support is available only in Hive 0.13 and later.

#### To configure no authentication using SSL:

- 1. To create a TrustStore and configure the driver to use it, do the following:
  - a. Create a TrustStore containing your signed, trusted SSL certificate.
  - b. Set the SSLTrustStore property to the full path of the TrustStore, including the file name.
  - c. Set the **SSLTrustStorePwd** property to the password for the TrustStore.
- 2. Optionally, to create a KeyStore and configure the driver to use it, do the following:
  - a. Create a KeyStore containing your signed, trusted SSL certificate.
  - b. Set the **SSLKeyStore** property to the full path of the KeyStore, including the file name.
  - c. Set the **SSLKeyStorePwd** property to the password for the KeyStore.
- 3. Set the **AuthMech** property to 5

- 4. Optionally, to allow the SSL certificate used by the server to be self-signed, set the AllowSelfSignedCerts property to 1
- 5. Optionally, to allow the common name of a CA-issued certificate to not match the host name of the Hive server, set the CAIssuedCertNamesMismatch property to 1

Note: For self-signed certificates, the driver always allows the common name of the certificate to not match the host name.

#### For example:

jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000;AuthMech=5;SSLTrustStore=C:\\Users\\ bsmith\\Desktop\\keystore.jks;SSLTrustStorePwd=\*\*\*\*

Note: For more information about the connection properties used in SSL connections, see Appendix C: Driver Configuration Options on page 67.

#### **Features**

## **SQL Query versus HiveQL Query**

The native query language supported by Hive is HiveQL. HiveQL is a subset of SQL-92. However, the syntax is different enough that most applications do not work with native HiveQL.

## **Data Types**

The Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive supports many common data formats, converting between Hive, SQL, and Java data types.

*Table 1* lists the supported data type mappings.

Hive Type	SQL Type	Java Type
BIGINT	BIGINT	java.math.BigInteger
BINARY	VARBINARY	byte[]
BOOLEAN	BOOLEAN	Boolean
CHAR	CHAR	String
<b>Note:</b> Only available in Hive 0.13.0 or later.		
DATE	DATE	java.sql.Date
DECIMAL  Note: In Hive 0.13 and later, you can specify scale and precision when creating tables using the DECIMAL data type.	DECIMAL	java.math.BigDecimal
DOUBLE	DOUBLE	Double
INT	INTEGER	Long

Hive Type	SQL Type	Java Type
FLOAT	REAL	Float
SMALLINT	SMALLINT	Integer
TINYINT	TINYINT	Short
TIMESTAMP	TIMESTAMP	java.sql.Timestamp
VARCHAR	VARCHAR	String
Note: Only available in Hive 0.12.0 or later.		

**Table 1 Supported Data Types** 

The aggregate types (ARRAY, MAP, STRUCT, and UNIONTYPE) are not yet supported. Columns of aggregate types are treated as VARCHAR columns in SQL and STRING columns in Java.

## Catalog and Schema Support

The Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive supports both catalogs and schemas in order to make it easy for the driver to work with various JDBC applications. Since Hive only organizes tables into schemas/databases, the driver provides a synthetic catalog called "HIVE" under which all of the schemas/databases are organized. The driver also maps the JDBC schema to the Hive schema/database.

Note: Setting the CatalogSchemaSwitch connection property to 1 will cause Hive catalogs to be treated as schemas in the driver as a restriction for filtering.

# **Interfaces and Supported Methods**

The Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive implements the following JDBC interfaces:

- CallableStatement
- Connection
- DatabaseMetaData
- DataSource
- Driver
- ParameterMetaData
- PooledConnection
- PreparedStatement
- ResultSet
- ResultSetMetaData
- Statement

However, the driver does not support every method from these interfaces. For information about whether a specific method is supported by the driver and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method, refer to the tables in the following sections.

**Important:** The driver *does not* support the following JDBC features:

- Array
- Blob
- Clob
- Ref
- Savepoint
- SQLData
- SQLInput
- SQLOutput
- Struct

#### **CallableStatement**

The CallableStatement interface extends the PreparedStatement interface.

Table 2 lists the methods that belong to the CallableStatement interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the CallableStatement interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/CallableStatement.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
Array getArray(int i)	3.0	No	
Array getArray(String parameterName)	3.0	No	
BigDecimal getBigDecimal(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
BigDecimal getBigDecimal(int parameterIndex, int scale)	3.0	Yes	Deprecated
BigDecimal getBigDecimal(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
Blob getBlob(int i)	3.0	No	
Blob getBlob(String parameterName)	3.0	No	
boolean getBoolean(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
boolean getBoolean(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
byte getByte(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
byte getByte(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>byte[] getBytes(int parameterIndex)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>byte[] getBytes(String parameterName)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
Clob getClob(int i)	3.0	No	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
Clob getClob(String parameterName)	3.0	No	
Date getDate(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
Date getDate(int parameterIndex, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
Date getDate(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
Date getDate(String parameterName, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
double getDouble(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
double getDouble(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
float getFloat(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
float getFloat(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getInt(int parameterIndex)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
int getInt(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
long getLong(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
long getLong(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
Reader getNCharacterStream(int parameterIndex)	4.0	No	
Reader getNCharacterStream(String parameterName)	4.0	No	
NClob getNClob(int parameterIndex)	4.0	No	
NClob getNClob(String parameterName)	4.0	No	
String getNString(int parameterIndex)	4.0	No	
String getNString(String parameterName)	4.0	No	
Object getObject(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
<t> T getObject(int parameterIndex, Class<t> type)</t></t>	4.1	No	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
Object getObject(int i, Map <string,class<?>&gt; map)</string,class<?>	3.0	No	
Object getObject(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
<t> T getObject(String parameterName, Class<t> type)</t></t>	4.1	No	
Object getObject(String parameterName, Map <string,class<?>&gt; map)</string,class<?>	3.0	Yes	
Ref getRef(int i)	3.0	No	
Ref getRef(String parameterName)	3.0	No	
RowId getRowId(int parameterIndex)	4.0	No	
RowId getRowId(String parameterName)	4.0	No	
short getShort(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
short getShort(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
SQLXML getSQLXML(int parameterIndex)	4.0	No	
SQLXML getSQLXML(String parameterName)	4.0	No	
String getString(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
String getString(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
Time getTime(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
Time getTime(int parameterIndex, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
Time getTime(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	
Time getTime(String parameterName, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
Timestamp getTimestamp(int parameterIndex)	3.0	Yes	
Timestamp getTimestamp(int parameterIndex, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
Timestamp getTimestamp(String parameterName)	3.0	Yes	_

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
Timestamp getTimestamp(String parameterName, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
URL getURL(int parameterIndex)	3.0	No	
URL getURL(String parameterName)	3.0	No	
<pre>void registerOutParameter(int parameterIndex, int sqlType)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void registerOutParameter(int parameterIndex, int sqlType, int scale)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void registerOutParameter(int paramIndex, int sqlType, String typeName)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void registerOutParameter(String parameterName, int sqlType)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void registerOutParameter(String parameterName, int sqlType, int scale)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void registerOutParameter(String parameterName, int sqlType, String typeName)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setAsciiStream(String parameterName, InputStream x)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setAsciiStream(String parameterName, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setAsciiStream(String parameterName, InputStream x, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBigDecimal(String parameterName, BigDecimal x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBinaryStream(String parameterName, InputStream x)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>setBinaryStream(String parameterName, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBinaryStream(String parameterName, InputStream x, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBlob(String parameterName, Blob x)</pre>	4.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void setBlob(String parameterName, InputStream inputStream)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBlob(String parameterName, InputStream inputStream, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
void setBoolean(String parameterName, boolean x)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setByte(String parameterName, byte x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBytes(String parameterName, byte[] x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setCharacterStream(String parameterName, Reader reader)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setCharacterStream(String parameterName, Reader reader, int length)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setCharacterStream(String parameterName, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setClob(String parameterName, Clob x)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
void setClob(String parameterName, Reader reader)	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setClob(String parameterName, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setDate(String parameterName, Date x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setDate(String parameterName, Date x, Calendar cal)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setDouble(String parameterName, double x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setFloat(String parameterName, float x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setInt(String parameterName, int x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setLong(String parameterName, long x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setNCharacterStream(String parameterName, Reader value)</pre>	4.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void setNCharacterStream(String parameterName, Reader value, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
void setNClob(String parameterName, NClob value)	4.0	Yes	
void setNClob(String parameterName, Reader reader)	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setNClob(String parameterName, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setNString(String parameterName, String value)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setNull(String parameterName, int sqlType)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setNull(String parameterName, int sqlType, String typeName)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setObject(String parameterName, Object x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setObject(String parameterName, Object x, int targetSqlType)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setObject(String parameterName, Object x, int targetSqlType, int scale)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setRowId(String parameterName, RowId x)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setShort(String parameterName, short x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
void setSQLXML(String parameterName, SQLXML xmlObject)	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setString(String parameterName, String x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setTime(String parameterName, Time x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
void setTime(String parameterName, Time x, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
void setTimestamp(String parameterName, Timestamp x)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setTimestamp(String parameterName, Timestamp x, Calendar cal)</pre>	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
void setURL(String parameterName, URL val)	3.0	Yes	
boolean wasNull()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

**Table 2 Methods in the CallableStatement Interface** 

#### Connection

Table 3 lists the methods that belong to the Connection interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the Connection interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/Connection.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
void clearWarnings()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void close()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void commit()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Auto-commit cannot be set to false because it is hard-coded as true
Array createArrayOf(String typeName, Object[] elements)	4.0	No	
Blob createBlob()	4.0	No	
Clob createClob()	4.0	No	
NClob createNClob()	4.0	No	
SQLXML createSQLXML()	4.0	No	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
Statement createStatement()	3.0	Yes	
Statement createStatement(int resultSetType, int resultSetConcurrency)	3.0	No	
Statement createStatement(int resultSetType, int resultSetConcurrency, int resultSetHoldability)	3.0	No	
Struct createStruct(String typeName, Object[] attributes)	4.0	No	
boolean getAutoCommit()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to true
String getCatalog()	3.0	Yes	
Properties getClientInfo()	4.0	Yes	
String getClientInfo(String name)	4.0	Yes	
int getHoldability()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to CLOSE_CURSORS_AT_ COMMIT
DatabaseMetaData getMetaData()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getNetworkTimeout()</pre>	4.1	No	
String getSchema()	4.1	Yes	The returned schema name does not always match the one used by statements. Statements use the schema name defined in the connection URL.
int getTransactionIsolation()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to TRANSACTION_READ_ UNCOMMITTED
Map <string,class<?>&gt; getTypeMap()</string,class<?>	3.0	No	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
SQLWarning getWarnings()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isClosed()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isReadOnly()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean isValid(int timeout)	4.0	Yes	
String nativeSQL(String sql)	3.0	Yes	
CallableStatement prepareCall(String sql)	3.0	No	
CallableStatement prepareCall(String sql, int resultSetType, int resultSetConcurrency)	3.0	No	
CallableStatement prepareCall(String sql, int resultSetType, int resultSetConcurrency, int resultSetHoldability)	3.0	No	
PreparedStatement prepareStatement(String sql)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>PreparedStatement prepareStatement(String sql, int autoGeneratedKeys)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>PreparedStatement prepareStatement(String sql, int[] columnIndexes)</pre>	3.0	No	
PreparedStatement prepareStatement(String sql, int resultSetType, int resultSetConcurrency)	3.0	No	
PreparedStatement prepareStatement(String sql, int resultSetType, int resultSetConcurrency, int resultSetHoldability)	3.0	No	
PreparedStatement prepareStatement(String sql, String[] columnNames)	3.0	No	
void releaseSavepoint(Savepoint savepoint)	3.0	No	Savepoints are not available because transactions are not supported.

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
void rollback()	3.0	No	Savepoints are not available because transactions are not supported.
void rollback(Savepoint savepoint)	3.0	No	Savepoints are not available because transactions are not supported.
<pre>void setAutoCommit(boolean autoCommit)</pre>	3.0	Yes	Ignored because auto- commit is hard-coded to true
<pre>void setCatalog(String catalog)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setClientInfo(Properties properties)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setClientInfo(String name, String value)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
void setHoldability(int holdability)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setNetworkTimeout(Executor executor, int milliseconds)</pre>	4.1	No	
<pre>void setReadOnly(boolean readOnly)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
Savepoint setSavepoint()	3.0	No	Savepoints are not available because transactions are not supported.
Savepoint setSavepoint(String name)	3.0	No	Savepoints are not available because transactions are not supported.

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void setSchema(String schema)</pre>	4.1	Yes	Does not actually change the schema name used by newly created statements; only changes the value returned by getSchema()
void setTransactionIsolation(int level)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setTypeMap(Map<string,class<?>&gt; map)</string,class<?></pre>	3.0	No	
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

**Table 3 Methods in the Connection Class** 

#### **DatabaseMetaData**

Table 4 lists the methods that belong to the DatabaseMetaData interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the DatabaseMetaData interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/DatabaseMetaData.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean allProceduresAreCallable()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean allTablesAreSelectable()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean autoCommitFailureClosesAllResultSets()	4.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean dataDefinitionCausesTransactionCommit()	3.0	Yes	Returns false

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean dataDefinitionIgnoredInTransactions()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean deletesAreDetected(int type)	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean doesMaxRowSizeIncludeBlobs()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean generatedKeyAlwaysReturned()	4.1	Yes	
ResultSet getAttributes(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String typeNamePattern, String attributeNamePattern)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getBestRowIdentifier(String catalog, String schema, String table, int scope, boolean nullable)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getCatalogs()	3.0	Yes	
String getCatalogSeparator()	3.0	Yes	
String getCatalogTerm()	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getClientInfoProperties()	4.0	Yes	
ResultSet getColumnPrivileges(String catalog, String schema, String table, String columnNamePattern)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getColumns(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String tableNamePattern, String columnNamePattern)	3.0	Yes	
Connection getConnection()	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getCrossReference(String primaryCatalog, String primarySchema, String primaryTable, String foreignCatalog, String foreignSchema, String foreignTable)	3.0	Yes	
int getDatabaseMajorVersion()	3.0	Yes	
int getDatabaseMinorVersion()	3.0	Yes	
String getDatabaseProductName()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to Apache Hive

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
String getDatabaseProductVersion()	3.0	Yes	
int getDefaultTransactionIsolation()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to TRANSACTION_READ_ UNCOMMITTED
<pre>int getDriverMajorVersion()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getDriverMinorVersion()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
String getDriverName()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to HiveJDBC
String getDriverVersion()	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getExportedKeys(String catalog, String schema, String table)	3.0	Yes	
String getExtraNameCharacters()	3.0	Yes	Returns an empty String.
ResultSet getFunctionColumns(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String functionNamePattern, String columnNamePattern)	4.0	Yes	
ResultSet getFunctions(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String functionNamePattern)	4.0	Yes	
String getIdentifierQuoteString()	3.0	Yes	Returns a backquote (`)
ResultSet getImportedKeys(String catalog, String schema, String table)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getIndexInfo(String catalog, String schema, String table, boolean unique, boolean approximate)	3.0	Yes	
int getJDBCMajorVersion()	3.0	Yes	
int getJDBCMinorVersion()	3.0	Yes	
int getMaxBinaryLiteralLength()	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
int getMaxCatalogNameLength()	3.0	Yes	Returns 128

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>int getMaxCharLiteralLength()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxColumnNameLength()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 128
<pre>int getMaxColumnsInGroupBy()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxColumnsInIndex()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxColumnsInOrderBy()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxColumnsInSelect()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxColumnsInTable()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
int getMaxConnections()	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
int getMaxCursorNameLength()	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxIndexLength()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxProcedureNameLength()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxRowSize()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxSchemaNameLength()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 128
<pre>int getMaxStatementLength()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
int getMaxStatements()	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
int getMaxTableNameLength()	3.0	Yes	Returns 128
<pre>int getMaxTablesInSelect()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0
<pre>int getMaxUserNameLength()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns 0

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
String getNumericFunctions()	3.0	Yes	Returns the Numeric Functions list from the specification related to the JDBC version of the driver.
ResultSet getPrimaryKeys(String catalog, String schema, String table)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getProcedureColumns(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String procedureNamePattern, String columnNamePattern)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getProcedures(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String procedureNamePattern)	3.0	Yes	
String getProcedureTerm()	3.0	Yes	Returns procedure
ResultSet getPseudoColumns(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String tableNamePattern, String columnNamePattern)	4.1	Yes	
<pre>int getResultSetHoldability()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns CLOSE_CURSORS_AT_ COMMIT
RowIdLifetime getRowIdLifetime()	4.0	Yes	Returns ROWID_UNSUPPORTED
ResultSet getSchemas()	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getSchemas(String catalog, String schemaPattern)	4.0	Yes	
String getSchemaTerm()	3.0	Yes	Returns schema
String getSearchStringEscape()	3.0	Yes	Returns a backslash (\)
String getSQLKeywords()	3.0	Yes	Returns an empty String.

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>int getSQLStateType()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Returns sqlStateSQL99
String getStringFunctions()	3.0	Yes	Returns the String Functions list from the specification related to the JDBC version of the driver.
ResultSet getSuperTables(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String tableNamePattern)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getSuperTypes(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String typeNamePattern)	3.0	Yes	
String getSystemFunctions()	3.0	Yes	Returns DATABASE, IFNULL, USER
ResultSet getTablePrivileges(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String tableNamePattern)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getTables(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String tableNamePattern, String[] types)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getTableTypes()	3.0	Yes	
String getTimeDateFunctions()	3.0	Yes	Returns the Time and Date Functions list from the specification related to the JDBC version of the driver.
ResultSet getTypeInfo()	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getUDTs(String catalog, String schemaPattern, String typeNamePattern, int[] types)	3.0	Yes	
String getURL()	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
String getUserName()	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getVersionColumns(String catalog, String schema, String table)	3.0	Yes	
boolean insertsAreDetected(int type)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isCatalogAtStart()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isReadOnly()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean locatorsUpdateCopy()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean nullPlusNonNullIsNull()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean nullsAreSortedAtEnd()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean nullsAreSortedAtStart()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean nullsAreSortedHigh()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean nullsAreSortedLow()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean othersDeletesAreVisible(int type)	3.0	Yes	
boolean othersInsertsAreVisible(int type)	3.0	Yes	
boolean othersUpdatesAreVisible(int type)	3.0	Yes	
boolean ownDeletesAreVisible(int type)	3.0	Yes	
boolean ownInsertsAreVisible(int type)	3.0	Yes	
boolean ownUpdatesAreVisible(int type)	3.0	Yes	
boolean storesLowerCaseIdentifiers()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean storesLowerCaseQuotedIdentifiers()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean storesMixedCaseIdentifiers()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean storesMixedCaseQuotedIdentifiers()	3.0	Yes	Returns true

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean storesUpperCaseIdentifiers()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean storesUpperCaseQuotedIdentifiers()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsAlterTableWithAddColumn()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsAlterTableWithDropColumn()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsANSI92EntryLevelSQL()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsANSI92FullSQL()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsANSI92IntermediateSQL()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsBatchUpdates()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsCatalogsInDataManipulation()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsCatalogsInIndexDefinitions()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsCatalogsInPrivilegeDefinitions()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsCatalogsInProcedureCalls()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsCatalogsInTableDefinitions()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsColumnAliasing()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsConvert()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsConvert(int fromType, int toType)	3.0	Yes	
boolean supportsCoreSQLGrammar()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsCorrelatedSubqueries()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsDataDefinitionAndDataManipulationTransactions()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsDataManipulationTransactionsOnly()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsDifferentTableCorrelationNames()	3.0	Yes	Returns false

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean supportsExpressionsInOrderBy()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsExtendedSQLGrammar()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsFullOuterJoins()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsGetGeneratedKeys()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsGroupBy()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsGroupByBeyondSelect()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsGroupByUnrelated()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsIntegrityEnhancementFacility()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsLikeEscapeClause()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsLimitedOuterJoins()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsMinimumSQLGrammar()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsMixedCaseIdentifiers()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsMixedCaseQuotedIdentifiers()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsMultipleOpenResults()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsMultipleResultSets()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsMultipleTransactions()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsNamedParameters()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsNonNullableColumns()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsOpenCursorsAcrossCommit()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsOpenCursorsAcrossRollback()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsOpenStatementsAcrossCommit()	3.0	Yes	Returns true

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean supportsOpenStatementsAcrossRollback()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsOrderByUnrelated()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsOuterJoins()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsPositionedDelete()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsPositionedUpdate()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
<pre>boolean supportsResultSetConcurrency(int type, int concurrency)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
boolean supportsResultSetHoldability(int holdability)	3.0	Yes	
boolean supportsResultSetType(int type)	3.0	Yes	
boolean supportsSavepoints()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsSchemasInDataManipulation()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsSchemasInIndexDefinitions()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsSchemasInPrivilegeDefinitions()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsSchemasInProcedureCalls()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsSchemasInTableDefinitions()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsSelectForUpdate()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsStatementPooling()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsStoredFunctionsUsingCallSyntax()	4.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsStoredProcedures()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsSubqueriesInComparisons()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsSubqueriesInExists()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsSubqueriesInIns()	3.0	Yes	Returns true

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean supportsSubqueriesInQuantifieds()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsTableCorrelationNames()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsTransactionIsolationLevel(int level)	3.0	Yes	
boolean supportsTransactions()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean supportsUnion()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean supportsUnionAll()	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean updatesAreDetected(int type)	3.0	Yes	Returns true
boolean usesLocalFilePerTable()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean usesLocalFiles()	3.0	Yes	Returns false
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

Table 4 Methods in the DatabaseMetadata Class

## **DataSource**

Table 5 lists the methods that belong to the DataSource interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the DataSource interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/javax/sql/DataSource.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
Connection getConnection()	3.0	Yes	
Connection getConnection(String username, String password)	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>int getLoginTimeout()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
PrintWriter getLogWriter()	3.0	Yes	
Logger getParentLogger()	4.1	No	The driver does not use java.util.logging
<pre>void setLoginTimeout(int seconds)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setLogWriter(PrintWriter out)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

**Table 5 Methods in the DataSource Class** 

## **Driver**

Table 6 lists the methods that belong to the Driver interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the Driver interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/Driver.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean acceptsURL(String url)	3.0	Yes	
Connection connect(String url, Properties info)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getMajorVersion()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
int getMinorVersion()	3.0	Yes	
Logger getParentLogger()	4.1	No	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>DriverPropertyInfo[] getPropertyInfo(String url, Properties info)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
boolean jdbcCompliant()	3.0	Yes	

**Table 6 Methods in the Driver Class** 

## **ParameterMetaData**

Table 7 lists the methods that belong to the ParameterMetaData interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the ParameterMetaData interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/ParameterMetaData.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
String getParameterClassName(int param)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getParameterCount()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
int getParameterMode(int param)	3.0	Yes	
int getParameterType(int param)	3.0	Yes	
String getParameterTypeName(int param)	3.0	Yes	
int getPrecision(int param)	3.0	Yes	
int getScale(int param)	3.0	Yes	
int isNullable(int param)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isSigned(int param)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

**Table 7 Methods in the ParameterMetaData Class** 

## **PooledConnection**

Table 8 lists the methods that belong to the PooledConnection interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the PooledConnection interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/javax/sql/PooledConnection.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void addConnectionEventListener(ConnectionEventListener listener)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void addStatementEventListener(StatementEventListener listener)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void close()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
Connection getConnection()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void removeConnectionEventListener(ConnectionEventListener listener)</pre>	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void removeStatementEventListener(StatementEventListener listener)</pre>	4.0	Yes	Removes the specified StatementEventListener from the list of components that will be notified when the driver detects that a PreparedStatement has been closed or is invalid.

**Table 8 Methods in the PooledConnection Class** 

## **PreparedStatement**

The PreparedStatement interface extends the Statement interface.

Table 9 lists the methods that belong to the PreparedStatement interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the PooledConnection interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/PreparedStatement.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void addBatch()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void clearParameters()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
boolean execute()	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet executeQuery()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int executeUpdate()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
ResultSetMetaData getMetaData()	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
ParameterMetaData getParameterMetaData()	3.0	Yes	
void setArray(int parameterIndex, Array x)	3.0	No	
<pre>void setAsciiStream(int parameterIndex, InputStream x)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setAsciiStream(int parameterIndex, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setAsciiStream(int parameterIndex, InputStream x, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBigDecimal(int parameterIndex, BigDecimal x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBinaryStream(int parameterIndex, InputStream x)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBinaryStream(int parameterIndex, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBinaryStream(int parameterIndex, InputStream x, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBlob(int parameterIndex, Blob x)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>void setBlob(int parameterIndex, InputStream inputStream)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setBlob(int parameterIndex, InputStream inputStream, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setBoolean(int parameterIndex, boolean x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setByte(int parameterIndex, byte x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setBytes(int parameterIndex, byte[] x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setCharacterStream(int parameterIndex, Reader reader)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setCharacterStream(int parameterIndex, Reader reader, int length)</pre>	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void setCharacterStream(int parameterIndex, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setClob(int parameterIndex, Clob x)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>void setClob(int parameterIndex, Reader reader)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setClob(int parameterIndex, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setDate(int parameterIndex, Date x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setDate(int parameterIndex, Date x, Calendar cal)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setDouble(int parameterIndex, double x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setFloat(int parameterIndex, float x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setInt(int parameterIndex, int x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setLong(int parameterIndex, long x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setNCharacterStream(int parameterIndex, Reader value)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setNCharacterStream(int parameterIndex, Reader value, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setNClob(int parameterIndex, NClob value)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setNClob(int parameterIndex, Reader reader)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setNClob(int parameterIndex, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setNString(int parameterIndex, String value)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setNull(int paramIndex, int sqlType, String typeName)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setObject(int parameterIndex, Object x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void setObject(int parameterIndex, Object x, int targetSqlType)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setObject(int parameterIndex, Object x, int targetSqlType, int scale)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setRef(int parameterIndex, Ref x)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>void setRowId(int parameterIndex, RowId x)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void setShort(int parameterIndex, short x)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>void setSQLXML(int parameterIndex, SQLXML xmlObject)</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setString(int parameterIndex, String x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setTime(int parameterIndex, Time x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setTime(int parameterIndex, Time x, Calendar cal)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setTimestamp(int parameterIndex, Timestamp x)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setTimestamp(int parameterIndex, Timestamp x, Calendar cal)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setUnicodeStream(int parameterIndex, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	Yes	Deprecated
void setURL(int parameterIndex, URL x)	3.0	No	
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

**Table 9 Methods in the PreparedStatement Class** 

## ResultSet

Table 10 lists the methods that belong to the ResultSet interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the ResultSet interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/ResultSet.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean absolute(int row)	3.0	No	
void afterLast()	3.0	No	
void beforeFirst()	3.0	No	
void cancelRowUpdates()	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
void clearWarnings()	3.0	Yes	
void close()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void deleteRow()</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
int findColumn(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
boolean first()	3.0	No	
Array getArray(int i)	3.0	No	
Array getArray(String colName)	3.0	No	
InputStream getAsciiStream(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
InputStream getAsciiStream(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
BigDecimal getBigDecimal(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
BigDecimal getBigDecimal(int columnIndex, int scale)	3.0	Yes	Deprecated
BigDecimal getBigDecimal(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
BigDecimal getBigDecimal(String columnName, int scale)	3.0	Yes	Deprecated
InputStream getBinaryStream(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
InputStream getBinaryStream(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
Blob getBlob(int i)	3.0	No	
Blob getBlob(String colName)	3.0	No	
boolean getBoolean(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
boolean getBoolean(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
getByte(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
byte getByte(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>byte[] getBytes(int columnIndex)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>byte[] getBytes(String columnName)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
Reader getCharacterStream(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
Reader getCharacterStream(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
Clob getClob(int i)	3.0	No	
Clob getClob(String colName)	3.0	No	
int getConcurrency()	3.0	Yes	
String getCursorName()	3.0	Yes	
Date getDate(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
Date getDate(int columnIndex, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
Date getDate(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
Date getDate(String columnName, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
double getDouble(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
double getDouble(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>int getFetchDirection()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getFetchSize()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
float getFloat(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
float getFloat(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getHoldability()</pre>	4.0	Yes	
<pre>int getInt(int columnIndex)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getInt(String columnName)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
long getLong(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
long getLong(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
ResultSetMetaData getMetaData()	3.0	Yes	
Reader getNCharacterStream(int columnIndex)	4.0	No	
Reader getNCharacterStream(String columnLabel	4.0	No	
NClob getNClob(int columnIndex)	4.0	No	
NClob getNClob(String columnLabel)	4.0	No	
String getNString(int columnIndex)	4.0	No	
String getNString(String columnLabel)	4.0	No	
Object getObject(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
<t> T getObject(int columnIndex, Class<t> type)</t></t>	4.1	No	
Object getObject(int i, Map <string,class<?>&gt; map)</string,class<?>	3.0	No	
Object getObject(String columnName)	3.0	No	
<t> T getObject(String columnName, Class<t> type)</t></t>	4.1	No	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
Object getObject(String colName, Map <string,class<?>&gt; map)</string,class<?>	3.0	Yes	
Ref getRef(int i)	3.0	No	
Ref getRef(String colName)	3.0	No	
<pre>int getRow()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
RowId getRowId(int columnIndex)	4.0	No	
RowId getRowId(String columnLabel)	4.0	No	
short getShort(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
short getShort(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
SQLXML getSQLXML(int columnIndex)	4.0	No	
SQLXML getSQLXML(String columnLabel)	4.0	No	
Statement getStatement()	3.0	Yes	
String getString(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
String getString(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
Time getTime(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
Time getTime(int columnIndex, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
Time getTime(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
Time getTime(String columnName, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
Timestamp getTimestamp(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	
Timestamp getTimestamp(int columnIndex, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	
Timestamp getTimestamp(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	
Timestamp getTimestamp(String columnName, Calendar cal)	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>int getType()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
InputStream getUnicodeStream(int columnIndex)	3.0	Yes	Deprecated
InputStream getUnicodeStream(String columnName)	3.0	Yes	Deprecated
<pre>URL getURL(int columnIndex)</pre>	3.0	No	
URL getURL(String columnName)	3.0	No	
SQLWarning getWarnings()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void insertRow()</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
boolean isAfterLast()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isBeforeFirst()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isClosed()	4.0	Yes	
boolean isFirst()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isLast()	3.0	No	
boolean last()	3.0	No	
<pre>void moveToCurrentRow()</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void moveToInsertRow()</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
boolean next()	3.0	Yes	
boolean previous()	3.0	No	
<pre>void refreshRow()</pre>	3.0	No	
boolean relative(int rows)	3.0	No	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean rowDeleted()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to false
boolean rowInserted()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to false
boolean rowUpdated()	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to false
void setFetchDirection(int direction)	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is forward-only.
void setFetchSize(int rows)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void updateArray(int columnIndex, Array x)</pre>	3.0	No	
void updateArray(String columnName, Array x)	3.0	No	
<pre>void updateAsciiStream(int columnIndex, InputStream x)</pre>	4.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateAsciiStream(int columnIndex, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateAsciiStream(int columnIndex, InputStream x, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateAsciiStream(String columnName, InputStream x)</pre>	4.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateAsciiStream(String columnName, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateAsciiStream(String columnName, InputStream x, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBigDecimal(int columnIndex, BigDecimal x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBigDecimal(String columnName, BigDecimal x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void updateBinaryStream(int columnIndex, InputStream x)</pre>	4.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBinaryStream(int columnIndex, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBinaryStream(int columnIndex, InputStream x, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBinaryStream(String columnName, InputStream x)</pre>	4.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBinaryStream(String columnName, InputStream x, int length)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBinaryStream(String columnName, InputStream x, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBlob(int columnIndex, InputStream inputStream)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateBlob(int columnIndex, Blob x)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>void updateBlob(int columnIndex, InputStream inputStream, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateBlob(String columnName, InputStream inputStream)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateBlob(String columnName, Blob x)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>void updateBlob(String columnLabel, InputStream inputStream, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateBoolean(int columnIndex, boolean x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBoolean(String columnName, boolean x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void updateByte(int columnIndex, byte x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateByte(String columnName, byte x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBytes(int columnIndex, byte[] x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBytes(String columnName, byte[] x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateCharacterStream(int columnIndex, Reader x, int length)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateCharacterStream(String columnName, Reader reader, int length)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateBlob(int columnIndex, InputStream inputStream)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateClob(int columnIndex, Clob x)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>void updateBlob(int columnIndex, InputStream inputStream, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateBlob(String columnName, InputStream inputStream)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateClob(String columnName, Clob x)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>void updateBlob(String columnName, InputStream inputStream, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateDate(int columnIndex, Date x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateDate(String columnName, Date x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void updateDouble(int columnIndex, double x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateDouble(String columnName, double x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateFloat(int columnIndex, float x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateFloat(String columnName, float x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateInt(int columnIndex, int x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateInt(String columnName, int x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateLong(int columnIndex, long x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateLong(String columnName, long x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateNCharacterStream(int columnIndex, Reader x)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateNCharacterStream(int columnIndex, Reader x, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateNCharacterStream(String columnName, Reader reader)</pre>	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateNCharacterStream(String columnName, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
void updateNClob(int columnIndex, NClob nClob)	4.0	No	
void updateNClob(int columnIndex, Reader reader)	4.0	No	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void updateNClob(int columnIndex, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
void updateNClob(String columnName, NClob nClob)	4.0	No	
void updateNClob(String columnName, Reader reader)	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateNClob(String columnName, Reader reader, long length)</pre>	4.0	No	
void updateNString(int columnIndex, String nString)	4.0	No	
void updateNString(String columnName, String nString)	4.0	No	
void updateNull(int columnIndex)	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
void updateNull(String columnName)	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateObject(int columnIndex, Object x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateObject(int columnIndex, Object x, int scale)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateObject(String columnName, Object x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateObject(String columnName, Object x, int scale)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateRef(int columnIndex, Ref x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateRef(String columnName, Ref x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void updateRow()</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
void updateRowId(int columnIndex, RowId x)	4.0	No	
void updateRowId(String columnName, RowId x)	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateShort(int columnIndex, short x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateShort(String columnName, short x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
void updateSQLXML(int columnIndex, SQLXML xmlObject)	4.0	No	
void updateSQLXML(String columnName, SQLXML xmlObject)	4.0	No	
<pre>void updateString(int columnIndex, String x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateString(String columnName, String x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateTime(int columnIndex, Time x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateTime(String columnName, Time x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateTimestamp(int columnIndex, Timestamp x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
<pre>void updateTimestamp(String columnName, Timestamp x)</pre>	3.0	No	Not valid because the driver is read-only.
boolean wasNull()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

**Table 10 Methods in the ResultSet Class** 

#### ResultSetMetaData

Table 11 lists the methods that belong to the ResultSetMetaData interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the ResultSetMetaData interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/ResultSetMetaData.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
String getCatalogName(int column)	3.0	Yes	
String getColumnClassName(int column)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getColumnCount()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getColumnDisplaySize(int column)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
String getColumnLabel(int column)	3.0	Yes	
String getColumnName(int column)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getColumnType(int column)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
String getColumnTypeName(int column)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getPrecision(int column)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getScale(int column)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
String getSchemaName(int column)	3.0	Yes	
String getTableName(int column)	3.0	Yes	_

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean isAutoIncrement(int column)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isCaseSensitive(int column)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isCurrency(int column)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isDefinitelyWritable(int column)	3.0	Yes	
int isNullable(int column)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isReadOnly(int column)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isSearchable(int column)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isSigned(int column)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isWritable(int column)	3.0	Yes	
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

Table 11 Methods in the ResultSetMetaData Class

#### Statement

Table 12 lists the methods that belong to the Statement interface, and describes whether each method is supported by the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive and which version of the JDBC API is the earliest version that supports the method.

For detailed information about each method in the Statement interface, see the Java API documentation available at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/java/sql/Statement.html

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
<pre>void addBatch(String sql)</pre>	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
void cancel()	3.0	Yes	
void clearBatch()	3.0	Yes	
void clearWarnings()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void close()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void closeOnCompletion()</pre>	4.1	Yes	
boolean execute(String sql)	3.0	Yes	
boolean execute(String sql, int autoGeneratedKeys)	3.0	No	
boolean execute(String sql, int[] columnIndexes)	3.0	No	
boolean execute(String sql, String[] columnNames)	3.0	No	
<pre>int[]executeBatch()</pre>	3.0	No	
ResultSet executeQuery(String sql)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int executeUpdate(String sql)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int executeUpdate(String sql, int autoGeneratedKeys)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>int executeUpdate(String sql, int[] columnIndexes)</pre>	3.0	No	
<pre>int executeUpdate(String sql, String[] columnNames)</pre>	3.0	No	
Connection getConnection()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getFetchDirection()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getFetchSize()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getGeneratedKeys()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getMaxFieldSize()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getMaxRows()</pre>	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
boolean getMoreResults()	3.0	Yes	
boolean getMoreResults(int current)	3.0	No	
<pre>int getQueryTimeout()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
ResultSet getResultSet()	3.0	Yes	
<pre>int getResultSetConcurrency()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to CONCUR_READ_ONLY
<pre>int getResultSetHoldability()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to CLOSE_CURSORS_AT_ COMMIT
<pre>int getResultSetType()</pre>	3.0	Yes	Hard-coded to TYPE_FORWARD_ONLY
<pre>int getUpdateCount()</pre>	3.0	Yes	
SQLWarning getWarnings()	3.0	Yes	
boolean isClosed()	4.0	Yes	
boolean isCloseOnCompletion()	4.1	Yes	
boolean isPoolable()	4.0	Yes	
void setCursorName(String name)	3.0	No	
void setEscapeProcessing(boolean enable)	3.0	Yes	
void setFetchDirection(int direction)	3.0	No	
void setFetchSize(int rows)	3.0	Yes	
<pre>void setMaxFieldSize(int max)</pre>	3.0	Yes	_
<pre>void setMaxRows(int max)</pre>	3.0	Yes	

Method	Supported since JDBC version	Supported by the driver	Notes
void setPoolable(boolean poolable)	4.0	Yes	
<pre>void setQueryTimeout(int seconds)</pre>	3.0	Yes	
boolean isWrapperFor(Class iface)	4.0	Yes	
<t> T unwrap(Class<t> iface)</t></t>	4.0	Yes	

**Table 12 Methods in the Statement Class** 

## **Contact Us**

If you have difficulty using the driver, you can contact Cloudera Technical Support. We welcome your questions, comments and feature requests.

## Important:

To help us assist you, prior to contacting Technical Support please prepare a detailed summary of the client and server environment including operating system version, patch level and configuration.

For details on contacting Technical Support, see http://www.cloudera.com/content/cloudera/en/products/cloudera-support.html

# **Appendix A: Authentication Options**

Hive Server 1 supports the following authentication mechanisms:

No Authentication

Hive Server 2 supports the following authentication mechanisms:

- No Authentication
- Kerberos
- **User Name**
- User Name and Password
- User Name and Password with Secure Sockets Layer
- No Authentication with Secure Sockets Layer

To determine the authentication mechanism configured for your Hive Server 2, examine the following properties in your hive-site.xml file:

- hive.server2.authentication—This property sets the authentication mode for Hive Server 2. The following values are available:
  - **NOSASL** disables the Simple Authentication and Security Layer (SASL).
  - **KERBEROS** enables Kerberos authentication.
  - **NONE** enables plain SASL transport. NONE is the default value.
  - **PLAINSASL** enables user name and password authentication using a cleartext password mechanism.
- hive.server2.enable.doAs—If set to the default value of TRUE, then Hive processes queries as the user submitting the query. If set to FALSE, then queries are run as the user that runs the hiveserver2 process.

For more details on Hive Server authentication mechanisms, see the documentation for your Hadoop / Hive distribution.

Table 13 lists authentication mechanisms to configure for the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive based on the settings of the hive.server2.authentication and hive.server2.enable.doAs properties in the hive-site.xml file.

hive.server2.authentication	hive.server2.enable.doAs	Driver Authentication Mechanism
NOSASL	FALSE	No Authentication
KERBEROS	TRUE or FALSE	Kerberos
NONE	TRUE or FALSE	User Name
PLAINSASL	TRUE or FALSE	User Name and Password

**Table 13 Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive Authentication Mechanism Configurations** 

For more information about selecting the appropriate authentication mechanism for the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive, see the sections below.

For examples showing how to configure each authentication mechanism, see Configuring Authentication on page 8.

## **Using No Authentication**

When hive.server2.authentication is set to NOSASL, you must configure your connection to use no authentication.

Note: Setting hive.server2.authentication to NOSASL and hive.server2.enable.doAs to TRUE creates an error. While the service starts, the configuration results in an unusable service.

## **Using Kerberos**

When connecting to a Hive server of type Hive Server 2 and hive.server2.authentication is set to KERBEROS, you must configure your connection to use Kerberos.

## **Using User Name**

When connecting to a Hive server of type Hive Server 2 and hive.server2.authentication is set to NONE, you must configure your connection to use User Name authentication. Validation of the credentials that you include depends on hive.server2.enable.doAs:

- If hive.server2.enable.doAs is set to TRUE, then the user name in the driver configuration must be an existing operating system user on the host that is running Hive Server 2.
- If hive.server2.enable.doAs is set to FALSE, then the user name in the driver configuration is ignored.

If no user name is specified in the driver configuration, then the driver defaults to using "anonymous" as the user name.

Note: If you deploy Hadoop using Apache Ambari, then by default the authentication method is User Name.

## **Using User Name and Password**

When connecting to a Hive server of type Hive Server 2 that is configured to use plain SASL authentication, you must configure your connection to use User Name and Password authentication.

## **Using User Name and Password with Secure Sockets Layer**

When connecting to a Hive server of type Hive Server 2 that is configured to use plain SASL authentication and SSL, you must configure your connection to use User Name and Password with Secure Sockets Layer as the authentication mechanism.

You can configure your Kerberos setup so that you use the MIT Kerberos Ticket Manager to get the Ticket Granting Ticket (TGT), or configure the setup so that you can use the driver to get the ticket directly from the Key Distribution Center (KDC). Also, if a client application obtains a Subject with a TGT, it is possible to use that Subject to authenticate the connection.

## **Downloading and Installing MIT Kerberos for Windows**

#### To download and install MIT Kerberos for Windows:

1. To download the Kerberos installer for 64-bit computers, use the following download link from the MIT Kerberos website: http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/dist/kfw/4.0/kfw-4.0.1-amd64.msi

The 64-bit installer includes both 32-bit and 64-bit libraries.

OR

To download the Kerberos installer for 32-bit computers, use the following download link from the MIT Kerberos website: http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/dist/kfw/4.0/kfw-4.0.1-i386.msi

The 32-bit installer includes 32-bit libraries only.

- 2. To run the installer, double-click the .msi file that you downloaded in step 1.
- 3. Follow the instructions in the installer to complete the installation process.
- 4. When the installation completes, click **Finish**

## **Using the MIT Kerberos Ticket Manager to Get Tickets**

## **Setting the KRB5CCNAME Environment Variable**

You must set the KRB5CCNAME environment variable to your credential cache file.

#### To set the KRB5CCNAME environment variable:

- 1. Click the **Start** button , then right-click **Computer**, and then click **Properties**
- 2. Click Advanced system settings
- 3. In the System Properties dialog box, click the Advanced tab and then click Environment **Variables**
- 4. In the Environment Variables dialog box, under the System variables list, click New
- 5. In the New System Variable dialog box, in the Variable name field, type KRB5CCNAME
- 6. In the **Variable value** field, type the path for your credential cache file.

For example: C:\KerberosTickets.txt

- 7. Click **OK** to save the new variable.
- 8. Ensure that the variable appears in the **System variables** list.

- 9. Click **OK** to close the Environment Variables dialog box, and then click **OK** to close the System Properties dialog box.
- 10. To ensure that Kerberos uses the new settings, restart your computer.

## **Getting a Kerberos Ticket**

#### To get a Kerberos ticket:

- Click the Start button , then click All Programs, and then click the Kerberos for Windows (64-bit) or the Kerberos for Windows (32-bit) program group.
- 2. Click MIT Kerberos Ticket Manager
- 3. In the MIT Kerberos Ticket Manager, click Get Ticket
- 4. In the Get Ticket dialog box, type your principal name and password, and then click **OK**

If the authentication succeeds, then your ticket information appears in the MIT Kerberos Ticket Manager.

#### **Authenticating to the Hive Server**

#### To authenticate to the Hive server:

- Use a connection string that has the following properties defined:
  - AuthMech
  - KrbHostFQDN
  - KrbRealm
  - KrbServiceName

For detailed information about these properties, see Appendix C: Driver Configuration Options on page 67.

## **Using the Driver to Get Tickets**

## **Deleting the KRB5CCNAME Environment Variable**

To enable the driver to get Ticket Granting Tickets (TGTs) directly, you must ensure that the KRB5CCNAME environment variable has not been set.

#### To delete the KRB5CCNAME environment variable:

- 1. Click the **Start** button , then right-click **Computer**, and then click **Properties**
- 2. Click Advanced system settings
- 3. In the System Properties dialog box, click the Advanced tab and then click Environment **Variables**

- 4. In the Environment Variables dialog box, check if the KRB5CCNAME variable appears in the **System variables** list. If the variable appears in the list, then select the variable and click **Delete**.
- 5. Click **OK** to close the Environment Variables dialog box, and then click **OK** to close the System Properties dialog box.

## **Setting Up the Kerberos Configuration File**

#### To set up the Kerberos configuration file

- 1. Create a standard **krb5.ini** file and place it in the **C:\Windows** directory.
- 2. Ensure that the KDC and Admin server specified in the krb5.ini file can be resolved from your terminal. If necessary, modify "C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\hosts"

## **Setting Up the JAAS Login Configuration File**

#### To set up the JAAS login configuration file:

1. Create a JAAS login configuration file that specifies a keytab file and "doNotPrompt=true"

```
For example:
```

```
Client {
     com.sun.security.auth.module.Krb5LoginModule required
              useKeyTab=true
              keyTab="PathToTheKeyTab"
              principal="cloudera@CLOUDERA"
              doNotPrompt=true;
};
```

2. Set the java.security.auth.login.config environment variable to the location of the JAAS file.

For example: C:\KerberosLoginConfig.ini

#### **Authenticating to the Hive Server**

#### To authenticate to the Hive server:

- ➤ Use a connection string that has the following properties defined:
  - AuthMech
  - KrbHostFQDN
  - KrbRealm
  - KrbServiceName

For detailed information about these properties, see Appendix C: Driver Configuration Options on page 67.

#### **Using an Existing Subject to Authenticate the Connection**

If the client application obtains a Subject with a TGT, then that Subject can be used to authenticate the connection to the server.

## To use an existing Subject to authenticate the connection:

1. Create a PrivilegedAction for establishing the connection to the database.

For example:

```
// Contains logic to be executed as a privileged action
public class AuthenticateDriverAction
                     implements PrivilegedAction<Void>
{
    // The connection, which is established as a
    // PrivilegedAction
    Connection con;
    // Define a string as the connection URL
    static String ConnectionURL =
               "jdbc:hive2://192.168.1.1:10000";
    / * *
     * Logic executed in this method will have access to the
     * Subject that is used to "doAs". The driver will get
     * the Subject and use it for establishing a connection
     * with the server.
     * /
    @Override
    public Void run()
        try
        {
            // Establish a connection using the connection URL
            con = DriverManager.getConnection(ConnectionURL);
        catch (SQLException e)
        {
            // Handle errors that are encountered during
            // interaction with the data source
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        catch (Exception e)
            // Handle other errors
            e.printStackTrace();
        return null;
```

```
}
}
```

2. Run the PrivilegedAction using the existing Subject, and then use the connection.

## For example:

```
// Create the action
 AuthenticateDriverAction authenticateAction =
                  new AuthenticateDriverAction();
// Establish the connection using the Subject for
 // authentication.
Subject.doAs(loginConfig.getSubject(),
                               authenticateAction);
// Use the established connection.
authenticateAction.con;
```

Table 14 lists and describes the properties that you can use to configure the behavior of the Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive.

Note: You can set configuration properties using the connection URL. For details on the connection URL, see Building the Connection URL on page 4.

Property	Default Value	Description
AllowSelfSignedCerts	0	When this property is set to 0, the SSL certificate used by the server cannot be self-signed.
		When this property is set to 1, the SSL certificate used by the server can be self-signed.
		<b>Note:</b> This property is applicable only to the SSL authentication mechanisms.  (Optional)
AuthMech	0	The authentication mechanism to use. Set the value to one of the following:
		0 for No Authentication
		1 for Kerberos
		2 for User Name
		3 for User Name and Password
		<ul> <li>4 for User Name and Password with Secure Sockets Layer</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>5 for No Authentication with Secure Sockets Layer</li> </ul>
		(Optional)
CAIssuedCertNamesMis match	0	When this property is set to 0, the name of the CA-issued SSL certificate must match the host name of the Hive server.
		When this property is set to 1, the names of the certificate and the host name of the server are allowed to mismatch.
		<b>Note:</b> This property is applicable only to the SSL authentication mechanisms.
		(Optional)

Property	Default Value	Description
CatalogSchemaSwitch	0	When this property is set to 1, the driver treats Hive catalogs as schemas as a restriction for filtering.  When this property is set to 0, Hive catalogs are treated as catalogs, and Hive schemas are treated as schemas.  (Optional)
DecimalColumnScale	10	The maximum number of digits to the right of the decimal point for numeric data types.  (Optional)
DefaultStringColumnLen gth	255	The maximum data length for STRING columns. The range of DefaultStringColumnLength is 0 to 32,767.  By default, the columns metadata for Hive does not specify a maximum data length for STRING columns.  (Optional)
DelegationUID	N/A	Use this option to delegate all operations against Hive to a user that is different than the authenticated user for the connection.  Note: This option is applicable only when connecting to a Hive Server 2 that supports this feature.  (Optional)
KrbHostFQDN		The fully qualified domain name of the Hive Server 2 host. (Required if AuthMech is <b>Kerberos</b> )
KrbRealm	Depends on Kerberos configuratio n.	The realm of the Hive Server 2 host.  If your Kerberos configuration already defines the realm of the Hive Server 2 host as the default realm, then you do not need to configure this option.  (Optional)
KrbServiceName		The Kerberos service principal name of the Hive Server 2.  (Required if AuthMech is <b>Kerberos</b> )
PreparedMetaLimitZero	0	Enabling PreparedMetaLimitZero will cause the PreparedStatement.getMetadata() call to request metadata from the server with `LIMIT 0`.  (Optional)

Property	Default Value	Description
PWD		The password corresponding to the user name that you provided in the UID property.  (Required if AuthMech is set to <b>User Name and</b>
		Password or User Name and Password with SSL)
RowsFetchedPerBlock	10000	The maximum number of rows that a query returns at a time.
		Any positive 32-bit integer is a valid value, but testing has shown that performance gains are marginal beyond the default value of 10000 rows.
Contratting	0	(Optional)
SocketTimeout	0	The number of seconds after which Hive closes the connection with the client application if the connection is idle. The default value of 0 indicates that an idle connection is not closed.  (Optional)
SSLKeyStore	N/A	The full path and file name of the Java KeyStore containing an SSL certificate to use during authentication. See also the SSLKeyStorePwd property.  (Required if AuthMech is <b>User Name and Password with SSL</b> )
SSLKeyStorePwd	N/A	The password required to access the Java KeyStore specified using the SSLKeyStore property.  (Required if AuthMech is <b>User Name and Password with SSL</b> )
SSLTrustStore	jssecacerts, if it exists.  If jssecacerts does not exist, then cacerts is used. The default location of cacerts is jre\lib\secur ity	The full path and file name of the Java TrustStore containing an SSL certificate to use during authentication.  See also the SSLTrustStorePwd property.  (Optional)

Property	Default Value	Description
SSLTrustStorePwd	N/A	The password required to access the Java TrustStore specified in the SSLTrustStore property.  (Required if using a TrustStore)
UID		The user name that you use to access Hive Server 2.
		(Required if AuthMech is <b>User Name</b> , <b>User Name and Password</b> , or <b>User Name and Password with SSL</b> )
UseNativeQuery	0	When this option is enabled (1), the driver does not transform the queries emitted by an application, so the native query is used.
		When this option is disabled (0), the driver transforms the queries emitted by an application and converts them into an equivalent from in HiveQL.
		<b>Note:</b> If the application is Hive-aware and already emits HiveQL, then enable this option to avoid the extra overhead of query transformation.
		(Optional)
zk	None	The connection string to one or more ZooKeeper quorums, written in the following format:
		ZK_IP:ZK_Port/ZK_Namespace
		For example, jdbc:hive2://zk=192.168.0.1:2181/hiv eserver2
		Use this option to enable the Dynamic Service Discovery feature, which allows you to connect to Hive servers that are registered against a ZooKeeper service by connecting to the ZooKeeper service.
		You can specify multiple quorums in a commaseparated list. If connection to a quorum fails, the driver will attempt to connect to the next quorum in the list.
		(Optional)

**Table 14 Cloudera JDBC Driver for Hive Configuration Options**