

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 2. \text{ Краевые условия I рода} \\ -\lambda \frac{du}{dx} = f \end{aligned} \right\} -\lambda_0 \frac{y_0 - y_1}{h} = f \quad O(h)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 3. \text{ Краевые условия II рода} \\ -\lambda \frac{du}{dx} = \beta u(a) + f \end{aligned} \right\} -\lambda_0 \frac{y_1 - y_0}{h} = \beta y_0 + f \quad O(h)$$

Как получить порядок аппроксимации до 2-го?

1-й способ

Примем $u(x) = f(x, u)$

~~$u = y_0 + y_1 + y_2 + y_3$~~

$$u_i = u_0 + h u_0' + \frac{h^2}{2} u_0'' + \dots O(h^3)$$

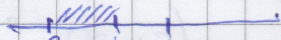
$$y_1 = y_0 + h \frac{\beta y_0 + f}{\lambda} + \frac{h^2}{2} f(x_0, y_0)$$

2-й способ

Решением тем же методом-центрирование сетки

$$-\frac{dF}{dx} - p(x)u + f(x) = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$F = -\lambda \frac{du}{dx}$$



$$\int_0^1 \frac{dF}{dx} dx - \int_0^1 p(x)u(x) dx + \int_0^1 f(x) dx = 0$$

$$F_0 - F_{1/2} - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (p_0 y_0 + p_{1/2} y_{1/2}) dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (f_0 + f_{1/2}) dx = 0$$

$$F_{1/2} = \lambda_{1/2} \frac{y_0 - y_1}{h} \quad (\text{см предыдущ. задачу})$$

$$p_{1/2} = \frac{p_0 + p_1}{2}, \quad y_{1/2} = \frac{y_0 + y_1}{2}, \quad f_{1/2} = \frac{f_0 + f_1}{2}$$

Получим следующее:

$$\left(\lambda_{1/2} + \frac{h^2}{8} p_{1/2} + \frac{h^2}{4} p_0 \right) y_0 = \left(\lambda_{1/2} - \frac{h^2}{8} p_{1/2} \right) y_1 + h f_0 + \frac{h^2}{4} (f_{1/2} + f_0)$$

$$(4) \quad y_0 = \frac{\lambda_{1/2} - \frac{h^2}{8} p_{1/2}}{\lambda_{1/2} + \frac{h^2}{8} p_{1/2} + \frac{h^2}{4} p_0} y_1 + \frac{h f_0 + \frac{h^2}{4} (f_{1/2} + f_0)}{\lambda_{1/2} + \frac{h^2}{8} p_{1/2} + \frac{h^2}{4} p_0} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{ } \end{array} \right.$$