



2022 Kapital Insurance

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Types of Insurance we want to look at

- Whole of Life A_x
- Term insurance (Temporary death benefit) $A_{x:n}^1$
- Pure Endowment ${}_nE_x$
- Mixed Endowment $A_{x:n}$
- Deferred Whole of life $m|A_x$

What are the respective Random Variables

- Whole of Life A_x : $Z = v^{K+1}$
- Term insurance (Temporary death benefit) $A_{x:n}^1$: $Z_1 = v^{K+1} \times \mathbb{1}_{K < n}$
- Pure Endowment ${}_nE_x$: $Z_2 = v^n \times \mathbb{1}_{K \geq n}$
- Mixed Endowment $A_{x:n}$: $Z = \underline{Z_1} + \underline{Z_2}$
- Deferred Whole of life $m|A_x$: $Z = v^{K+1} \times \mathbb{1}_{K > n}$

What do we want to calculate for each type of insurance

- Definition
- Expected Value
- Expected Value expressed with Commutation Functions
- Recursion between different years

A_x

- Definition: $Z = v^{K+1}$
- Expected Value: $A_x = \mathbb{E}[Z] = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} v^{k+1}$

$$= \sum_{\omega} \underline{x(\omega)} \underline{P(\omega)}$$

$P(K=k) =$

- Expected Value expressed with Commutation Functions

$$A_x = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} v^{k+1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} \quad (1)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} v^{k+1} \frac{l_{x+k}}{l_x} \frac{d_{x+k}}{l_{x+k}} \quad (2)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{v^{x+k+1}}{v^x} \frac{l_{x+k}}{l_x} \frac{d_{x+k}}{l_{x+k}} \quad (3)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{v^{x+k+1} \times d_{x+k}}{v^x \times l_x} \quad (4)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{C_{x+k}}{D_x} \quad (5)$$

$$= \frac{M_x}{D_x} \quad (6)$$

- Recursion between different years: Need to relate A_x and A_{x+1} : You need ${}_k p_x = p_x \times {}_{k-1} p_{x+1}$

$$A_x = \mathbb{E}[Z] \quad (7)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} v^{k+1} \quad (8)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{k=0}^0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \right) {}_k p_x q_{x+k} v^{k+1} \quad (9)$$

$$= q_x \times v + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} v^{k+1} \quad (10)$$

$$= q_x \times v + p_x \times v \times \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {}_k p_{x+1} q_{x+1+k} v^{k+1} \quad (11)$$

$$= q_x \times v + p_x \times v \times A_{x+1} \quad (12)$$

Hence

$$A_x = q_x \times v + p_x \times v \times A_{x+1} \quad (13)$$

$A_{x:n}^1$

- Definition: $Z = v^{K+1} \times \mathbb{1}_{K < n}$
- Expected Value: $A_x = \mathbb{E}[Z] = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} v^{k+1}$

$A + n$

- Expected Value expressed with Commutation Functions

$$A_{x:n}^1 = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} v^{k+1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} \quad (14)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} v^{k+1} \frac{l_{x+k}}{l_x} \frac{d_{x+k}}{l_{x+k}} \quad (15)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{v^{x+k+1}}{v^x} \frac{l_{x+k}}{l_x} \frac{d_{x+k}}{l_{x+k}} \quad (16)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{v^{x+k+1} \times d_{x+k}}{v^x \times l_x} \quad (17)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{C_{x+k}}{D_x} \quad (18)$$

$$= \frac{M_x - M_{x+n}}{D_x} \quad (19)$$

- Recursion between different years: Need to relate A_x and A_{x+1} : You need ${}_k p_x = p_x \times {}_{k-1} p_{x+1}$

$$A_{x:n}^1 = \mathbb{E}[Z] \quad (20)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} v^{k+1} \quad (21)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{k=0}^0 + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \right) {}_k p_x q_{x+k} v^{k+1} \quad (22)$$

$$= q_x \times v + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} v^{k+1} \quad (23)$$

$$= q_x \times v + p_x \times v \times \sum_{k=0}^{n-3} {}_k p_{x+1} q_{x+1+k} v^{k+1} \quad (24)$$

$$= q_x \times v + p_x \times v \times A_{x+1:n-1}^1 \quad (25)$$

Hence

$$A_{x:n}^1 = q_x \times v + p_x \times v \times A_{x+1:n-1}^1 \quad (26)$$

${}_n E_x$

- Definition: $Z = v^n \times \mathbb{1}_{K \geq n}$
- Expected Value: ${}_n E_x = \mathbb{E}[Z] = {}_n p_x v^n$
- Expected Value expressed with Commutation Functions

Hence

$${}_n E_x = p_x \times v \times {}_{n-1} E_{x+1} \quad (27)$$

[]: