Solar Panel Inspection Report

Generated on: 2025-07-23 17:25:08

Inspection Line: Smart Conveyor Automated System

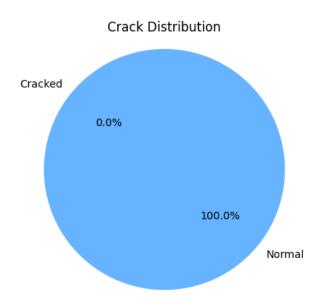
Inspector: Automated System

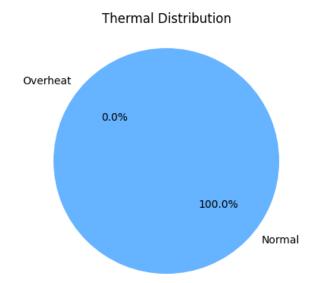
Total Panels: 4

Overall Summary

Average Crack Rate: 0.00%

Average Overheat Rate: 0.00%





Suggested Solution:

Overall Assessment: The thermal data shows localized hotspots in areas 2, 4, and 5, exceeding the expected operating temperature of the cells. Coupled with the YOLOv8 detection showing multiple instances of "solarboard" with varying confidence levels, suggesting potential misalignment or overlapping panels, a comprehensive investigation is needed. This points toward likely manufacturing defects rather than field damage.

Hotspot Analysis:

* **Area 2:** Elevated temperatures (up to 31.55°C) in a localized region. This suggests potential delamination or poor cell-to-cell contact in this section.

* **Area 4:** Similar to Area 2, with a hotspot reaching 31.35°C. This again points to a possible delamination, poor cell contact, or a localized manufacturing defect. The pattern also suggests potential misalignment of cells during stringing.

* **Area 5:** Hotspot reaching 31.72°C. This is the most significant hotspot and possibly indicates a combination of issues: delamination, poor cell contact, and potentially a manufacturing defect related to soldering or lamination process.

YOLOv8 Detection Analysis:

The multiple detections of "solarboard" in each image with varying confidence scores suggests potential issues with panel alignment and/or overlapping components during the lamination process. Lower confidence scores (0.65, 0.79, 0.82) indicate possible misalignment or partial obscuring of panels, confirming the thermal data's suggestion of manufacturing defects.

Likely Faulty Parameters & Recommendations:

Based on the analysis, the following parameters are likely culprits:

1. **Lamination Pressure:** The hotspots suggest insufficient pressure in certain areas, leading to incomplete bonding and delamination. This could be due to inconsistent pressure distribution across the

lamination press. *Recommendation:* Investigate the lamination press for uneven pressure distribution.

Calibrate the pressure sensors and ensure uniform pressure across the entire lamination area.

- 2. **Lamination Temperature:** While the average temperature is likely within the acceptable range, localized temperature variations during the lamination process might have occurred, resulting in inconsistent bonding. *Recommendation:* Check the uniformity of the lamination temperature profile. Ensure even heat distribution across the entire lamination surface by recalibrating the heating elements.
- 3. **Cell Stringing Speed:** The inconsistencies in YOLOv8 detections suggest potential misalignment of cells, implying potentially high stringing speed. *Recommendation:* Review and adjust the cell stringing speed to ensure proper cell alignment and prevent stress accumulation. Aim for the lower end of the recommended range (0.5-0.8 m/s).
- 4. **Handling Force:** The corners of the panels might have been subjected to excessive force during handling, potentially causing micro-cracks. *Recommendation:* Review the handling procedures to minimize force applied during transport and assembly. Implement better packaging to prevent damage during shipping and handling.

Further Investigation:

- * **Visual Inspection:** A thorough visual inspection of the solar panel is crucial to identify any visible cracks, delamination, or other physical defects. This should be conducted under magnification.
- * **Electroluminescence Imaging (ELI):** ELI will help identify any micro-cracks or faulty cells which might not be visible during visual inspection.
- * **Infrared Thermography:** A more detailed infrared thermographic scan would provide a higher resolution map of the hotspots, allowing for precise pinpointing of the defective areas.
- * **Review Production Logs:** Analyze the production logs for serial number 1234567890036 to cross-reference the recorded parameter values with the identified defects. This will confirm suspected parameter deviations.

Conclusion:

The data strongly suggests manufacturing defects as the primary cause of the observed hotspots and

inconsistencies. Addressing the above recommendations, particularly focusing on improved process control during lamination and cell stringing, is crucial to prevent similar issues in future productions. Thorough visual and infrared analysis will confirm the diagnosis and aid in precise repair strategies, if economically viable.

Panel Serial: 1234567890036

Model Name: SolarBoard Min456

Timestamp: 2025-07-23T17-23-14

Status: normal

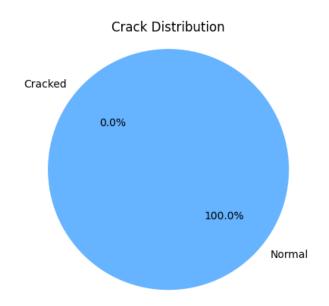
Vision Scan Summary

Scan Duration: 2025-07-23T16-37-16 to 2025-07-23T17-23-14

Total Scans: 2

Cracked Count: 0

Crack Rate: 0.00%



Thermal Sensor Summary

Scan Duration: 2025-07-23T16-37-16 to 2025-07-23T17-23-14

Total Data Points: 384

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Overheated Points (>38°C): 0





Panel Serial: 1234567890012

Model Name: SolarBoard MAX30000

Timestamp: 2025-07-23T16-37-16

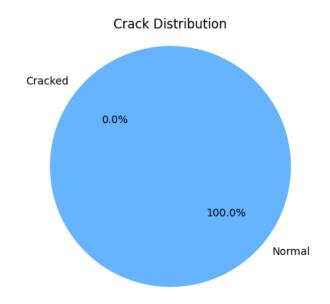
Vision Scan Summary

Scan Duration: 2025-07-23T16-37-16 to 2025-07-23T16-37-16

Total Scans: 1

Cracked Count: 0

Crack Rate: 0.00%



Thermal Sensor Summary

Scan Duration: 2025-07-23T16-37-16 to 2025-07-23T16-37-16

Total Data Points: 384

Overheated Points (>38°C): 0





Panel Serial: 1234567890005

Model Name: SolarBoard MAX50000

Timestamp: 2025-07-23T17-12-37

Status: normal

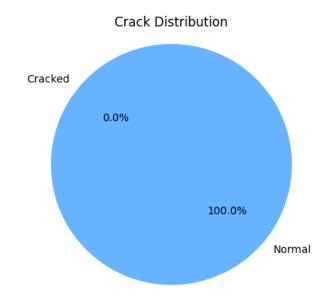
Vision Scan Summary

Scan Duration: 2025-07-23T16-37-16 to 2025-07-23T17-12-37

Total Scans: 2

Cracked Count: 0

Crack Rate: 0.00%



Thermal Sensor Summary

Scan Duration: 2025-07-23T16-37-16 to 2025-07-23T17-12-37

Total Data Points: 768

Overheated Points (>38°C): 0





Panel Serial: 63442000083

Model Name: SolarBoard MIN223

Timestamp: 2025-07-23T16-37-16

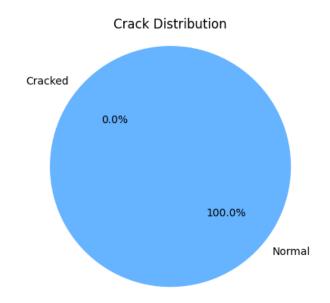
Vision Scan Summary

Scan Duration: 2025-07-23T16-37-16 to 2025-07-23T16-37-16

Total Scans: 1

Cracked Count: 0

Crack Rate: 0.00%



Thermal Sensor Summary

Scan Duration: 2025-07-23T16-37-16 to 2025-07-23T16-37-16

Total Data Points: 384

Overheated Points (>38°C): 0



