

$$x_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_{n-4}}, \frac{y_{n-4}}{x_{n-4}}\right\}; y_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_{n-4}}, \frac{x_{n-4}}{y_{n-4}}\right\}$$
 Maksimumlu Fark Denklem

# Sisteminin Çözümleri

## Burak Oğul

Kıgızistan-Türkiye Manas Üniversitesi, Fen Fakültesi, Matematik Bölümü, Bişkek,Kırgızistan burak 1745@hotmail.com

### Dağıstan Şimşek

Kıgızistan-Türkiye Manas Üniversitesi, Fen Fakültesi, Uygulamalı Matematik ve Enformatik Bölümü, Bişkek,Kırgızistan, Selçuk Üniversitesi, Mühendislik Fakültesi, Endüstri Mühendisliği Bölümü, Kampüs/Konya Türkiye, dagistan.simsek@manas.edu.kg, dsimsek@selcuk.edu.tr

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Özet Aşağıdaki fark denklem sisteminin çözümlerinin davranışları incelenmiştir.

$$x_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_{n-4}}, \frac{y_{n-4}}{x_{n-4}}\right\}; y_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_{n-4}}, \frac{x_{n-4}}{y_{n-4}}\right\}$$
(1)

Başlangıç şartları pozitif reel sayılardır.

Anahtar sözcükler

Fark Denklemi, Maksimum Operatörü, Yarı Dönmeler.

$$x_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_{n-4}}, \frac{y_{n-4}}{x_{n-4}}\right\}; y_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_{n-4}}, \frac{x_{n-4}}{y_{n-4}}\right\}$$
 Solutions Of The System Of Maximum Difference Equations

**Abstract** The behaviour of the solutions of the following system of difference equations is examined.

$$x_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_{n-4}}, \frac{y_{n-4}}{x_{n-4}}\right\}; y_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_{n-4}}, \frac{x_{n-4}}{y_{n-4}}\right\}$$
(1)

Where the initial conditions are positive real numbers.

Keywords Difference Equation, Maximum Operations, Semicycle.

## 1. GİRİŞ

Son zamanlarda, lineere olmayan fark denklemlerinin periyodikliği ile ilgili ilginç çalışmalar yapılmaktadır. Özellikle fark denklem sisteminin periyodikliği, çözümü ve çözümlerin davranışları incelenmektedir. Birçok araştırmacı, son yıllarda özellikle maksimumlu fark denklemleri ve denklem sistemleri ile ilgili araştırma yapmışlardır. Örneğin [1-30].

#### Tanım 1:

$$x_{n+1} = f(x_n, x_{n-1}, ..., x_{n-s}) \quad n = 0, 1, 2, ...$$
 için (2)

fark denkleminde  $\bar{x} = f(\bar{x},...,\bar{x})$  oluyorsa  $\bar{x}$  ye denge noktası denir.

 $\bar{x}$ , (2) denkleminin pozitif bir denge noktası olsun. (2) denkleminin bir  $\{x_n\}$ çözümünün bir pozitif yarı dönmesi  $\{x_l, x_{l+1}, ..., x_m\}$  terimlerinin bir dizisinden oluşur ve bunların hepsi  $\bar{x}$  denge noktasına eşit veya büyük bütün terimlerdir. Öyle ki  $l \ge 0$  ve m  $\le \infty$ l = 0 ya da l > 0 ve  $x_{l-1} < x$  ve olur ya  $m = \infty$  ya da  $m < \infty$  ve  $x_{m+1} < \overline{x}$  dir.

 $\bar{x}$ , (2) denkleminin negatif bir denge noktası olsun. (2) denkleminin bir  $\{x_n\}$ çözümünün bir negatif yarı dönmesi  $\{x_l, x_{l+1}, ..., x_m\}$  terimlerinin bir dizisinden oluşur ve bunların hepsi  $\bar{x}$  denge noktasından daha küçük terimlerdir. Öyle ki  $l \ge 0$  ve m  $\le \infty$  olur ve burada Ya l=0 ya da l>0 ve  $x_{l-1} \ge x$  veya  $m=\infty$  ya da  $m<\infty$  ve  $x_{m+1} \ge x$  dir.

**Tanım 4 :**  $f_1 = 1, f_2 = 1$  ve  $n \ge 3$  için  $f_n = f_{n-1} + f_{n-2}$  şeklinde tanımlanan sayılara Fibonacci savıları denir.

### 2. ANA SONUCLAR

$$x_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_{n-4}}, \frac{y_{n-4}}{x_{n-4}}\right\}; y_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_{n-4}}, \frac{x_{n-4}}{y_{n-4}}\right\}$$
 (1)

Şimdi (1) denkleminin pozitif denge noktasını bulalım.

$$\overline{x} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x}, \frac{\overline{y}}{x} \right\}; \overline{y} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y}, \frac{\overline{x}}{y} \right\} \text{ olur. Buradan}$$

$$\overline{x} = \frac{1}{x}$$
 veya  $\overline{x} = \frac{y}{x}$ ;  $\overline{y} = \frac{1}{y}$  veya  $\overline{y} = \frac{x}{y}$  elde edilir.  $(\overline{x})^2 = 1$  ve  $(\overline{y})^2 = 1$  bulunur. Buradan

 $\bar{x} = 1$  ve  $\bar{y} = 1$  elde edilir.



**Lemma 1 :** (1) denklemi için  $0 < x_{-4} < y_{-4} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-3} < y_{-3} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-2} < y_{-2} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-1} < y_{-1} < 1$  ve  $0 < x_0 < y_0 < 1$  başlangıç şartlarına göre , Asağıdaki ifadeler doğrudur:

- a)  $x_n$  çözümleri için her pozitif yarı dönme beş terimden oluşur.  $y_n$  çözümleri için  $n \ge 5$  durumunda her pozitif yarı dönme beş terimden oluşur.
- b)  $x_n$  çözümleri için her negatif yarı dönme beş terimden oluşur.  $y_n$  çözümleri için  $n \ge 5$  durumunda her negatif yarı dönme beş terimden oluşur.
- c)  $x_n$  çözümleri için beş uzunluğundaki her pozitif yarı dönmeyi beş uzunluğundaki negatif yarı dönme takip eder.  $y_n$  çözümleri için  $n \ge 5$  durumunda beş uzunluğundaki her pozitif yarı dönmeyi beş uzunluğundaki negatif yarı dönme takip eder.
- d)  $x_n$  çözümleri için beş uzunluğundaki her negatif yarı dönmeyi beş uzunluğundaki pozitif yarı dönme takip eder.  $y_n$  çözümleri için  $n \ge 5$  durumunda beş uzunluğundaki her negatif yarı dönmeyi beş uzunluğundaki pozitif yarı dönme takip eder

## İspat:

 $0 < x_{-4} < y_{-4} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-3} < y_{-3} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-2} < y_{-2} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-1} < y_{-1} < 1$  ve  $0 < x_0 < y_0 < 1$  Başlangıç şartlarına göre

$$x_{1} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{-4}}, \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{-4}} > x$$

$$y_{1} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{-4}}, \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{-4}} > y$$

$$x_{2} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{-3}}, \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{-3}} > x$$

$$y_{2} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{-3}}, \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{-3}} > y$$

$$x_{3} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{-2}}, \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{-2}} > x$$

$$y_{3} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{-2}}, \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{-2}} > y$$

$$x_{4} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{-1}}, \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{-1}} > x$$

$$y_{4} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{-1}}, \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{-1}} > y$$

$$x_{5} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{0}}, \frac{y_{0}}{x_{0}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{0}} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{5} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{0}}, \frac{x_{0}}{y_{0}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{0}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{6} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{1}}, \frac{y_{1}}{x_{1}} \right\} = \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{6} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{1}}, \frac{x_{1}}{y_{1}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{7} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{2}}, \frac{y_{2}}{y_{2}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-3}}{y_{-3}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{8} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{3}}, \frac{y_{3}}{y_{3}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-2}}{y_{-2}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{9} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{4}}, \frac{x_{3}}{y_{4}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-1}}{y_{-1}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{9} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{4}}, \frac{y_{4}}{y_{4}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-1}}{y_{-1}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{10} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{4}}, \frac{y_{5}}{y_{5}} \right\} = \frac{y_{0}}{y_{0}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{11} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{6}}, \frac{y_{6}}{y_{6}} \right\} = \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{2} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{12} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{7}}, \frac{y_{7}}{y_{7}} \right\} = \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{2} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{12} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{7}}, \frac{x_{7}}{y_{7}} \right\} = \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{2} > \overline{x}$$



$$x_{13} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_8}, \frac{y_8}{x_8}\right\} = \left(\frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}}\right)^2 > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{13} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_8}, \frac{x_8}{y_8}\right\} = \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} < \overline{y}$$

$$x_{14} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_9}, \frac{y_9}{x_9}\right\} = \left(\frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}}\right)^2 > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{14} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_9}, \frac{x_9}{y_9}\right\} = \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} < \overline{y}$$

$$x_{15} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_{10}}, \frac{y_{10}}{x_{10}}\right\} = \left(\frac{y_0}{x_0}\right)^2 > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{15} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_{10}}, \frac{x_{10}}{y_{10}}\right\} = \frac{x_0}{y_0} < \overline{y}$$

$$\vdots$$

elde edilir.

$$x_1 > x$$
,  $x_2 > x$ ,  $x_3 > x$ ,  $x_4 > x$ ,  $x_5 > x$ ,  $x_6 < x$ ,  $x_7 < x$ ,  $x_8 < x$ ,  $x_9 < x$ ,  $x_{10} < x$ ,

 $\dots$ buradan da görüldüğü gibi  $X_n$  çözümleri PPPPNNNNNPPPPPNNNNN $\dots$  şeklindedir.

 $\mathbf{X}_{\,\mathbf{n}}\,$ çözümleri için her pozitif yarı dönmenin beş terimden oluştuğu görülmektedir.

 $y_n$  çözümleri  $n \ge 5$  için her pozitif yarı dönmenin beş terimden oluştuğu görülmektedir.

 $\mathbf{X}_{\,\mathbf{n}}\,$ çözümleri için her negatif yarı dönmenin beş terimden oluştuğu görülmektedir.

 $\boldsymbol{y}_n$  çözümleri  $n \geq 5$  için her negatif yarı dönmenin beş terimden oluştuğu görülmektedir.

Beş uzunluğundaki her pozitif yarı dönmeyi beş uzunluğundaki negatif yarı dönmenin takip ettiği X n çözümlerinden görülmektedir.

Beş uzunluğundaki her negatif yarı dönmeyi beş uzunluğundaki pozitif yarı dönmenin takip ettiği  $n \ge 5$  şartı altındaki  $y_n$  çözümlerinden görülmektedir.

Böylece Lemmanın ispatı gösterilmiştir.

**Teorem 1:**  $(X_n; y_n)$  (1) denkleminin  $0 < x_{-4} < y_{-4} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-3} < y_{-3} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-2} < y_{-2} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-1} < y_{-1} < 1$  ve  $0 < x_0 < y_0 < 1$  başlangıç şartları altındaki çözümü olsun. , n = 0, 1, 2, ... için



$$\begin{split} x_{10n+1} &= \left(\frac{1}{x_{-4}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; x_{10n+2} = \left(\frac{1}{x_{-3}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; x_{10n+3} = \left(\frac{1}{x_{-2}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; x_{10n+4} = \left(\frac{1}{x_{-1}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; \\ x_{10n+5} &= \left(\frac{1}{x_{0}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; x_{10n+6} = \left(\frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; x_{10n+7} = \left(\frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; x_{10n+8} = \left(\frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; \\ x_{10n+9} &= \left(\frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; x_{10n+10} = \left(\frac{x_{0}}{y_{0}}\right)^{f(2n+1)}; \\ y_{10n+1} &= \left(\frac{1}{y_{-4}}\right)^{f(2n)}; y_{10n+2} = \left(\frac{1}{y_{-3}}\right)^{f(2n)}; y_{10n+3} = \left(\frac{1}{y_{-2}}\right)^{f(2n)}; y_{10n+4} = \left(\frac{1}{y_{-1}}\right)^{f(2n)}; \\ y_{10n+5} &= \left(\frac{1}{y_{0}}\right)^{f(2n+2)}; y_{10n+6} = \left(\frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}}\right)^{f(2n+2)}; y_{10n+7} = \left(\frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}}\right)^{f(2n+2)}; y_{10n+8} = \left(\frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}}\right)^{f(2n+2)}; \\ y_{10n+9} &= \left(\frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}}\right)^{f(2n+2)}; y_{10n+10} = \left(\frac{y_{0}}{x_{0}}\right)^{f(2n+2)}; \end{split}$$

çözümler elde edilir.

## İspat:

Bu teoremin ispatını tümevarım yöntemiyle gösterelim.

$$x_{1} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{-4}}, \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{-4}} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{1} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{-4}}, \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{-4}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{2} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{-3}}, \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{-3}} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{2} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{-3}}, \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{-3}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{3} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{-2}}, \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{-2}} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{3} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{-2}}, \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{-2}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{4} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{-1}}, \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{-1}} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{4} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{-1}}, \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{-1}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{5} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{0}}, \frac{y_{0}}{x_{0}} \right\} = \frac{1}{x_{0}} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{5} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{0}}, \frac{x_{0}}{y_{0}} \right\} = \frac{1}{y_{0}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{6} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{1}}, \frac{y_{1}}{x_{1}} \right\} = \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{6} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{1}}, \frac{x_{1}}{y_{1}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{7} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{2}}, \frac{y_{2}}{y_{2}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{7} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{2}}, \frac{x_{2}}{y_{2}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{8} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{3}}, \frac{y_{3}}{y_{3}} \right\} = \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{9} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{4}}, \frac{y_{4}}{y_{4}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-1}}{y_{-1}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{9} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{4}}, \frac{x_{4}}{y_{4}} \right\} = \frac{y_{-1}}{y_{-1}} > \overline{y}$$

$$x_{10} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{5}}, \frac{y_{5}}{y_{5}} \right\} = \frac{y_{0}}{y_{0}} < \overline{x}$$

$$y_{11} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{6}}, \frac{y_{6}}{y_{6}} \right\} = \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{2} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{12} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{7}}, \frac{x_{7}}{x_{7}} \right\} = \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{2} > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{12} = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{7}}, \frac{x_{7}}{y_{7}} \right\} = \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{2} > \overline{x}$$



$$x_{13} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_8}, \frac{y_8}{x_8}\right\} = \left(\frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}}\right)^2 > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{13} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_8}, \frac{x_8}{y_8}\right\} = \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} < \overline{y}$$

$$x_{14} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_9}, \frac{y_9}{x_9}\right\} = \left(\frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}}\right)^2 > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{14} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_9}, \frac{x_9}{y_9}\right\} = \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} < \overline{y}$$

$$x_{15} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_{10}}, \frac{y_{10}}{x_{10}}\right\} = \left(\frac{y_0}{x_0}\right)^2 > \overline{x}$$

$$y_{15} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_{10}}, \frac{x_{10}}{y_{10}}\right\} = \frac{x_0}{y_0} < \overline{y}$$

$$\vdots$$

n = 0 için doğrudur. n = k için doğru olduğunu kabul edelim.

$$\begin{split} x_{10k+1} &= \left(\frac{1}{x_{-4}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; x_{1kn+2} = \left(\frac{1}{x_{-3}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; x_{10k+3} = \left(\frac{1}{x_{-2}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; x_{10k+4} = \left(\frac{1}{x_{-1}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; \\ x_{10k+5} &= \left(\frac{1}{x_{0}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; x_{10k+6} = \left(\frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; x_{10k+7} = \left(\frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; x_{10k+8} = \left(\frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; \\ x_{10k+9} &= \left(\frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; x_{10k+10} = \left(\frac{x_{0}}{y_{0}}\right)^{f(2k+1)}; \\ y_{10k+1} &= \left(\frac{1}{y_{-4}}\right)^{f(2k)}; y_{10k+2} = \left(\frac{1}{y_{-3}}\right)^{f(2k)}; y_{10k+3} = \left(\frac{1}{y_{-2}}\right)^{f(2k)}; y_{10k+4} = \left(\frac{1}{y_{-1}}\right)^{f(2k)}; \\ y_{10k+5} &= \left(\frac{1}{y_{0}}\right)^{f(2k+2)}; y_{10k+6} = \left(\frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}}\right)^{f(2k+2)}; y_{10k+7} = \left(\frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}}\right)^{f(2k+2)}; y_{10k+8} = \left(\frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}}\right)^{f(2k+2)}; \\ y_{10k+9} &= \left(\frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}}\right)^{f(2k+2)}; y_{10k+10} = \left(\frac{y_{0}}{x_{0}}\right)^{f(2k+2)}; \end{split}$$

n = k+1 için doğru olduğunu gösterelim.



$$\begin{split} x_{10k+11} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+6}}, \frac{y_{10k+6}}{x_{10k+6}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right. \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+1)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} x_{10k+12} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+7}}, \frac{y_{10k+7}}{x_{10k+7}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+1)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} x_{10k+13} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+8}}, \frac{y_{10k+8}}{x_{10k+8}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+1)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} x_{10k+14} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+9}}, \frac{y_{10k+9}}{x_{10k+9}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \frac{\left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}}{\left( \frac{x_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+1)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \end{split}$$



$$\begin{split} x_{10k+15} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+10}}, \frac{y_{10k+8}}{x_{10k+10}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+1)}, \frac{\left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}}{\left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+1)}} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{y_{10k+10}}, \frac{x_{10k+10}}{y_{10k+10}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} x_{10k+16} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+11}}, \frac{y_{10k+11}}{x_{10k+11}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} x_{10k+17} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+12}}, \frac{y_{10k+12}}{x_{10k+12}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \end{split}$$



$$\begin{split} x_{10k+18} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+13}}, \frac{y_{10k+13}}{x_{10k+13}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \frac{\left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}}{\left( \frac{y_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} x_{10k+19} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+14}}, \frac{y_{10k+14}}{x_{10k+14}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \frac{\left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}}{\left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} x_{10k+20} &= \max \left\{ \frac{1}{x_{10k+15}}, \frac{y_{10k+15}}{x_{10k+15}} \right\} = \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \frac{\left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}}{\left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)}} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)}, \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \\ &= \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+3)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \max \left\{ \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+2)}, \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \right\} \\ &= \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2k+4)} \end{split}$$

Böylece teoeremin doğruluğu ispatlanmış oldu.

**Teorem 2 :** (1) denklem sistemi  $0 < x_{-4} < y_{-4} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-3} < y_{-3} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-2} < y_{-2} < 1$ ,  $0 < x_{-1} < y_{-1} < 1$  ve  $0 < x_0 < y_0 < 1$  başlangıç şartlarına göre

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+1} = \infty; \lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+2} = \infty; \lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+3} = \infty; \lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+4} = \infty; \lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+5} = \infty;$$
a)
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+6} = 0; \lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+7} = 0; \lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+8} = 0; \lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+9} = 0; \lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+10} = 0$$



$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+1} = 0; \lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+2} = 0; \lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+3} = 0; \lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+4} = 0; \lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+5} = 0;$$

**b)** 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+6} = \infty$$
;  $\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+7} = \infty$ ;  $\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+8} = \infty$ ;  $\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+9} = \infty$ ;  $\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+10} = \infty$ 

olur.

### İspat: a)

 $0 < x_{-4} < y_{-4} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+1} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{1}{x_{-4}}\right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left(\frac{1}{x_{-4}}\right)^{f(\infty)} = \left(\frac{1}{x_{-4}}\right)^{\infty} = \infty$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-3} < y_{-3} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+2} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{1}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left( \frac{1}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{1}{x_{-3}} \right)^{\infty} = \infty$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-2} < y_{-2} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+3} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{1}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left( \frac{1}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{1}{x_{-2}} \right)^{\infty} = \infty$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-1} < y_{-1} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+4} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{1}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left( \frac{1}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{1}{x_{-1}} \right)^{\infty} = \infty$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_0 < y_0 < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} x_{10n+5} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \left(\frac{1}{x_0}\right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left(\frac{1}{x_0}\right)^{f(\infty)} = \left(\frac{1}{x_0}\right)^{\infty} = \infty$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-4} < y_{-4} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+6} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{\infty} = 0 ,$$

elde edilir.



 $0 < x_{-3} < y_{-3} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+7} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{\infty} = 0 ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-2} < y_{-2} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+8} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{\infty} = 0 ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-1} < y_{-1} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+9} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{\infty} = 0 \quad ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_0 < y_0 < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} x_{10n+10} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2n+1)} = \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{\infty} = 0 .$$

elde edilir.

b)

 $0 < x_{-4} < y_{-4} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+1} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(2n)} = \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_{-4}}{y_{-4}} \right)^{\infty} = 0 ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-3} < y_{-3} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+2} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(2n)} = \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_{-3}}{y_{-3}} \right)^{\infty} = 0 ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-2} < y_{-2} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+3} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(2n)} = \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_{-2}}{y_{-2}} \right)^{\infty} = 0 ,$$



elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-1} < y_{-1} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+4} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(2n)} = \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_{-1}}{y_{-1}} \right)^{\infty} = 0 ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_0 < y_0 < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+5} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(2n)} = \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{x_0}{y_0} \right)^{\infty} = 0,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-4} < y_{-4} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+6} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(2n+2)} = \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{y_{-4}}{x_{-4}} \right)^{\infty} = \infty \quad ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-3} < y_{-3} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+7} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(2n+2)} = \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{y_{-3}}{x_{-3}} \right)^{\infty} = \infty ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-2} < y_{-2} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+8} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(2n+2)} = \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{y_{-2}}{x_{-2}} \right)^{\infty} = \infty \quad ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_{-1} < y_{-1} < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+9} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(2n+2)} = \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{y_{-1}}{x_{-1}} \right)^{\infty} = \infty ,$$

elde edilir.

 $0 < x_0 < y_0 < 1$  olduğu için

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{10n+10} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(2n+2)} = \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{f(\infty)} = \left( \frac{y_0}{x_0} \right)^{\infty} = \infty .$$

elde edilir.



#### 3. TARTISMA VE SONUC

Bu çalışmada,  $x_{-4}; x_{-3}; x_{-2}; x_{-1}; x_0; y_{-4}; y_{-3}; y_{-2}; y_{-1}; y_0$  başlangıç şartları sıfırdan farklı reel

sayılar olmak üzere, 
$$x_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{x_{n-4}}, \frac{y_{n-4}}{x_{n-4}}\right\}; y_{n+1} = \max\left\{\frac{1}{y_{n-4}}, \frac{x_{n-4}}{y_{n-4}}\right\}$$
 maksimumlu

fark denklem sisteminin cözümlerinin davranısları incelenmistir. Bu fark denklem sisteminde katsayılar değiştirilerek yeni maksimumlu fark denklem sistemleri oluşturulabilir. Oluşturulacak veni maksimumulu fark denklem sisteminin cözüm davranısları incelenebilir.

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