Distributed Search Engine Implementation

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1 System Pipeline Architecture

1.1 Data Preparation Stage

The initial data processing converts raw documents into searchable format:

- Input: Parquet files containing documents
- Processing:
 - Spark-based sampling
 - Text extraction and cleaning
- Output: Clean text files in HDFS

2 Detailed MapReduce Pipeline

2.1 Stage 1: Document Processing

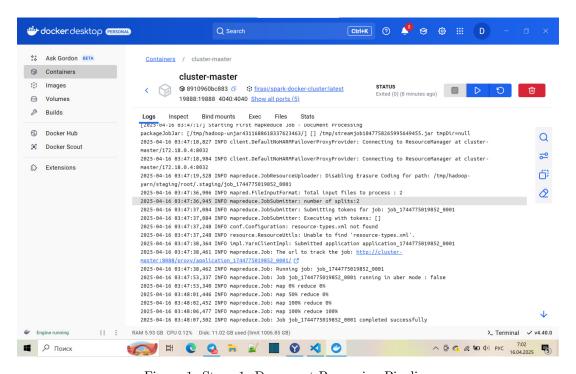


Figure 1: Stage 1: Document Processing Pipeline

The first MapReduce stage performs core text processing:

• Mapper1 (mapper1.py):

Key functions:

- Tokenization using NLTK's word_tokenize()
- Stopword removal (English stopwords)
- Porter stemming for term normalization

• Reducer1 (reducer1.py) maintains:

- document_lengths: $\{doc_id: length\}$
- $\ \mathsf{term_occurrences:} \ \{\mathsf{term:} \ \{\mathsf{doc_id:} \ \mathsf{count}\}\}$
- texts_of_documents: {doc_id: raw_text}

Outputs:

- Term frequencies per document
- Document lengths
- Raw document content

2.2 Stage 2: Index Building

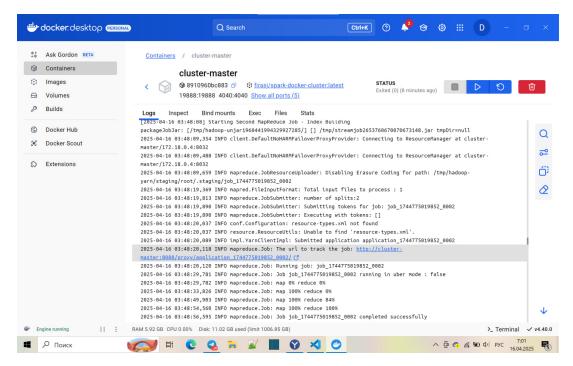


Figure 2: Stage 2: Index Building Pipeline

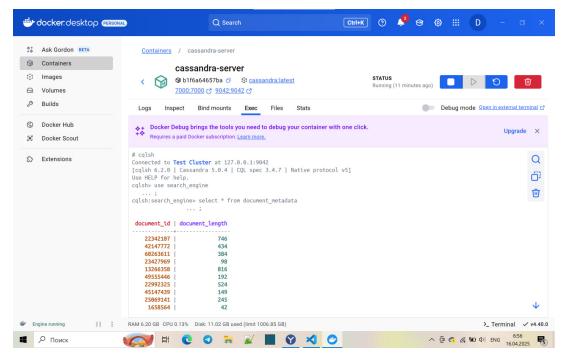


Figure 3: Stage 2: Index Building Pipeline

The second stage handles distributed index construction:

- Mapper2 (mapper2.py): Simple pass-through mapper
- Reducer2 (reducer2.py) implements:

Cassandra Tables:

Table	Purpose
document_metadata search_terms document_content	Stores document lengths Vocabulary terms Raw document texts
term_occurrences term_document_frequency	Term frequencies Document frequencies

3 Query Processing System

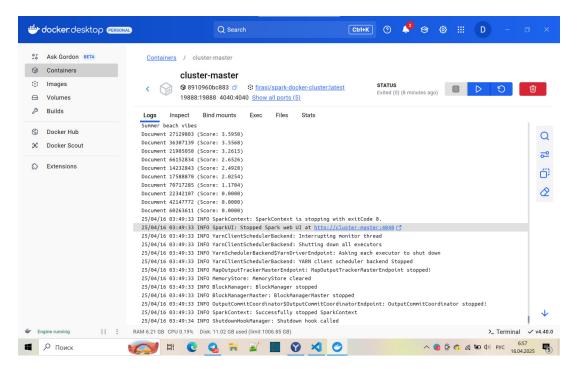


Figure 4: Query Processing Architecture

3.1 Search Implementation

The query processing system consists of:

• Search Script (search.sh):

```
#!/bin/bash
source .venv/bin/activate
export PYSPARK_DRIVER_PYTHON=$(which python)
export PYSPARK_PYTHON=./.venv/bin/python
spark-submit --master yarn --archives /app/.venv.tar.gz#.venv query.py "$1"
```

• Core Search Class (query.py):

3.2 BM25 Ranking Algorithm

The system implements the BM25 ranking function:

$$score(D,Q) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} IDF(q_i) \cdot \frac{f(q_i,D) \cdot (k_1+1)}{f(q_i,D) + k_1 \cdot \left(1 - b + b \cdot \frac{|D|}{avgdl}\right)}$$
(1)

Implementation in Python:

4 Implementation Highlights

• Fault Tolerance:

- Cassandra connection retries (5 attempts)
- Batch processing with error handling
- YARN log capture for debugging

• Optimizations:

- Memory management (1800MB heap)
- Batch inserts (MAX_BATCH_SIZE = 1)
- Columnar data organization